

YASKAWA AC Drive A1000 IP23/54 Floor Standing Panel Quick Start Guide

Type: A14 Models: 400 V Class: 90 to 315 kW

To properly use the product, read this manual thoroughly and retain for easy reference, inspection, and maintenance. Ensure the end user receives this manual.



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SAFE DISABLE INPUT FUNCTION)

1 Safety Instructions and General Warnings

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Scope of Delivery

A1000 Floor Standing drives are prepared for indoor use. Exposure to corrosive atmosphere is not allowed.

A1000 Drive	Quick Start Guide	Panel Key

• Applicable Documentation

The following manuals are available for A1000 series drives:

A1000 Series AC Drive Technical Manual

This manual provides detailed information on parameter settings, drive functions, and MEMOBUS/Modbus specifications. Use this manual to expand drive functionality and to take advantage of higher performance features.

A1000 Series AC Drive Quick Start Guide (this book)

Read this manual first. This guide is packaged together with the product. It contains basic information required to install and wire the drive, in addition to an overview of fault diagnostics, maintenance, and parameter settings. Use the information in this book to prepare the drive for a trial run with the application and for basic operation.

Drive Model Identification



Nameplate

A1000 Floor Standing drives have a full name plate inside and a type code label outside (underneath the digital operator).



General Warnings

WARNING

- Read and understand this manual before installing, operating or servicing this drive.
- All warnings, cautions, and instructions must be followed.
- All work must be performed by qualified personnel.
- The drive must be installed according to this manual and local codes.

Heed the safety messages in this manual.

The operating company is responsible for any injuries or equipment damage resulting from failure to heed the warnings in this manual.

The following conventions are used to indicate Safety messages in this manual:

WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a property damage message.

Safety Warnings

Electrical Shock Hazard

Do not attempt to modify or alter the drive in any way not explained in this manual.

YASKAWA is not responsible for the damage caused by modification of the product made by the user. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury from operation of damaged equipment.

Do not touch any terminals before the capacitors have fully discharged.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Before wiring terminals, disconnect all power to the equipment. The internal capacitor remains charged even after the power supply is turned off. The charge indicator LED will extinguish when the DC bus voltage is below 50 Vdc. To prevent electric shock, wait at least five minutes after all indicators are off and measure the DC bus voltage level to confirm safe level.

Do not allow unqualified personnel to use equipment.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Maintenance, inspection, and replacement of parts must be performed only by authorized personnel familiar with installation, adjustment, and maintenance of AC drives.

Do not change wiring, remove covers, connectors or options cards, or attempt to service the drive with power applied to the drive.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury. Disconnect all power to the drive and check for unsafe voltages before servicing.

Always ground the motor-side grounding terminal.

Improper equipment grounding could result in death or serious injury by contacting the motor case.

Do not perform work on the drive while wearing loose clothing, jewelry or without eye protection.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Remove all metal objects such as watches and rings, secure loose clothing, and wear eye protection before beginning work on the drive.

Never short the output circuits of the drive.

Do not short the output circuits of the drive. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Use appropriate equipment for residual current monitoring/detection (RCM/RCD).

This drive can cause a residual current with a DC component in the protective earthing conductor. Where a residual current operated protective or monitoring device is used for protection in case of direct or indirect contact, always use an RCM or RCD of type B according to IEC 60755.

Sudden Movement Hazard

Stay clear of the motor during rotational Auto-Tuning. The motor may start operating suddenly.

During automatic starting of equipment, the machine may start moving suddenly, which could result in death or serious injury.

System may start unexpectedly upon application of power, resulting in death or serious injury.

Clear all personnel from the drive, motor, and machine area before applying power. Secure covers, couplings, shaft keys, and machine loads before applying power to the drive.

Fire Hazard

Do not use an improper voltage source.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury by fire.

Verify that the rated voltage of the drive matches the voltage of the incoming power supply before applying power.

WARNING

Do not use improper combustible materials in drive installation, repair or maintenance.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury by fire. Attach the drive or braking resistors to metal or other noncombustible material.

Do not connect the AC power line to the output terminals of the drive.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury by fire as a result of drive damage from line voltage application to output terminals.

- Do not connect AC line power to output terminals U, V, and W.
- Make sure that the power supply lines are connected to main circuit input terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3.

Tighten all terminal screws to the specified tightening torque.

Loose electrical connections could result in death or serious injury by fire due to overheating of electrical connections.

Crush Hazard

Use a dedicated material handling system when moving and installing the drive by.

Improper lift gear may cause the drive to drop, resulting in serious injury.

Only allow qualified personnel to operate a crane or hoist to transport the drive.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury from falling equipment.

Burn Hazard

Do not touch the heatsink or braking resistor hardware until a powered-down cooling period has elapsed.

NOTICE

Equipment Hazard

Observe proper electrostatic discharge procedures (ESD) when handling the drive and circuit boards.

Failure to comply may result in ESD damage to the drive circuitry.

Never connect or disconnect the motor from the drive while the drive is outputting voltage.

Improper equipment sequencing could result in damage to the drive.

Do not perform a withstand voltage test on any part of the unit.

Failure to comply could result in damage to the sensitive devices within the drive. Use power off resistance checks to determine short-circuits.

Do not operate damaged equipment.

Failure to comply could result in further damage to the equipment.

Do not connect or operate any equipment with visible damage or missing parts.

If a fuse is blown or equipment for residual current monitoring/detection (RCM/RCD) is tripped, check the wiring and the selection of the peripheral devices.

Contact your supplier if the cause cannot be identified after checking the above.

Do not restart the drive until 5 minutes passes and CHARGE lamp is OFF or immediately operate the peripheral devices if a fuse is blown or equipment for residual current monitoring/detection (RCM/RCD) is tripped.

Check the wiring and the selection of peripheral devices to identify the cause.

Contact your supplier before restarting the drive or the peripheral devices if the cause cannot be identified.

NOTICE

Do not use unshielded cable for control wiring.

Failure to comply may cause electrical interference resulting in poor system performance. Use shielded twisted-pair wires and ground the shield to the ground terminal of the drive.

Do not carelessly connect parts or devices to the drives braking transistor terminals.

Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive or braking circuit.

Carefully review instruction manual of the Braking Unit (CDBR) when connecting it to the drive.

Do not modify the drive circuitry.

Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive and will void warranty.

YASKAWA is not responsible for modification of the product made by the user. This product must not be modified.

Check all the wiring to ensure that all connections are correct after installing the drive and connecting other devices.

Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive.

Improper application of devices on drive output circuits can damage the drive

Do not connect unapproved LC or RC interference suppression filters, capacitors, ground fault circuits, or over voltage protection devices to the drive.

Fire Hazard

Install adequate branch circuit short circuit protection per applicable codes.

The drive is suitable for circuits capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 480 Vac maximum (400V Class). Inadequate branch short circuit protection damage or serious injury by fire.

Precautions for Low Voltage Directive Compliance (2006/95/EC)

This drive has been tested according to European standard EN61800-5-1, and it fully complies with the Low Voltage Directive. The following conditions must be met to maintain compliance when combining this drive with other devices:

• Do not use drives in areas with pollution higher than severity 2 and overvoltage category 3 in accordance with IEC664.

• Ground the neutral point of the main power supply for 400 V Class drives.

2 Mechanical Installation

♦ Upon Receipt

Perform the following tasks after receiving the drive:

- Inspect the drive for damage. If the drive appears damaged upon receipt, contact your supplier.
- Verify receipt of the correct model by checking the information on the nameplate. If you have received the wrong model, contact your supplier.

Installation Environment

For optimum performance life of the drive, install the drive in an environment that meets the conditions listed below.

Environment	Conditions				
Installation Area	Indoors on a flat solid floor.				
Ambient Temperature	-10 °C to +40 °C Drive reliability improves in environments without wide temperature fluctuations.				
Humidity	95% RH or less non-condensing				
Storage Temperature	-20 °C to +60 °C				
Surrounding Area	Install the drive in an area free from: • oil mist and dust • metal shavings, oil, water or other foreign materials • radioactive materials • combustible materials (e.g., wood) • harmful gases and liquids • excessive vibration • chlorides • direct sunlight				
Altitude	1000 m, up to 4000 m with derating (for details, refer to the Technical Manual)				
Vibration	2 to 150 Hz at 2 m/s ²				
Orientation	Install the drive upright only.				

Installation Orientation and Spacing

Always install the drive in an upright position. Leave enough space in the area of air inlets and outlets.



♦ Dimensions

Drive Dimensions without Option Extension Bay



Model	Drivo sizo	Dev	vice Dimensions (n	Weight (kg)*		
CIMR-A14□	Drive Size	W	Н	D	IP54	IP23
0208	А				217	212
0250		620	2350	600	234	229
0296					238	233
0362					243	238
0414	В	800	2350	600	271	266
0515	C	C 1200	2350	600	362	357
0675	C				365	360

* Depending on the options built in, weight might be higher.

Drive Dimensions with Option Extension Bay



Model Drive size		Dev	Weight (kg)*			
CIMR-A14□	Drive Size	W	н	D	IP54	IP23
0208		1020		600	312	307
0250			2350		327	324
0296	A				333	328
0362					338	333
0414	В	1200	2350	600	366	361
0515	С	1600	2350	600	457	452
0675					460	455

* Depending on the options built in, weight might be higher.

Unpacking the Unit

- 1. Remove screws from the front of the crate, then remove the front door.
- 2. Remove screws from the rear of the crate, then slide the crate off the bottom pallet.
- 3. Remove the cardboard edging strips.
- 4. Use scissors carefully to remove the cellophane. Make sure not to damage the paintwork.



Depending on local conditions either follow the crane lifting instructions or the forklift lifting instructions.

■ Crane Lifting Instructions

- 1. Remove crews on both sides of the unit and remove the side panels. The screws will be needed in step 3.
- 2. Remove M10 bolts on both sides of the unit and remove all washers.
- 3. Attach both side panels back to the unit with the screws.
- 4. Attach the crane to the M12 eyebolts of the unit. Carefully lift the unit off the pallet.



Forklift Lifting Instructions

- 1. Remove screws on both sides of the unit and remove the side panels. The screws will be needed in step 4.
- 2. Remove M10 bolts on both sides of the unit and remove all washers.
- 3. Remove screws on both sides of the unit and remove the front and rear panel.
- 4. Attach both side panels back to the unit with the screws.
- 5. Place forks carefully under the unit and lift slowly off the pallet.
- 6. Attach the front and the rear panel. Torque the screws to 1.3 Nm.



3 Electrical Installation

Main Circuit



Control Circuit



<1> Never short terminals SP and SN as doing so will damage the drive.

<2> Disconnect the wire jumper between H1 - HC and H2 - HC when utilizing the Safe Disable input.

<3> The slide switch S6 is available with terminal board "ETC74031 \Box ".

Wiring Specification

Main Circuit

Power Cable, Ground Wire and Motor Shield Connection

Connect power supply and motor cables as shown below. Use a saddle clamp for fixing the motor cable to make sure the cable shield is properly connected to ground. The power supply ground wire shall be connected to the earth bar at the bottom of the panel. The motor cable ground wire shall be connected to the drive or alternatively to the earth bar at the panel bottom.



Use motor cables and ground connections as recommended below.

		Model A14□						
		0208	0250	0296	0362	0414	0515	0675
Rec	ommended Motor Cable (mm ²)	95	120	185	240	2× 95	2× 120	4× 95
Gro	Ground Wire Connection to Earth Bar at Panel Bottom							
	Stud Size		M8			M10		
	Torque (Nm)		10			20		
Gro	und Wire Connection to Drive Tern	ninals						
	Stud Size	M10 M12		2 x M8		M8		
	Torque (Nm)	20	0		32		1	0

Sizes and tightening torque values for L1/L2/L3 and T1/T2/T3 terminals vary depending on the panel configuration.

Power Supply Side Cable Connections

The way the drive is connected to the mains depends on the optional components installed on the input side. Refer to the table below for terminal labelling, screw sizes and torque values.

lanat	Model A14□								
input	0208 0	250	0296	0362	0414	0515	0675		
Direct Connection to Drive									
Terminal Screw Size	M10				M12				
Torque (Nm)	20				32				
Identification				R/L1, S/L2, T/L	.3				
Connection to Mains Switch (Rotary)									
Terminal Screw Size				M10			2× M10		
Torque (Nm)				20					
Identification		L1,	L2, L3		Bı	usbar, L1, L2, I	_3		
Connection to Circuit Breaker									
Terminal Screw Size				M10			2× M10		
Torque (Nm)				20					
Identification		L1,	L2, L3		Bı	usbar, L1, L2, I	_3		
Connection to Standard EMC Filter									
Terminal Screw Size	L1, L2, L3: N	18		Ι	L1, L2, L3: M10				
	PE: M12				PE: M12				
Torque (Nm)	L1, L2, L3: 1	0			L1, L2, L3: 20				
	PE: 32				PE: 32				
Identification				L1, L2, L3					
Connection to IT Grid EMC Filter									
Terminal Screw Size	L1, L2, L3: Cage (max. 150 mn	Clamp, 1 ²			M12				
Torque (Nm)	L1, L2, L3: 10 PE: 32 L1, L2, L3: 20 PE: 32								
Identification									
Connection to Mains Fuses				1, 12, 15					
Stud Size			M10			M	12		
Torque (Nm)	16			20		4	.0		

If the drive is not equipped with a circuit breaker or mains fuses, make sure to apply adequate branch circuit protection. Use fuses recommended below:

	Model A14⊡						
	0208	0250	0296	0362	0414	0515	0675
Main Fuse Manufacturer: Bussmann	FWH-500A	FWH-600A	FWH-700A	FWH-8	00A	FWH-1000A	FWH-1200A

Door Fan supply

For proper cooling of the unit make sure to always connect 230 V AC single-phase power supply to the door fan. The door fan is temperature controlled and will only run if the panel inside temperature exceeds the threshold value.

		All Models
Doo	or Fan Supply (DIN Rail)	
	Cable Size (mm ²)	1.5
	Terminal Screw Size	M4
	Torque (Nm)	1
	Identification	L, N, PE

Motor side cable connections

The way the motor cable is connected to the drive depends on the optional components installed on the output side. Refer to the table below for terminal labelling, screw sizes and torque values.

Output		Model A14□							
	Output	0208	0250	0296	0362	0414	0515	0675	
Dire	Direct Connection to Drive								
	Terminal Screw Size	M10 M12							
	Torque (Nm)	20 32							
	Identification				U/T1, V/T2, W/T	73			
Out	put Choke								
	Terminal Screw Size]	M10			M12		
	Torque (Nm)	20				32			
	Identification		U/T1, V/T2, W/T3						

Braking unit connection

Braking Unit	Circuit	Cable Size (mm²)	Screw Size	Torque (Nm)	Identification
CDBB 4090D	Control	0.75 - 1.5	M4	1.5	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
CDBR-4090D	Braking Resistor	4 - 6	M5	2.5	+0, -0'
	Control	0.75 - 1.5	M4	1.5	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
СДВК-4220Д	Braking Resistor	10 - 16	M6	4.9	\bigoplus_{\circ} , \bigoplus_{\circ}

Control Circuit

The control terminal board is equipped with screwless terminals. Always use wires within the specification listed below.

Wire Type	Wire size (mm²)	Ferrule Length (mm)
Solid	0.2 to 1.5	-
Flexible	0.2 to 1.0	-
Flexible with ferrule (recommended)	0.25 to 0.5	8

Main and Control Circuit Wiring

Wiring the Main Circuit Input

Consider the following precautions for the main circuit input.

- If not built in the cabinet, use fuses recommended in *Power Supply Side Cable Connections on page 16* only.
- If using a ground fault circuit breaker, make sure that it can detect both DC and high frequency current.
- If using an input switch, make sure that this switch is not operated more than once every 30 minutes.
- Use insulation caps when wiring the drive with crimp terminals. Take particular care to ensure that wiring does not touch neighboring terminals or the surrounding case.
- Use an AC reactor on the input side of the drive:
 - -To suppress harmonic current.
- -To improve the power factor on the power supply side.
- -When using an advancing capacitor switch.
- -With a large capacity power supply transformer (over 600 kVA).

Wiring the Main Circuit Output

Consider the following precautions for the output circuit wiring.

- Do not connect any other load than a 3 phase motor to the drives output.
- Never connect a power source to the drives output.
- Never short or ground the output terminals.
- Do not use phase correction capacitors.
- If using a contactor between the drive and motor, it should never be operated when the drive is outputting a voltage. Operating while there is voltage output can cause large peak currents, thus tripping the over current detection or damage the drive.

Ground Connection

Take the following precautions when grounding the drive.

- Never share the ground wire with other devices such as welding machines, etc.
- Always use a ground wire, that complies with electrical equipment technical standards. Keep ground wires as short as possible. Leakage current is caused by the drive. Therefore, if the distance between the ground electrode and the ground terminal is too long, potential on the ground terminal of the drive will become unstable.
- When using more than one drive, do not loop the ground wire.

Control Circuit Wiring Precautions

Consider the following precautions for wiring the control circuits.

- Separate control circuit wiring from main circuit wiring and other high-power lines.
- Separate wiring for control circuit terminals M1-M2, M3-M4, M5-M6, MA, MB, MC (contact output) from wiring to other control circuit terminals.
- For external control power supply use a UL Listed Class 2 power supply.
- Use twisted-pair or shielded twisted-pair cables for control circuits to prevent operating faults.
- Ground the cable shields with the maximum contact area of the shield and ground.
- Cable shields should be grounded on both cable ends.
- If flexible wires with ferrules are connected they might fit tightly into the terminals. To disconnect them, grasp the wire end with a pair of pliers, release the terminal using a straight-edge screw driver, turn the wire for about 45°, and pull it gently out of the terminal. For details, refer to the Technical Manual.Use this procedure for removing the wire link between HC, H1 and H2 when the Safe Disable function is utilized.

Control Circuit Terminals

The figure below shows the control circuit terminal arrangement. The drive is equipped with screwless terminals.



There are four switches and two jumpers, S1 to S6, located on the terminal board.

S1	Terminal A2 Signal Selection	V I I Current Voltage
S2	RS422/485 Termination Resistor	Off
S3	Safe Disable Input Sink/Source/External Supply Selection	Source Sink External 24 Vdc Power Supply
S4	Terminal A3 Analog/PTC Input Selection	PTC PTC AI AI Analog Input PTC Input
S5	Terminal FM/AM Signal Selection	V V FM AM FM AM FM/AM: Voltage Output FM: Current Output FM: Voltage Output FM: Voltage Output
S6	Terminal DM+, DM- (N.C./N.O.) Selection	N.O.

<1> The slide switch S6 is available with terminal board "ETC74031 \Box ".

■ Control Circuit Terminal Functions

Туре	No.	Terminal Name (Function)	Function (Signal Level) Default Setting
	S1	Multi-function input 1 (Closed: Forward run, Open: Stop)	
	S2	Multi-function input 2 (Closed: Reverse run, Open: Stop)	Photocoupler
	S3	Multi-function input 3 (External fault, N.O.)	24 Vdc, 8 mA
	S4	Multi-function input 4 (Fault reset)	Use the wire link between terminals SC and SN or SC and SP
	S5	Multi-function input 5 (Multi-step speed reference 1)	to select between sinking, sourcing mode, and the power
Multi-Function	S6	Multi-function input 6 (Multi-step speed reference 2)	suppry.
Digital inputs	S7	Multi-function input 7 (Jog reference)	
	S8	Multi-function input 8 (External baseblock)	
	SC	Multi-function input common	-
	SN	Multi-function input 0 V	24 V DC power supply for digital inputs, 150 mA max (if no
	SP	Multi-function input 24 Vdc	digital input option DI-A3 is used) Never short terminals SP and SN as doing so will damage the drive.
	H1	Safe Disable input 1	24 V DC, 8 mA
Safe Disable Inputs	H2	Safe Disable input 2	One or both open: Drive output disabled Both closed: Normal operation Internal impedance: $3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$ Off time of at least 1 ms Disconnect the wire jumpers shorting terminals H1, H2, and HC to use the Safe Disable inputs. Set the S3 jumper to select between sinking, sourcing mode, and the power supply.
	НС	Safe Disable function common	Safe disable function common
	RP	Multi-function pulse train input (Frequency reference)	Input frequency range: 0 to 32 kHz Signal Duty Cycle: 30 to 70% High level: 3.5 to 13.2 Vdc, low level: 0.0 to 0.8 Vdc Input impedance: 3 kΩ
	+V	Power supply for analog inputs	10.5 Vdc (max allowable current 20 mA)
	-V	Power supply for analog inputs	-10.5 Vdc (max allowable current 20 mA)
Analog Inputs /	A1	Multi-function analog input 1 (Frequency reference bias)	-10 to 10 Vdc, 0 to 10 Vdc (input impedance: 20 k Ω)
Pulse Train Input	A2	Multi-function analog input 2 (Frequency reference bias)	 -10 to 10 Vdc, 0 to 10 Vdc (input impedance: 20 kΩ) 4 to 20 mA, 0 to 20 mA (input impedance: 250 Ω) Voltage or current input must be selected by DIP switch S1 and H3-09
	A3	Multi-function analog input 3 / PTC Input (Auxiliary frequency reference)	-10 to 10 Vdc, 0 to 10 Vdc (input impedance: 20 k Ω) Use switch S4 on the control terminal board to select between analog input or PTC input. If PTC is selected, set H3-06 = E.
	AC	Frequency reference common	0 V
	E (G)	Ground for shielded lines and option cards	-
	MA	N.O.	20 Vda 10 mA to 1 A: 250 Vaa 10 mA to 1 A
Fault Relay	MB	N.C. output	Minimum load: 5 Vdc, 10 mA
	MC	Fault output common	,
	M1 M2	Multi-function digital output (During run)	30 Vdc, 10 mA to 1 A; 250 Vac, 10 mA to 1 A Minimum load: 5 Vdc, 10 mA
Multi-Function Digital Output	M3 M4	Multi-function digital output (Zero speed)	30 Vdc, 10 mA to 1 A; 250 Vac, 10 mA to 1 A Minimum load: 5 Vdc, 10 mA
	M5 M6	Multi-function digital output (Speed agree 1)	30 Vdc, 10 mA to 1 A; 250 Vac, 10 mA to 1 A Minimum load: 5 Vdc, 10 mA

Туре	No.	Terminal Name (Function)	Function (Signal Level) Default Setting	
	MP	Pulse train output (Output frequency)	32 kHz (max)	
	FM	Analog monitor output 1 (Output frequency)	-10 to +10 V DC, 0 to +10 V DC, or 4 to 20 mA	
Monitor Output	AM	Analog monitor output 2 (Output current)	Use jumper S5 on the control terminal board to select between voltage or current output at terminals AM and FM. Set parameters H4-07 and H4-08 accordingly when changing the jumper setting.	
	AC Monitor common		0 V	
	DM+	Safety monitor output	Outputs status of Safe Disable function. Closed when both	
	DM-	Safety monitor output common	Safe Disable channels are closed. Up to +48 V DC 50 mA	

NOTICE: The terminals HC, H1, H2 are used for the Safe Disable function. Do not remove the wire link between HC, H1, or H2 unless the Safe Disable function is used. *Refer to Safe Disable Input Function on page 40* when using this function.

NOTICE: The wiring length to the terminals HC, H1 and H2 should not exceed 30 m.

4 Keypad Operation

• Digital Operator and Keys

The digital operator is used to program the drive, to start/stop it, and to display fault information. The LEDs indicate the drive status.



Keys and Functions

Key	Name	Function		
F1 F2	Function Key (F1, F2)	The functions assigned to F1 and F2 vary depending on the menu that is currently displayed. The ame of each function appears in the lower half of the display window.		
ESC	ESC Key	Returns to the previous display. Moves the cursor one space to the left. Pressing and holding this button will return to the Frequency Reference display.		
RESET	RESET Key	Moves the cursor to the right.Resets the drive to clear a fault situation.		
• 🔷 RUN	RUN Key	 Starts the drive in the LOCAL mode. The Run LED is on, when the drive is operating the motor. flashes during deceleration to stop or when the frequency reference is 0. flashes quickly the drive is disabled by a DI, the drive was stopped using a fast stop DI or a run command was active during power up. 		
٨	Up Arrow Key	Scrolls up to display the next item, selects parameter numbers and increments setting values.		
V	Down Arrow Key	Scrolls down to display the previous item, selects parameter numbers and decrements setting values.		
STOP	STOP Key	Stops drive operation.		
PINTER	ENTER Key	Enters parameter values and settings.Selects a menu item to move between displays.		
	LO/RE Selection Key	Switches drive control between the operator (LOCAL) and the control circuit terminals (REMOTE). The LED is on when the drive is in the LOCAL mode (operation from keypad).		
ALM	ALM LED Light	 On: When the drive detects a fault. Flashing: When an alarm occurs. When oPE is detected. When a fault or error occurs during Auto-Tuning. 		

Menu Structure and Modes

The following illustration explains the operator keypad menu structure.



<1> Pressing \bigcirc \bigcirc RUN will start the motor.

- <2> Drive cannot operate the motor.
- <3> Flashing characters are shown as **O**.
- <4> X characters are shown in this manual. The LCD Operator will display the actual setting values.
- <5> The Frequency Reference appears after the initial display which shows the product name.
- <6> The information that appears on the display will vary depending on the drive.

5 Start Up

♦ Drive Setup Procedure

The illustration below shows the basic setup procedure. Each step is explained more detailed on the following pages.



Power On

Before turning on the power supply,

- Make sure all wires are connected properly.
- Make sure no screws, loose wire ends or tools are left in the drive.
- After turning the power on, the drive mode display should appear and no fault or alarm should be displayed.

Control Mode Selection (A1-02)

There are three control modes available. Select the control mode that best suits the application the drive will control.

Control Mode	Parameter	Main Applications	
V/f Control for Induction Motors	A1-02 = 0 (default)	 General variable speed applications, particularly useful for running multiple motors from a single drive. When replacing a drive in which parameter settings are unknown. 	
V/f Control with PG Speed Feedback	A1-02 = 1	 For general-purpose applications that do not require high dynamic response but high speed accuracy. This mode should be used if the motor parameters are unknown and Auto-Tuning cannot be performed. 	
Open Loop Vector Control	A1-02 = 2	General variable speed applicationsApplications requiring high precision, high speed control	
Closed Loop Vector Control <1>	A1-02 = 3	 For general, variable-speed applications that requiring precise speed control down to zero speed, fast torque response, or precise torque control. A speed feedback signal from the motor is required. 	
Open Loop Vector Control for PM <1>	A1-02 = 5	Derated torque-load applications employing permanent magnet motors (SPM, IPM) and energy savings.	
Advanced Open Loop Vector Control for PM <1>	A1-02 = 6	This control mode can be used to operate an IPM motor for constant torque applications.	
Closed Loop Vector Control for PM <1>	A1-02 = 7	This mode can be used for high precision control of a PM motor in constant torque or variable torque applications.A speed feedback signal is required.	

 $<\!\!1\!\!>$ For explanations of these control modes, refer to the Technical Manual.

Normal / Heavy Duty Selection (C6-01)

The drive supports two ratings, Normal Duty and Heavy Duty. Both have different output current ratings (refer to the catalog or the Technical Manual). Set the Duty mode in accordance with the application.

Mode	Heavy Duty Rating (HD) Normal Duty Rating (ND	
C6-01	0	1
Application	Applications with a constant torque like extruders, conveyors and cranes. High overload capability might be needed.	Applications where the torque increases with the speed like fans or pumps. High overload tolerance is normally not needed.
Overload capability (OL2)	150% of drive rated current for 60 s	120% of drive rated current for 60 s
L3-02 Stall Prevention during Acceleration	150%	120%
L3-06 Stall Prevention during Run	150%	120%
Default carrier frequency	2 kHz	2 kHz Swing PWM

◆ Auto-Tuning (T1-□□)

Auto-Tuning automatically sets up the motor data relevant drive parameters. Three different modes are supported.

				Control Mo	de (A1-02)	
Type So	Setting	Application Conditions and Benefits	V/f (0)	V/f w/PG (1)	OLV (2)	CLV (3)
Rotational Auto- Tuning	T1-01 = 0	 Motor can be decoupled from the load and rotate freely while Auto-Tuning is performed. Motor and load can not be decoupled but the motor load is below 30%. Rotational Auto-Tuning gives the most accurate results, and is therefore highly recommended if possible. 	N/A	N/A	YES	YES

5 Start Up

				Control Mo	de (A1-02)	
Туре	Setting	Application Conditions and Benefits	V/f (0)	V/f w/PG (1)	OLV (2)	CLV (3)
Stationary Auto- Tuning 1	T1-01 = 1	 Motor and load can not be decoupled and the load is higher than 30%. A motor test report listing motor data is not available. Automatically calculates motor parameters needed for vector control. 	N/A	N/A	YES	YES
Stationary Auto- Tuning 2	T1-01 = 4	 Motor and load can not be decoupled and the load is higher than 30%. A motor test report is available. Once the no-load current and the rated slip have been entered, the drive calculates and sets all other motor-related parameters. 	N/A	N/A	YES	YES
Stationary Auto- Tuning for Line-to- Line Resistance	T1-01 = 2	 The drive is used in V/f Control and other Auto-Tuning selections not possible. Drive and motor capacities differ. Tunes the drive after the cable between the drive and motor has been replaced with a cable over 50 m long. Assumes Auto-Tuning has already been performed. Should not be used for any vector control modes unless the motor cable has changed. 	YES	YES	YES	YES
Rotational Auto- Tuning for V/f Control	T1-01 = 3	 Recommended for applications using Speed Estimation Speed Search or using the Energy Saving function in V/f Control. Assumes motor can rotate while Auto-Tuning is executed. Increases accuracy for certain functions like torque compensation, slip compensation, Energy Saving, and Speed Search. 	YES	YES	N/A	N/A

Do not touch the motor until the Auto-Tuning is finished.

Failure to comply may result in minor or moderate injury. Voltage is still applied to the motor during the tuning process, even thought the motor may not be rotating.

For Auto-Tuning enter the Auto-Tuning menu and perform the steps shown in the figure below. The number of name plate data to be entered depends on the selected type of Auto-Tuning. This example shows Rotational Auto-Tuning.



If Auto-Tuning can not be performed for some reason (no-load operation impossible etc.), then set up the maximum frequency and voltage in the E1- $\Box\Box$ parameters and enter the motor data manually into the E2- $\Box\Box$ parameters.



External Reference Selection and Acceleration/ Deceleration Times

Frequency Reference Selection (b1-01)

Set parameter b1-01 according to the frequency reference used.

b1-01	Reference source	Frequency reference input
0	Operator keypad	Set the frequency references in the d1- $\Box\Box$ parameters and use digital inputs to switch over between different reference values.
1	Analog input	Apply the frequency reference signal to terminal A1, A2, or A3.
2	Serial Comm.	Serial Communications using the RS422/485 port
3	Option Card	Communications option card
4	Pulse input	Set the frequency reference at terminal RP using a pulse train signal.

Run Command Selection (b1-02)

Set parameter b1-02 according to the run command used.

b1-02	Reference source	Run command input
0	Operator keypad	RUN and STOP keys on the operator
1	Multi-Function digital input	Multi-Function digital input
2	Serial Comm.	Serial Communications using the RS422/485 port
3	Option Card	Communications option card

Acceleration/ Deceleration Times and S-Curves

There are four sets of acceleration and deceleration times which can be set in the C1- $\Box\Box$ parameters. The default activated accel/decel times are C1-01/02. Adjust these times to the appropriate values required by the application. If necessary S-curves can be activated in the C2- $\Box\Box$ parameters for softer accel/decel start and end.

♦ Reference and Run Source

The drive has a LOCAL and a REMOTE mode.

Status	Description		
LOCAL	The Run/ Stop command and the frequency reference are entered at the operator keypad.		
REMOTE	The Run command source entered in parameter b1-02 and the frequency reference source entered in parameter b1-01 are used.		

If the drive is operated in the REMOTE mode, make sure that the correct sources for the frequency reference and run command are set in parameters b1-01/02 and that the drive is in the REMOTE mode.

The LED in the LO/RE key indicates where the Run command is input from.

LO/RE LED	Description
ON	Run command is issued from operator.
OFF	Run command is issued from a different source than the operator.

I/O Setup

Note: The default setting functions can be seen in the connection diagram on page 13.

■ Multi-Function Digital Inputs (H1-□□)

The function of each digital input can be assigned in the H1-DD parameters.

■ Multi-Function Digital Outputs (H2-□□)

The function of each digital output can be assigned in the H2- $\Box\Box$ parameters. The setting value of these parameters consist of 3 digits, where the middle and right digit set the function and the left digit sets the output characteristics (0: Output as selected; 1: Inverse output).

■ Multi-Function Analog Inputs (H3-□□)

The function of each analog input can be assigned in the H3- $\Box\Box$ parameters. Input A1 and A3 are set for -10 to +10 Vdc input. A2 is set for 4-20 mA input.

NOTICE: If the input signal level of input A2 is switched between voltage and current, make sure that DIP switch S1 is in the correct position and parameter H3-09 is set up correctly.

NOTICE: When using analog input A3 as PTC input, set DIP switch S4 to PTC and parameter H3-06 = E.

■ Multi-Function Analog Outputs (H4-□□)

Use the H4- $\Box\Box$ parameters to set up the output value of the analog monitor outputs and to adjust the output signal levels. When changing signal levels in parameter H4-07/08, make sure jumper S5 is set accordingly.

♦ Test Run

Perform the following steps to start up the machine after all parameter settings have been done.

- 1. Run the motor without load and check if all input, outputs and the sequence work as desired.
- 2. Connect the load to the motor.
- 3. Run the motor with load and make sure that there is no vibrations, hunting or motor stalling occurs.

After taking the steps listed above, the drive should be ready to run the application and perform the basic functions. For special setups like PID control etc. refer to the Technical Manual.

6 Parameter Table

This parameter table shows the most important parameters. Default settings are bold type. Refer to the Technical Manual for a complete list of parameters.

No.	Name Description					
Initialization Parameters						
A1-00	Language Selection	0: English 1: Japanese 2: German 3: French 4: Italian 5: Spanish 6: Portuguese 7: Chinese 8: Czech 9: Russian 10: Turkish 11: Polish 12: Greek				
A1-01	Access Level Selection	 b. view and set A1-01 and A1-04. UL-LL parameters can also be viewed. 1: User Parameters (access to a set of parameters selected by the user, A2-01 to A2-32) 2: Advanced Access (access to view and set all parameters) 				
A1-02	Control Method Selection	 0: V/f Control 1: V/f Control with PG 2: Open Loop Vector Control 3: Closed Loop Vector Control 5: Open Loop Vector Control for PM 6: Advanced Open Loop Vector Control for PM 7: Closed Loop Vector Control for PM 				
A1-03	Initialize Parameters	0: No initialization 1110: User Initialize (parameter values must be stored using parameter o2-03) 2220: 2-wire initialization 3330: 3-wire initialization 5550: oPE04 error reset				
	Oper	ation Mode Selection				
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection 1	 U: Digital operator 1: Analog input terminals 2: MEMOBUS/Modbus communications 3: Option PCB 4: Pulse input (terminal RP) 				
b1-02	Run Command Selection 1	 Digital operator Digital input terminals MEMOBUS/Modbus communications Option PCB 				
b1-03	Stopping Method Selection	 0: Ramp to stop 1: Coast to stop 2: DC Injection Braking to stop 3: Coast with timer 9: Simple Positioning Stop 				
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	0: Reverse enabled. 1: Reverse disabled.				
b1-14	Phase Order Selection	0: Standard 1: Switch phase order (reverses the direction of the motor)				

No.	Name	Description				
DC Injection Braking						
b2-01	DC Injection Braking Start Frequency	Sets the frequency at which DC Injection Braking starts when "Ramp to stop" (b1-03 = 0) is selected.				
b2-02	DC Injection Braking Current	njection ing ent Sets the DC Injection Braking current as a percentage of the drive rated current.				
b2-03	DC Injection Braking Time at Start	me Sets DC Injection Braking (Zero Speed Control when in CLV/PM) time at start. Disabled when set to 0.00 seconds.				
b2-04	DC Injection Braking Time at Stop	Sets DC Injection Braking time at stop.				
	Acce	leration/ Deceleration				
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to maximum frequency.				
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	Sets the time to decelerate from maximum frequency to 0.				
C1-03 to C1-08	Acceleration/ Deceleration Time 2 to 4	Set the accel/decel times 2 to 4 (set like C1-01/02).				
C2-01	S-Curve Characteristic at Accel Start	S-curve at acceleration start.				
C2-02	S-Curve Characteristic at Accel End	S-curve at acceleration end.				
C2-03	S-Curve Characteristic at Decel Start	S-curve at deceleration start.				
C2-04	S-Curve Characteristic at Decel End	S-curve at deceleration end.				
	S	lip Compensation				
C3-01	Slip Compensation Gain	Sets the gain for the motor slip compensation function used for motor 1.				
C3-02	Slip Compensation Primary Delay Time	Adjusts the slip compensation function delay time used for motor 1.				
	Tor	que Compensation				
C4-01	Torque Compensation Gain	Sets the gain for the automatic torque (voltage) boost function and helps to produce better starting torque. Used for motor 1.				
C4-02	Torque Compensation Primary Delay Time	Sets the torque compensation filter time.				
	C	Carrier Frequency				
C6-01	Drive Duty Selection	0: Heavy Duty (HD) for constant torque applications. 1: Normal Duty (ND) for variable torque applications.				

No.	Name	Description	No.	Name	Description
		1: 2.0 kHz	F2 02	Motor	Sets the no-load current for the motor.
		2: 5.0 KHZ 3: 8.0 kHz	E2-03	No-Load Current	Automatically set during Auto-Tuning.
		4: 10.0 kHz		Number of	Sets the number of motor poles
		5: 12.5 kHz	E2-04	Motor Poles	Automatically set during Auto-Tuning.
	Carrier	6: 15.0 kHz		Motor	
C6-02	Frequency	7: Swing PWM1 (Audible sound 1)	E2-05	Line-to-Line	Sets the phase-to-phase motor resistance.
	Selection	8: Swing PWM2 (Audible sound 2)		Resistance	Automatically set during Auto-Tuning.
		9: Swing PWM3 (Audible sound 3)			Sets the voltage drop due to motor leakage
		B to E: No setting possible	F2-06	Motor Leakage	inductance as a percentage of motor rated
		F: User defined (determined by C6-03	12 00	Inductance	voltage. Automatically set during
		through C6-05)			Auto-Tuning.
	Fre	equency Reference		Multi-I	-unction Digital inputs
d1-01 to	Frequency	Sets the frequency reference for the drive.		Digital Input	Selects the function of terminals S1 to S8
d1-16	Reference	Setting units are determined by parameter	H1-01 to	Terminal S1 to	Setting H1-03 = 24 (Default) must not be
	1 to 16	01-03.	H1-08	S8 Function	changed. Fan monitoring function.
d1-17	Jog Frequency	Sets the Jog frequency reference. Setting		Selection	
	Kelerence	units are determined by parameter 01-03.	Note: M	ajor functions are	e listed at the end of the table.
	V/I	This parameter must be set to the power		Multi-F	unction Digital Outputs
		supply voltage.		Terminal M1-	Set the function for the relay output M1-
		WARNING! Drive input voltage (not motor	H2-01	M2 function	M2.
F1-01	Input Voltage	voltage) must be set in E1-01 for the		Selection	
LIUI	Setting	protective features of the drive to function	H2_02	M4 function	Sets the function for the relay output M3-
		properly. Failure to do so may result in	112-02	selection	M4.
		injury		Terminal M5-	~
	Maximum	These parameters are only applicable when	H2-03	M6 function	Sets the function for the relay output M5-
E1-04	Output	E1-03 is set to F.		selection	MIO.
	Frequency	To set linear V/f characteristics, set the			Outputs a 200 ms pulse signal when the
E1 05	Maximum	same values for E1-07 and E1-09. In this			watt-hour counter increases by the units
L1-05	Voltage	case, the setting for E1-08 will be		Watt Hour	selected.
E1-06	Base	disregarded. Ensure that the four frequencies are set according to these rules:	H2-06	Output Unit	$1 \cdot 1$ kWh units
	Frequency	$E1-09 \le E1-07 < E1-06 \le E1-11 \le E1-04$		Selection	2: 10 kWh units
E1-07	Middle Output	Output Voltage (V)			3: 100 kWh units
	Frequency	E1-05			4: 1000 kWh units
F1-08	Frequency	E1-12	Note: M	ajor functions are	e listed at the end of the table.
L1-00	Voltage	E1-13		Multi-F	unction Analog Inputs
	Minimum			Terminal A1	0: 0 to 10 V
E1-09	Output	E1-08	H3-01	Signal Level	1: -10 to 10 V
	Frequency	E1-10		Selection	
	Minimum	E1.09 E1.07 E1.06 E1.11 E1.04	H2 02	Terminal AI	Sate the function of terminal A1
E1-10	Output	Frequency (Hz)	H3-02	Selection	Sets the function of terminar A1.
21.10	Frequency	Note: Some parameters may not be		Terminal A1	Sets the level of the input value selected in
	Voltage	• E1-07 E1-08 and E-10 are available only	H3-03	Gain Setting	H3-02 when 10 V is input at terminal A1.
		in the following control modes: V/f	112.04	Terminal A1	Sets the level of the input value selected in
		Control, V/f with PG, Open Loop Vector.	H3-04	Bias Setting	H3-02 when 0 V is input at terminal A1.
E1-13	Base Voltage	• E1-11, E1-12 and E-13 are available only		Terminal A3	0.0 to 10 V
		in the following control modes: V/f	H3-05	Signal Level	$1^{\circ} - 10 \text{ to } 10 \text{ V}$
		Control, V/f with PG, Open Loop Vector,		Selection	
	M	otor 1 Paramotors	112.07	Terminal A3	
	IVI	Sets the motor namenlate full load current in	H3-06	Function	Sets the function of terminal A3.
E2-01	Motor Rated	Amps. Automatically set during		Terminal A3	Sets the level of the input value selected in
22 01	Current	Auto-Tuning.	H3-07	Gain Setting	H3-06 when 10 V is input at terminal A3
F2 02	Motor Rated	Sets the motor rated slip. Automatically set		Terminal A3	Sets the level of the input at terminal <i>PO</i> .
E2-02	Slip	during Auto-Tuning.	H3-08	Bias Setting	H3-06 when 0 V is input at terminal A3.
1	1	-		0	r

6 Parameter Table

No.	Name	Description		
H3-09	Terminal A2 Signal Level Selection	0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to 10 V 2: 4 to 20 mA 3: 0 to 20 mA Note: Use DIP switch S1 to set input terminal A2 for a current or a voltage input signal.		
H3-10	Terminal A2 Function Selection	Sets the function of terminal A2.		
H3-11	Terminal A2 Gain Setting	Sets the level of the input value selected in H3-10 when 10 V (20 mA) is input at terminal A2.		
H3-12	Terminal A2 Bias Setting	Sets the level of the input value selected in H3-10 when 0 V (0 or 4 mA) is input at terminal A2.		
H3-13	Analog Input Filter Time Constant	Sets a primary delay filter time constant for terminals A1, A2, and A3. Used for noise filtering.		
H3-14	Analog Input Terminal Enable Selection	Determines which of the analog input terminals will be enabled when a digital input programmed for "Analog input enable" (H1- $\Box\Box$ = C) is activated. 1: Terminal A1 only 2: Terminal A1 only 3: Terminals A1 and A2 only 4: Terminals A1 and A2 only 5: Terminals A1 and A3 6: Terminals A2 and A3 7: All terminals enabled		
	Multi-F	unction Analog Inputs		
	Multi-Function	Selects the data to be output through multi-		
H4-01	Analog Output Terminal FM Monitor Selection	function analog output terminal FM. Set the desired monitor parameter to the digits available in $U\square$ - $\square\square$. For example, enter "103" for U1-03.		
H4-02	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal FM Gain	Sets the signal level at terminal FM that is equal to 100% of the selected monitor value.		
H4-03	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal FM Bias	Sets the signal level at terminal FM that is equal to 0% of the selected monitor value.		
H4-04	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal AM Monitor Selection	Selects the data to be output through multi- function analog output terminal AM. Set the desired monitor parameter to the digits available in U \square - $\square\square$. For example, enter "103" for U1-03.		
H4-05	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal AM Gain	Sets the signal level at terminal AM that is equal to 0% of the selected monitor value.		
H4-06	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal AM Bias	Sets the bias value added to the terminal AM output signal.		
H4-07	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal FM Signal Level Selection	0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to 10 V 2: 4 to 20 mA		

NO.	Name	Description					
H4-08	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal AM Signal Level Selection	0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to 10 V 2: 4 to 20 mA					
Pulse Input Setting (Freq.)							
Н6-02	Pulse Train Input Scaling	Sets the terminal RP input signal frequency that is equal to 100% of the value selected in H6-01.					
Н6-03	Pulse Train Input Gain	Sets the level of the value selected in H6-01 when a frequency with the value set in H6-02 is input.					
H6-04	Pulse Train Input Bias	Sets the level of the value selected in H6-01 when 0 Hz is input.					
	Pu	Ise Output Setting					
H6-06	Pulse Train Select the pulse train monitor output function (value of the □-□□ part of U□-□□). Selection Select U2-01 set 501						
H6-07	Pulse TrainSets the terminal MP output signal frequency when the monitor value is 100% To have the pulse train monitor output equ the output frequency, set H6-06 to 102 and H6-07 to 0.						
	Γ	Motor Protection					
L1-01	Motor Overload Protection Selection	 0: Disabled 1: General purpose motor (standard fan cooled) 2: Drive dedicated motor with a speed range of 1:10 3: Vector motor with a speed range of 1:100 4: PM motor with variable torque 5: PM motor with constant torque control 6: General purpose motor (50 Hz) The drive may not be able to provide protection when multiple motors are used, even if overload is enabled in L1-01. Set L1-01 to 0 and install separate thermal relay to each motor. 					
L1-02	Notor Overload Protection Time	Sets the motor thermal overload protection (oL1) time.					
L3-01	Stall Prevention Selection during Acceleration	 1: General purpose. Acceleration is paused as long as the current is above the L3-02 setting. 2: Intelligent. Accelerate in the shortest possible time without exceeding the L3-02 level. Note: Setting 2 is not available when using OLV/PM. 					
L3-02	2 Prevention Level during Acceleration Used when L3-01 = 1 or 2. 100% is equal to the drive rated current.						

No.	Name Description				
		0: Disabled. Deceleration at the active deceleration rate. An ov fault may occur. 1: General purpose. Deceleration is			
L3-04	Stall Prevention Selection during Deceleration	 paused when the DC bus voltage exceeds the Stall Prevention level. 2: Intelligent. Decelerate as fast as possible while avoiding ov faults. 3: Stall Prevention with braking resistor. Stall Prevention during deceleration is enabled in coordination with dynamic braking. 4: Overexcitation Deceleration. Decelerates while increasing the motor flux. 5: Overexcitation Deceleration 2. Adjust the deceleration rate according to the DC bus voltage. 6: Enabled. Decelerates adjusting the deceleration rate according to the output 			
		current and the DC bus voltage.			
L3-05	Stall Prevention Selection during Run	 b) Disabled. Differentias at a set frequency. A heavy load may cause speed loss. 1: Decel time 1. Uses the deceleration time set to C1-02 while Stall Prevention is performed. 2: Decel time 2. Uses the deceleration time set to C1-04 while Stall Prevention is performed. 			
L3-06	Stall Prevention Level during Run	Enabled when L3-05 is set to 1 or 2. 100% is equal to the drive rated current.			
	Induct	ion Motor Auto-Tuning			
T1-01	Auto-Tuning Mode Selection	 9: Rotational Auto-Tuning 1: Stationary Auto-Tuning 1 2: Stationary Auto-Tuning for Line-to-Line Resistance 3: Rotational Auto-Tuning for V/f Control (necessary for Energy Savings and Speed Estimation Speed Search) 4: Stationary Auto-Tuning 2 8: Inertia Tuning (perform Rotational Auto-Tuning prior to Inertia Tuning) 9: ASR Gain Tuning (perform Rotational Auto-Tuning) Sate the motor rated neuron as acceled and the second sec			
T1-02	Motor Rated Power	Sets the motor rated power as specified on the motor nameplate.			
T1-03	Motor Rated Voltage	Sets the motor rated voltage as specified on the motor nameplate.			
T1-04	Motor Rated Current	Sets the motor rated current as specified on the motor nameplate.			
T1-05	Motor Base Frequency	Sets the rated frequency of the motor as specified on the motor nameplate.			
T1-06	Number of Motor Poles	Sets the number of motor poles as specified on the motor nameplate.			
T1-07	Motor Base Speed	Sets the rated speed of the motor as specified on the motor nameplate.			
T1-08	PG Number of Pulses Per Revolution	Set the number of pulses per revolution for the PG being used (pulse generator or encoder).			

No.	Name	Description
T1-09	Motor No- Load Current (Stationary Auto-Tuning)	Sets the no-load current for the motor. After setting the motor capacity to T1-02 and the motor rated current to T1-04, this parameter will automatically display the no- load current for a standard 4 pole YASKAWA motor. Enter the no-load current as indicated on the motor test report.
T1-10	Motor Rated Slip (Stationary Auto-Tuning)	Sets the motor rated slip. After setting the motor capacity to T1-02, this parameter will automatically display the motor slip for a standard 4 pole YASKAWA motor. Enter the motor slip as indicated on the motor test report.
T1-11	Motor Iron Loss	Sets the iron loss for determining the Energy Saving coefficient. The value is set to E2-10 (motor iron loss) set when the power is cycled. If T1-02 is changed, a default value appropriate for the motor capacity that was entered will appear.

Monitor	Description		
U1-01	Frequency Reference (Hz)		
U1-02	Output Frequency (Hz)		
U1-03	Output Current (A)		
U1-05	Motor Speed (Hz)		
U1-06	Output Voltage Reference (Vac)		
U1-07	DC Bus Voltage (Vdc)		
U1-08	Output Power (kW)		
U1-09	Torque Reference (% of motor rated torque)		
U1-10	U1 - 10=0000000 U1 - 10=0000000 1 Digital input 2 (terminal S2 enabled) 1 Digital input 3 (terminal S3 enabled) 1 Digital input 4 (terminal S4 enabled) 1 Digital input 5 (terminal S5 enabled) 1 Digital input 5 (terminal S6 enabled) 1 Digital input 7 (terminal S7 enabled) 1 Digital input 8 (terminal S8 enabled)		
U1-11	U1 - 11=00000000 U1 - 11=00000000 U1 Multi-Function Digital Output (terminal M3-M4) Multi-Function Digital Output (terminal M3-M4)		
U1-12	Verifies the drive operation status. U1 - 12=00000000 1 During run 1 During REV 1 During fault reset signal input 1 During speed agree 1 Drive ready 1 During alarm detection 1 During fault detection		
U1-13	Terminal A1 Input Level		
U1-14	Terminal A2 Input Level		
U1-15	Terminal A3 Input Level		
U1-16	Output Frequency after Soft Starter		
U1-18	oPE Fault Parameter		
U1-24	Input Pulse Monitor		
	Fault Trace		
U2-01	Current Fault		
U2-02	Previous Fault		
U2-03	Frequency Reference at Previous Fault		
U2-04	Output Frequency at Previous Fault		

wonitor	Description
U2-05	Output Current at Previous Fault
U2-06	Motor Speed at Previous Fault
U2-07	Output Voltage at Previous Fault
U2-08	DC Bus Voltage at Previous Fault
U2-09	Output Power at Previous Fault
U2-10	Torque Reference at Previous Fault
U2-11	Input Terminal Status at Previous Fault
U2-12	Output Terminal Status at Previous Fault
U2-13	Drive Operation Status at Previous Fault
U2-14	Cumulative Operation Time at Previous Fault
U2-15	Soft Starter Speed Reference at Previous Fault
U2-16	Motor q-Axis Current at Previous Fault
U2-17	Motor d-Axis Current at Previous Fault
U2-20	Heatsink Temperature at Previous Fault
	Fault History
U3-01 to U3-04	First to 4th Most Recent Fault
U3-05 to U3-10	5th to 10th Most Recent Fault
U3-11 to U3-14	Cumulative Operation Time at 1st to 4th Most Recent Fault
U3-15 to U3-20	Cumulative Operation Time at 5th to 10th Most Recent Fault
NOTE: The	following faults are not recorded in the error log.
CPF00 to 0	3, Uv1, and Uv2
DI/DO Sel.	Description
	Digital Input Function Selections
3	Multi-step speed reference 1
4	Multi-step speed reference 2
5	Multi-step speed reference 3
6	Jog reference selection (higher priority than multi-step speed reference)
7	
/	Accel/decel time selection 1
/ F	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used)
7 F 14	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used) Fault reset (Reset when turned ON)
F 14 20 to 2F	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used) Fault reset (Reset when turned ON) External fault; Input mode: N.O. contact / N.C. contact, Detection mode: Normal/during operation
7 F 14 20 to 2F	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used) Fault reset (Reset when turned ON) External fault; Input mode: N.O. contact / N.C. contact, Detection mode: Normal/during operation Digital Output Function Selections
7 F 14 20 to 2F 0	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used) Fault reset (Reset when turned ON) External fault; Input mode: N.O. contact / N.C. contact, Detection mode: Normal/during operation Digital Output Function Selections During Run (ON: run command is ON or voltage is being output)
7 F 14 20 to 2F 0 1	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used) Fault reset (Reset when turned ON) External fault; Input mode: N.O. contact / N.C. contact, Detection mode: Normal/during operation Digital Output Function Selections During Run (ON: run command is ON or voltage is being output) Zero Speed
7 F 14 20 to 2F 0 1 2	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used) Fault reset (Reset when turned ON) External fault; Input mode: N.O. contact / N.C. contact, Detection mode: Normal/during operation Digital Output Function Selections During Run (ON: run command is ON or voltage is being output) Zero Speed Speed Agree 1
7 F 14 20 to 2F 0 1 2 6	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used) Fault reset (Reset when turned ON) External fault; Input mode: N.O. contact / N.C. contact, Detection mode: Normal/during operation Digital Output Function Selections During Run (ON: run command is ON or voltage is being output) Zero Speed Speed Agree 1 Drive Ready
7 F 14 20 to 2F 0 1 2 6 E	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used) Fault reset (Reset when turned ON) External fault; Input mode: N.O. contact / N.C. contact, Detection mode: Normal/during operation Digital Output Function Selections During Run (ON: run command is ON or voltage is being output) Zero Speed Speed Agree 1 Drive Ready Fault
7 F 14 20 to 2F 0 1 2 6 E F	Accel/decel time selection 1 Through mode (Set when a terminal is not used) Fault reset (Reset when turned ON) External fault; Input mode: N.O. contact / N.C. contact, Detection mode: Normal/during operation Digital Output Function Selections During Run (ON: run command is ON or voltage is being output) Zero Speed Speed Agree 1 Drive Ready Fault Through mode

7 Troubleshooting

• General Fault and Alarms

Faults and alarms indicate problems in the drive or in the machine.

An alarm is indicated by a code on the data display and the flashing ALM LED. The drive output is not necessarily switched off.

A fault is indicated by a code on the data display and the ALM LED is on. The drive output is always switched off immediately and the motor coast to stop.

To remove an alarm or reset a fault, trace the cause, remove it and reset the drive by pushing the Reset key on the operator or cycling the power supply.

This lists up the most important alarms and faults only. Please refer to the Technical Manual for a complete list.

Digital Operator	AL	FLT	Cause	Corrective Action
Base Block bb	0		The software base block function is assigned to one of the digital inputs and the input is off. The drive does not accept Run commands.	Check the digital inputs function selection.Check the upper controller sequence.
Control Fault CF		0	The torque limit was reached during deceleration for longer than 3 s. when in Open Loop Vector controlThe load inertia is too big.The torque limit is too low.The motor parameters are wrong.	 Check the load. Set the torque limit to the most appropriate setting (L7-01 through L7-04). Check the motor parameters.
Control Circuit Fault CPF02 to CPF24		о	There is a problem in the drive's control circuit.	Cycle the drive power supply.Initialize the drive.Replace the drive if the fault occurs again.
Control Circuit Fault CPF25		о	There is no terminal board connected to the control board.	Check if the terminal board is installed properly.Uninstall and Reapply the terminal board.Change the drive.
Cannot Reset CrST	0		Fault reset was input when a Run command was active.	Turn off the Run command and reset the drive.
Option External Fault EF0	0	o	An external fault was tripped by the upper controller via an option card.	 Remove the fault cause, reset the fault and restart the drive. Check the upper controller program.
External Fault EF	0		A forward and reverse command were input simultaneously for longer than 500 ms. This alarm stops a running motor.	• Check the sequence and make sure that the forward and reverse input are not set at the same time.
Fan Fault EF3	0		A1000 IP54 enclosure built-in fan does not work properly.	 Check if connector CN2 (fan) is plugged in correctly. Check if the fan (at the drives top) is running properly. Check if the wiring S3/SP/SN is correct according to used control logic (Sink/Source/Internal Supply)
External Faults EF1 to EF8	0	o	An external fault was triggered by an external device via one of the digital inputs S1 to S8.The digital inputs are set up incorrectly.	Find out why the device tripped the EF. Remove the cause and reset the fault.Check the functions assigned to the digital inputs.
Ground Fault GF		o	 Ground leakage current has exceeded 50% of the drives rated output current. Cable or motor insulation is broken. Excessive stray capacitance at drive output. 	 Check the output wiring and the motor for short circuits or broken insulation. Replace any broken parts. Reduce the carrier frequency.
Safe Disable Hbb	0		Both Safe Disable inputs are open. The drive output is safely disabled and the motor can not be started.	 Check why the upper controller's safety device disabled the drive. Remove the cause and restart. Check the wiring. If the Safe Disable function is not utilized for the ISO13849-1, Category 3 PLd, and IEC61508, SIL2 or for disabling the drive, the terminals HC, H1, H2 must be linked.

Digital Operator	AL	FLT	Cause	Corrective Action
Safe Disable Fault HbbF	0		 Drive output is disabled while only one of the Safe Disable inputs is open. (normally both input signals H1 and H2 should be open) One channel is internally broken and does not switch off, even if the external signal is removed. Only one channel is switched off by the upper controller. 	 Check the wiring from the upper controller and make sure that both signals are set correctly by the controller. If the signals are set correctly and the alarm does not disappear, replace the drive.
Output Phase Loss PF		0	Output cable is disconnected or the motor winding is damaged. Loose wires at the drive output. Motor is too small (less than 5% of drive current).	 Check the motor wiring. Make sure all terminal screws in the drive and motor are properly tightened. Check the motor and drive capacity.
Overcurrent oC		•	Short circuit or ground fault on the drive output side The load is too heavy. The accel./decel. times are too short. Wrong motor data or V/f pattern settings. A magnetic contactor was switched at the output.	 Check the output wiring and the motor for short circuits or broken insulation. Replace the broken parts. Check the machine for damages (gears, etc.) and repair any broken parts. Check the drive parameter settings. Check the output contactor sequence.
Heatsink Overheat oH or oH1	0	0	Surrounding temperature is too high. The cooling fan has stopped. The filter mats are clogged. The airflow to the heatsink is restricted.	 Check the surrounding temperature and install cooling devices if necessary. Check the drive cooling fan. Replace filter mats. Check the airflow around the heatsink.
Motor Overload oL1		0	The motor load is too heavy. The motor is operated at low speed with heavy load. Cycle times of accel./ decel. are too short. Incorrect motor rated current has been set.	 Reduce the motor load. Use a motor with external cooling and set the correct motor in parameter L1-01 Check the sequence. Check the rated current setting.
Drive Overload oL2		o	The load is too heavy. The drive capacity is too small. Too much torque at low speed.	 Check the load. Make sure that the drive is big enough to handle the load. The overload capability is reduced at low speeds. Reduce the load or increase the drive size.
DC Overvoltage OV	о	•	DC bus voltage rose too high. The deceleration time is too short. Stall prevention is disabled. Braking chopper / resistor broken. Unstable motor control in OLV. Too high input voltage.	 Increase the deceleration time. Enable stall prevention by parameter L3-04. Make sure the braking resistor and braking chopper are working correctly. Check motor parameter settings and adjust torque and slip compensation as needed. Make sure that the power supply voltage meets the drives specifications.
Input Phase Loss LF		0	Input voltage drop or phase imbalance. One of the input phase is lost. Loose wires at the drive input.	Check the power supply.Make sure that all cables are properly fixed to the correct terminals.
Braking Transistor Fault rr		0	The internal braking transistor is broken.	Cycle the power supply.Replace the drive if the fault reoccurs.
Thermistor Disconnect THo	0	0	The motor thermistor is not connected properly.	Check the wiring for the thermistor.
DC Undervoltage Uv1	О	o	The voltage in the DC bus fell below the undervoltage detection level (L2-05). The power supply failed or one input phase has been lost. The power supply is too weak.	Check the power supply.Make sure, that the power supply is strong enough.
Controller Undervoltage Uv2		o	The drives controller power supply voltage is too low.	 Cycle power to the drive. Check if the fault reoccurs. Replace the drive if the fault continues to occur.
DC Charge Circuit Fault Uv3		o	The charge circuit for the DC bus is broken.	Cycle power to the drive. Check if the fault reoccurs.Replace the drive if the fault reoccurs.

♦ Operator Programing Errors

An Operator Programming Error (oPE) occurs when an inapplicable parameter is set or an individual parameter setting is inappropriate. When an oPE error is displayed, press the ENTER button to display U1-18 (oPE fault constant). This monitor will display the parameter that is causing the oPE error.

Digital Operator	Cause	Corrective Action
oPE01	Drive capacity and value set to o2-04 do not match.	Correct the value set to o2-04.
oPE02	Parameters were set outside the allowable setting range.	Set parameters to the proper values.
oPE03	 A contradictory setting is assigned to multi-function contact inputs H1-01 through to H1-08. The same function is assigned to two inputs. (this excludes "External fault" and "Not used") Input functions which require the setting of other input functions were set alone. Input functions that are not allowed to be used simultaneously have been set. 	 Fix any incorrect settings. Refer to the Technical Manual for more details.
oPE05	 The run command source (b1-02) or frequency reference source (b1-01) is set to 3 but no option card is installed. The frequency reference source is set to pulse input but H6-01 is not 0. 	Install the required option card.Correct the values set to b1-01 and b1-02.
oPE07	 Settings to multi-function analog inputs H3-02 and H3-10 and PID functions conflict. H3-02 and H3-10 are set to the same value. (this excludes settings 0 and F) PID functions have been assigned to both analog inputs and the pulse input at the same time. 	Fix any incorrect setting.Refer to the Technical Manual for more details.
oPE08	A function has been set that cannot be used in the control mode selected.(might appear after control mode change)	Fix any incorrect setting.Refer to the Technical Manual for more details.
oPE10	The V/f pattern setting is incorrect.	Check the V/f pattern settings.Refer to the Technical Manual for more details.
oPE18	 One of the following setting errors has occurred while Online Tuning is enabled in OLV (A1-02 = 2): E2-02 has been set below 30% of the original default value E2-06 has been set below 50% of the original default value E2-03 = 0 	Make sure E2-02, E2-03, and E2-06 are set the correct values.

♦ Auto-Tuning Errors

Digital Operator	Cause	Corrective Action
Er-01	Motor data fault The input motor data are not valid. (e.g. the base frequency and base speed do not fit).	Re-enter the data and repeat Auto-Tuning.
Er-02	Minor Fault • The wiring is faulty. • The load is too heavy.	Check the wiring.Check the load. Always perform Auto-Tuning with the load uncoupled from the motor.
Er-03	The STOP button was pressed and Auto-Tuning was canceled.	Repeat the Auto-Tuning.
Er-04	Resistance faultWrong input data.Auto tuning exceeded the given time frame.Calculated values out of range.	
Er-05	No-Load Current ErrorIncorrect data was entered.Auto tuning took too long.Calculated values out of range.	 Check the input data. Check the wiring. Re-enter the data and repeat the Auto-Tuning.
Er-08	Rated Slip ErrorWrong data input.Auto tuning exceeded the given time frame.Calculated values out of range.	

Digital Operator	Cause	Corrective Action	
Er-09	Acceleration error The motor did not accelerate for the specified acceleration time.	Increase the acceleration time C1-01.Check the torque limits L7-01 and L7-02.	
Er-11	Motor speed fault. The torque reference was too high.	Increase the acceleration time (C1-01).If possible, disconnect the load.	
Er-12	Current detection errorOne or all output phases are lost.Current is either too low or exceeds the drives rating.The current sensors are faulty.	 Check the wiring. Make sure, that the drive rating fits to the motor. Check the load. (Auto-Tuning should have been performed without the load connected.) Replace the drive. 	
Er-13	Leakage Inductance Error Drive was unable to complete tuning for leakage inductance within 300 s.	 Check all wiring and correct any mistakes. Double check the motor rated current value that was entered to T1-04 for Auto-Tuning. Check the motor rated current value written on the motor nameplate and enter the correct value. 	
End1	 Excessive V/f Setting The torque reference exceeded 20% during Auto-Tuning. The calculated no-load current is above 80% of the motor rated current. 	 Check the V/f pattern setting. Perform Auto-Tuning without the load connected. Check the input data and repeat Auto-Tuning. 	
End2	Motor iron-core saturation alarmCalculated core saturation values out of range.Incorrect data was entered.	Check the input data.Check the motor wiring.Perform Auto-Tuning without load connected.	
End3	Rated current alarm	Check the input data and repeat tuning.	
End4	Adjusted Slip Calculation Error The slip that was calculated is outside the allowable range.	 Make sure the data entered for Auto-Tuning is correct. Execute Rotational Auto-Tuning instead. If not possible, try Stationary Auto-Tuning 2. 	
End5	Resistance Tuning Error The resistance value that was calculated is outside the allowable range.	Double check the data that was entered for the Auto-Tuning process.Check the motor and motor cable connection for faults.	
End6	Leakage Inductance Alarm The leakage inductance value that was calculated is outside the allowable range.	Double check the data that was entered for the Auto-Tuning process.	
End7	 No-Load Current Alarm The entered no-load current value was outside the allowable range. Auto-Tuning results were less than 5% of the motor rated current. 	 Check and correct faulty motor wiring. Double check the data that was entered for the Auto-Tuning process. 	

8 Maintenance

Replacing Filter Mats

WARNING

Power off the unit before replacing or removing the filter mats.

Replacing or removing filter mats while the unit is powered on may result in electric shock or malfunction of the unit.

Base of the Unit

Perform as follows to remove the filter mats from the base of the unit:

- 1. Remove the screws that hold the aire intake grill.
- 2. Remove the front panel from the base and remove the filter mat from inside the panel for replacement.
- 3. Refit the filter mat inside the panel and replace the panel.
- 4. Torque the screws to 1.3 Nm.



Hood of the Unit

Perform as follows to remove the filter mats from the hood of the unit:

- 1. Remove the screws that hold the hood roof in place.
- 2. Remove the hood roof from the enclosure and remove the filter mat from inside the hood for replacement.
- 3. Refit the filter mat inside the hood and replace the hood roof.
- 4. Torque the screws to 4.5 Nm.



Air Inlets and Outlets

Perform as follows to remove the filter mats from the air inlets:

- 1. Remove the screws that hold the air inlet and outlet grills.
- 2. Remove the air inlets and outlets from the closure and remove the filter mat from inside the inlets and outlets for replacement.
- 3. Refit the filter mat inside the inlets and replace the inlet.
- 4. Torque the screws to 4.5 Nm.



9 Safe Disable Input Function

Specifications

Inputs / Outputs		Two Safe Disable inputs and one EDM output according to ISO13849-1 Cat. 3 PLd, IEC/ EN61508 SIL2.
Operation Time		Time from input open to drive output stop is less than 1 ms.
	Demand Rate Low	$PFD = 5.15E^{-5}$
Failure Probability	Demand Rate High or Continuous	PFH = 1.2E ⁻⁹
Performance Level		The Safe Disable feature satisfies all requirements of performance level d (PLd) as defined by ISO/EN13849-1 (this includes DC from EDM).

Precautions

DANGER! Improper use of the Safe Disable function can result in serious injury or even death. Make sure the whole system or machinery that the Safe Disable function is used in complies with safety requirements. When implementing the Safe Disable function into the safety system of a machine, a thorough risk assessment for the whole system has to be carried out to assure it complies with relevant safety norms (e.g., ISO13849, IEC61508, EN/IEC62061,...).

DANGER! When using a PM motor, even if the drive output is shut off by the Safe Disable function, a break down of two output transistors can cause current to flow through the motor winding, resulting in a rotor movement for a maximum angle of 180 degree (electrically). Make sure such a situation would have no effect on the safety of the application when using the Safe Disable function. This is not a concern with induction motors.

DANGER! The Safe Disable function can switch off the drive output, but does not cut the drive power supply and cannot electrically isolate the drive output from the input. Always shut off the drive power supply when performing maintenance or installations on the drive input side as well as the drive output side.

DANGER! When using the Safe Disable inputs, make sure to remove the wire links between terminals H1, H2, and HC that were installed prior to shipment. Failing to do so will keep the Safe Disable circuit from operating properly and can cause injury or even death.

DANGER! All safety features (including Safe Disable) should be inspected daily and periodically. If the system is not operating normally, there is a risk of serious personal injury.

DANGER! Only a qualified technician with a thorough understanding of the drive, the instruction manual, and safety standards should be permitted to wire, inspect, and maintain the Safe Disable input.

NOTICE: From the moment terminal inputs H1 and H2 have opened, it takes up to 1 ms for drive output to shut off completely. The sequence set up to trigger terminals H1 and H2 should make sure that both terminals remain open for at least 1 ms in order to properly interrupt drive output.

NOTICE: The Safe Disable Monitor (output terminals DM+ and DM-) should not be used for any other purpose than to monitor the Safe Disable status or to discover a malfunction in the Safe Disable inputs. The monitor output is not considered a safe output.

• Using the Safe Disable Function

The Safe Disable inputs provide a stop function in compliance with "Safe Torque Off" as defined in the IEC/EN61800-5-2. Safe Disable inputs have been designed to meet the requirements of the ISO13849-1, Category 3 PLd, and IEC/EN61508, SIL2.

A Safe Disable Status Monitor for error detection in the safety circuit is also provided.

Safe Disable Circuit

The Safe Disable circuit consists of two independent input channels that can block the output transistors. In addition, it provides a monitoring channel that indicates the status of those two input channels.

The input can either use the drive internal power supply or an external power supply. Use jumper S3 on the terminal board to select between Sink or Source mode with either internal or external power supply.

A single photo coupler output is available to monitor the status of the Safe Disable terminals. *Refer to Control Circuit Terminal Functions on page 20* for signal specifications when using this output.



■ Disabling and Enabling the Drive Output ("Safe Torque Off")

The diagram below illustrates the Safe Disable input operation.



Entering the "Safe Torque Off" State

Whenever either one Safe Disable input or both inputs open, the motor torque is shut off by switching off the drive output. If the motor was running before the Safe Disable inputs opened, then the motor will coast to stop, regardless of the stopping method set in parameter b1-03.

Notice that the "Safe Torque Off" state can only be achieved using the Safe Disable function. Removing the Run command stops the drive and shuts the output off (baseblock), but does not create a "Safe Torque Off" status.

Note: To avoid an uncontrolled stop during normal operation, make sure that the Safe Disable inputs are opened first when the motor has completely stopped.

Returning to Normal Operation after Safe Disable

The Safe Disable function can only be deactivated when a Run command is not active.

When Safe Disable was activated during stop, normal operation can be resumed by simply turning on both Safe Disable inputs (i.e., by deactivating "Safe Torque Off").

When Safe Disable was activated during run, first the Run command has to be removed and then the Safe Disable inputs have to be turned on before the drive can be restarted.

■ Safe Disable Monitor Output Function and Digital Operator Display

The table below explains the drive output and Safe Disable monitor state depending on the Safe Disable inputs.

Safe Disable Input Status		Safe Disable Status Monitor, DM+ - DM- <1>		Drive Output Status	Digital Operator Display
Input 1, H1-HC	Input 2, H2-HC	S6 Selected N.C.	S6 Selected N.O.		
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Safely disabled, "Safe Torque Off"	Hbb (flashes)
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	Safely disabled, "Safe Torque Off"	HbbF (flashes)
OFF	OFF ON		OFF	Safely disabled, "Safe Torque Off"	HbbF (flashes)
ON	ON	ON	OFF	Baseblock, ready for operation	Normal display

<1> The slide switch S6 is available with terminal board "ETC74031 ".

Safe Disable Status Monitor

With the Safe Disable monitor output (terminals DM+ and DM-), the drive provides a safety status feedback signal. This signal should be read by the device that controls the Safe Disable inputs (PLC or a safety relay) in order to prohibit leaving the "Safe Torque Off" status in case the safety circuit malfunctions. Refer to the instruction manual of the safety device for details on this function.

Digital Operator Display

When both Safe Disable inputs are open, Hbb will flash in the digital operator display.

Should only one of the Safe Disable channels be on while the other is off, HbbF will flash in the display to indicate that there is a problem in the safety circuit or in the drive. This display should not appear under normal conditions if the Safe Disable circuit is utilized properly. *Refer to General Fault and Alarms on page 34* to resolve possible errors.

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