YAŚKAWA

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VS mini C Séries INSTRUCTION MANUAL ULTRA-COMPACT ALL DIGITAL INVERTER ADVANCED FUNCTION TYPE

Upon receipt of the product and prior to initial operation, read these instructions thoroughly, and retain for future reference.



MANUAL NO. TOE-S606-10.20B

PREFACE

YASKAWA's VS mini is such a small and simple inverter; as easy as using a contactor. This instruction manual describes installation, maintenance and inspection, troubleshooting, and specifications of the VS mini. Read this instruction manual thoroughly before operation.

YASKAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION

General Precautions

- Some drawings in this manual are shown with the protective cover or shields removed, in order to describe detail with more clarity. Make sure all covers and shields are replaced before operating this product.
- This manual may be modified when necessary because of improvement of the product, modification, or changes in specifications.
 Such modifications are denoted by a revised manual No.
- To order a copy of this manual, if your copy has been damaged or lost, contact your YASKAWA representative.
- YASKAWA is not responsible for any modification of the product made by the user, since that will void your guarantee.

NOTES FOR SAFE OPERATION

Read this instruction manual thoroughly before installation, operation, maintenance or inspection of the VS mini. In this manual, NOTES FOR SAFE OPERATION are classified as "WARNING" or "CAUTION".

🖄 WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury to personnel.

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury to personnel and damage to equipment. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

Even items described in \triangle CAUTION may result in a vital accident in some situations. In either case, follow these important notes.



: These are steps to be taken to insure proper operation.

RECEIVING

(Ref. page)

 Do not install or operate any inverter which is damaged or has missing parts.
 Failure to observe this caution may result in personal injury or equipment damage.

MOUNTING

\Lambda CAUTION	
. (Ref. page)
• Life the cabinet by the cooling fin. When moving the unit, never lift by the plastic case or the terminal covers. Otherwise, the main unit may be dropped causing damage to the unit.	•••••14
• Mount the inverter on nonflammable material (i.e. metal). Failure to observe this caution can result in a fire	•••••14
• When mounting units in an enclosure, install a fan or other cooling device to keep the intake air temperature below 122°F (50°C).	
Overheating may cause a fire or damage to the unit	15
The VS mini generates heat. For effective cooling, mount it vertically.	
Refer to the figure in "Mounting Dimensions" on page15.	

WIRING





OPERATION

A WARNING

(Ref. pag
 Only turn ON the input power supply after replacing the digital operator/blank cover (optional) and switching the dip switch. Do not remove the digital operator or the covers while current is flowing. Failure to observe this warning can result in an electrical shock20
Never operate the digital operator or the switches when your hand is wet. Failure to observe this warning can result in an electrical check
 Never touch the terminals while current is flowing, even during stopping.
 When the fault retry function is selected, stand clear of the inverter or the load, since it may restart suddenly after being stopped. (Construct machine system, so as to assure safety for personnel, even if the inverter should restart.) Failure to observe this warming can result in personal injury.
 When continuous operation after power recovery is selected, stand clear of the inverter or the load, since it may restart suddenly after being stopped. (Construct machine system, so as to assure safety for personnel, even if the inverter should restart.) Failure to observe this warning can result in personal injury
 by a function setting, install a separate emergency stop switch. Failure to observe this warning can result in personal injury. If an alarm is reset with the operation signal ON, the inverter restarts automatically. Only reset the alarm after verifying that the operation signal is OFF.
The first second second for the second

Failure to observe this warning can result in personal injury.....20

·	(Ref. page)
 Never touch the heatsink or braking resistor since 	
the temperature is very high.	
Failure to observe this caution can result in harmful burns to the body.	
 Since it is easy to change operation speed from low to 	
high speed, verify the safe working range of the motor	
and machine before operation.	•
Failure to observe this caution can result in personal injury	
and machine damage.	
 Install a holding brake separately if necessary. 	
Failure to observe this caution can result in personal injury.	
 Do not change signals during operation. 	
The machine or the inverter may be damaged.	
All the constants of the inverter have been preset	
at the factory. Do not change the settings unnecessari	ly.
The inverter may be damaged	

MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

A WARNING

(Ref. page)

• Never touch high-voltage terminals in the inverter. Failure to observe this warning can result in an electrical shock59	
 Disconnect all power before performing maintenance or inspection. Then wait at least one minute after the power supply is disconnected and all LED's are extinguished. 	
The capacitors are still charged and can be dangerous	

	(Ref. page)
• Do not perform withstand voltage test on any part of the VS mini. This electronic equipment uses semiconductors and is	
vulnerable to high voltage	••••59
 Only authorized personnel should be permitted to perfor maintenance, inspections or parts replacement. [Remove all metal objects (watches, bracelets, etc.) 	m
(Use tools which are insulated against electrical shock)	
Failure to observe this warning can result in an electrical shock.	:k59

Others

• Never modify the product. Failure to observe this warning can result in an electrical shock or personal injury and will invalidate the guarantee.

WARNING LABEL

A warning label is displayed on the front cover of the inverter, as shown below. Follow these instructions when handling the inverter.



Warning Label



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1. RECEIVING

After unpacking the VS mini, check the following :

D Verify that the part numbers match your purchase order or packing slip.

□ Check the unit for physical damage that may have occurred during shipping.

If any part of VS mini is missing or damaged, call for service immediately.

Checking the Name Plate

Japan Domestic Standards for Types of 3-phase, 200VAC, 0.13HP (0.1kW)



2. IDENTIFYING THE PARTS



Digital operator JVOP-120 Used for setting or changing constants.

Blank cover (optional)

In models with blank cover, the blank cover is mounted in place of the digital operator.







3. MOUNTING

Choosing a Location to Mount the Inverter

Be sure the inverter is protected from the following conditions :

- □ Extreme cold and heat. Use only within the ambient temperature range : 14 to 122° F (-10 to $+50^{\circ}$ C)
- Rain, moisture.
- □ Oil sprays, splashes
- □ Salt spray
- Direct sunlight. (Avoid using outdoors)
- □ Corrosive gases (e.g. sulfurized gas) or liquids
- Dust or metallic particles in the air.
- D Physical shock, vibration.
- □ Magnetic noise. (Example : welding machines, power devices, etc.)
- □ High humidity.
- □ Radioactive substances.
- □ Combustibles : thinner, solvents, etc.

Mounting Dimensions

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To mount the VS mini, dimensions as shown below are required.



4. WIRING

Wiring Instructions

 Connect the power supply wiring to terminals L1(R), N/L2(S) and L3(T) on the main circuit input side (top of the inverter).

200V 3-phase Input Power Supply Specification Product CIMR-XC2	200V Single-/3-phase Input Power Supply Specification Product CIMR-XCCDBCDC1	100V Single-phase Input Power Supply Specification Product CIMR-XC_T_A_T_T
Connect to L1(R), N/L2(S), L3(T)	3-phase input : Connect to L1(R), N/L2(S), L3(T) Single-phase input : Connect to L1(R), N/L2(S)	Connect to L1(R), N/L2(S)

Inverter Power Supply Specifications

- (2) Connect the motor wiring to terminals U, V and W on the main circuit output side (bottom of the inverter).
- (3) Separate the inverter wiring from the motor wiring 328ft (100m) max. If the wiring distance between inverter and motor is long, reduce the inverter carrier frequency. For details, refer to "Reducing motor noise or leakage current (n37)" on page 42.
- (4) Control wiring must be less than 164ft(50m) in length and separate from the power wiring. Use twisted-pair shielded wire when inputting the frequency signal externally.

Wire and Terminal Screw Sizes

				Wire		
Circuit	Model	Terminal Symbol	Screw	Si	Type	
			L		AWG	1900
Main Circuit	CIMR-XC (Japan use) CIMR-XC E (Europe use)	R, S, T, B1, B2, U, V, W, ⊛ L1, N/L2, L3, B1, B2, U, V, W, ⊛	M3.5	0.75 to 2 (100V single-phase:) 1.25 to 2	18 to 14 (100V single-phase: 16 to 14	600V vinyl- sheathed wire or equivalent
Control Circuit	Common to all models	SF, SR, S1, S2, S3, SC, FS, FR, FC, AM, AC, PA, PC MA, MB, MC		Twisted : 0.5 to 0.75 Single : 0.5 to 1.25 Twisted : 0.5 to 1.25 Single : 0.5 to 1.25	Twisted : 20 to 18 Single : 20 to 16 Twisted : 20 to 16 Single : 20 to 16	Shielded wire or equivalent



(a)

(b)

Wiring the main circuit terminals

(C)

Connect with a Phillips (plus) screwdriver.



Insert the wire into the lower part of the terminal block and connect it tightly with a screwdriver.



Wire sheath strip length must be 0.22in. (5.5mm).

Open the control circuit terminal cover and verify that the strip length is 0.22in. (5.5mm).



Wiring Inspection

After completing wiring, check the following :

□ Wiring is proper.

G Wire clippings or screws are not left in the unit.

□ Screws are securely tightened.

Bare wire in the terminal does not contact other terminals.

NOTE

If the FWD (REV) run command is given during the operation mode (MODE = 1, 3 or 5) from the control circuit terminal, the motor will start automatically after the main circuit input power supply is turned ON.

5. OPERATING THE INVERTER

Test Run

The inverter operates by setting the frequency (speed).

There are two types of operation modes for the VS mini :

1 Run command from the digital operator.

2 Run command from the control circuit terminal.

Prior to shipping, the drive is set up to receive run command and frequency reference from the operator. Below are instructions for running the VS mini using the digital operator. For instructions on using the control circuit terminals, refer to MODE description on page 26.

Operation Steps	Operator Display	12-LED Display	Status Indicator LED
 Turn ON the power supply. Frequency reference (6.0Hz) is displayed. Press (Fun) Inverter runs at 6.0Hz. The motor rotates in a counterclockwise direction (PWD run), when viewed from opposite drive end. Press (SIGP) to stop 	6.0	EED's rotate in direction of motor.	RUN Ö ALARM • (Operation ready) RUN · ALARM • (Normal operation)
Status indicator lamp -X- : ON	Ö : Blinl	l king ●:/	l OFF

Operation Check Points

D Motor rotates smoothly.

- □ Motor rotates in the correct direction.
- D Motor does not have abnormal vibration or noise.
- D Acceleration or deceleration is smooth.
- Current matching the load flows.
- D Status indicator LED's and digital operator display are correct.

Operating the Digital Operator

All functions of the VS mini are set by the digital operator. Below are descriptions of the display and keypad sections.



ſ	FREF Frequency reference setting/monitoring	FOU'l Output frequency monitor	IOUT Output current monitor
Green	ACC Accel time	DEC Decel time	F/R Operator RUN command FWD/REV selection
	FMAX Max. frequency	VMAX Max.voltage	FBAS Max. voltage output frequency (base frequency)
Hed	THR Electronic thermal reference current (Motor rated current)	MODE Operation mode selection	PRGM Constant no./data

Description of Status Indicator LED's

There are two LED's on the upper left section of the face of the VS mini. The inverter status is indicated by various combinations of ON, BLINKING and OFF LED's.



For the details on how the status indicator LED's function at inverter faults, refer to Section 8 "FAULT DIAGNOSIS AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS" on page 60. If a fault occurs, the ALARM LED lights.

NOTE

The fault can be reset by turning ON the fault reset signal (or depressing $\frac{\overline{STOP}}{RESET}$ key on the digital operator) with the operation signal OFF or by turning OFF the power supply. If the operation signal is ON, the fault cannot be reset by the fault reset signal.

LED Description

By pressing (DSPL) on the digital operator, each of the function LED's can be selected.

The following flowchart describes each function LED.







Detailed Description of MODE (Operation Mode Selection)

Setting : 0



Note : To set frequency reference with a volume resistor, it will be 100% at rotation ratio of 80%. To set frequency reference to 100% at rotation ratio of 100%, set constant n39 (frequency reference gain) to approx. 1.2.

Setting : 4 or 5

For details, refer to "Setting Frequency by Current Reference Input" on page 50.

Simple Data Setting

By using the function LED's on the digital operator, simple accel/decel operation of the VS mini is possible.

Following is an example in which the function LED's are used to set frequency reference, acceleration time, deceleration time, and motor direction.

Operation Steps	Operator Display	12-LED Display	Status Indicator LED
1. Turn ON the power supply.	6.0	FREF	RUN Ö ALARM
2. Set frequency. Press (DSPL) to move to FREF.	6.0	FREF	
3. Press 🔿 to display 60.0.	60.0 (Blinking)		
4. Press ENTER .	60.0		
5. Set the acceleration time. Press [DSPL] to move to [ACC].	10.0	ACC	
6. Press () to display 15.0.	15.0 (Blinking)		
7. Press ENTER .	15.0		
8. Set the deceleration time. Press DSPL to move DEC .	10.0		
9. Press v to display 5.0.	5.0 (Blinking)		
10. Press ENTER.	5.0]
11. Monitor output frequency. Press (DSPL) to move to FOUT.	0.0	FOUT	

Operation Steps	Operator Display	12-LED Display	Status Indicator LED
12. Press RUN. The motor accelerates to 60Hz in 15 seconds.	60.0		RUN -☆- ALARM ●
13. Press STOP RESET to stop the motor. The motor decelerates to stop in 5 seconds.	0.0		RUN Ö ALARM •
 14. Rotate the motor in reverse direction. Never rotate the motor in reverse in applications where reverse run is not allowed. Press DSPL to move to F/R. 15. Press () or () to display - Eu 	For	, , , , , , , , , ,	
16. Press ENTER),	(Blinking) ーモル		
 Press <u>RUN</u>. Reverse run starts. 18. Press <u>STOP</u> to stop the motor. <u>RESET</u> 			RUN Č ALARM • RUN Ö ALARM •

6. PROGRAMMING FEATURES

Factory settings of the constants are shown as _____ in the tables.

Constant Set-up and Initialization

Constant selection/initialization (n01)

The following table describes the data which can be set or read when n01 is set.

Setting	Constant that can be set	Constant that can be referred	
0 (Constant write disable)	n01	n01 to n69	
1	n01 to n60	n01 to n69	
2 to 7	Not used (disabled)		
8 9 (Constant Initialization)	Initialize Initialize (3-wire sequence)*		

* Refer to page 47.



TE ... Err ... appears on the LED display for one second and the set data returns to its initial values in the following cases :

- (1) The set values of input terminal function selection 1, 2 and 3 (n06, n07 and n08) are the same.
- (2) If the following conditions are not satisfied in the torque pattern setting (V/f pattern setting) : Max. output frequency (n24) ≥ Max. voltage output frequency (n26)

> Mid. output frequency (n27)

≥ Min. output frequency (n29)

For details, refer to "Adjusting torque according to application" (V/f pattern setting) on page 51.

(3) If the following conditions are not satisfied in the Jump frequency setting :

Jump frequency 3 (n58) ≤ Jump frequency 2 (n57)

≤ Jump frequency 1 (n56)

- (4) If Frequency reference lower limit (n42) ≤ Frequency reference upper limit (n41)
- (5) If Electronic thermal reference current (n31) ≤ 120% of inverter rated current
- (6) If the following is set when reverse run prohibit is set (n05=1): Reverse run is set by function LED <u>F/R</u> or by FWD/REV run selection (n04).

Setting Operation Conditions

Reverse run prohibit (n05)

"Reverse run disabled" setting does not accept a reverse run command from the control circuit terminal or digital operator. This setting is used for applications where a reverse run command can cause problems.

Setting	Description
0	Reverse run enabled.
1	Reverse run disabled.

Multi-step speed selection

By combining frequency reference and input terminal function selections, up to 8 steps of speed can be set.

8-step speed change

n11=25.0Hz

n12=30.0Hz

n13=35.0Hz

n14=40.0Hz n15=45.0Hz

n16=50.0Hz

n17=55.0Hz

 $n_{18=60.0Hz}$

```
n02=1 (operation mode selection )
```

n06=4 (Multi-function contact input terminal) n07=5 (Multi-function contact input terminal) n08=6 (Multi-function contact input terminal) n43=1 (Terminal FR function selection)





When n02 is set at 2, 3, 4 or 5, frequency reference 1 (n11) becomes disabled. To output a reference from control circuit terminal FR, set n43 to 0.



Multi-step speed reference 3 is used in common with accel/decel time selection. When multi-step speed reference 3 is turned OFF, accel/decel time 1 (n_{20} , 21) is selected. When it is turned ON, accel/decel time 2 (n_{22} , 23) is selected.

Operating at low speed

By inputting a jog command and then a forward (reverse) run command, operation is enabled at the jog frequency set in n19. When multi-step speed references 1, 2 or 3 are input simultaneously with the jog command, the jog command has priority.

Name	Constant No.	Setting
Jog frequency reference	19	Factory setting : 6.0Hz
Jog command	6, 7, 8	Set to "7" for any constant.

Adjusting frequency setting signal



When the frequency reference is output by analog input of control circuit terminals FR and FC, the relation between analog voltage and frequency reference can be set.

Frequency reference gain (n39)

The analog input voltage value for the maximum output frequency (n24) can be set in units of 0.01 times.

Factory setting : 1.00

• Frequency reference bias (n40)

The frequency reference provided when analog input is 0V (4mA) can be set in units of 1%.

(n24: Maximum output frequency = 100%) Factory setting: 0%

Gain : Outputs 100% (max. output frequency : FMAX, n24) at AV.

$$\Rightarrow n39 = \frac{AV}{10V}$$

Bias : Outputs [B]% (ratio to max, output frequency) at 0V. $\Rightarrow n40 = [B]$ %

Typical Setting

① At 0 to 5V input



Gain : Constant n39=0.50 Bias : Constant n40=0

② To operate the inverter with frequency reference of 50% to 100% at 0 to 10V input



Adjusting frequency upper and lower limits



• Frequency reference upper limit (n41) Sets the upper limit of the frequency reference in units of 1%.

(n24: Maximum output frequency = 100%) Factory setting: 100%

• Frequency reference lower limit (n42) Sets the lower limit of the frequency reference in units of 1%.

(n24: Maximum output frequency = 100%) When operating at frequency reference 0, operation is continued at the frequency reference lower limit.

However, when frequency lower limit is set to less than the minimum output frequency (n29), operation is not performed.

Factory setting: 0%





* When "deceleration to a stop" is selected (n03 = 0).

By setting input terminal function selection (n06, 07 or 08) to "8 (accel/decel time select)", accel/decel time is selected by turning ON/OFF the accel/decel time select (terminal S1, S2 or S3).

At OFF : n20 (accel time 1)

n21 (decel time 1)

At ON : n22 (accel time 2)

n23 (decel time 2)

No.	Name	Unit	Setting range	Initial setting
n20	Accel time 1	0.1s	0.0 to 999s	10.0s
n21	Decel time 1	0.1s	0.0 to 999s	10.0s
n22	Accel time 2	0.1s	0.0 to 999s	10.0s
n23	Decel time 2	0.1s	0.0 to 999s	10.0s

Accel time

Set the time needed for output frequency to reach 100% from 0%.

· Decel time

Set the time needed for output frequency to reach 0% from 100%.

Automatic restart after momentary power loss (n36)

When momentary power loss occurs, operation restarts automatically.

Setting	Description
0	Continuous operation after momentary power loss not provided.
1*	Continuous operation after power recovery within 0.5 second
2*†	Continuous operation after power recovery (Fault output not provided)

* Hold the operation command to continue the operation after recovery from a momentary power loss.

+ When 2 is selected, operation restarts if power supply voltage reaches its normal level. No fault signal is output.

Soft-start characteristics (n49)

To prevent shock at machine start/stop, accel/decel can be performed in Scurve pattern.

Setting	S-curve characteristic time
0	S-curve characteristic not provided
1	0.2 second
2	0.5 second
3	1.0 second

Note : S-curve characteristic time is the time from accel/decel rate 0 to a regular accel/decel rate determined by the set accel/decel time.



The following time chart shows FWD/REV run switching at deceleration to a stop.



If an excessive load is applied to the machine, output current increase can be detected to output alarm signals to multi-function output terminals MA, MB and PA.

To output an overtorque detection signal, set output terminal function selection n09 or n10 to "overtorque detection" (setting: 6).



• Overtorque detection function selection (n50)

Setting	Description	
0	Overtorque detection not provided	
1	Detected during constant-speed running, and operation continues after detection.	
2	Detected during constant-speed running, and operation stops during detection.	
3	Detected during running, and operation continues after detection.	
4	Detected during running, and operation stops during detection.	

- (1) To detect overtorque at accel/decel, set to 3 or 4.
- (2) To continue the operation after overtorque detection, set to 1 or 3. During detection, the operator displays "っとう" alarm (blinking).
- (3) To halt the inverter by a fault at overtorque detection, set to 2 or 4. At detection, the operator displays "of J" fault (ON).
- Overtorque detection level (n51)

Sets the overtorque detection current level in units of 1%. (Inverter rated current = 100%)

Factory setting: 160%

• Overtorque detection time (n52)

If the time when motor current exceeds the overtorque detection level (n51) is longer than overtorque detection time (n52), the overtorque detection function operates.
Frequency detection (n53)

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Effective when output terminal function selections n09 or n10 are set to "frequency detection" (setting: 4 or 5). "Frequency detection" turns ON when output frequency is higher or lower than the frequency detection level (n53).

 Frequency detection (Output frequency ≥ Frequency detection level) (Set n09 or n10 to "4".)



 Frequency detection (Output frequency ≤ Frequency detection level) (Set n09 or n10 to "5".)



37

Jump frequencies (n56 to n59)

This function allows the prohibition or "jumping" of critical frequencies so that the motor can operate without resonance caused by machine systems. This function is also used for dead band control. Setting the value to 0.0Hz disables this function.

Set prohibited frequency 1, 2 or 3 as follows :



n56 ≩ n57 ≧ n58

If this condition is not satisfied the inverter displays *Err* for one minute and restores the data to original settings.

Continuing operation by automatic fault reset (n60)

Sets the inverter to restart and reset fault detection after a fault occurs. The number of self-diagnosis and retry attempts can be set at n60 up to 10. The inverter will automatically restart after the following faults occur :

- OC (overcurrent)
- OV (overvoltage)

The number of retry attempts are cleared to 0 in the following cases :

- (1) If no other fault occurs within 10 minutes after retry
- (2) When the fault reset signal is ON after the fault is detected
- (3) Power supply is turned OFF

Operating coasting motor without trip

To operate coasting motor without trip, use the speed search command or DC injection braking at start.

Speed search command

Restarts a coasting motor without stopping it. This function enables smooth switching between motor commercial power supply operation and inverter operation.

Set input terminal function selection (n06, 07 or 08) to "11" (search command from maximum output frequency) or "12" (search command from set frequency).

Build a sequence so that FWD (REV) run command is input at the same time as the search command or after the search command. If the run command is input before the search command, the search command becomes disabled.



DC injection braking at start (n46, n48)

Restarts a coasting motor after stopping it. Set the DC injection braking time at start in n48 in units of 0.1 second. Set DC injection braking current in n46 in units of 1% (inverter rated current =100%). When the setting of n48 is "0", DC injection braking is not performed and acceleration starts from the minimum output frequency.



Holding accel/decel temporarily

To hold acceleration or deceleration, input accel/decel hold command. The output frequency is maintained when the accel/decel hold command is input during acceleration or deceleration.

The stop command releases the accel/decel hold and the operation ramps to stop.

Set input terminal function selection (n06, 07 or 08) to 13 (accel/decel hold command).

Time chart at accel/decel hold command input



Note : When the FWD (REV) run command is input along with the accel/decel hold command, the motor does not operate. However, when frequency reference lower limit (n42) is set greater than or equal to minimum output frequency (n29), the motor operates at frequency reference lower limit (n42).

Using frequency meter or ammeter (n44)

Selects to output either output frequency or output current to analog output terminals AM-AC for monitoring.

Setting	Description
0	Output frequency
1	Output current

In initial setting, analog voltage of approx. 3V is output when output frequency (output current) is 100%.



ammeter (n45)

Used to adjust analog output gain.



Set the analog output voltage at 100% of output frequency (output current). Frequency meter displays 0 to 60Hz at 0 to 3V.

$$10V \times \begin{bmatrix} n45 \text{ Setting} \\ 0.30 \end{bmatrix} = 3V$$

Output frequency becomes 100% at this value.

Reducing motor noise or leakage current (n37)

Sets inverter output transistor switching frequency (carrier frequency).

Setting	Carrier frequency (kHz)	Metallic noise from motor	Noise and current leakage
_1	2.5		
2	5.0	Higher	Smaller
3	7.5		\uparrow
4	10.0	↓	
5	12.5	audible	Larger
6	15.0		

Note : n37 setting

Low-carrier type: 1 (fixed)

Low-noise type: setting range: 1 to 6*, factory setting: 4

* Setting range is 1 to 4 for software version No. NSP600101 or before.



1. Reduce continuous output current for changing the carrier frequency to 5 or 6.

Carrier Frequency Set Value	Maximum Continuous Output Current	
1 to 4	Up to 100% of inverter rated output current	
5, 6	Up to 90% of inverter rated output current	

2. Wiring Distance between Inverter and Motor

If the wiring distance between inverter and motor is long, reduce the inverter carrier frequency as described below.

Wiring Distance between Inverter and Motor	Up to 30m	Up to 50m	Up to 100m	More than 100m
Carrier Frequency	15kHz or less	10kHz or less	5kHz or less	2.5kHz
(Set value of constant n37)	(6)	(4)	(2)	(1)

Operator stop key selection (n61)*

Selects processing when STOP key is depressed during operation from control circuit terminal.

Setting	Description
0	STOP key effective when running from terminals. When STOP key is depressed, the inverter stops according to the setting of constant n03. At this time, the digital operator displays " $\mathcal{S}\mathcal{T}^{\mathcal{P}}$ " atarm (blinking). This stop command is held in the inverter until both forward and reverse run commands are open.
1	STOP key ineffective when running from terminals.

* Not provided for software version No. NSP600101 or before.

Selecting Stopping Method

Selecting stopping method (n03)

Selects the stopping method suitable for application.

Setting	Description	
0	Deceleration to stop	
1	Coast to stop	

· Deceleration to stop

Example when accel/decel time 1 is selected



Upon removal of the FWD (REV) run command, the motor decelerates at the decel rate determined by the time set to decel time 1 (n21) and DC injection braking is applied immediately before stop. If the decel time is short or the load inertia is large, overvoltage (OV) fault may occur at deceleration. In this case, increase the decel time or install a optional braking resistor.

Braking torque : Without braking resistor : Approx. 20% torque of motor rating With braking resistor: Approx. 150% torque of motor rating • Coast to stop Example when accel/decel time 1 is selected



Upon removal of the FWD (REV) run command, the motor starts coasting.

Applying DC injection braking

- DC injection braking current (n46) Sets DC injection braking current in units of 1%. (Inverter rated current=100%)
- DC injection braking time at stop (n47) Sets the DC injection braking time at stopping in units of 0.1 second. When the setting of n44 is 0, DC injection braking is not performed but inverter output is shut OFF at the timing of DC injection braking start.



When coasting to a stop is specified in stopping method selection (n03), DC injection braking at stop does not operate.

Building Interface Circuits with External Devices

Using input signals (n06, n07, n08)

Multi-function input terminal S1, S2 and S3 functions can be changed when necessary by setting constants n06, n07 and n08, respectively. The same value cannot be set to different constant setting.

- Terminal S1 function: Set to n06
- · Terminal S2 function: Set to n07
- Terminal S3 function: Set to n08

Setting	Name	Description	Ref.
0	FWD/REV run command (3-wire sequence selection)	Setting enabled only for n06	47
1	Fault reset	-	
2	External fault (NO contact input)	Inverter stops by external fault	
3	External fault (NC contact input)	display is "EF□*".	
4	Multi-step speed reference 1	—	
5	Multi-step speed reference 2	-	30
6	Multi-step speed reference 3		
7	JOG command	-	31
8	Accel/decel time select	-	33
9	External baseblock (NO contact input)	Motor coasts to a stop by this	
10	External baseblock (NC contact input)	signal input. Digital operator display is " ட்ட " alarm (blinking).	
11	Search command from maximum frequency	Chand sourch command signal	20
12	Search command from set frequency	Speed search command signal	39
13	Accel/decel hold command	-	40
14	LOCAL/REMOTE selection		47
15	UP/DOWN command		47

* 1, 2 or 3 is displayed in □ corresponding to the numbers of S1, S2 and S3, respectively. Factory settings n06 : 1, n07 : 2, n08 : 4

Terminal function at 3-wire sequence selection



• LOCAL/REMOTE select (setting: 14)

Selects operation reference by the digital operator or by the control circuit terminal.

LOCAL/REMOTE select is available only during stop.

Open : Run according to the setting of operation mode selection (n02).

Closed : Run by frequency reference and run command from the digital operator.

(Example) Set n02 to 3 or 5.

- Open : Run by frequency reference from control circuit terminal FR and run command from control circuit terminals SF, SR.
 - Closed : Run by frequency reference and run command from the digital operator.
- UP/DOWN command (setting: n08 = 15)

With the FWD (REV) run command entered, accel/decel is enabled by inputting the UP or DOWN signals to control circuit terminals S2 and S3 without changing the frequency reference, so that operation can be performed at the desired speed. When UP/DOWN commands are specified by n08, any function set to n07 becomes disabled; terminal S2 becomes an input terminal for the UP command and terminal S3 for the DOWN command.

Control Circuit Terminal S2 (UP command)	Closed	Open	Open	Closed
Control Circuit Terminal S3 (DOWN command)	Open	Closed	Open	Closed
Operation Status	Accel	Decel	Hold	Hold

47

Time Chart at UP/DOWN Command Input



U = UP (accelerating) status

D = DOWN (decelerating) status

H = HOLD (constant speed) status

U1 = UP status, clamping at upper limit speed

D1 = DOWN status, clamping at lower limit speed

Notes :

1. When UP/DOWN command is selected, the upper limit speed is set regardless of frequency reference.

Upper limit speed = Maximum output frequency (n24)

× Frequency reference upper limit (n41)/100

- 2. Lower limit value is either minimum output frequency (n29) or frequency reference lower limit (n42) (whichever is larger.).
- 3. When the FWD (REV) run command is input, operation starts at the lower limit speed without an UP/DOWN command.
- If the jog command is input while running by the UP/DOWN command, the jog command has priority.

Using output signals (n09, n10)

Multi-function output terminal MA, MB and PA functions can be changed when necessary by setting constants n09 and n10.

• Terminal MA and MB functions: Set to n09

• Terminal PA function: Set to n10

Setting	Name	Description	Ref.
0	Fault	"Closed" when inverter fault occurs.	-
1	In operation	"Closed" when FWD or REV run command is input, or when the inverter outputs voltage.	-
2	Agreed frequency	. –	49
3	Zero speed	"Closed" when the inverter output frequency is less than min. output frequency.	-
4	Frequency detection (output frequency ≥ frequency detection level)		37
5	Frequency detection (output frequency ≤ frequency detection level)	_ ·	0,
6	Overtorque detection		35
7	Base blocked	"Closed" when the inverter output is shut off.	1
8	Low voltage detected	"Closed" when the inverter is detecting low voltage.	-
9	Speed search	"Closed" when the inverter is searching for the speed.	-
10	Operation mode	"Closed" when "LOCAL" is selected by LOCAL/REMOTE selection.	-

Factory settings n09:1 n10:0

• Setting example of "Frequency agreed signal" (Setting = 2)



Setting Frequency by Current Reference Input

When setting frequency by inputting current reference (4-20mA) from the control circuit terminal FR, switch the dip switch SW1 on the printed circuit board to "1" side.

SW1 is accessed by removing the digital operator.





NOTE

Never input voltage reference to control circuit terminal FR when dip switch SWI is switched to "I" side.

After switching SW1, set MODE LED item to 4 or 5.

• Setting : 4

Setting : 5

EWD BUN/STOP

REV RUN/STOP

CURRENT REFERENCE

4-20mA



SF

ŜR

SC FS

FR

FC

Depress the digital operator keys to run or stop the inverter. Switch run and stop direction by setting $\ensuremath{\mathsf{F/R}}$ LED item.

Set frequency by the analog current signal [0-100% (max. frequency) / 4-20mA] connected to the control circuit terminal.

Switch run/stop and FWD/REV run with switching device connected to the control circuit terminal.

Set frequency by the analog current signal [0-100% (max. frequency) / 4-20mA] connected to the control circuit terminal.

Frequency reference gain (n39)/bias (n40) can be set even when current reference input is selected. For details, refer to "Adjusting frequency setting signal" on page 32.

Adjusting Motor Torque

Adjusting torque according to application

Adjust motor torque by using "V/f pattern" and "full-range automatic torque boost".

• V/f pattern setting

Set V/f pattern by n24 to n30 as described below. Set each pattern when using a special motor (high-speed motor, etc.) or when requiring special torque adjustment of machine.



Be sure to satisfy the following conditions for the setting of n24 to n30.

 $n29 \le n27 < n26 \le n24$

If n29 = n27 is set, the set value of n28 is disabled.

Constants No.	Name	Unit	Setting range	Initial Setting
n24	Max. output frequency	0.1Hz	50.0 to 400Hz	60.0Hz
n25	Max. voltage	1V	1 to 255V	200V
n26	Max. voltage output frequency (base frequency)	0.1Hz	0.6 to 400Hz	60.0Hz
n27	Mid. output frequency	0.1Hz	0.5 to 399Hz	1.5Hz
n28	Mid. output frequency voltage	1V	1 to 255V	12V
n29	Min. output frequency	0.1Hz	0.5 to 10.0Hz	1.5Hz
n30	Min. output frequency voltage	1V	1 to 50V	12V

· Typical setting of V/f pattern

Set the V/f pattern according to the application as described below. When running at a frequency exceeding 50Hz/60Hz, change the maximum output frequency (n24).

Note :Be sure to set the maximum output frequency according to the motor characteristics.

 For general-purpose applications Motor Specification : 60Hz (Factory setting)



(2) For fans/pumps Motor Specification : 60Hz Motor Specification : 50Hz



Motor Specification : 50Hz



(3) For applications requiring high starting torque Motor Specification : 60Hz Motor Specification : 50Hz



Increasing voltage of V/f pattern increases motor torque, but an excessive increase may cause motor overexcitation, motor overheat or vibration.

Note : n25 is to be set to motor rated voltage.

• Full-range automatic torque boost

Motor torque requirement changes according to load conditions. Fullrange automatic torque boost adjusts voltage of V/f pattern according to the requirement. The VS mini automatically adjusts the voltage during constant-speed operation as well as during acceleration.

The required torque is calculated by the inverter.,

This ensures tripless operation and energy-saving effects.

Output voltage a Automatic torque boost gain (n38) × Required torque

Operation

(VOLTAGE) (VOLT

Normally, no adjustment is necessary for automatic torque boost gain (n38 factory setting : 1.0). When the wiring distance between the inverter and the motor is long, or when the motor generates vibration, change the automatic . torque boost gain. In these cases, set the V/f pattern (n24 to n30).

Preventing motor from stalling (Current limit)

Automatically adjusts the output frequency and output current according to the load to continue operation without stalling the motor.

- · Stall prevention (current limit) level during acceleration (n34)
- Sets the stall prevention (current limit) level during acceleration in units of 1%.

(Inverter rated current = 100%)

Factory setting: 170%

A setting of 200% disables the stall prevention (current limit) during acceleration. During acceleration, if the output current exceeds the value set for n34, acceleration stops and frequency is maintained. When the output current goes down to the value set for n34, acceleration starts.



* Controls the acceleration rate to prevent the motor from stalling.

In the constant output area [output frequency \ge max. voltage output frequency (n26)], the stall prevention (current limit) level during acceleration is changed by the following equation.

Stall prevention (current limit) level during accel in constant output area

= Stall prevention (current limit) level during accel (n34)

Max. voltage output frequency (n26)

Stall prevention (current limit) level during running (n35)
 Sets the stall prevention (current limit) level during running in units of 1%.
 (Inverter rated current = 100%)

* Factory setting: 160%

A setting of 200% disables the stall prevention (current limit) during running.

During agreed speed if the output current exceeds the value set for n35, deceleration starts.

When the output current exceeds the value set for n35, deceleration continues. When the output current goes down to the value set for n35, acceleration starts, up to the set frequency.

MOTOR CURRENT



 Decreases frequency to prevent the motor from stalling.

· Stall prevention (current limit) during deceleration (n33)

To prevent overvoltage during deceleration, the inverter automatically extends the deceleration time according to the value of main circuit DC voltage. When using an optional braking resistor, set n33 to 1.

Setting	Stall prevention (current limit) during deceleration	Controls the deceleration time to prevent overvoltage fault.
0	Provided	
1	Not Provided (when braking resistor mounted)	H
		SET TIME DECEL TIME

Decreasing Motor Speed Fluctuation

Slip compensation

As the load becomes larger, the motor speed is reduced and motor slip value is increased. The slip compensating function controls the motor speed at a constant value even if the load varies.

When inverter output current is equal to the electronic thermal reference current (motor rated current), the compensation frequency is added to the output frequency.

Compensation frequency = Motor rated slip value

 $\times \frac{\text{Output current} - \text{Motor no-load current (n55)}}{\text{Electronic thermal}}$

reference current (n31) – Motor no-load current (n55)

Motor rated slip value = Max. voltage output frequency (n26) × Slip compensation gain (n54)

Constants No.	Name	Unit	Setting range	Initial Setting
n24	Max. output frequency	0.1Hz	50.0 to 400Hz	60.0Hz
n26	Max. voltage output frequency	0.1Hz	0.6 to 400Hz	60.0Hz
n31	Electroric thermal reference current	0.1A	0 to 120% of inverter rated current	*
n54	Slip compensation gain	0.1%	0.0 to 9.9% (100%=max. voltage output frequency n26) Setting 0.0% invalidated slip compensation	0.0%
n55	Motor no-load current	1%	0 to 99% (100%=Electronic thermal reference current n31)	40%
n62†	Slip compensation primary delay time	0.1s	0.0 to 25.5s When 0.0s is set, delay time becomes 2.0s	2.0s

Constants

* Differs depending on inverter capacity.

* Not provided for software version No. NSP 600101 or before.

Notes : 1. Slip compensation is not performed in the following conditions:

- Output frequency < minimum output frequency (n29)
- During regeneration.
- Setting to electronic thermal reference current (n31) to 0.0A.
- In the constant output area [output frequency ≥ max. voltage output frequency (n26)], compensation frequency is increased automatically as described on the following page.

The figure below shows the compensation frequency when the inverter output current is equal to the motor rated current.



Motor Protection

Motor overload detection

The VS mini protects against motor overload with a built-in electronic thermal overload relay.

• Electronic thermal reference current (n31)

Set to the rated current value shown on the motor nameplate.

Note : Setting to 0.0A disables the motor overload protective function.

• Motor overload protection selection (n32)

 Setting
 Electronic Thermal Characteristics

 0
 Applied to general-purpose motor, standard ratings

 1
 Applied to general-purpose motor, short-term ratings

 2
 Applied to inverter motor, standard ratings

 3
 Applied to inverter motor, short-term ratings

 4
 Electronic thermal overload protection not provided

The electronic thermal overload function monitors motor temperature, based on inverter output current and time, to protect the motor from overheating. When electronic thermal overload relay is enabled, an "oL ?" error occurs, shutting OFF the inverter output and preventing excessive overheating in the motor. When operating with one inverter connected to one motor, an external thermal relay is not needed. When operating several motors with one inverter, install a thermal relay on each motor.

· General-purpose motor and inverter motor

Induction motors are classified as general-purpose motors or inverter motors, based on their cooling capabilities. Therefore, the motor overload function operates differently between these two motor types.



7. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Periodically inspect the inverter as described in the following table to prevent accidents and to ensure high performance with high-reliability.

Location to Check	Check For	Solution
Terminals, unit mounting bolts, etc.	Connection hardware is properly seated and securely tightened.	Properly seat and tighten hardware.
Cooling fins	Built up dust, dirt, and debris	Blow with dry compressed air : 39.2 × 10 ⁴ to 58.8 × 10 ⁴ Pa, 57 to 85 psi (4 to 6kg / cm ²) pressure
Printed circuit board	Accumulation of conductive material or oil mist	Blow with dry compressed air : 39.2 × 10 ⁴ to 58.8 × 10 ⁴ Pa, 57 to 85 psi (4 to 6kg / cm ²) pressure If dust or oil cannot be removed, replace the inverter unit.
Power elements and smoothing capacitor	Abnormal odor or discoloration	Replace the inverter unit.

8. FAULT DIAGNOSIS AND COR-RECTIVE ACTIONS

This section describes the alarm and fault displays, explanations for fault conditions and corrective actions to be taken if the VS mini malfunctions.

<Corrective actions for models with blank cover (no operator)>

- 1. Input fault reset or cycle the power supply OFF and ON.
- 2. When a fault cannot be corrected:
 - (1) Turn the power supply OFF and check the wiring and control logic.
 - (2) Turn the power supply OFF and replace the blank cover with the digital operator to display faults.

<Corrective Actions of Models with Digital Operator>

-ḋ- : ON 🦉 : BLINKING 🌢 : OFF

Alarm Display and Contents

4

	Alarm Display		Invortor		Causes and
Digita Oper	al rator	RUN (Green) ALARM (Red)	Status	Explanation	Corrective Actions
Ei Blink	F		EF (Simultaneous FWD/ REV run commands) When FWD and REV run commands are simultaneously input for over 500ms, the inverter stops according to constant n03.		Check SF and SR input terminals.
து Blink	Ь king	-\ <u>\</u> - \D \D Or D_ D D D D D D D D D	Warning Fault contacts do not change state.	BB (External baseblock) Base block command at multi-function terminal is active, the inverter output is shut OFF (motor coasting). Temporary condition, deared when input command is removed.	Check multi-function input terminals S1, S2, or S3.
Sr Blink	- P king			STP (Operator function stop) STOP is pressed during running by the control circuit terminals SF and SR. The inverter stops according to constant n03.	Check terminals SF and SR.
Blink	. 3 king	-¤-		OL 3 (Overtorque detection) Motor current exceeded the preset value in constant n5 1. Inverter continues operation.	Check the driven machine and correct the cause of the fault, or increase the value of constant n51 up to the highest value allowed for the machine.
5E Blint	king	Õ		SEr (Sequence error) Inverter receives LOCAL/REMOTE select command from the multi-function terminal while the inverter is outputting. Refer to page 39 for LOCAL/REMOTE select signal.	Check the multi-function input terminals S1, S2, and S3.

Alarr Digital Operator	n Display RUN (Green) ALARM (Red)	Inverter Status	Explanation	Causes and Corrective Actions	
لال Blinking		Warning	UV (Main circuit low voltage) Main circuit DC voltage drops below the low-voltage detection level while the inverter output is OFF.	Check the following : • Power supply voltage • Main circuit power supply wiring is connected. • Terminal screws are securely tightened.	
ou Blinking	N N N N N	Fault contacts do not change state.	OV (Main circuit overvoltage) Main circuit DC voltage exceeds the overvoltage detection level while the inverter output is OFF.	Check the power supply voltage.	
ප H Blinking			OH (Cooling fin overheat) Intake air temperature rises while the inverter output is OFF.	Check the intake air temperature.	

Fau	It Display	Inverter	Explanation	Causes and
Operator	ALARM (Red)	Status		Conective Actions
			OC (Overcurrent) Inverter output current momentarily exceeds approx. 250% of rated current.	Short circuit or grounding at inverter output side Excessive load GD ² Extremely rapid accel/ decel time (constants n20 to n23) Special motor used Starting motor during coasting Motor of a capacity greater than the inverter rating has been started. Magnetic contactor open/closed at the inverter output side
00	• *	Protective Operation Output is shut OFF and motor coasts to a stop.	OV (Main circuit over- voltage) Main circuit DC voltage exceeds the overvoltage detection level because of excessive regenerative energy from the motor.	Insufficient decel time (constants n21 and n23) Lowering of minus load (elevator, etc.) J Increase decel time. Connect optional braking resistor.
UL 1			UV1 (Main circuit low voltage) Main circuit DC voltage drops below the low- voltage detection level while the inverter output is ON.	Reduction of input power supply voltage Open prase of input supply Occurrence of momen- tary power loss Insufficient accel time (constants n20 and n22; Deck the following : Power supply voltage Main circuit power supply writing is connected. Terminal screws are
<i>uu2</i>	-		UV2 (Control power supply fault) Voltage fault of control power supply is detected	secure. • Increase accel time. Cycle power. If the fault remains, replace the inverter.

Fault Display and Contents

Fau	Fault Display		[Courses and	
Digital Operator	RUN (Green) ALARM (Red)	Status	Explanation	Corrective Actions	
οН	÷			OH (Cooling lin overheat) Temperature rise because of inverter overhoad operation or intake air temperature rise.	Excessive load Improper V/I pattern setting Insufficient accel time if the fault occurs during acceleration Intake air temperature exceeding 122'F (50'C) Check the following: Load size V/I pattern setting (constants n24 to n30) Intake air temperature
ol I		Protective Operation Output is shut OFF and motor coasts to a stop.	OL1 (Motor overload) Motor overload protection operates by built-in electronic thermal overload relay.	Check the load size or V/ pattern setting (constants n24 to n30) Set the motor rated current shown on the nameplate by constant n31.	
a£2			coasts to a stop.	OL2 (Inverter overload) Inverter overload protection operates by built-in electronic thermal overload relay.	Check the load size or V/f pattern setting (constants n24 to n30) Check the inverter capacity.
o£ 3			OL3 (Overforque detection) Motor current exceeded the preset value in constant n51 because of machinery fault or overfoad.	Check the driven machine and correct the cause of the fault, or increase the value of constant n51 up to the highest value allowed for the machine.	
EF 1 EF2 EF3			EF1, EF2, EF3 (External fault) Inverter receives an external fault input from control circuit terminal.	Check the multi-function input terminals S1, S2 and S3.	

Fau	Fault Display			Causes and
Digital Operator	RUN (Green) ALARM (Red)	Status	Explanation	Corrective Actions
FOO			CPF-00 Initial memory fault is detected.	Cycle power. If the fault remains, replace the inverter.
FO I	-		CPF-01 ROM fault is detected.	
FOH	÷	Protective Operation Output is shut OFF and motor coasts to a stop.	CPF-04 Constant fault is detected.	 Record all constant data and initialize the constants. (Refer to page 22 for constant initialization.) Cycle power. If the fault remains, replace the inverter.
FOS	• •		CPF-05 AD converter fault is detected.	Cycle power. If the fault remains, replace the inverter.
FC6			CPF-06 Option connecting fault	Remove power to the inverter. Check the connection of the option .
(OFF)	•		Insufficient power supply voltage Control power supply fault Hardware fault	Check the following : • Power supply voltage • Main circuit power supply wiring Is connected. • Terminal screws are securely lightened. • Control sequence. • Replace the inverter.

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9. SPECIFICATIONS

Standard Specifications

Г		200V		Low-carrier type	J:20P1	J_20P2	J20P4	J_20P7	J::21P5		
M	odel	3-phase		Low-noise type	B_20P1	B_20P2	B: 20P4	B_20P7	B::21P5		
lÇ.	IMH-	200V sin	ale-/	Low-carrier type	J.380P1	JUB0P2	J.BOP4	J_B0P7	_		
1^'	د ب	3-phase	a	Low-noise type	BCB0P1	B.BOP2	BCB0P4	8. 80P7	-		
l		100V single-pt	nase ^{‡#}	Low-noise type	B:::A0P1	B_A0P2	B_A0P4	8:A0P7	-		
М	ax. A	oplicable	Motor	Output HP (kW)*	0.13 (0.1)	0.25 (0.2)	0.5 (0.4)	1 (0.75)	2 (1.5)		
8	Inve	rter capaci	ity	(kVA)	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.9	2.6		
12	Rate	ed output	current	(A)	0.8	1.5	3.0	5.0	7.0		
1ê	Max	. output	200V 3	3-phase	3-phase, 200 to 230V (proportional to input voltage)						
8	volta	age(V)	200V	single-/ 3-phase	3-phase, 200 to 240V (proportional to input voltage)						
ā			100V	single-phase	3-phase, 2	00 to 230V	(proportion	nal to input	voltage)		
8	Max	. output fi	requen	cy (Hz)	400Hz (Pr	ogrammabl	θ)				
	Rate	ed input	200V 3	3-phase	3-phase, 2	00 to 230V	, 50/60Hz				
Addins	freq	age and uency	200V :	single-/3-phase	Single-pha 3-phase, 2	tse 200 to 2 00 to 230V	40V, 50/60 , 50/60Hz	Hz			
ē			100V	single-phase	Single-pha	se 100 to 1	15V, 50/60	Hz			
Į,	Allo	wable vol	tage flu	ctuation	-15% to +1	0% (-10% to	+10% for 1	00V single-	hase model)		
Ľ.,	Allo	wable free	quency	fluctuation	±5%						
Г	Con	trol metho	bd		Sine wave P	WM (High-ca	mer frequenc	y PWM for low	w-noise)		
	Frec	uency co	ntrol ra	nge	0.5 to 400	Hz	_				
L	Fred	quency ac	curacy		Digital command : ±0.01% (14 to 122 F, -10 to +50 C)						
	(terr	nperature	change	<u>)</u>	Analog commands : ±1% (77 ±18 F, 25 ±10 C)						
8	Fror		tting re	eclution	Digital operato	r reference ; 0.	Hz (less than	100Hz) 1Hz (10	OHz or more)		
ŝ		luency se	ning re	30100011	Analog ref	erence : 0.0	6Hz/60Hz	(1/1000)			
12	Out	out freque	ency rea	solution	0.1Hz						
1ġ	Ove	rload cap	acity		150% rate	d output cu	rrent for on	e minute			
ē	Frec	uency re	terence	signal	0 to +10VDC (20k1), 4 to 20mA (25012) (Selectable)						
Ę	ACC	evaecei ti	me		0.1 to 999 sec (accel/decel time are independently programmed)						
	Brai	king torqu	0		Snort-term avorage oeceleration torquer : 0.13HP, 0.25HP (0.14W, 0.25W) : 150% 0.5HP, 1HP (0.4kW, 0.75kW) : 100% 2HP (1.5kW) : 50% or more Continuous regenerative torque : Approx. 20% (150%						
	1/# 1	haractori	stic		With optional draking resistor, draking transistor built-in)						
⊢	Mot	or overloa	ad prote	rction	Electronic	thermal over	arload relay				
	Inst	antaneou	s overc	urrent	Motor coasts	s to a stop at	approx. 2509	6 of inverter r	ated current		
	Ove	rload			Motor coasts to	o a stop after 1	minute at 150%	of inverter rate	d output current		
	Ove	rvoltage			Motor coasts	s to a stop if I	C bus voltad	exceeds 4	10V		
sions	Und	ervoltage			Stops when (approx. 16	DC bus volt oV or less fo	age is appro	x. 200V or le series)	ISS -		
fective funct	Моп	nentary p	ower lo	SS	One of the following operations are selectable: Not provided (Stops if power loss is 15ms or longer)/Automatically restarts at recovery from momentary power loss of approx. 0.5 sec.Automatically restarts.						
١£	Coo	ling fin ov	erheat		Protected b	y electronic	circuit				
	Stal	tall prevention level			Provided during acceleration and constant-speed run. (fixed level) Provided/not provided available during deceleration.						
	Gro	und fault			Protected by	y electronic o	ircuit (Overc	current level)			
L	Pow	er charge	e indica	tion	Run lamp stays ON or digital operator LED stays ON.						

* Based on a standard 4-pole motor for max. applicable motor output.

† Shows deceleration torque for an uncoupled motor decelerating from 60Hz with the shortest possible deceleration time.

Low-carrier type is not provided for this class.

100V single-phase models : If excessively short accel time is set, main-circuit low-vollage protection (UV1) is activated according to the load status during acceleration. In this case, extend the accel time.

_	_	- <u>r-</u>			1-DODC	1-00D+	100D7	1 DI DE		
		200V	Low-carrier type	J_20P1	J_20P2	J20P4	J=20P7	J_21P3		
	ME	3-phase	Low-noise type	B_20P1	B_20P2	B_20P4	B_20P7	B_21P5		
X		200V single-/	Low-carrier type	J_B0P1	J_B0P2	JCB0P4	J_B0P7			
1		3-phase	Low-noise type	B:: B0P1	B_B0P2	B3B0P4	8_B0P7			
		100V single-phase [†]	Low-noise type	B_A0P1	B_A0P2	BCA0P4	B A0P7	-		
		Run/Stop input		Two signals (Forward run/stop, reverse run/stop)						
	Input signals	Multi-fund	ction input	Inree of the following input signals are selectate. Forwardreverse run (3-wite sequence), fault reset, external fault (NO/NC contact input), multi-step speed operation, jog command, accel/decel ime select, external base block (NO/NC contact input), speed search command, accel/decel indic command, LOCAL/REMOTE select, UP/DOWN command						
functions	Output signats	. Multi-fur	ction output	Two of the following output signals are selectable (1 NONC contact output, 1 photo-coupler output): Fault, running, at frequency, zero speed, frequency detection (output frequency \leq or \geq set value), during overtorque detection, during base block, during undervoltage detection, during speed search, operation mode						
Other		Analog	monitor	0 to +10V frequency	/DC output, y or output (programma surrent	able for out	put		
		Standard functi	DNS	Full-range automatic torque boost, fault retry, upper/lower frequency limit, DC injection braking current/time at star/stop, frequency reference bias/gain, prohibited frequency, analog meter celibrating anis. Scrube accel/deeal silin compensation						
	L	Status indicato	r LED	Run and ALARM provided as standard LED's						
	E C	Digital operato	r	Available	to monitor	frequency r	eference, c	utput		
1	ĕ	(JVOP-120)		frequenc	y, output cu	rrent, FWD	HEV Selec	uon		
		Terminals		Main Circ Control C	uit : screw t ircuit : plug-	erminals in screw te	rminal			
	l a	Viring distance b nd motor	etween inverter	328ft (10	0m) or less					
Ε	nc	osure		Open cha	assis		_			
С	00	ling method		Self-cool	ing					
S	1	mbient tempera	ture	14 to 122	2°F (-10 to	50°C) (not f	rozen)			
1	E	lumidity		90% RH	or less (nor	-condensir	ıg)			
18	5	Storage temperat	ure*	-4 to 140	F (-20 to 6	50°C)				
Intal	[ocation		Indoor (free from corrosive gases or dust)						
le le	E	levation		3280ft (1000m) or less						
Enviror	Γ	libration		Up to 9.8m/s ² (1G) at less than 20Hz, up to 2m/s ² (0.2G) at 20 to 50Hz						

* Temperature during shipping (for short periods) † Low-carrier type is not provided for this class.



Connection Example of Braking Resistor



Terminal Description

(T)	pe	T	erminal	Name	Functio	n (Signa	al L	evel)			
Γ	=	L1 L3	(R), N/L2 (S). (T)	AC power supply input	L1 (R) and N/L2 (S)	for single	e-pha	ase power supply			
	ng light	υ,	V, W	Inverter output	For inverter output						
	ŝ	B1,	B2	Braking resistor connection	For braking resisto	r connec	tion				
	Ra	Γ		Grounding	For grounding (grounding resistance shoul 100Ω or less)						
Γ			SF	Forward run/stop	Runs when CLOSI when OPEN						
l			SR	Reverse run/stop	Runs when CLOSI when OPEN	ED, stops		24VDC 8mA			
	f	3	S1	Multi-function contact input 1	Factory preset is "	ault rese	et"	Photocouplet			
	S2	S2	Multi-function contact input 2	Factory preset is "E (NO contact) input"	ult	insulation					
	Input	S	S3	Multi-function contact input 3	Factory preset is * speed reference 1	Multi-step					
			sc	Sequence common	Common terminal for sequence						
i,	Guit	erence	FS	Power supply terminal for frequency setting	+12V (allowable current : max. 20mA)						
ij		cy Refe	cy Rele	cy Refer	FR	Frequency reference input	0 to 10VDC (20kΩ) or 4 to 2	20m/	Α (250Ω)	
Contro		requen	FC	Frequency reference input common	ov						
	Γ		АМ	Analog monitor output *	Factory preset is "Output frequency"		0 to	10VDC			
		Г	AC	Analog monitor output common	0V		2m/	A or less			
	Ē	h	MA	NO contact output	Eastery protot in	Contant		acity :			
	ō	tact O	мв	NC contact output	"During running"	250VAC	cap , 1A	or less			
1	1	- Eo	n Con	n Cont	- Cont	MC	Contact output common		30VDC,	1A (or less
		unction	unction	- Line	PA	Photocoupler output	Factory preset is	Photoco	uple	r output :	
		PC		Photocoupler output common	"Fault"	48VDC,	50n	mA or less			

* Analog monitor is a terminal to monitor exclusively for frequency meter or ammeter. Do not use it as a control signal for feedback control, etc.

The factory preset of signal level is 0 to +3VDC. By setting a constant, 0 to +10VDC output is available.

Dimensions





Fig. 1





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	Model		Lo	w-ca	arrier	type			L	ow-n	oise	type	
Ca	pacity HP(kW)	W	D	W1	D1	Mass	Fig.	W	D	W1	D1	Mass	Fig.
	0.13 (0.1)	2.68 (68)	2.76 (70)	2.20 (56)	3.58 (91)	1.1		2.68 (68)	2.95 (75)	2.20 (56)	3.78 (96)	1.1 (0.5)_	
20	0.25 (0.2)	2.68 (68)	2.95 (75)	2.20 (56 <u>)</u>	3.78 (96)	(0.5)	1	2.68 (68)	3.46 (88)	2.20 (56)	4.29 (10 9)	1.3 (0.6)	1
tse 20	0.5 (0.4)	2.68 (68)	3.46 (88)	2.20 (56)	4.29 (109)	1.3 (0.6)		2.68 (68)	4.33 (110)	2.20 (56)	5.16 (131)	2.0 (0.9)	
3-ph	1 (0.75)	2.68 (68)	5.12 (130)	2.20 (56)	5.94 (151)	2.0 (0.9)		4.25 (108)	5.12 (130)	3.78 (96)	5.94 (151)	2.9 (1.3)	
	2 (1.5)	4.25 (108)	6.10 (155)	3.78 (96)	6.93 (176)	3.3 (1.5)	2	4.25 (108)	6.10 (155)	3.78 (96)	6.93 (176)	3.3 (1.5)	-
700	0.13 (0.1)	2.68 (68)	2.95 (75)	2.20 (56)	3.78 (96)	1.1 (0.5)		2.68 (68)	2.95 (75)	2.20 (56)	3.78 (96)	1.1 (0.5)	
hase 2	0.25 (0.2)	2.68 (68)	3.74 (95)	2.20 (56)	4.57 (116)	1.3 (0.6)	`	2.68 (68)	4.25 (108)	2.20 (56)	5.09 (129)	1.3 (0.6)	
e-/3-p	0.5 (0.4)	4.25 (108)	5.12 (130)	3.78 (96)	5.94 (151)	2.9		4.25 (108)	5.12 (130)	3.78 (96)	5.94 (151)	2.9	2
Singl	1 (0.75)	4.25 (108)	5.12 (130)	3.78 (96)	5.94 (1 5 1)	(1.3)	Ĺ	4.25 (108)	5.12 (130)	3.78 (96)	5. 9 4 (151)	(1.3)	-
No.	0.13 (0.1)							2.68 (68)	3.74 (95)	2.20 (56)	4.57 (116)	1.3	1
ase 1(0.25 (0.2)	0.2)				2.68 (68)	4.25 (108)	2.20 (56)	5.09 (129)	(0.6)			
d-aft	0.5 (0.4)							4.25 (108)	5.12 (130)	3.78 (96)	5.94 (151)	2.9 (1.3)	
lis,	1 (0.75)							4.25 (108)	6.10 (155)	3.78 (96)	6.93 (176)	3.1 (1.4)	

Dimensions in inches (mm)/mass in lb (kg)

Recommended Peripheral Devices

It is recommended that the following peripheral devices should be mounted between the AC main circuit power supply and VS mini input terminals L1(R), N/L2(S) and L3(T).

- MCCB (Molded-case circuit breaker) : Be sure to connect it for wiring protection.
- · Magnetic contactor:

Mount a surge suppressor on the coil (refer to the table shown below.) When using a magnetic contactor to start and stop the inverter, do not exceed one start per hour.

Recommended MCCB and magnetic contactor

· 200V 3-phase

VS mini model CIMR CIMR		20P1	20P2	20P4	2097	21P5
Capacity	(kVA)	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.9	2.6
Rated Output Current	(A)	0.8	1.5	3	5	7
MCCB type NF30 (MITSUBISHI)		5A	5A	5A	10A	20A
Magnetic contactor ty (YASKAWA CONTRO	pe HI)L)	HI-7E	HI-7E	HI-7E	HI-7E	HI-10-2E

· 200V single-/3-phase

VS mini mode		B0P1	B0P2	B0P4	B0P7
Capacity	(kVA)	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.9
Rated Output	Current (A)	0.8	1.5	3	5
MCCB type NI (MITSUBISHI)	30, NF50	5A	5A	10A	20A
Magnetic cont (YASKAWA C	actor type HI ONTROL)	HI⊷7E	HI-7E	HI-7E	HI-10-2E

· 100V single-phase

VS mini model 1		A0P1	A0P2	A0P4	A0P7
Capacity	(kVA)	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.9
Rated Output Current (A)		0.8	1.5	3	5
MCCB type NF30, NF50 (MITSUBISHI)		10A	15A	30A -	40A
Magnetic contactor type HI (YASKAWA CONTROL)		HI-7E	HI-10E	HI-25E	HI-30E
Surge Suppressors Coils and relays		Model DCR2-	Specifications	Code No.	
---------------------------------------	---	----------------	----------------------	----------	--
200V to 230V	Large size magnetic contactors	50A22E	250VAC 0.5μF 200Ω	C002417	
	Control relays MY-2,-3 (OMRON) HH-22, -23(FUJI) MM-2, -4 (OMRON)	10A25C	250VAC 0.1μF 100Ω	C002482	

Surge suppressors

· Ground fault interrupter:

Select a ground fault interrupter not affected by high frequencies. To prevent malfunctions, the current should be 200mA or more and the operating time 0.1 sec. or more.

- Example : NV series by Mitsubishi Electric Co., Ltd. (manufactured in 1988 and after)
 - EGSG series by Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. (manufactured in 1984 and after)

• AC reactor :

Install an AC reactor to connect to a power supply transformer of large capacity (600kVA or more) or to improve power factor on the power supply side.

Noise filter:

Use a noise filter exclusively for inverter if radio noise generated from the inverter causes other control devices to malfunction.

NOTE

- 1. Never connect a general LC/RC noise filter to the inverter output circuit.
- Do not connect a phase advancing capacitor to the I/O sides and/or a surge suppressor to the output side.
- When a magnetic contactor is installed between the inverter and the motor, do not turn it ON/OFF during operation.

For the details of the peripheral devices, refer to the catalog.

Constants List

No.	Name	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Initial Setting	User Setting	Ref. Page
1	Constant write-in prohibit/initialize	0, 1.89	1 .	1		29
2	Operation mode selection	0 to 5	1	0		26
3	Stopping method selection	0, 1	1	0		44
4	FWD/REV run selection	For: FWD Note: This set value ber run command is ation mode selec	For		23	
5	REV run prohibit	0, 1 1		0		30
6	Multi-function input select 1 (terminal S1)	0 to 14	1	1		
7	Multi-function input select 2 (terminal S2)	1 to 14	1	2		
8	Multi-function input select 3 (terminal S3)	1 to 15 Note: Setting 15 disa to constant n0 Then terminal terminal for the terminal S3 be DOWN comma	1 bles the function set 7. S2 becomes an input UP command, and comes that for the and	4		46
9	Multi-function output select 1 (terminal MA/MB)	0 to 10	1	1		49
10	Multi-function output select 2 (terminal PA)	0 to 10	1	0		
11	Frequency reference 1			6.0Hz		30
12	Frequency reference 2		0. 1Hz (less than 100Hz)/ 1Hz (100Hz or more)	0.0Hz		
13	Frequency reference 3			0.0Hz		
14	Frequency reference 4	0.0 to 400Hz		0.0Hz		
15	Frequency reference 5			0.0Hz		
16	Frequecny reference 6			0.0Hz		
17	Frequency reference 7			0.0Hz		
18	Frequency reference 8			0.0Hz		
19	Jog frequency reference	0.0 to 400Hz	0.1Hz (less than 100Hz)/ 1Hz (100Hz or more)	6.0Hz		31

No.	Nar	ne	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Inital Setting	User Setting	Ref. Page
20	Acceleration	time 1			10.0s		23, 33
21	Deceleration	time 1	0.0 += 000;	0.1s (less than 100s)/	10.0s		
22	Acceleration	time 2	U.U IO 999S	1s (100s or more)	10.0s		
23	Deceleration	Deceleration time 2		(1000 01 (1010))	10.0s		
24	Maximum of frequency	utput	50.0 to 400Hz	0.1Hz (less than 100Hz)/ 1Hz (100Hz or more)	60.0Hz		
25	Maximum v	oltage	1 to 255V	1V	230V		24. 51
26	Maximum v output freq	oltage uency	0.6 to 400Hz	0.1Hz (less than 100Hz)/ 1Hz (100Hz or more)	60.0Hz		
27	Mid. output frequency		0.5 to 399Hz	0.1Hz (less than 100Hz)/ 1Hz (100Hz or more)	1.5Hz	·	
28	Mid. output frequency	voltage	1 to 255V	1V	12V		51
29	Minimum outp	ut frequency	0.5 to 10.0Hz	0.1Hz	1.5Hz		
30	Minimum o frequency	utput voltage	1 to 50V	1۷	12V		
31	Electronic reference of	hermal	0 to 120% of inverter rated current	0.1A	*		24, 57
32	Electronic motor prote	thermal action	0 to 4	1	0		57
33	Stall prevention during deceleration	(current limit) Ition	0, 1	1	0		55
34	Stall prevention level during ac	(current limit)	30 to 200%	1%	170%		54
35	Stall prevention level during rur	(current limit) ning	30 to 200%	1%	160%		55
36	Operation se momentray p	ection after ower loss	0 to 2	1	0		34
27	Carrier frequency	Low-carrier type	1 (2.5 kHz)	1=2.5kHz (Carrier frequency	1 (2.5kHz)		42
37		Low-noise type	1 to 6 (2.5 to 15kHz) [†]	=set value ×2.5kHz)	4 (10kHz)		
38	Automatic torque boost gain		0.0 to 3.0	0.1	1.0	<u> </u>	53
39	Frequency reference gain		0.10 to 2.00	0.01	1.00		32
40	Frequency reference bias		-99 to 99%	1%	0%		
41	Frequency reference upper limit		0 to 110%	1%	100%		33
42	Frequency reference lower limit		0 to 110% ~	1%	0%		

* Differs depending on the inverter caoacity. † Setting range is 1 to 4 for software version No. NSP 6001010r before.

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No.	Name	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Initial Setting	User setting	Ref. Page	
43	Control circuit terminal function selection (FR)	0.1	1	0		30	
44	Analog monitor selection	0.1	1	0			
45	Analog monitor gain	0.00 to 2.00	0.01	0.30		41	
46	DC injection braking current	0 to 100%	1%	50%		39, 45	
47	DC injection brak- ing time at stop	0.0 to 5.0s	0.1s	0.5s		45	
48	DC injection brak- ing time at start	0.0 to 5.0s	0.1s	0.0s		39	
49	S-curve accel/ decel selection	0 to 3	1	0		34	
50	Overtorque detection	0 to 4	1	0			
51	Overtorque detection level	30 to 200%	1%	160%		35, 36	
52	Overtorque detection time	0.1 to 10.0	0.1s	0.1s		50	
53	Frequency detection level	0.0 to 400Hz	0.1Hz (less than 100Hz)/ 1Hz (100Hz. or more)	0.0Hz		37	
54	Slip compensation gain	0.0 to 9.9%	0.1%	0.0%			
55	Motor no-load current	0 to 99%	1%	40%		56	
56	Jump frequency 1			0.0Hz			
57	Jump frequency 2	0.0 to 400Hz	0.1Hz (less than 100Hz)/	0.0Hz		38	
58	Jump frequency 3		inz (100mz or more)	0.0Hz			
59	Jump width	0.0 to 25.5Hz	0.1Hz	1.0Hz			
60	No. of fault retry time	0 to 10 times	1 time	0		38	
61	Operator stop key selection*	0, 1	1	0		43	
62	Slip compensation primary delay time*	0.0 to 25.5s	0.1s	2.0s		56	
68	Fault record	Stores, displays most recent alarm (setting disabled)					
69	PROM no	Displays lower three digits of the PROM number NSP600				-	

* Not provided for software version No. NSP600101 or before.

VS mini C Series INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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