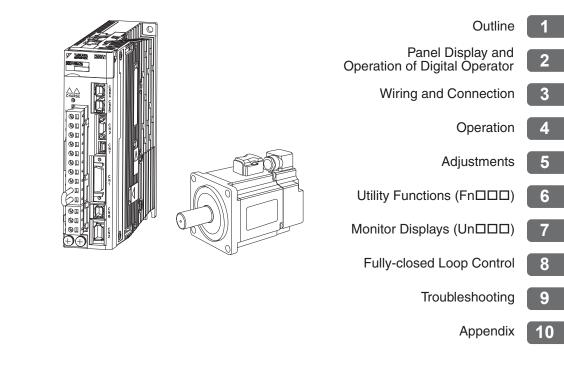


# AC Servo Drives $\Sigma$ -V Series USER'S MANUAL Design and Maintenance Rotational Motor MECHATROLINK-III Communications Reference

SGDV SERVOPACK SGMJV/SGMAV/SGMPS/SGMGV/SGMSV/SGMCS Servomotors



MANUAL NO. SIEP S800000 64C

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# About this Manual

This manual describes information required for designing, testing, adjusting, and maintaining  $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs.

Keep this manual in a location where it can be accessed for reference whenever required. Manuals outlined on the following page must also be used as required by the application.

# Description of Technical Terms

The following table shows the meanings of terms used in this manual.

Term	Meaning	
Cursor	Input position indicated by Digital Operator	
Servomotor	Σ-V Series SGMJV, SGMAV, SGMPS, SGMGV, SGMSV, or SGMCS (Direct Drive) servomotor	
SERVOPACK	Σ-V Series SGDV servo amplifier	
Servo Drive	A set including a servomotor and SERVOPACK (i.e., a servo ampli- fier)	
Servo System	A servo control system that includes the combination of a servo drive with a host controller and peripheral devices	
M-III Model	MECHATROLINK-III communications reference used for SERVO- PACK interface	
Servo ON	Power to motor ON	
Servo OFF	Power to motor OFF	
Base Block (BB)	Power supply to motor is turned OFF by shutting off the base current to the power transistor in the current amplifier.	
Servo Lock	A state in which the motor is stopped and is in position loop with a position reference of 0.	
Main Circuit Cable	Cables which connect to the main circuit terminals, including main circuit power supply cables, control power supply cables, servomotor main circuit cables, and others.	

# IMPORTANT Explanations

The following icon is displayed for explanations requiring special attention.



• Indicates important information that should be memorized, as well as precautions, such as alarm displays, that do not involve potential damage to equipment.

# Notation Used in this Manual

#### Notation for Reverse Signals

The names of reverse signals (i.e., ones that are valid when low) are written with a forward slash (/) before the signal name.

Notation Example  $\overline{BK} = /BK$ 

#### • Notation for Parameters

The notation depends on whether the parameter requires a value setting (parameter for numeric settings) or requires the selection of a function (parameter for selecting functions).

· Parameters for Numeric Settings

	Control methods for which the parameter applies.           Speed         : Speed control         Position         : Position         : Torque         : Torque control					
				_^		
	Emergency Stop	Torque	Speed	Position Torque		
Pn406	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classification	
	0% to 800%	1%	800	After change	Setup	
Parameter		Λ			$\Lambda$	
Indicates t		mum setting unit pa	arameter setting	ndicates when a change to the parameter will be effective.	Indicates the parameter classification.	
Parame	ters for Selecting	Functions				
I	Parameter	Me	eaning	When Enabled	Classification	
Pn002	n.□0□□ [Factory setting]	Uses the absolu absolute encode	te encoder as an er.	After restart	Setup	
	n.0100	Uses the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.				
Parameter number	for selecting fu	tion "n.□□□□" indicates a parameter ing functions. Each □ corresponds to g value of that digit. The notation shown ns that the third digit is 1.				

#### Notation Example

Digital Operator Display (Display Example for Pn002)

	Digit Notation		Setting Notation	
n.0000	Notation	Meaning	Notation	Meaning
T T T → 1st digit	Pn002.0	Indicates the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.0 = x or n.□□□x	Indicates that the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002 is x.
2nd digit	Pn002.1	Indicates the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.1 = x or n.□□x□	Indicates that the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002 is x.
3rd digit	Pn002.2	Indicates the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.2 = x or n.□x□□	Indicates that the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002 is x.
↓ 4th digit	Pn002.3	Indicates the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.3 = x or n.x□□□	Indicates that the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002 is x.

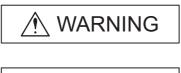
# • Manuals Related to the $\Sigma$ -V Series

Refer to the following manuals as required.

Name	Selecting Models and Peripheral Devices	Ratings and Specifications	System Design	Panels and Wiring	Trial Operation	Trial Operation and Servo Adjustment	Maintenance and Inspection
Σ-V Series User's Manual Setup Rotational Motor (No.: SIEP S800000 43)				~	~		
Σ-V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42)	V	~	$\checkmark$				
Σ-V Series User's Manual Design and Maintenance Rotational Motor/ MECHATROLINK-III Communications Reference (this manual)			V		~	¥	~
Σ-V Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63)			~		V	¥	
Σ-V Series User's Manual Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55)					¥	V	~
Σ-V Series AC SERVOPACK SGDV Safety Precautions (No.: TOBP C710800 10)	V			~			~
Σ Series Digital Operator Safety Precautions (No.: TOBP C730800 00)							~
AC SERVOMOTOR Safety Precautions (No.: TOBP C230200 00)				~			~

# Safety Information

The following conventions are used to indicate precautions in this manual. Failure to heed precautions provided in this manual can result in serious or possibly even fatal injury or damage to the products or to related equipment and systems.



Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could possibly result in loss of life or serious injury.



Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in relatively serious or minor injury, damage to the product, or faulty operation. In some situations, the precautions indicated could have serious consequences if not heeded.



 $\bigotimes$ 

Indicates prohibited actions that must not be performed. For example, this symbol would be used to indicate that fire is prohibited as follows:



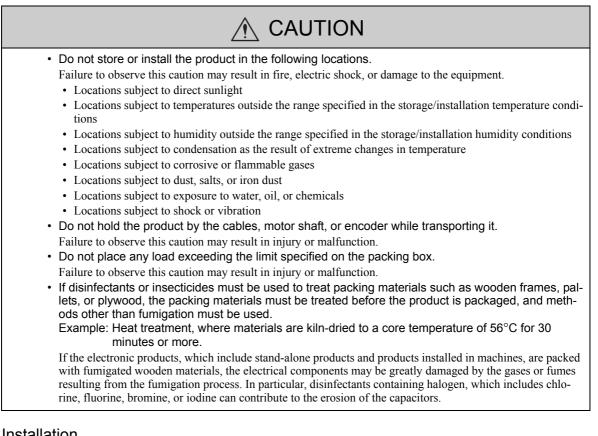
Indicates compulsory actions that must be performed. For example, this symbol would be used to indicate that grounding is compulsory as follows:

# Safety Precautions

This section describes important precautions that must be followed during storage, transportation, installation, wiring, operation, maintenance, inspection, and disposal. Be sure to always observe these precautions thoroughly.

	Never touch any rotating servomotor parts during operation.	
	Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.	
	Before starting operation with a machine connected, make sure that an emergency st	op can be
	applied at any time.	
	Failure to observe this warning may result in injury or damage to the equipment.	
	Never touch the inside of the SERVOPACKs.	
	Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock.	
	Do not remove the cover of the power supply terminal block while the power is ON. Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock.	
	After the power is turned OFF or after a voltage resistance test, do not touch terminals	s while the
	CHARGE lamp is ON.	s write the
	Residual voltage may cause electric shock.	
	Follow the procedures and instructions provided in the manuals for the products being trial operation.	g used in the
	Failure to do so may result not only in faulty operation and damage to equipment, but also in p	personal injury.
	The output range of the rotational serial data for the $\Sigma$ -V absolute position detecting sy ent from that of earlier systems for 12-bit and 15-bit encoders. As a result, the infinite- tioning system of the $\Sigma$ Series must be changed for use with products in the $\Sigma$ -V Series	-length posi-
	The multiturn limit value need not be changed except for special applications.	
	Changing it inappropriately or unintentionally can be dangerous.	
	If the Multiturn Limit Disagreement alarm occurs, check the setting of parameter Pn20 VOPACK to be sure that it is correct.	5 in the SER-
	If Fn013 is executed when an incorrect value is set in Pn205, an incorrect value will be set in th alarm will disappear even if an incorrect value is set, but incorrect positions will be detected, r dangerous situation where the machine will move to unexpected positions.	
	Do not remove the top front cover, cables, connectors, or optional items from the SEF while the power is ON.	RVOPACK
	Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock.	
	Do not damage, pull, exert excessive force on, or place heavy objects on the cables.	
	Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock, stopping operation of the product	, or fire.
	Do not modify the product.	
	Failure to observe this warning may result in injury, damage to the equipment, or fire.	
	Provide appropriate braking devices on the machine side to ensure safety. The holdin servomotor with a brake is not a braking device for ensuring safety.	ig brake on a
	Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.	
	Do not come close to the machine immediately after resetting an instantaneous powe to avoid an unexpected restart. Take appropriate measures to ensure safety against an restart.	
	Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.	
•	Connect the ground terminal according to local electrical codes (100 $\Omega$ or less for a S with a 100 V, 200 V power supply, 10 $\Omega$ or less for a SERVOPACK with a 400 V power Improper grounding may result in electric shock or fire.	
	Installation, disassembly, or repair must be performed only by authorized personnel.	
$\mathbb{Z}$	Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock or injury.	
	The person who designs a system using the safety function (Hard Wire Baseblock fur have full knowledge of the related safety standards and full understanding of the instrumanual.	
	Failure to observe this warning may result in injury or damage to the equipment.	

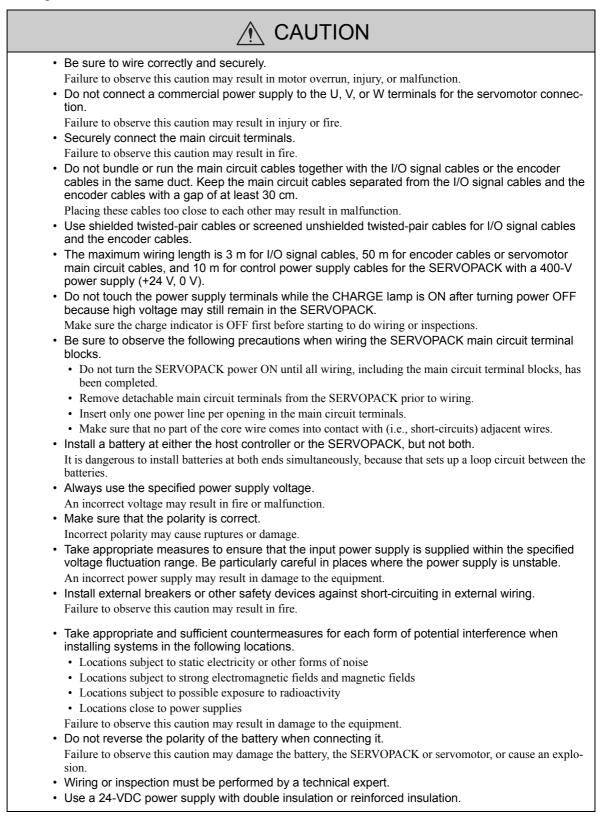
# Storage and Transportation



#### Installation

<ul> <li>Never use the product in an environment subject to water, corrosive gases, flammable gases, or combustibles.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in electric shock or fire.</li> <li>Do not step on or place a heavy object on the product.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or malfunction.</li> <li>Do not cover the inlet or outlet ports and prevent any foreign objects from entering the product.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may cause internal elements to deteriorate resulting in malfunction or fire.</li> <li>Be sure to install the product in the correct direction.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in malfunction.</li> <li>Provide the specified clearances between the SERVOPACK and the control panel or with other devices.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in fire or malfunction.</li> <li>Do not apply any strong impact.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in malfunction.</li> </ul>

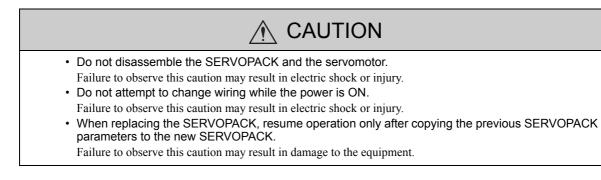
## Wiring



# Operation

Always use the servomotor and SERVOPACK in one of the specified combinations.
<ul><li>Failure to observe this caution may result in fire or malfunction.</li><li>Conduct trial operation on the servomotor alone with the motor shaft disconnected from the</li></ul>
machine to avoid accidents.
Failure to observe this caution may result in injury.
<ul> <li>During trial operation, confirm that the holding brake works correctly. Furthermore, secure system safety against problems such as signal line disconnection.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Before starting operation with a machine connected, change the parameter settings to match the parameters of the machine.</li> </ul>
Starting operation without matching the proper settings may cause the machine to run out of control or mal- function.
<ul> <li>Do not turn the power ON and OFF more than necessary.</li> </ul>
Do not use the SERVOPACK for applications that require the power to turn ON and OFF frequently. Such applications will cause elements in the SERVOPACK to deteriorate.
As a guideline, at least one hour should be allowed between the power being turned ON and OFF once actual operation has been started.
<ul> <li>When carrying out JOG operation (Fn002), origin search (Fn003), or EasyFFT (Fn206), forcing movable machine parts to stop does not work for forward overtravel or reverse overtravel. Take necessary precautions.</li> </ul>
Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the equipment.
<ul> <li>When using the servomotor for a vertical axis, install safety devices to prevent workpieces from fall- ing due to alarms or overtravels. Set the servomotor so that it will stop in the zero clamp state when overtravel occurs.</li> </ul>
Failure to observe this caution may cause workpieces to fall due to overtravel.
<ul> <li>When not using the turning-less function, set the correct moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).</li> </ul>
Setting an incorrect moment of inertia ratio may cause machine vibration.
<ul> <li>Do not touch the SERVOPACK heat sinks, regenerative resistor, or servomotor while power is ON or soon after the power is turned OFF.</li> </ul>
Failure to observe this caution may result in burns due to high temperatures.
Do not make any extreme adjustments or setting changes of parameters.
Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or damage to the equipment due to unstable operation.
When an alarm occurs, remove the cause, reset the alarm after confirming safety, and then resume operation.
Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the equipment, fire, or injury.
Do not use the holding brake of the servomotor for braking.     Evaluate to absorve this source may result in malfunction
<ul><li>Failure to observe this caution may result in malfunction.</li><li>An alarm or warning may occur if communications are performed with the host controller while the</li></ul>
SigmaWin+ or Digital Operator is operating.
If an alarm or warning occurs, it may stop the current process and stop the system.

# Maintenance and Inspection



A CAUTION

#### Disposal

• When disposing of the products, treat them as ordinary industrial waste.

### General Precautions

# Observe the following general precautions to ensure safe application.

- The products shown in illustrations in this manual are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Always replace the cover or protective guard as specified first, and then operate the products in accordance with the manual.
- The drawings presented in this manual are typical examples and may not match the product you received.
- If the manual must be ordered due to loss or damage, inform your nearest Yaskawa representative or one of the offices listed on the back of this manual.

# Warranty

# (1) Details of Warranty

#### Warranty Period

The warranty period for a product that was purchased (hereinafter called "delivered product") is one year from the time of delivery to the location specified by the customer or 18 months from the time of shipment from the Yaskawa factory, whichever is sooner.

#### Warranty Scope

Yaskawa shall replace or repair a defective product free of charge if a defect attributable to Yaskawa occurs during the warranty period above. This warranty does not cover defects caused by the delivered product reaching the end of its service life and replacement of parts that require replacement or that have a limited service life.

This warranty does not cover failures that result from any of the following causes.

- 1. Improper handling, abuse, or use in unsuitable conditions or in environments not described in product catalogs or manuals, or in any separately agreed-upon specifications
- 2. Causes not attributable to the delivered product itself
- 3. Modifications or repairs not performed by Yaskawa
- 4. Abuse of the delivered product in a manner in which it was not originally intended
- 5. Causes that were not foreseeable with the scientific and technological understanding at the time of shipment from Yaskawa
- 6. Events for which Yaskawa is not responsible, such as natural or human-made disasters

### (2) Limitations of Liability

- 1. Yaskawa shall in no event be responsible for any damage or loss of opportunity to the customer that arises due to failure of the delivered product.
- 2. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any programs (including parameter settings) or the results of program execution of the programs provided by the user or by a third party for use with programmable Yaskawa products.
- 3. The information described in product catalogs or manuals is provided for the purpose of the customer purchasing the appropriate product for the intended application. The use thereof does not guarantee that there are no infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of Yaskawa or third parties, nor does it construe a license.
- 4. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any damage arising from infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of third parties as a result of using the information described in catalogs or manuals.

#### (3) Suitability for Use

- 1. It is the customer's responsibility to confirm conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply if the Yaskawa product is used in combination with any other products.
- 2. The customer must confirm that the Yaskawa product is suitable for the systems, machines, and equipment used by the customer.
- 3. Consult with Yaskawa to determine whether use in the following applications is acceptable. If use in the application is acceptable, use the product with extra allowance in ratings and specifications, and provide safety measures to minimize hazards in the event of failure.
  - Outdoor use, use involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or use in conditions or environments not described in product catalogs or manuals
  - Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicle systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations
  - Systems, machines, and equipment that may present a risk to life or property
  - Systems that require a high degree of reliability, such as systems that supply gas, water, or electricity, or systems that operate continuously 24 hours a day
  - Other systems that require a similar high degree of safety
- 4. Never use the product for an application involving serious risk to life or property without first ensuring that the system is designed to secure the required level of safety with risk warnings and redundancy, and that the Yaskawa product is properly rated and installed.
- 5. The circuit examples and other application examples described in product catalogs and manuals are for reference. Check the functionality and safety of the actual devices and equipment to be used before using the product.
- 6. Read and understand all use prohibitions and precautions, and operate the Yaskawa product correctly to prevent accidental harm to third parties.

#### (4) Specifications Change

The names, specifications, appearance, and accessories of products in product catalogs and manuals may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. The next editions of the revised catalogs or manuals will be published with updated code numbers. Consult with your Yaskawa representative to confirm the actual specifications before purchasing a product.

# Harmonized Standards

North American Safety Standards (UL)

	Dus red C	<b>SAL®</b> US
	Model	UL Standards (UL File No.)
SERVOPACK	SGDV	UL508C (E147823)
Servomotor	SGMJV     SGMAV     SGMPS     SGMGV     SGMSV	UL1004 (E165827)

# European Directives

	C	E	
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	Model	European Directives	Harmonized Standards
		Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC	EN ISO13849-1: 2008 EN 954-1
SERVOPACK	SERVOPACK SGDV	EMC Directive 2004/108/EC	EN 55011 /A2 group 1, class A EN 61000-6-2 EN 61800-3
		Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC	EN 50178 EN 61800-5-1
Servomotor	• SGMJV • SGMAV • SGMPS	EMC Directive 2004/108/EC	EN 55011 /A2 group 1, class A EN 61000-6-2 EN 61800-3
	• SGMGV • SGMSV	Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC	EN 60034-1 EN 60034-5

# Safety Standards



	Model	Safety Standards	Standards
SERVOPACK		Safety of Machinery	EN ISO13849-1: 2008 EN 954-1 IEC 60204-1
	SGDV	Functional Safety	IEC 61508 series IEC 62061 IEC 61800-5-2
		EMC	IEC 61326-3-1

# ■ Safe Performance

Items	Standards	Performance Level
Safety Integrity Level	IEC 61508	SIL2
	IEC 62061	SILCL2
Probability of Dangerous Failure per Hour	IEC 61508 IEC 62061	$PFH \leftarrow 1.7 \times 10^{-9} [1/h]$ (0.17% of SIL2)
Category	EN 954-1	Category 3
Performance Level	EN ISO 13849-1	PL d (Category 3)
Mean Time to Dangerous Failure of Each Channel	EN ISO 13849-1	MTTFd: High
Average Diagnostic Coverage	EN ISO 13849-1	DCave: Low
Stop Category	IEC 60204-1	Stop category 0
Safety Function	IEC 61800-5-2	STO
Proof test Interval	IEC 61508	10 years

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**Revision History** 

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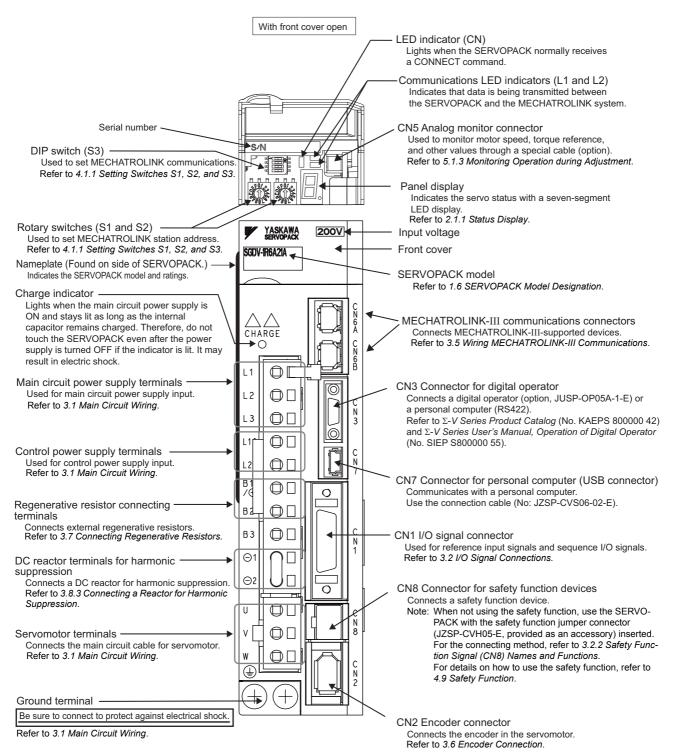
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# **1.1** $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs

The  $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs are designed for applications that require frequent high-speed, high-precision positioning. The SERVOPACK makes the most of machine performance in the shortest time possible, thus contributing to improving productivity.

# 1.2 Part Names

This section describes the part names of SGDV SERVOPACK for MECHATROLINK-III communications reference.



# **1.3** SERVOPACK Ratings and Specifications

This section describes the ratings and specifications of SERVOPACKs.

# 1.3.1 Ratings

Ratings of SERVOPACKs are as shown below.

### (1) SGDV with Single-phase, 100-V Rating

SGDV (Single Phase, 100 V)	R70	R90	2R1	2R8
Continuous Output Current [Arms]	0.66	0.91	2.1	2.8
Instantaneous Max. Output Current [Arms]	2.1	2.9	6.5	9.3
Regenerative Resistor *	None or external			
Main Circuit Power Supply	Single-phase, 100 to 115 VAC $^{+10\%}_{-15\%}$ , 50/60 Hz			
Control Power Supply	Single-phase, 100 to 115 VAC <sup>+10%</sup> <sub>-15%</sub> , 50/60 Hz			
Overvoltage Category	egory III			

\* Refer to 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors for details.

# (2) SGDV with Single-phase, 200-V Rating

SGDV (Single Phase, 200 V)	120 *1
Continuous Output Current [Arms]	11.6
Instantaneous Max. Output Current [Arms]	28
Regenerative Resistor *2	Built-in or external
Main Circuit Power Supply	Single-phase, 220 to 230 VAC $^{+10\%}_{-15\%}$ , 50/60 Hz
Control Power Supply	Single-phase, 220 to 230 VAC $^{+10\%}_{-15\%}$ , 50/60 Hz
Overvoltage Category	III

\*1. The official model number is SGDV-120A21A008000.

\*2. Refer to 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors for details.

# (3) SGDV with Three-phase, 200-V Rating

SGDV (Three Phase, 200 V)	R70	R90	1R6	2R8	3R8	5R5	7R6	120	180	200	330	470	550	590	780
Continuous Output Current [Arms]	0.66	0.91	1.6	2.8	3.8	5.5	7.6	11.6	18.5	19.6	32.9	46.9	54.7	58.6	78.0
Instantaneous Max. Output Current [Arms]	2.1	2.9	5.8	9.3	11.0	16.9	17	28	42	56	84	110	130	140	170
Regenerative Resistor *	None or external				Built-in or external							External			
Main Circuit Power Supply	Three-phase, 200 to 230 VAC <sup>+10%</sup> <sub>-15%</sub> , 50/60 Hz														
Control Power Supply	Single-phase, 200 to 230 VAC <sup>+10%</sup> <sub>-15%</sub> , 50/60 Hz														
Overvoltage Category	III														

\* Refer to 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors for details.

# (4) SGDV with Three-phase, 400-V Rating

SGDV (Three Phase, 400 V)	1R9	3R5	5R4	8R4	120	170	210	260	280	370
Continuous Output Current [Arms]	1.9	3.5	5.4	8.4	11.9	16.5	20.8	25.7	28.1	37.2
Instantaneous Max. Output Current [Arms]	5.5	8.5	14	20	28	42	55	65	70	85
Regenerative Resistor *	Built-in or external External									
Main Circuit Power Supply	Three-phase, 380 to 480 VAC <sup>+10%</sup> 15%, 50/60 Hz									
Control Power Supply	24 VDC ±15%									
Overvoltage Category	111									

\* Refer to 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors for details.

# **1.3.2** Basic Specifications

Basic specifications of SERVOPACKs are shown below.

Drive Method		Sine-wave current drive with PWM control of IGBT					
Feedback			Encoder: 13-bit (incremental), 17-bit, 20-bit (incremental/absolute)				
Surrounding Air Temperature		0°C to +55°C					
	Storage Temperature		-20°C to +85°C				
	Ambient Humidity		90% RH or less	With no freezing or condensation			
	Storage Humidity		90% RH or less	with no neezing of condensation			
	Vibration R	lesistance	4.9 m/s <sup>2</sup>	4.9 m/s <sup>2</sup>			
Operating Conditions	Shock Res	istance	19.6 m/s <sup>2</sup>				
Protection	Protection	Class	IP10	An environment that satisfies the following conditions. • Free of corrosive or flammable gases			
	Pollution Degree		2	<ul><li>Free of exposure to water, oil, or chemicals</li><li>Free of dust, salts, or iron dust</li></ul>			
	Altitude		1000 m or less				
	Others		Free of static electricity, strong electromagnetic fields, magnetic fields or exposure to radioactivity				
Harmonized Standards		UL508C EN50178, EN55011/A2 group1 classA, EN61000-6-2, EN61800-3, EN61800-5-1, EN954-1, IEC61508-1 to 4					
Mounting	Mounting		Standard: Base-mounted Optional: Rack-mounted or duct-ventilated				
	Speed Con	trol Range	1:5000 (The lower limit of the speed control range must be lower than the point at which the rated torque does not cause the servomotor to stop.)				
	Speed	Load Regulation	0% to 100% load: ±0.01% max. (at rated speed)				
Perfor-	Regu- lation <sup>*1</sup>	Voltage Regulation	Rated voltage ±10%: 0% (at rated speed)				
mance		Temperature Regulation	$25 \pm 25$ °C: $\pm 0.1\%$ max. (at rated speed)				
	Torque Control Tolerance (Repeatability)		±1%				
	Soft Start T Setting	īme	0 to 10 s (Can be set individually for acceleration and deceleration.)				

1

1.3.2 Basic Specifications

(conťd)

	Encoder Output Pulse		Phase A, B, C: lin Encoder output pu	e driver alse: any setting ratio (Refer to 4.4.5.)			
			Number of Channels	7 ch			
Seque Input	Sequence Input	Input Signals which can be allocated	Functions	<ul> <li>Homing deceleration switch (/DEC)</li> <li>External latch (/EXT 1 to 3)</li> <li>Forward run prohibited (P-OT), reverse run prohibited (N-OT)</li> <li>Forward external torque limit (/P-CL), reverse external torque limit (/N-CL)</li> <li>Signal allocations can be performed, and positive and negative logic can be changed.</li> </ul>			
I/O		Fixed Output	Servo alarm (ALM	A) output			
Signals			Number of Channels	3 ch			
Output Sign	Output Signals which can be allocated	Functions	<ul> <li>Positioning completion (/COIN)</li> <li>Speed coincidence detection (/V-CMP)</li> <li>Rotation detection (/TGON)</li> <li>Servo ready (/S-RDY)</li> <li>Torque limit detection (/CLT)</li> <li>Speed limit detection (/VLT)</li> <li>Brake (/BK)</li> <li>Warning (/WARN)</li> <li>Near (/NEAR)</li> <li>Signal allocations can be performed, and positive and negative logic can be changed.</li> </ul>				
RS422A Communi- cations	Interface	Digital operator (JUSP-OP05A-1-E), personal computer (can be connected with SigmaWin+)					
	Communi- cations	1:N Communi- cations	N = Up to 15 stations possible at RS422A				
Communi- cations Function	(CN3)	Axis Address Setting	Set by parameter				
	USB	Interface	Personal computer (can be connected with SigmaWin+)				
	Communi- cations (CN7) Standa		Complies with standard USB1.1. (12 Mbps)				
LED Displa	y		Panel display (seven-segment), CHARGE, L1, L2, and CN indicators				
MECHATR	OLINK-III ations Setting	1 Switches	Rotary Switch (S1, S2)	Position: 16 positions $\times$ 2 (Refer to 4.1.1)			
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		,	DIP Switch (S3)	Number of pins: Four pins (Refer to 4.1.1)			
Analog Monitor (CN5)		Number of points: 2 Output voltage: ± 10VDC (linearity effective range ± 8 V) Resolution: 16 bits Accuracy: ± 20 mV (Typ) Max. output current: ± 10 mA Settling time (± 1%): 1.2 ms (Typ)					
Dynamic Brake (DB)			Activated when a servo alarm or overtravelling occurs or when the power supply for the main circuit or servomotor is OFF.				
Regenerative Processing			Included *2				
Overtravel Prevention (OT)			Dynamic brake stop, deceleration to a stop, or free run to a stop at P-OT or N-OT				
Protective Function			Overcurrent, overvoltage, insufficient voltage, overload, regeneration error, and so on.				
Utility Function			Gain adjustment, a	alarm history, JOG operation, origin search, and so on.			

(cont'd)

	Input	/HWBB1, /HWBB2: Baseblock signal for power module
Safety Function	Output	EDM1: Monitoring status of internal safety circuit (fixed output)
	Standards *3	EN954 Category 3, IEC61508 SIL2
Option Module		Fully-closed module, safety module

\*1. Speed regulation by load regulation is defined as follows:

Speed regulation =  $\frac{\text{No-load motor speed}}{\text{Rated motor speed}} \times 100\%$ 

\*2. Refer to 1.3.1 Ratings for details on regenerative resistors.

\*3. Perform risk assessment for the system and be sure that the safety requirements are fulfilled.

1

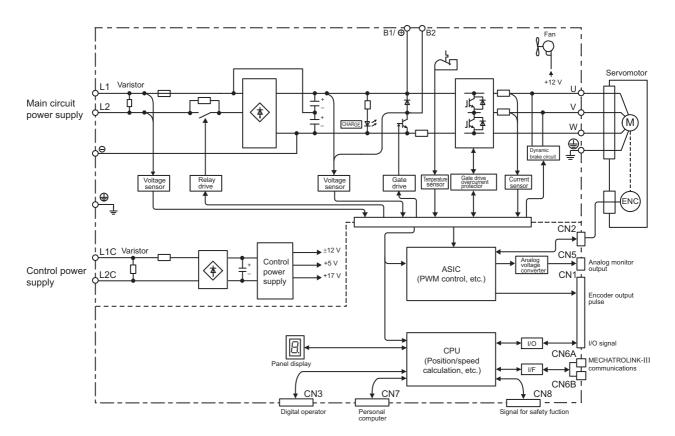
# **1.3.3** MECHATROLINK-III Function Specifications

The following table shows the specifications of MECHATROLINK-III.

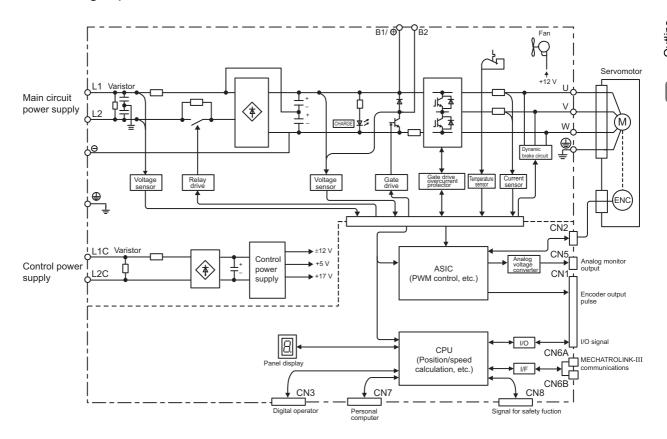
Funct	lion	Specifications
	Communication Protocol	MECHATROLINK-III
	Station Address	03H to EFH (Max. number of stations: 62) Use the rotary switches S1 and S2 to set the station address.
MECHATROLINK-III Communication	Baud Rate	100 Mpbs
	Transmission Cycle	$125~\mu s,250~\mu s,500~\mu s,750~\mu s,$ and $1.0~m s$ to $4.0~m s$ (increments of 0.5 ms)
	Number of Transmission Bytes	16, 32, or 48 bytes per station Use the DIP switch S3 to select the number of words.
	Control Method	Position, speed, or torque control with MECHATROLINK- III communication
Reference Method	Reference Input	MECHATROLINK commands (sequence, motion, data set- ting/reference, monitoring, or adjustment)
	Profile	MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile

# **1.4** SERVOPACK Internal Block Diagrams

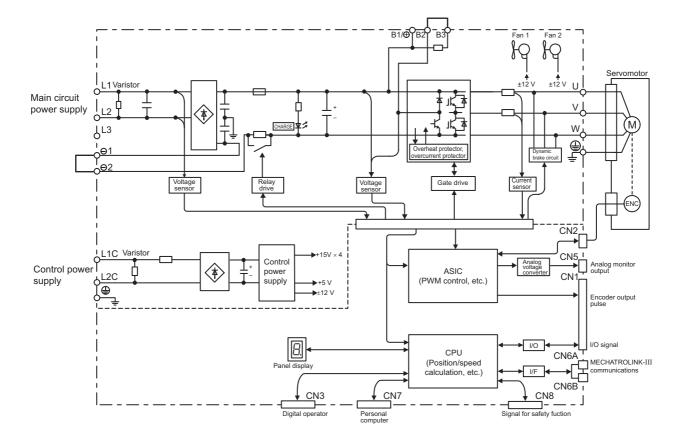
# 1.4.1 Single-phase 100 V, SGDV-R70F21A, -R90F21A, -2R1F21A Models



1.4.2 Single-phase 100 V, SGDV-2R8F21A Model

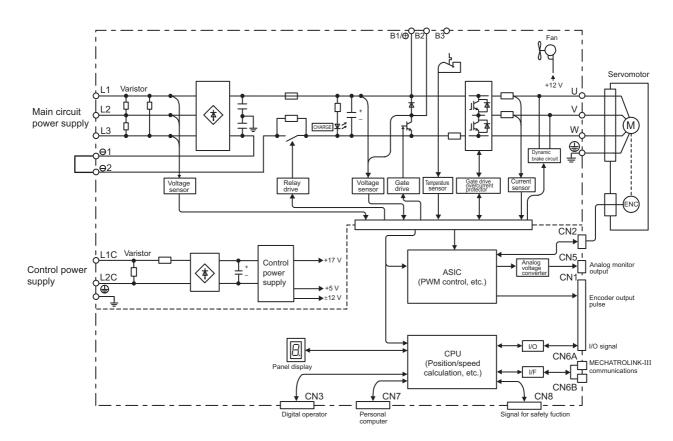


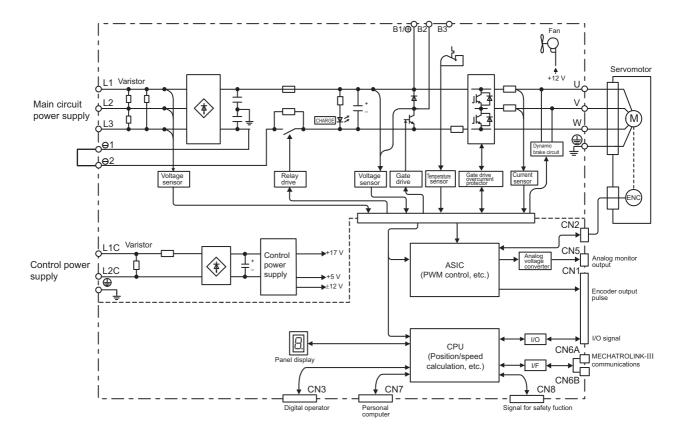
1.4.3 Single-phase 200 V, SGDV-120A21A008000 Model



# 1.4.3 Single-phase 200 V, SGDV-120A21A008000 Model

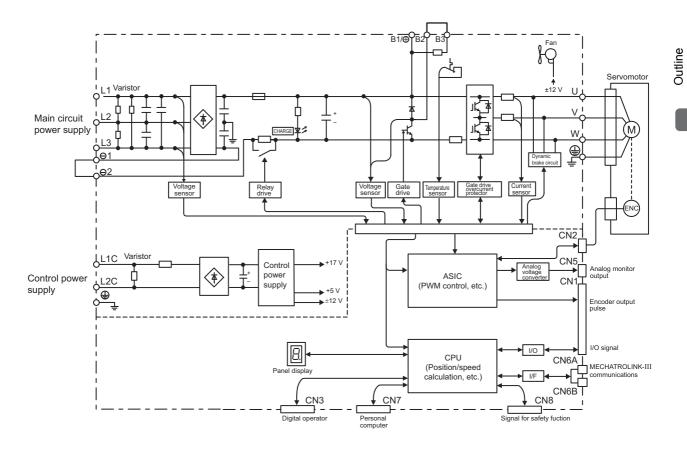
# 1.4.4 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-R70A21A, -R90A21A, -1R6A21A Models



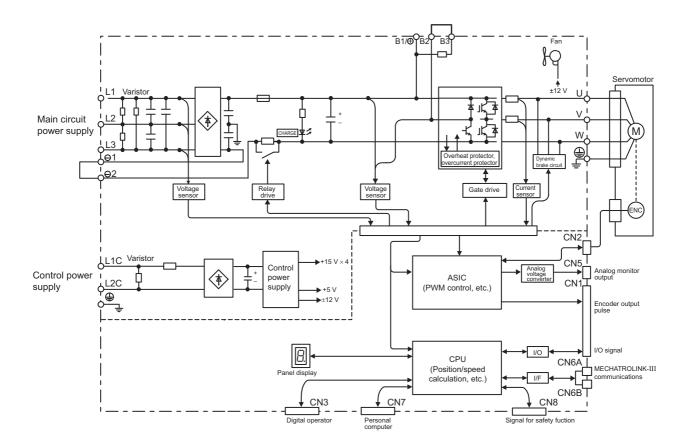


#### Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-2R8A21A Model 1.4.5



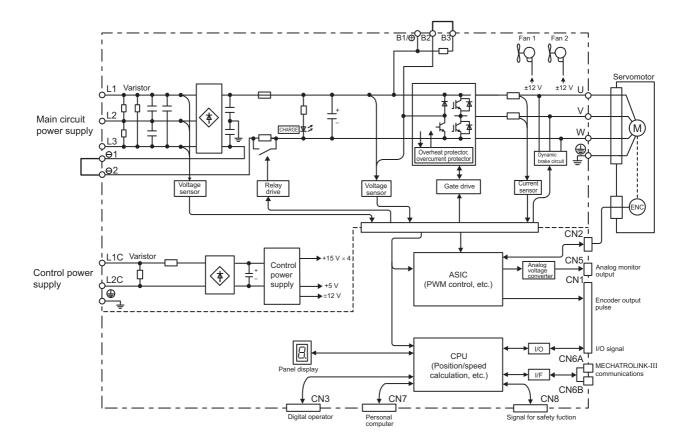


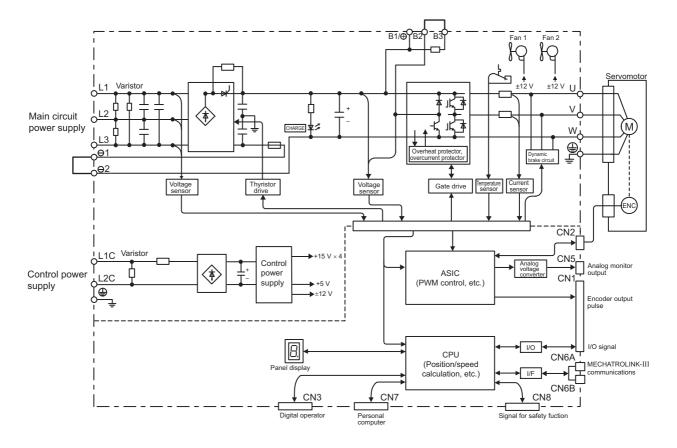
1.4.7 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-120A21A Model



# 1.4.7 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-120A21A Model

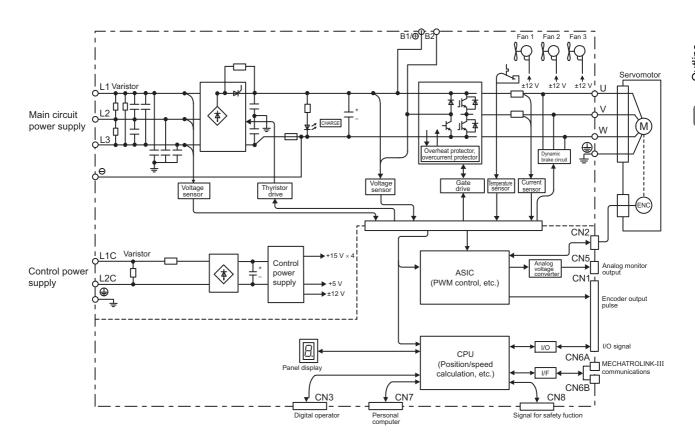
1.4.8 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-180A21A, -200A21A Models

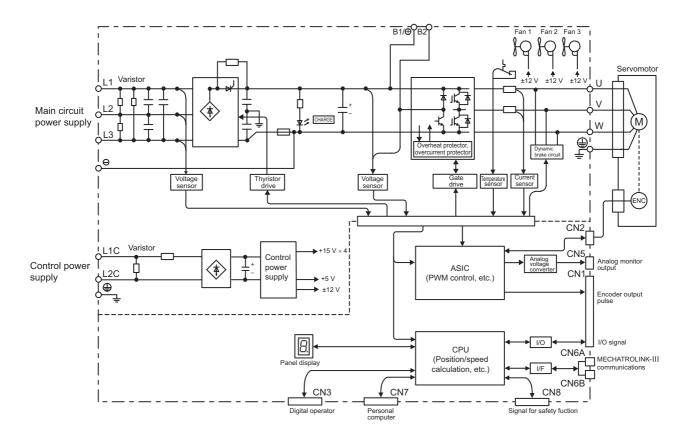




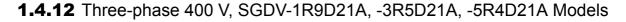
# 1.4.9 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-330A21A Model

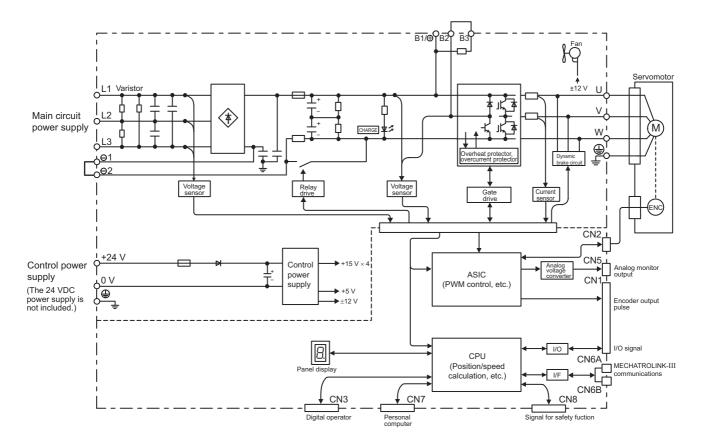
1.4.10 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-470A21A, -550A21A Models

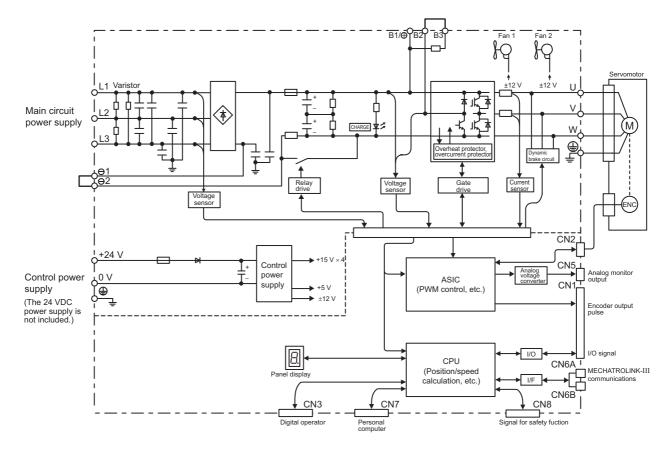




# 1.4.11 Three-phase 200 V SGDV-590A21A, -780A21A Models

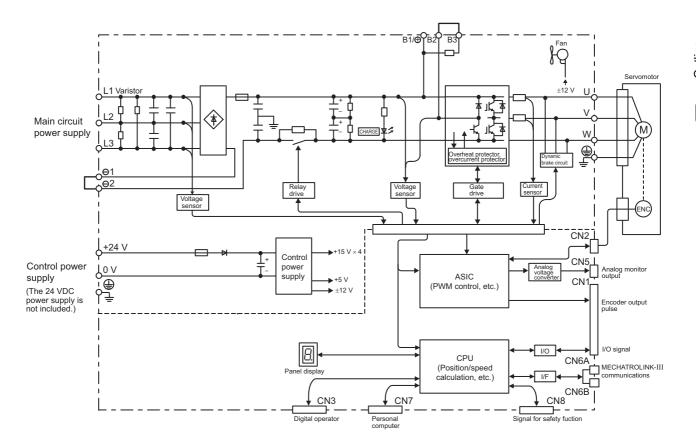


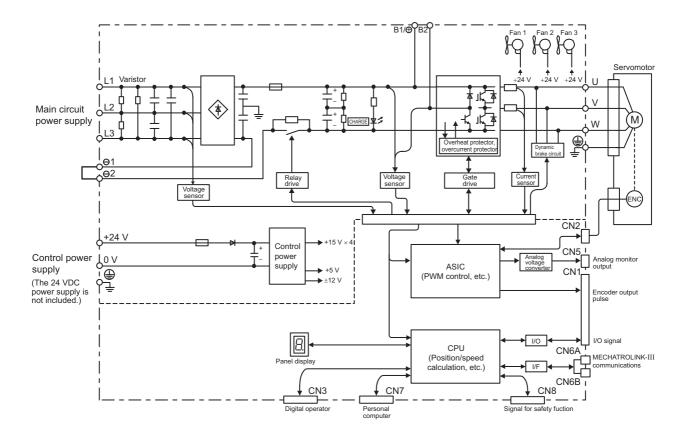




1.4.13 Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-8R4D21A, -120D21A Models

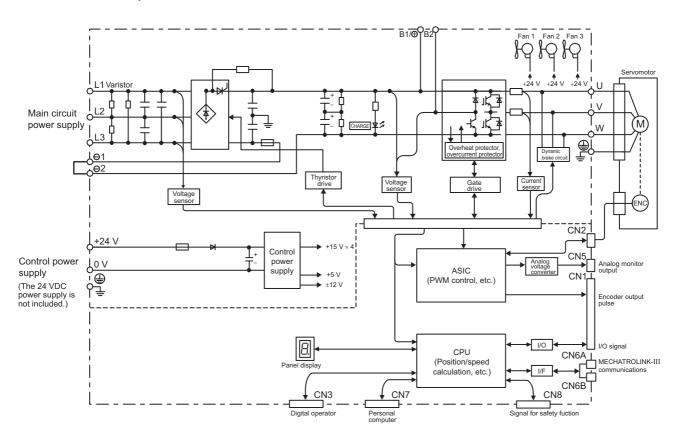
1.4.14 Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-170D21A Model



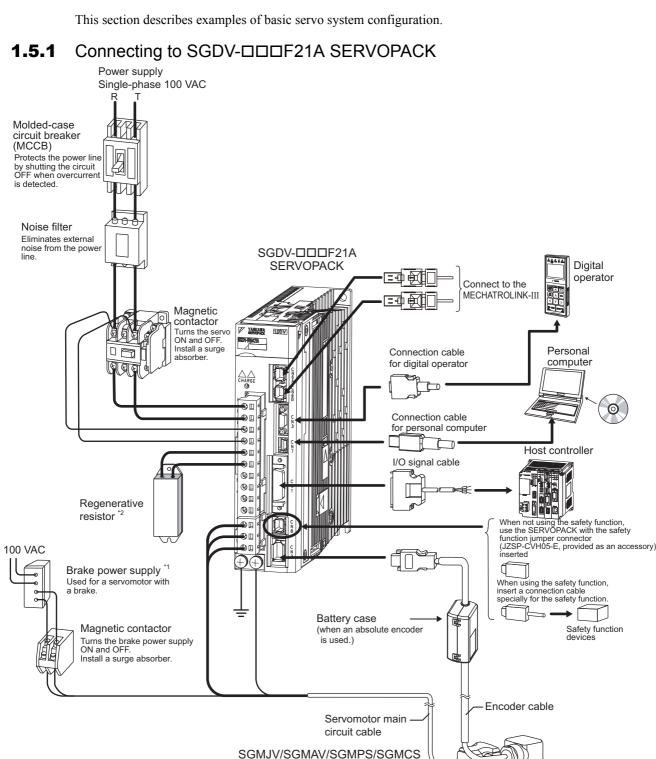


# 1.4.15 Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-210D21A, -260D21A Models

1.4.16 Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-280D21A, -370D21A Models



# **1.5** Examples of Servo System Configurations



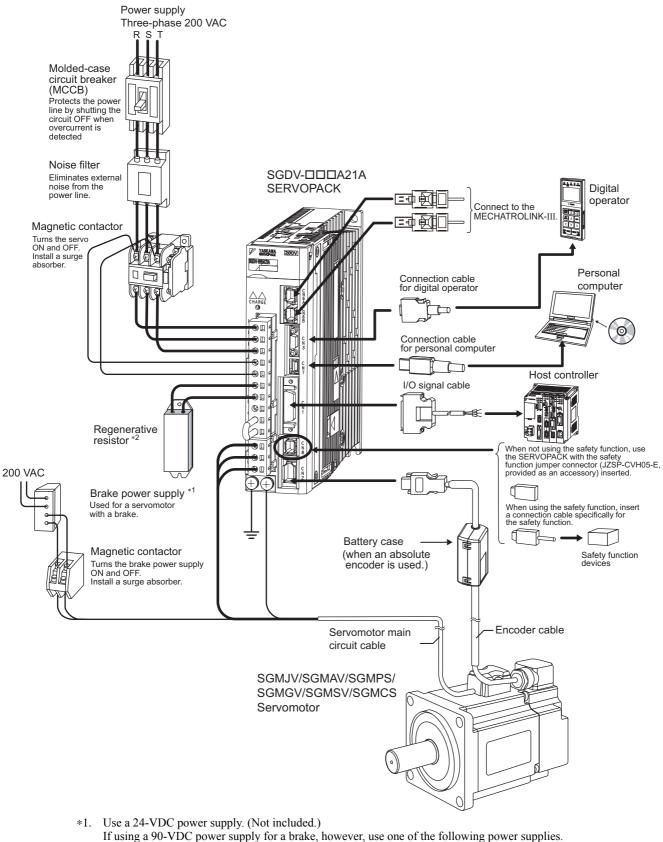
- \*1. Use a 24-VDC power supply. (Not included.)
- \*2. Before connecting an external regenerative resistor to the SERVOPACK, refer to 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors.

Servomotor

1.5.2 Connecting to SGDV-DDDA21A SERVOPACK

## **1.5.2** Connecting to SGDV-DDDA21A SERVOPACK

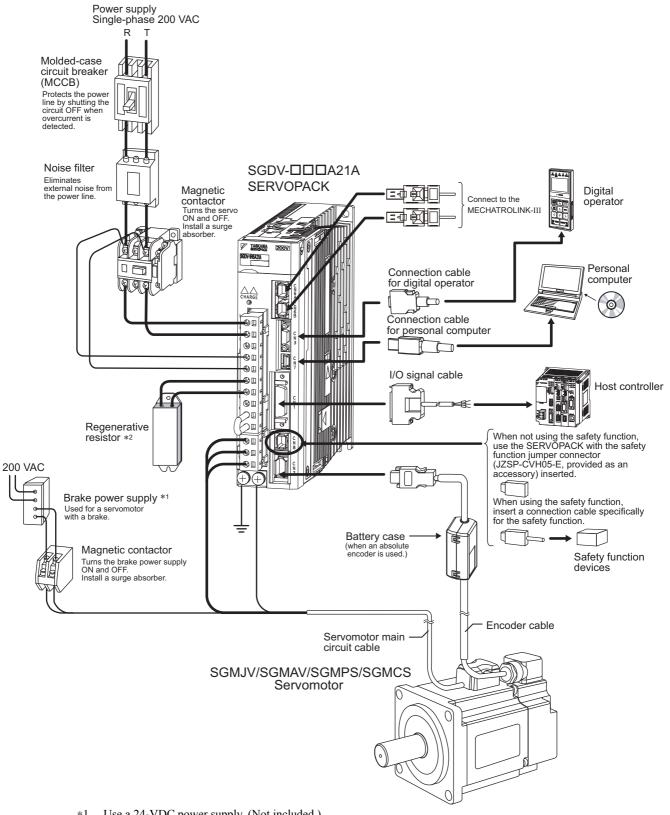
#### (1) Using a Three-phase, 200-V Power Supply



- For 200-V input voltage: LPSE-2H01-E
- For 100-V input voltage: LPDE-1H01-E
- For details, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42).
- \*2. Before connecting an external regenerative resistor to the SERVOPACK, refer to 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors.

#### (2) Using a Single-phase, 200-V Power Supply

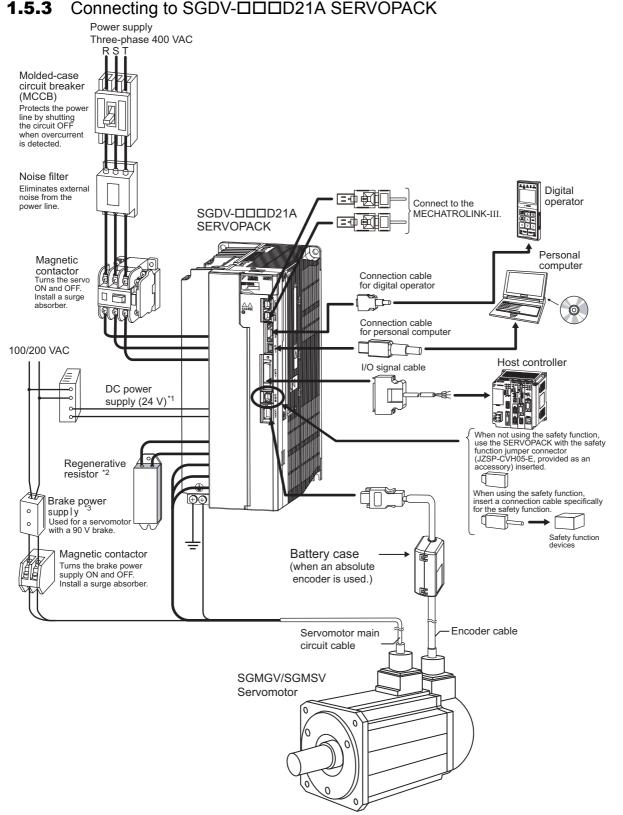
The  $\Sigma$ -V Series 200 V SERVOPACK generally specifies a three-phase power input but some models can be used with a single-phase 200 V power supply. Refer to 3.1.3 Using the SERVOPACK with Single-phase, 200 V Power Input for details.



- \*1. Use a 24-VDC power supply. (Not included.)
- \*2. Before connecting an external regenerative resistor to the SERVOPACK, refer to 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors

Outline

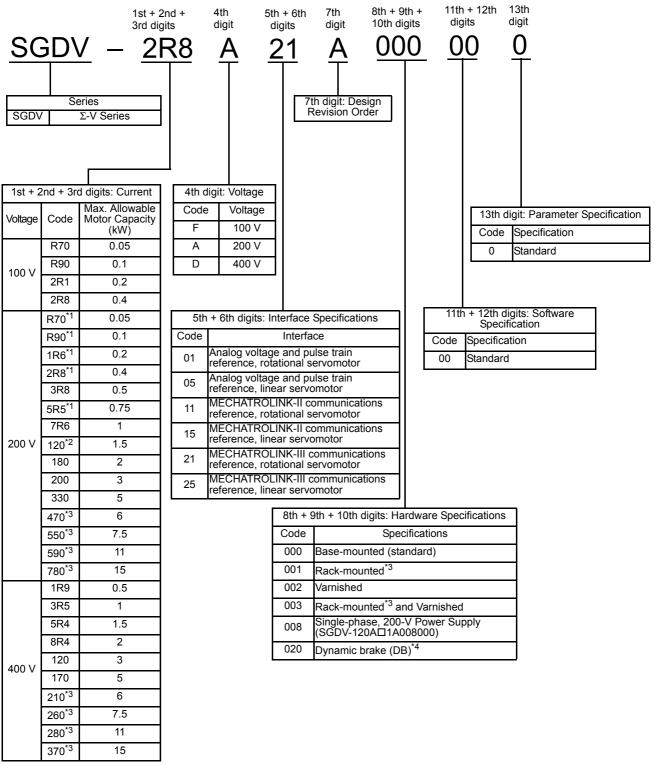
1.5.3 Connecting to SGDV-DDD21A SERVOPACK



- \*1. Use a 24-VDC power supply with double insulation or reinforced insulation. (The 24-VDC power supply is not included.) Do not use the same 24-VDC power supply for the brakes.
- \*2. Before connecting an external regenerative resistor to the SERVOPACK, refer to 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors.
- \*3. Use a 24-VDC power supply for a brake. (Not included.) If using a 90-VDC power supply for a brake, however, use one of the following power supplies.
  • For 200-V input voltage: LPSE-2H01-E
  • For 100-V input voltage: LPDE-1H01-E
  For details, refer to Σ-V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

# **1.6** SERVOPACK Model Designation

This section shows SERVOPACK model designation.



- \*1. These amplifiers can be powered with single or three-phase.
- \*2. SGDV-120A 1A008000, a special version of the 1.5 kW amplifier can be used for single-phase operation.
- \*3. SGDV-470A, -550A, -590A, -780A, -210D, -260D, -280D, and -370D are duct-ventilated types.
- \*4. The specifications differ in accordance with the power supply voltage of the SERVOPACK to be used.
  - For 100-V and 200-V SERVOPACKs: the DB function will be disabled when the SERVOPACK stops or the power supply is turned OFF.
  - For 400-V SERVOPACK: the DB resistor can be mounted onto the outside of the SERVOPACK. If the DB resistor is not mounted, the DB function will be disabled.
- Note: If the option codes digits 8 to 13 are all zeros, they are omitted.

Outline

# **1.7** Inspection and Maintenance

This section describes the inspection and maintenance of SERVOPACK.

#### (1) SERVOPACK Inspection

For inspection and maintenance of the SERVOPACK, follow the inspection procedures in the following table at least once every year. Other routine inspections are not required.

Item	Frequency	Procedure	Comments
Exterior		Check for dust, dirt, and oil on the surfaces.	Clean with compressed air.
Loose Screws		Check for loose terminal block and connector screws.	Tighten any loose screws.

### (2) SERVOPACK's Parts Replacement Schedule

The following electric or electronic parts are subject to mechanical wear or deterioration over time. To avoid failure, replace these parts at the frequency indicated.

Refer to the standard replacement period in the following table and contact your Yaskawa representative. After an examination of the part in question, we will determine whether the parts should be replaced or not.



The parameters of any SERVOPACKs overhauled by Yaskawa are reset to the factory settings before shipping. Be sure to confirm that the parameters are properly set before starting operation.

Part	Standard Replacement Period	Operating Conditions
Cooling Fan	4 to 5 years	
Smoothing Capacitor	7 to 8 years	• Surrounding Air Temperature: Annual average of
Other Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor	5 years	30°C • Load Factor: 80% max.
Relays	-	• Operation Rate: 20 hours/day max.
Fuses	10 years	

# 2

# Panel Display and Operation of Digital Operator

2.1 Panel Display	2-2
2.1.1 Status Display	2-2
2.1.2 Alarm and Warning Display	
2.1.3 Hard Wire Base Block Display	2-2
2.1.4 Overtravel Display	2-2
2.2 Operation of Digital Operator	2-3
2.3 Utility Functions (Fn	2-3
2.4 Parameters (Pn□□□)	2-4
2.4.1 Parameter Classification	2-4
2.4.2 Notation for Parameters	2-4
2.4.3 Setting Parameters	2-5
2.5 Monitor Displays (Un	2-7

2.1.1 Status Display

# 2.1 Panel Display

The servo status can be checked on the panel display of the SERVOPACK. Also, if an alarm or warning occurs, its alarm or warning number is displayed.

### 2.1.1 Status Display

The display shows the following status.

Display	Meaning	
8	Rotation Detection (/TGON) Lights if motor speed exceeds the value set in Pn502. (Factory setting: 20 min <sup>-1</sup> )	
8	Baseblock Lights for baseblock (Servomotor power OFF).	
8	Reference Input Lights when a reference is being input.	
Control Power Supply ON Lights when the control power is being supplied.		

### 2.1.2 Alarm and Warning Display

If an alarm or warning occurs, the display will change in the following order.

Example: Alarm A.E60

```
Status → Unlit → A, → Unlit → E → Unlit → G → Unlit → C → Unlit → Display
```

# 2.1.3 Hard Wire Base Block Display

If a hard wire base block (HWBB) occurs, the display will change in the following order.

→ Status → Unlit → H → Unlit → b → Unlit → b. → Unlit ¬ Display

# 2.1.4 Overtravel Display

If overtravelling occurs, the display will change in the following order.

(1) Overtravel at forward rotation (P-OT) eigenbox Current eigenbox status eigenbox Current ei

# **2.2** Operation of Digital Operator

Operation examples of utility functions (Fn $\square\square\square$ ), parameters (Pn $\square\square\square$ ) and monitor displays (Un $\square\square\square$ ) when using a digital operator are described in this chapter.

Operations can be also performed with SigmaWin+.

For more information on the usage of the digital operator, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series USER'S MANUAL Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55).

# **2.3** Utility Functions (FnDDD)

The utility functions are related to the setup and adjustment of the SERVOPACK.

The digital operator shows numbers beginning with Fn. The following table outlines the procedures necessary for an origin search (Fn003).

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	B B         - F U N C T I O N -           F n 0 0 2 : J O G         - <u>F n 0 0 3</u> : Z - Search         -           F n 0 0 4 : Program J O G         -           F n 0 0 5 : P rm Init         -		Press the 😴 Key to view the main menu for the util- ity function. Use the 🔥 or 🔽 Key to move through the list and select Fn003.
2	BB         -Z-Search-           Un000         =         00000           Un002         =         00000           Un003         =         000000774           Un00D         =         00000000000	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn003 execution display.
3	R U N         -Z - Search -           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 3 =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 4           U n 0 0 D =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	JOG SVON	Press the 🛞 Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON. Note: If the servomotor is already at the zero position, "-Complete-" is displayed.
4	R U N       - C o m p l e t e -         U n 0 0 0 =       0 0 0 0 0         U n 0 0 2 =       0 0 0 0 0         U n 0 0 3 =       0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0         U n 0 0 D =       0 0 0 0 0 0 1 D 5 8		Pressing the  Key will rotate the servomotor in the forward direction. Pressing the  Key will rotate the servomotor in the reverse direction. The rotation direction of the servomotor changes according to the setting of Pn000.0 as shown in the following table.         Parameter        key         Pn000       n. □ □ 0         n. □ □ 1       CW         Note: Direction when viewed from the load of the servomotor.         Press the  or  Y Key until the servomotor stops. If the origin search completed normally, "-Complete-" is displayed on the right top on the screen.
5	B B         -Z-Search-           U n 0 0 0         0           U n 0 0 2         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 3         0 0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 3         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 D         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	JOG SVON	When the origin search is completed, press the Key. The status display changes from "RUN" to "BB", and the servomotor turns OFF. The display "-Complete-" changes to "-Z-Search"
6	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn002:JOG           Fn003:Z-Search           Fn004:Program JOG           Fn005:Prm Init	MODE/SET	Press the 🐨 Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.
7	To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again.		

2.4.1 Parameter Classification

# **2.4** Parameters (PnDDD)

This section describes the classifications, methods of notation, and settings for parameters given in this manual.

# 2.4.1 Parameter Classification

Parameters of the  $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACK are classified into two types of parameters. One type of parameters is required for setting up the basic conditions for operation and the other type is required for tuning parameters that are required to adjust servomotor characteristics.

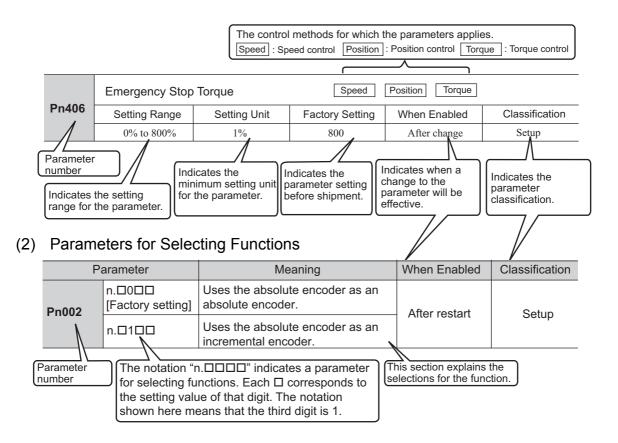
Classification Meaning		Display Method	Setting Method
		Always displayed (Factory setting: Pn00B.0 = 0)	Set each parameter individu- ally.
Tuning ParametersParameters for tuning con- trol gain and other parame- ters.		Set Pn00B.0 to 1.	There is no need to set each parameter individually.

There are two types of notation used for parameters, one for parameter that requires a value setting (parameter for numeric settings) and one for parameter that requires the selection of a function (parameter for selecting functions).

The notation and settings for both types of parameters are described next.

# **2.4.2** Notation for Parameters

### (1) Parameters for Numeric Settings



#### Notation Example

	Digit Notation		Setting Notation	
n.0000	Notation	Meaning	Notation	Meaning
1st digit	Pn002.0	Indicates the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.0 = x or n.□□□x	Indicates that the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002 is x.
2nd digit	Pn002.1	Indicates the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.1 = x or n.□□x□	Indicates that the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002 is x.
→ 3rd digit	Pn002.2	Indicates the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.2 = x or n.□x□□	Indicates that the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002 is x.
→ 4th digit	Pn002.3	Indicates the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.3 = x or n.x□□□	Indicates that the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002 is x.

#### Digital Operator Display (Display Example for Pn002)

# 2.4.3 Setting Parameters

### (1) How to Make Numeric Settings Using Parameters

The following example shows how to change the setting of parameter Pn304 (JOG speed) to 1000 min<sup>-1</sup>.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	$ \begin{array}{c c} B B & -P R M / M O N - \\ \hline U & n & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U & n & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U & n & 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U & n & 0 & 0 & D & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \end{array} $	MODE/SET	Press the Key to select the main menu of parameters and monitor displays.
2	$\begin{array}{c c} B B & -P R M \swarrow MON - \\ \hline U & n & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U & n & 0 & 0 & 2 & = & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U & n & 0 & 0 & 8 & = & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U & n & 0 & 0 & D & = & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \end{array}$	< >	Press the < or 🗲 Key to move the cursor to "Un."
3	$\begin{array}{c c} B B & -P R M \not M O N - \\ \hline P n 0 0 0 = n . 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{array}$		Press the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key to change "Un" to "Pn."
4	BB − P RM ∕ MON − P n 0 0 0 = n.0000 U n 0 0 2 = 00000 U n 0 0 8 = 00000 p u   s e U n 0 0 D = 0000000	>	Press the > Key to move the cursor to the column on the right of "Pn."
5	$ \begin{array}{c c} B B & -P R M / M O N - \\ P n \underline{3} 0 4 = 0 0 5 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{array} $	< >	Press the arrow keys to display "Pn304". To move the cursor to different columns: < , > Key To change the settings: ∧, ∨ Key
6	$ \begin{array}{c} B B & -P R M / M O N - \\ P n 3 0 4 = 0 0 5 0 \underline{0} \\ U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{array} $	DATA	Press the $\begin{bmatrix} DAR_n \end{bmatrix}$ Key to move the cursor to the one's place of Pn304.
7	$\begin{array}{c c} B B & -P R M / M O N - \\ P n 3 0 4 = 0 0 5 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{array}$	<	Press the Key twice to move the cursor to the hundred's place of Pn304.
8	BB - PRM / MON - Pn 3 0 4 = 0 1 0 0 0 Un 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Un 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Press the <b>A</b> Key five times to change the setting to "1000."

#### 2.4.3 Setting Parameters

#### (cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
9	$\begin{array}{c c} BB & -PRM \not MON - \\ Pn304 = 01000 \\ Un002 = 00000 \\ Un008 = 00000 \\ Un00 = 00000 \\ Un00 = 0000000 \end{array}$	DATA	Press the Key to write the settings.

### (2) How to Select Functions Using Parameters

The following example shows how to set the function section for insufficient voltage of the application function select switch 8 (Pn008) to 1 "detects warning and limits torque by host controller."

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	$ \begin{array}{c c} B B & - P R M / MON - \\ U n 0 0 \underline{0} = & 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 2 = & 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 8 = & 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{array} $	MODE/SET	Press the Key to select the main menu of parameters and monitor displays.
2	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	< >	Press the < or > Key to move the cursor to "Un."
3	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Press the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key to change "Un" to "Pn."
4	$ \begin{array}{c c} B B & -P R M / MON - \\ P n 0 0 \underline{0} = n 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{array} $	>	Press the > Key three times to move the cursor to the column on the right of "Pn."
5	BB - PRM / MON - Pn008 = n.4000 Un002 = 00000 Un008 = 00000 Un008 = 00000 Un00D = 000000000000000000000000000000000		Press the <b>A</b> Key to display "Pn008."
6	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	DATA	Press the Key to move the cursor to "Pn008.0."
7	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	<	Press the Key once to move the cursor to "Pn008.1."
8	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	٨	Press the <b>A</b> Key to change the setting of "Pn008.1" to "1."
9	$ \begin{array}{c c} BB & -PRM / MON - \\ Pn008 = n.4010 \\ Un002 = 00000 \\ Un008 = 00000 \\ Un00D = 000000 \\ \end{array} $	DATA	Press the Key to write the settings.

# **2.5** Monitor Displays (Un

The monitor displays can be used for monitoring the reference values, I/O signal status, and SERVOPACK internal status.

For details, refer to 7.2 Viewing Monitor Displays.

The digital operator shows numbers beginning with Un.

The following four settings are the factory settings.

# Wiring and Connection

3.1 Main Circuit Wiring	
3.1.1 Main Circuit Terminals         3.1.2 Using a Standard Power Supply	
(Single-phase 100 V, Three-phase 200 V, or Three-phase 400 V)	
3.1.3 Using the SERVOPACK with Single-phase, 200 V Power Input	
3.1.4 Using the SERVOPACK with a DC Power Input	
3.1.5 Using More Than One SERVOPACK	
3.1.6 General Precautions for Wiring	
3.2 I/O Signal Connections	
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3 Wiring and Connection

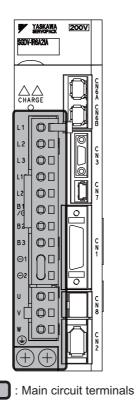
3.1.1 Main Circuit Terminals

# **3.1** Main Circuit Wiring

The names and specifications of the main circuit terminals are given below.

Also this section describes the general precautions for wiring and precautions under special environments.

# 3.1.1 Main Circuit Terminals



Terminal Symbols	Name	Model SGDV-	Specification
L1, L2	Main circuit power input terminals	DDDF	Single-phase 100 to 115 V, +10% to -15% (50/60 Hz)
L1, L2, L3			Three-phase 200 to 230 V, +10% to -15% (50/60 Hz)
LT, LZ, LU			Three-phase 380 to 480 V, +10% to -15% (50/60 Hz)
L1C, L2C	O antral a sura inc. t	DDDF	Single-phase 100 to 115 V, +10% to -15% (50/60 Hz)
210, 220	Control power input terminals		Single-phase 200 to 230 V, +10% to -15% (50/60 Hz)
24V, 0V		DDD	24 VDC, ±15%
		R70F, R90F, 2R1F, 2R8F, R70A, R90A, 1R6A, 2R8A	If the regenerative capacity is insufficient, connect an external regenerative resistor between B1/ <sup>(*)</sup> and B2. Note: The external regenerative resistor is not included.
B1/⊕, B2 <sup>*1</sup>	External regenerative resistor connection terminals	3R8A, 5R5A, 7R6A, 120A, 180A, 200A, 330A, 1R9D, 3R5D, 5R4D, 8R4D, 120D, 170D	If the internal regenerative resistor is insufficient, remove the lead or shorting bar between B2 and B3 and connect an external regenerative resistor between B1/☉ and B2. Note: The external regenerative resistor is not included.
		470A, 550A, 590A, 780A, 210D, 260D, 280D, 370D	Connect a regenerative resistor unit between B1/ <sup>(</sup> ) and B2. Note: The regenerative resistor unit is not included.

(cont'd)

Terminal Symbols	Name	Model SGDV-	Specification					
⊝1, ⊝2 <sup>*2</sup>	DC reactor connection terminal for power supply harmonic suppression		If a countermeasure against power supply harmonic waves is needed, connect a DC reactor between $\bigcirc 1$ and $\bigcirc 2$ .					
<b>B1/</b> ⊕	Main circuit positive terminal		Use when DC power supply input is used.					
⊝2 or ⊝	Main circuit negative terminal		Use when DC power suppry input is used.					
U, V, W	Servomotor connection terminals	Use for connecting to the servomotor.						
	Ground terminals $(\times 2)$	Use for connecting the poterminal.	Jse for connecting the power supply ground terminal and servomotor ground erminal.					

\*1. Do not short-circuit between B1/@ and B2. It may damage the SERVOPACK.

\*2. The DC reactor connection terminals are short-circuited when the SERVOPACK is shipped from the factory: ⊙1 and ⊙2.

# **3.1.2** Using a Standard Power Supply (Single-phase 100 V, Three-phase 200 V, or Three-phase 400 V)

#### (1) Wire Types

Use the following type of wire for main circuit.

	Cable Type	Allowable Conductor Temperature °C			
Symbol	Name				
IV	600 V grade polyvinyl chloride insulated wire	60			
HIV	600 V grade heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wire	75			

The following table shows the wire sizes and allowable currents for three wires. Use wires with specifications equal to or less than those shown in the table.

• 600 V grade heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wire (HIV)

AWG Size	Nominal Cross Section	Configuration (Number of	Conductive Resistance	Allowable Current at Surrounding Air Temperature (A)				
	Diameter (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Wires/mm <sup>2</sup> )	(Ω/km)	30°C	40°C	50°C		
20	0.5	19/0.18	39.5	6.6	5.6	4.5		
19	0.75	30/0.18	26.0	8.8	7.0	5.5		
18	0.9	37/0.18	24.4	9.0	7.7	6.0		
16	1.25	50/0.18	15.6	12.0	11.0	8.5		
14	2.0	7/0.6	9.53	23	20	16		
12	3.5	7/0.8	5.41	33	29	24		
10	5.5	7/1.0	3.47	43	38	31		
8	8.0	7/1.2	2.41	55	49	40		
6	14.0	7/1.6	1.35	79	70	57		
4	22.0	7/2.0	0.85	91	81	66		

Note: The values in the table are for reference only.

3.1.2 Using a Standard Power Supply (Single-phase 100 V, Three-phase 200 V, or Three-phase 400 V)

### (2) Main Circuit Wires

This section describes the main circuit wires for SERVOPACKs.



- The specified wire sizes are for use when the three lead cables are bundled and when the rated electric current is applied with a surrounding air temperature of 40°C.
- Use a wire with a minimum withstand voltage of 600 V for the main circuit.
- If cables are bundled in PVC or metal ducts, take into account the reduction of the allowable current.
- Use a heat-resistant wire under high surrounding air or panel temperatures, where polyvinyl chloride insulated wires will rapidly deteriorate.

#### ■ Single-phase, 100 V

Terminal	Name	SGDV-DDDF					
Symbols	Nume	R70	R90	2R1	2R8		
L1, L2	Main circuit power input terminals	HIV1.25 HIV2.0			/2.0		
L1C, L2C	Control power input terminals	HIV1.25					
U, V, W	Servomotor connection terminals	HIV1.25					
B1/⊕, B2	External regenerative resistor connection terminals						
Ð	Ground terminal	HIV2.0 or larger					

#### ■ Three-phase, 200 V

Terminal	Name		SGDV-□□□A (Unit: mm <sup>2</sup> )												
Symbols		R70 R90	1R6	2R8	3R8	5R5	7R6	120	180	200	330	470	550	590	780
L1, L2, L3	Main circuit power input terminals	HIV1.25			HIV2.0			HIV3.5		HIV 5.5	HIV 8.0	HIV 14.0	HIV	22.0	
L1C, L2C	Control power input terminals		HIV1.25												
U, V, W	Servomotor connection terminals	HIV1.25			HIV2.0			HIV 3.5	HIV 5.5	HIV 8.0	HIV	14.0	HIV	22.0	
B1/⊕, B2	External regenerative resistor connection terminals	HIV1.25				HIV 2.0	HIV 3.5	HIV 5.5	HIV	/8.0	HIV	22.0			
	Ground terminal	HIV2.0 or larger													

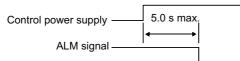
#### ■ Three-phase, 400 V

Terminal	Name	SGDV-DDD (Unit: mm <sup>2</sup> )									
Symbols		1R9	3R5	5R4	8R4	120	170	210	260	HIV         HIV           5.5         8.0	370
L1, L2, L3	Main circuit power input terminals	HIV1.25			HIV	/2.0	HIV3.5		HIV 5.5		HIV 14.0
24V, 0V	Control power input terminals	HIV1.25									
U, V, W	Servomotor connection terminals	HIV1.25		HIV	/2.0	HIV 3.5 HIV		/5.5		HIV 14.0	
B1/⊕, B2	External regenerative resistor connection terminals	HIV1.25				HIV 2.0	HIV35		HIV 5.5	HIV 8.0	
	Ground terminal				H	HIV2.0 or larger					

#### (3) Typical Main Circuit Wiring Examples

Note the following points when designing the power ON sequence.

- Design the power ON sequence so that main power is turned OFF when a servo alarm signal (ALM) is output.
- The ALM signal is output for a maximum of five seconds when the control power is turned ON. Take this into consideration when designing the power ON sequence. Design the sequence so the ALM signal is activated and the alarm detection relay (1Ry) is turned OFF to stop the main circuit's power supply to the SERVOPACK.



• Select the power supply specifications for the parts in accordance with the input power supply.

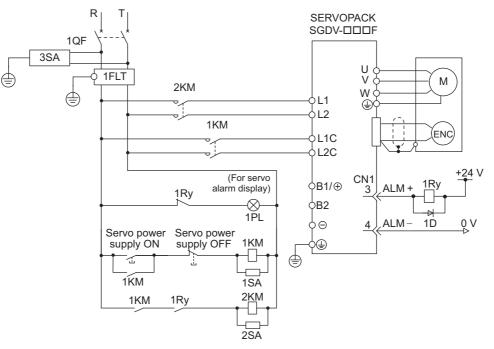


 When turning ON the control power supply and the main circuit power supply, turn them ON at the same time or turn the main circuit power supply after the control power supply. When turning OFF the power supplies, first turn the power for the main circuit OFF and then turn OFF the control power supply.

The typical main circuit wiring examples are shown below.

# 

- Do not touch the power supply terminals after turning OFF the power. High voltage may still remain in the SERVOPACK, resulting in electric shock. When the voltage is discharged, the charge indicator will turn OFF. Make sure the charge indicator is OFF before starting wiring or inspections.
- Single-phase 100 V, SGDV-□□□F (SGDV-R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, -2R8F)



1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker

1FLT: Noise filter

1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply) 2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply) 1Ry: Relay

1PL: Indicator lamp 1SA: Surge absorber 2SA: Surge absorber 3SA: Surge absorber

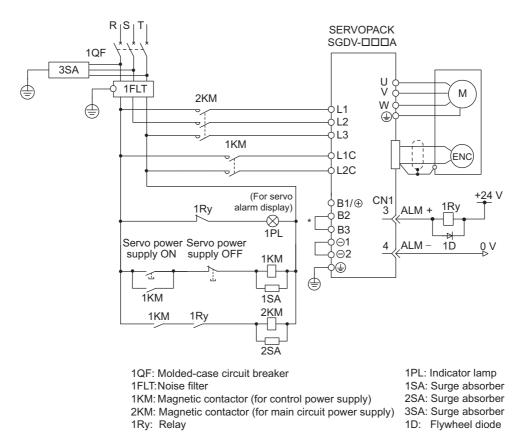
1D: Flywheel diode

Wiring and Connection

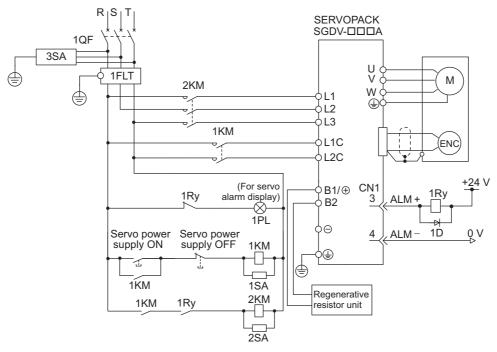
3.1.2 Using a Standard Power Supply (Single-phase 100 V, Three-phase 200 V, or Three-phase 400 V)

#### ■ Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-□□□A

• SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, -3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, -330A



- \* For the SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, terminals B2 and B3 are not short-circuited. Do not short-circuit these terminals.
- SGDV-470A, -550A, -590A, -780A



1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker

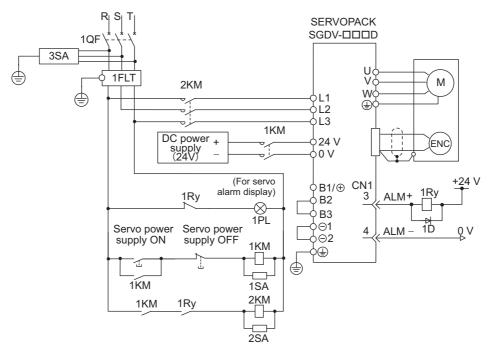
1FLT: Noise filter

1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply) 2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply) 1Ry: Relay

- 1PL: Indicator lamp 1SA: Surge absorber
- 2SA: Surge absorber
- 3SA: Surge absorber
- 1D: Flywheel diode

#### ■ Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-□□□D

• SGDV-1R9D, -3R5D, -5R4D, -8R4D, -120D, -170D



1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker

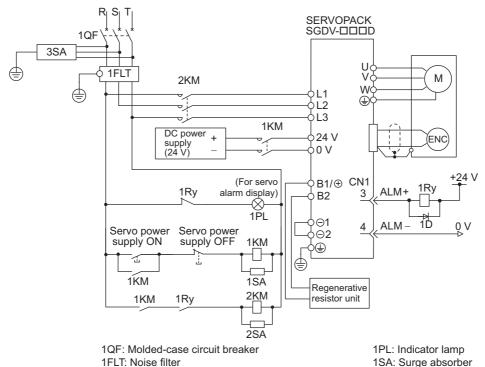
1FLT: Noise filter

1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply) 2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply) 1Ry: Relay

1PL: Indicator lamp 1SA: Surge absorber 2SA: Surge absorber 3SA: Surge absorber

1D: Flywheel diode





1Ry: Relay

- 1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply) 2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)
- 2SA: Surge absorber 3SA: Surge absorber 1D: Flywheel diode

3.1.2 Using a Standard Power Supply (Single-phase 100 V, Three-phase 200 V, or Three-phase 400 V)

### (4) Power Supply Capacities and Power Losses

The following table shows the SERVOPACK's power supply capacities and power losses.

Main Circuit Power Supply	Maximum Applicable Servomotor Capacity [kW]	SERVOPACK Model SGDV-	Power Supply Capacity per SERVOPACK [kVA]	Output Current [Arms]	Main Circuit Power Loss [W]	Regenerative Resistor Power Loss [W]	Control Circuit Power Loss [W]	Total Power Loss [W]
	0.05	R70F	0.2	0.66	5.4			22.4
Single- phase,	0.1	R90F	0.3	0.91	7.8	_	17	24.8
100 V	0.2	2R1F	0.7	2.1	14.4		17	31.4
	0.4	2R8F	1.4	2.8	25.6			42.6
	0.05	R70A	0.2	0.66	5.1			22.1
	0.1	R90A	0.3	0.91	7.3	_		24.3
	0.2	1R6A	0.6	1.6	13.5			30.5
	0.4	2R8A	1	2.8	24.0		17	41.0
	0.5	3R8A	1.4	3.8	20.1			45.1
	0.75	5R5A	1.6	5.5	43.8	8		68.8
Three-	1.0	7R6A	2.3	7.6	53.6			78.6
phase,	1.5	120A	3.2	11.6	65.8	10		97.8
200 V	2.0	180A	4	18.5	111.9	16	22	149.9
	3.0	200A	5.9	19.6	113.8	10		161.4
	5.0	330A	7.5	32.9	263.7	36	27	326.7
	6.0	470A	10.7	46.9	279.4	(180)*1	33	312.4
	7.5	550A	14.6	54.7	357.8		55	390.8
	11	590A	21.7	58.6	431.7	(350) <sup>*2</sup>	48	479.7
	15	780A	29.6	78	599.0		48	647.0
	0.5	1R9D	1.1	1.9	24.6			59.6
	1.0	3R5D	2.3	3.5	46.1	14	21	81.1
	1.5	5R4D	3.5	5.4	71.3			106.3
	2.0	8R4D	4.5	8.4	77.9	28	25	130.9
Three-	3.0	120D	7.1	11.9	108.7	28	25	161.7
phase, 400 V	5.0	170D	11.7	16.5	161.1	36	24	221.1
	6.0	210D	12.4	20.8	172.7	(100)*3	27	199.7
	7.5	260D	14.4	25.7	218.6	(180)*3	27	245.6
	11	280D	21.9	28.1	294.6	(250)*4	30	324.6
	15	370D	30.6	37.2	403.8	(350)*4	30	433.8

\*1. The value in parentheses is for the JUSP-RA04-E regenerative resistor unit.

\*2. The value in parentheses is for the JUSP-RA05-E regenerative resistor unit.

\*3. The value in parentheses is for the JUSP-RA18-E regenerative resistor unit.

\*4. The value in parentheses is for the JUSP-RA19-E regenerative resistor unit.

Note 1. SGDV-R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, -2R8F, -R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, and -2R8A SERVOPACKs do not have built-in regenerative resistors. Connect an external regenerative resistor if the regenerative energy exceeds the specified value.

2. SGDV-470A, -550A, -590A, -780A, -210D, -260D, -280D, and -370D SERVOPACKs do not have built-in regenerative resistors. Make sure that a regenerative resistor unit or an external regenerative resistor is connected. Refer to 3.7 *Connecting Regenerative Resistors* for details.

3. Regenerative resistor power losses are the allowable losses. Take the following actions if this value is exceeded.

 Remove the lead or shorting bar between terminals B2 and B3 on the SERVOPACK main circuit for SGDV-3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, -330A, and 400-V SERVOPACKs.

• Install an external regenerative resistor. Refer to 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors for details.

4. Both the regenerative resistor unit and the external regenerative resistor are not included.

#### (5) How to Select Molded-case Circuit Breaker and Fuse Capacities

The following table shows the SERVOPACK's current capacities and inrush current. Select a molded-case circuit breaker and fuses in accordance with these specifications.

Main	Maximum	SERVO-	Power Sup-	Current	Capacity	Inrush	Current	
Circuit Power Supply	Applicable Servomotor Capacity [kW]	PACK Model SGDV-	ply Capacity per SER- VOPACK [kVA]	Main Circuit [Arms]	Control Circuit [Arms]	Main Circuit [A0-p]	Control Circuit [A0-p]	
	0.05	R70F	0.2	1.5				
Single- phase,	0.1	R90F	0.3	2.5	0.38	16.5	35	
100 V	0.2	2R1F	0.7	5	0.50	10.5	55	
	0.4	2R8F	1.4	10				
	0.05	R70A	0.2	1.0				
	0.1	R90A	0.3	1.0			70	
	0.2	1R6A	0.6	2.0			70	
	0.4	2R8A	1	3.0	0.2			
Three- phase,	0.5	3R8A	1.4	3.0		33		
	0.75	5R5A	1.6	6.0		33		
	1.0	7R6A	2.3	6.0				
	1.5	120A	3.2	7.3				
200 V	2.0	180A	4	9.7	0.25		33	
	3.0	200A	5.9	15				
	5.0	330A	7.5	25				
	6.0	470A	10.7	29	0.3	65.5		
	7.5	550A	14.6	37				
	11	590A	21.7	54	0.45	100	48	
	15	780A	29.6	73	0.45	109	48	
	0.5	1R9D	1.1	1.4				
	1.0	3R5D	2.3	2.9	1.2	17		
	1.5	5R4D	3.5	4.3				
	2.0	8R4D	4.5	5.8		24		
Three-	3.0	120D	7.1	8.6	1.4	34		
phase, 400 V	5.0	170D	11.7	14.5		57	_	
	6.0	210D	12.4	17.4	1.5	24		
	7.5	260D	14.4	21.7	1.5	34		
	11	280D	21.9	31.8		(0	+	
	15	370D	30.6	43.4	1.7	68		

3

Note 1. To comply with the EU low voltage directive, connect a fuse to the input side as protection against accidents caused by short-circuits.

Select fuses or molded-case circuit breakers that are compliant with UL standards. The table above also provides the net values of current capacity and inrush current. Select a fuse and a moldedcase circuit breaker which meet the breaking characteristics shown below.

• Main circuit, control circuit: No breaking at three times the current values shown in the table for 5 s.

• Inrush current: No breaking at the current values shown in the table for 20 ms.

3.1.2 Using a Standard Power Supply (Single-phase 100 V, Three-phase 200 V, or Three-phase 400 V)

SERVOPACK Model SGDV-	Restrictions
180A, 200A	Available rated current for modeled-case circuit breaker: 40 A or less
330A	<ul> <li>Available rated current for non-time delay fuse: 70 A or less</li> <li>Available rated current for time delay fuse: 40 A or less</li> <li>Do not use single wires.</li> </ul>
470A, 550A	<ul> <li>Available rated current for molded-case circuit breaker: 60 A or less</li> <li>Available rated current for non-time delay fuse or time delay fuse: 60 A or less</li> </ul>
590A, 780A	<ul> <li>Available rated current for molded-case circuit breaker: 100 A or less.</li> <li>Available rated current for non-time delay fuse or time delay fuse: 100 A or less</li> <li>(Available rated current for a non-time delay, Class J fuse or a faster fuse: 125 A or less)</li> </ul>
210D, 260D	<ul> <li>Available rated current for molded-case circuit breaker: 60 A or less.</li> <li>Available rated current for non-time-delay fuse: 60 A or less.</li> <li>Available rated current for time delay fuse: 35 A or less</li> </ul>
280D, 370D	<ul> <li>Available rated current for molded-case circuit breaker: 80 A or less</li> <li>Available rated current for non-time delay fuse: 125 A or less</li> <li>Available rated current for time delay fuse: 75 A or less</li> </ul>

2. The following restrictions apply to UL standard compliance conditions.

# 3.1.3 Using the SERVOPACK with Single-phase, 200 V Power Input

Some models of  $\Sigma$ -V series three-phase 200 V power input SERVOPACK can be used also with a single-phase 200 V power supply.

The following models support a single-phase 200-V power input. SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, -5R5A

When using the SERVOPACK with single-phase, 200 V power input, set parameter Pn00B.2 to 1.

There is no need to change the parameter for a SGDV-120A21A008000 SERVOPACK because it uses a single-phase 200 V power supply.

#### (1) Parameter Setting

#### Single-phase Power Input Selection

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification	
Pn00B	[Factory setting] SERVOPACK.	Enables use of three-phase power supply for three-phase SERVOPACK.	After restart	Setup	
	n.□1□□	Enables use of single-phase power supply for three-phase SERVOPACK.	inter restart	Settip	

🛝 WARNING

- If single-phase 200 V is input to a SERVOPACK with a single-phase power input without changing the setting of Pn00B.2 to 1 (single-phase power input), a main circuit cable open phase alarm (A.F10) will be detected.
- SERVOPACK models other than those for single-phase 200-V power input do not support single-phase power input. If a single-phase 200 V is input to the SERVOPACK that do not support single-phase power input, the main circuit cable open phase alarm (A.F10) will be detected.
- When using a single-phase 200 V power supply, the SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, or -5R5A SER-VOPACK may not be able to produce the same servomotor torque-speed characteristics as using a threephase 200 V power input. Refer to the diagram of each servomotor torque-speed characteristics in *Σ*-V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

#### (2) Main Circuit Power Input Terminals

Connect a single-phase 200 V power supply of the following specifications to L1 and L2 terminals.

The specifications of the power supplies other than the main circuit power supply are the same as for threephase power supply input.

Terminal Symbols	Name	Model SGDV-□□□A	Specifications
L1, L2	Main circuit nower	R70, R90, 1R6, 2R8, 5R5	Single-phase 200 V to 230 V, +10% to -15% (50/60 Hz)
L1, L2		120*2	Single-phase 220 V to 230 V, +10% to -15% (50/60 Hz)
L3 <sup>*1</sup>	-	R70, R90, 1R6, 2R8, 5R5	None

\*1. Do not use L3 terminal.

\*2. The official model number is SGDV-120A21A008000.

3.1.3 Using the SERVOPACK with Single-phase, 200 V Power Input

### (3) Main Circuit Wire for SERVOPACKs

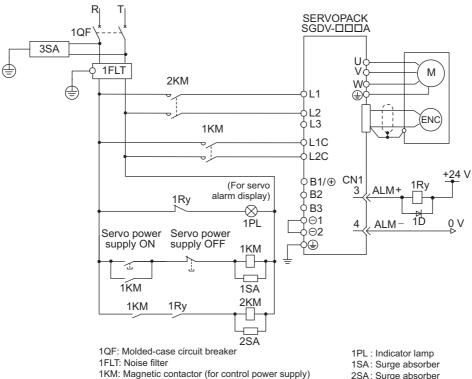
Terminal	Name	Model SGDV-□□□A (Unit: mm <sup>2</sup> )							
Symbols		R70	R90	1R6	2R8	5R5	120*		
L1, L2	Main circuit power input terminals	HIV1.25 HIV2.0				HIV3.5			
L1C, L2C	Control power input terminals	HIV1.25							
U, V, W	Servomotor connection terminals	HIV1.25				HIV2.0			
B1/⊕, B2	External regenerative resistor con- nection terminals	HIV1.25							
Ð	Ground terminal			HIV2.0	or larger				

\* The official model number is SGDV-120A21A008000.

#### (4) Wiring Example with Single-phase 200-V Power Supply Input

#### ■ SERVOPACK with Single-phase, 200-V Power Supply

Applicable SERVOPACK Model: SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, -5R5A, and -120A21A008000.



2KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply) 2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)

1Ry: Relay

- 2SA: Surge absorber 3SA: Surge absorber
  - 3SA: Surge absorber 1D: Flywheel diode

### (5) Power Supply Capacities and Power Losses

The following table shows SERVOPACK's power supply capacities and power losses when using single-phase 200 V power supply.

Main Circuit Power Supply	Maximum Applicable Servomotor Capacity [kW]	SERVOPACK Model SGDV-	Power Supply Capacity per SERVOPACK [kVA]	Output Current [Arms]	Main Circuit Power Loss [W]	Regenerative Resistor Power Loss [W]	Control Circuit Power Loss [W]	Total Power Loss [W]
	0.05	R70A	0.2	0.66	5.2			22.2
	0.1	R90A	0.3	0.91	7.4	_		24.4
Single-phase,	0.2	1R6A	0.7	1.6	13.7	_	17	30.7
200 V	0.4	2R8A	1.2	2.8	24.9			41.9
	0.75	5R5A	1.9	5.5	52.7	8		77.7
	1.5	120A*	4	11.6	68.2	10	22	100.2

\* The official model number is SGDV-120A21A008000.

Note 1. SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, and -2R8A SERVOPACKs do not have built-in regenerative resistors. If the regenerative energy exceeds the specified value, connect an external regenerative resistor between B1/  $\oplus$  and B2.

 Regenerative resistor power losses are allowable losses. Take the following action if this value is exceeded.
 Remove the lead or shorting bar between terminals B2 and B3 on the SERVOPACK main circuit of SGDV-5R5A, -120A SERVOPACKs.

- Install an external regenerative resistor between external regenerative resistor connection terminals B1/ $_{\oplus}$  and B2.
- 3. External regenerative resistors are not included.

#### (6) How to Select Molded-case Circuit Breaker and Fuse Capacities

The following table shows the SERVOPACK's current capacities and inrush current when using single-phase 200 V power supply. Select a molded-case circuit breaker and fuses in accordance with these specifications.

	Maximum		Power Supply	Current (	Current Capacity		Current	Ī
Main Circuit Power Supply	Applicable Servomotor Capacity [kW]	SERVOPACK Model SGDV-	Capacity per SERVOPACK [kVA]	Main Circuit [Arms]	Control Circuit [Arms]	Main Circuit [A0-p]	Control Circuit [A0-p]	
	0.05	R70A	0.2	2				-
	0.1	R90A	0.3	2		0.2 33	70	
Single-phase,	0.2	1R6A	0.7	3	0.2		70	
200 V	0.4	2R8A	1.2	5				
	0.75	5R5A	1.9	9			22	- :
	1.5	120A*	4	16	0.25		33	_

\* The official model number is SGDV-120A21A008000.

Note 1. To comply with the EU low voltage directive, connect a fuse to the input side as protection against accidents caused by short-circuits. Select the fuse for the input side that are compliant with UL standards. The table above also provides the net values of current capacity and inrush current. Select a fuse and a molded-

- case circuit breaker which meet the breaking characteristics shown below.
- Main circuit, control circuit: No breaking at three times the current values shown in the table for 5 s.
- Inrush current: No breaking at the current values shown in the table for 20 ms.
- 2. The following restrictions apply to UL standard compliance conditions for SGDV-120A21A008000 SERVO-PACKs.

Current rating when using molded-case circuit breaker: 40 A max.

3.1.4 Using the SERVOPACK with a DC Power Input

# **3.1.4** Using the SERVOPACK with a DC Power Input

### (1) Parameter Setting

When using a DC power supply, make sure to set the parameter Pn001.2 to 1 (DC power input supported) before inputting DC power.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn001	n.0000	Enables use of AC power input.	After restart	Setup
n.0100		Enables use of DC power input.	The Testart	Setup

Observe the following precautions.

<ul> <li>Either AC or DC power can be input to the 200-V, 400-V SERVOPACKs. Always set Pn001.2 to 1 to specify a DC power input before inputting DC power. Only AC power can be input to the 100-V SERVOPACKs. If DC power is input without changing the parameter setting, the SERVOPACK's internal elements will burn and may cause fire or damage to the equipment.</li> </ul>
• With a DC power input, time is required to discharge electricity after the main power supply is turned OFF. A high residual voltage may remain in the SERVOPACK after the power supply is turned OFF. Be careful not to get an electric shock.
Install fuses on the wires if DC power is used.
Sonyometer returns a regenerated operation to the power supply. The SEDVOPACK that can use a DC

- Servomotor returns a regenerated energy to the power supply. The SERVOPACK that can use a DC
  power supply is not capable of processing the regenerated energy. Provide measures to process the
  regenerated energy on the power supply.
- With a DC power input, connect an external inrush current limit circuit. Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the equipment.

### (2) DC Power Supply Input Terminals for the Main and Control Circuits

# Three-phase, 200 V for SGDV- $\Box\Box\BoxA$

Ierminal Symbols	Name	Specifications
B1/ ⊕	Main circuit positive terminal	270 to 320 VDC
⊖ 2	Main circuit negative terminal	0 VDC
L1C, L2C	Control power input terminal	200 to 230 VAC

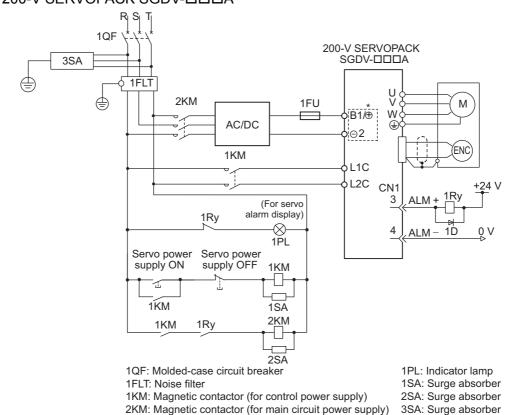
■ Three-phase 200-V SGDV-□□□A (□□□ = 470, 550, 590, 780)

Terminal Symbols	Name	Specifications
B1/ ⊕	Main circuit positive terminal	270 to 320 VDC
$\ominus$	Main circuit negative terminal	0 VDC
L1C, L2C	Control power input terminal	200 to 230 VAC

### ■ Three-phase, 400 V for SGDV-□□□D

#### (□□□ = 1R9, 3R5, 5R4, 8R4, 120, 170, 210, 260, 280, 370)

Terminal Symbols	Name	Specifications
B1/ ⊕	Main circuit positive terminal	513 to 648 VDC
⊖ 2	Main circuit negative terminal	0 VDC
24 V, 0 V	Control power input terminal	24 VDC±15%



#### (3) Wiring Example with DC Power Supply Input

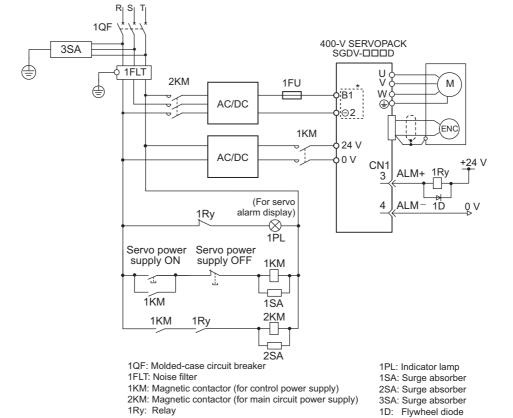
■ 200-V SERVOPACK SGDV-□□□A

3SA: Surge absorber

- 1D: Flywheel diode
- \* Terminal names differ depending on model of SERVOPACK. Refer to (2) DC Power Supply Input Terminals for the Main and Control Circuits.



1Ry: Relay



Terminal names differ depending on model of SERVOPACK. Refer to (2) DC Power Supply Input Terminals for the Main and Control Circuits.

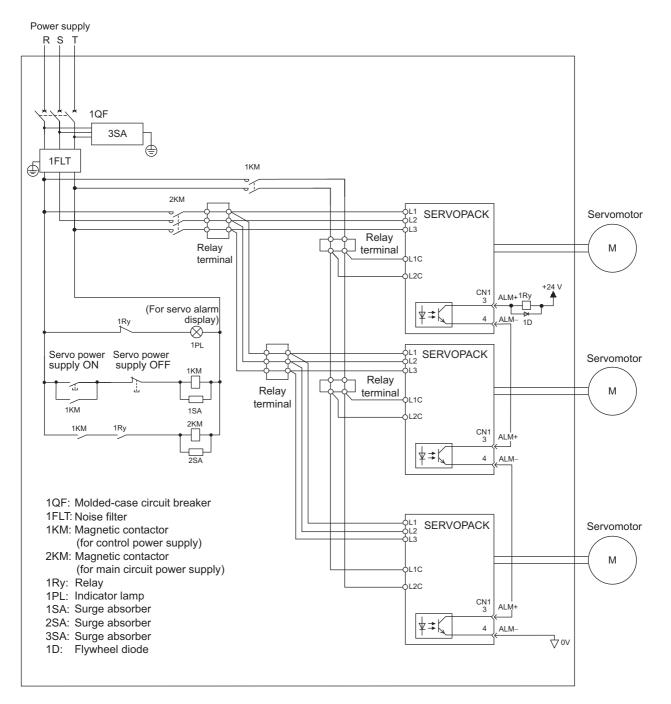
3.1.5 Using More Than One SERVOPACK

### 3.1.5 Using More Than One SERVOPACK

This section shows an example of the wiring and the precautions when more than one SERVOPACK is used.

#### (1) Wiring Example

Connect the alarm output (ALM) terminals for three SERVOPACKs in series to enable alarm detection relay 1RY to operate. When the alarm occurs, the ALM output signal transistor is turned OFF.



#### (2) Precautions

Multiple SERVOPACKs can share a single molded-case circuit breaker (1QF) or noise filter. Always select a molded-case circuit breaker or noise filter that has enough capacity for the total power supply capacity (load conditions) of the SERVOPACKs.

# **3.1.6** General Precautions for Wiring

<ul> <li>Use a molded-case circuit breaker (1QF) or fuse to protect the main circuit. The SERVOPACK connects directly to a commercial power supply; it is not isolated through a transformer or other device. Always use a molded-case circuit breaker (1QF) or fuse to protect the servo system from accidents involving different power system voltages or other accidents.</li> <li>Install a ground fault detector. The SERVOPACK does not have a built-in protective circuit for grounding. To configure a safer system, install a ground fault detector against overloads and short-circuiting, or install a ground fault detector combined with a molded-case circuit breaker.</li> <li>Do not turn the power ON and OFF more than necessary.</li> <li>Do not use the SERVOPACK for applications that require the power to turn ON and OFF frequently. Such applications will cause elements in the SERVOPACK to deterriorate</li> </ul>

To ensure safe, stable application of the servo system, observe the following precautions when wiring.

- Use the connection cables specified in the  $\Sigma$ -V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42). Design and arrange the system so that each cable will be as short as possible.
- Use shielded twisted-pair cables or screened unshielded twisted-pair cables for I/O signal cables and encoder cables.
- The maximum wiring length is 3 m for I/O signal cables, 50 m for encoder cables or servomotor main circuit cables, and 10 m for control power supply cables for the SERVOPACK with a 400-V power supply (+24 V, 0 V).
- Observe the following precautions when wiring the ground.
  - Use a cable as thick as possible (at least 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup>).
  - Grounding to a resistance of 100  $\Omega$  or less for 100-V, 200-V SERVOPACKs, 10  $\Omega$  or less for 400-V SERVOPACKs is recommended.
  - Be sure to ground at only one point.
  - Ground the servomotor directly if the servomotor is insulated from the machine.
- The signal cable conductors are as thin as  $0.2 \text{ mm}^2$  or  $0.3 \text{ mm}^2$ . Do not impose excessive bending force or tension.

3.2.1 I/O Signal (CN1) Names and Functions

# 3.2 I/O Signal Connections

This section describes the names and functions of I/O signals (CN1). Also connection examples by control method are shown.

# 3.2.1 I/O Signal (CN1) Names and Functions

The following table shows the names and functions of I/O signals (CN1).

### (1) Input Signals

Signal	Pin No.	Name	Function	Refer- ence Section
P-OT (/SI1) N-OT (/SI2)	7 8	Forward run prohibited, Reverse run prohibited	With overtravel prevention: Stops servomotor when movable part travels beyond the allowable range of motion.	4.3.1
/DEC (/SI3)	9	Homing deceleration switch signal	Connects the deceleration limit switch for homing.	_
/EXT 1 (/SI4) /EXT 2 (/SI5) /EXT 3 (/SI6)	10 11 12	External latch signal 1 External latch signal 2 External latch signal 3	Connects the external signals that latch the current feedback pulse counter.	-
/SI0	13	General-purpose input signal	Used for general-purpose input. Monitored in the I/O monitor field of MECHATROLINK-II.	_
+24VIN	6	Control power supply for sequence signal	Control power supply input for sequence signals. Allowable voltage fluctuation range: 11 to 25 V Note: The 24 VDC power supply is not included.	3.4.1
BAT (+) BAT (-)	14 15	Battery (+) input signal Battery (-) input signal	Connecting pin for the absolute encoder backup battery. Do not connect when the encoder cable with the battery case is used.	3.6.2 4.7.1
/P-CL /N-CL	Can be allocated	Forward external torque limit Reverse external torque limit	The allocation of an input signal to a pin can be changed in accordance with the function required.	_

Note 1. The allocation of the input signals (/SI1 to /SI6) can be changed. For details, refer to 3.3.1 Input Signal Allocations.

2. If the Forward run prohibited/ Reverse run prohibited function is used, the SERVOPACK is stopped by software controls, not by electrical or mechanical means. If the application does not satisfy the safety requirements, add an external circuit for safety reasons as required.

# (2) Output Signals

Signal	Pin No.	Name	Function	Refer- ence Section
ALM+ ALM-	3 4	Servo alarm output signal	alarm output Turns OFF when an error is detected.	
/BK+ (/SO1+) /BK- (/SO1-)	1 2	Brake interlock signal	gnal Controls the brake. The brake is released when the signal turns ON. Allocation can be changed to general-purpose output signals (/SO1+, /SO1-).	
/SO2+ /SO2- /SO3+ /SO3-	23 24 25 26	General-purpose output signal	Used for general-purpose output. Note: Set the parameter to allocate a function.	_
/COIN /V-CMP /TGON /S-RDY /CLT /VLT /WARN /NEAR	Can be allocated	Positioning comple- tion Speed coincidence detection Rotation detection servo ready Torque limit Speed limit detection Warning Near	The allocation of an output signal to a pin can be changed in accordance with the function required.	_
PAO /PAO	17 18	Phase-A signal	Encoder output pulse signals for two-phase pulse train with	
PBO /PBO	19 20	Phase-B signal	90° phase differential	4.4.4 4.7.5
PCO /PCO	21 22	Phase-C signal	Origin pulse output signal	
SG	16	Signal ground	Connects to the 0 V pin on the control circuit of the host con- troller.	
FG	Shell	Frame ground	Connected to frame ground if the shielded wire of the I/O sig- nal cable is connected to the connector shell.	_

Note: The allocation of the output signals (/SO1 to /SO3) can be changed. For details, refer to 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations.

# 3.2.2 Safety Function Signal (CN8) Names and Functions

The following table shows the terminal layout of safety function signals (CN8).

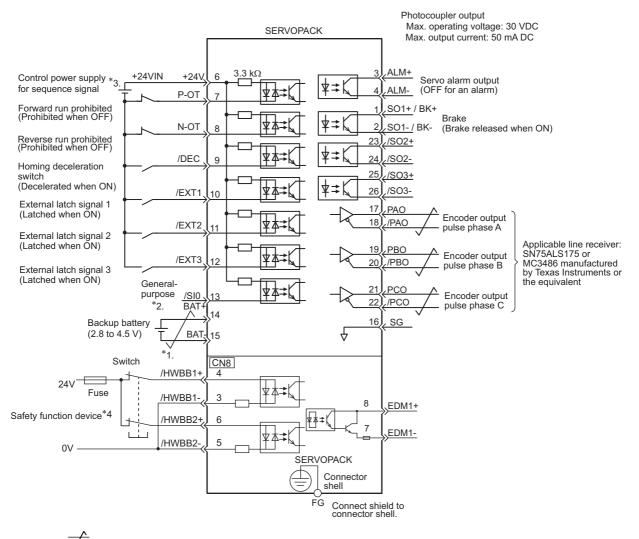
Signal Name	Pin No.	Function		
/HWBB1+	4	Hard wire baseblock input 1		
/HWBB1-	3	That whe baseblock input i	For hard wire baseblock input. Baseblock (motor current off) when OFF.	
/HWBB2+	6	Hard wire baseblock input 2		
/HWBB2-	5	That whe baseblock input 2		
EDM1+	8		ON when the /HWBB1 and the	
EDM1-	7	Monitored circuit status output 1	/HWBB2 signals are input and the SERVOPACK enters a baseblock state.	
_	1*	-		
-	2*	-		

\* Do not use pins 1 and 2 because they are connected to the internal circuits.

3.2.3 Example of I/O Signal Connections

# 3.2.3 Example of I/O Signal Connections

The following diagram shows a typical connection example.



- \*1.  $\checkmark$  represents twisted-pair wires.
- \*2. Connect when using an absolute encoder. When the encoder cable with the battery case is connected, do not connect a backup battery.
- \*3. The 24-VDC power supply is not included. Use a 24-VDC power supply with double insulation or reinforced insulation.
- \*4. When using the safety function, a safety function device must be connected and the wiring that is necessary to activate the safety function must be done to turn ON the servomotor power. When not using the safety function, use the SERVOPACK with the JZSP-CVH05-E Plug (provided as an accessory) inserted into the CN8.
- Note: The functions allocated to the input signals /DEC, P-OT, N-OT, /EXT1, /EXT2, and /EXT3 and the output signals /SO1, /SO2, and /SO3 can be changed by using the parameters. Refer to 3.3.1 Input Signal Allocations and 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations.

# **3.3** I/O Signal Allocations

This section describes the I/O signal allocations.

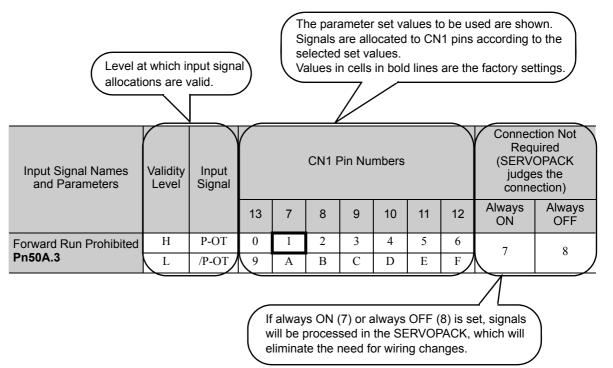
# **3.3.1** Input Signal Allocations

IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>Inverting the polarity of the forward run prohibited and reverse run prohibited signals from the factory setting will prevent the overtravel function from working in case of sig- nal line disconnections or other failures.</li> <li>If this setting is absolutely necessary, check the operation and confirm that there are no safety problems.</li> </ul>
	• When two or more signals are allocated to the same input circuit, input signal level is valid for all allocated signals, resulting in an unexpected machine operation.

Input signals are allocated as shown in the following table.

Refer to the Interpreting the Input Signal Allocation Tables and change the allocations accordingly.

<Interpreting the Input Signal Allocation Tables>



3.3.1 Input Signal Allocations

Input Signal Names and Parameters	Validity Level	Input Signal	CN1 Pin Numbers							Connection Not Required (SERVOPACK judges the connection)	
			13	7	8	9	10	11	12	Always ON	Always OFF
Forward Run Prohibited	Н	P-OT	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Pn50A.3	L	/P-OT	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
Reverse Run Prohibited <b>Pn50B.0</b>	Н	N-OT	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	L	/N-OT	0	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
Forward External Torque Limit <b>Pn50B.2</b>	L	/P-CL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Н	P-CL	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
Reserve External	L	/N-CL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Torque Limit Pn50B.3	Н	N-CL	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
Homing Deceleration LS <b>Pn511.0</b>	L	/DEC	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Н	DEC	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
External Latch Signal 1 Pn511.1	L	EXT1	*	*	*	*	4	5	6	7	8
	Н	/EXT1	*	*	*	*	D	Е	F		
External Latch Signal 2 Pn511.2	L	EXT2	*	*	*	*	4	5	6	7	8
	Н	/EXT2	*	*	*	*	D	Е	F	,	5
External Latch Signal 3 Pn511.3	L	EXT3	*	*	*	*	4	5	6	7	8
	Н	/EXT3	*	*	*	*	D	Е	F	,	

\* Always set to "Invalid."

# 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations

IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>The signals not detected are considered as "Invalid." For example, Positioning Completion (/COIN) signal in speed control is "Invalid."</li> <li>Inverting the polarity of the brake signal (/BK), i.e. positive logic, will prevent the holding brake from working in case of its signal line disconnection. If this setting is absolutely necessary, check the operation and confirm that there are no safety problems.</li> <li>When two or more signals are allocated to the same output circuit, a signal is output with OR logic circuit.</li> </ul>
-----------	---

Output signals are allocated as shown in the following table.

Refer to the Interpreting the Output Signal Allocation Tables and change the allocations accordingly.

<Interpreting the Output Signal Allocation Tables>

The parameter set values to be used are shown. Signals are allocated to CN1 pins according to the selected set values.

Values in cells in bold lines are the factory settings.

Output Signal Names	Output Signal	(	Invalid				
and Parameters		1/ (2)	23/ (24)	25/ (26)	(not use)		
Brake Pn50F.2	/BK	1	2	3	0		

Output Signal Names	Output Signal	(	Invalid		
and Parameters	Output Signal	1/ (2)	23/ (24)	25/ (26)	(not use)
Positioning Completion <b>Pn50E.0</b>	/COIN	1	2	3	0
Speed Coincidence Detection <b>Pn50E.1</b>	/V-CMP	1	2	3	0
Rotation Detection <b>Pn50E.2</b>	/TGON	1	2	3	0
Servo Ready Pn50E.3	/S-RDY	1	2	3	0
Torque Limit Detection <b>Pn50F.0</b>	/CLT	1	2	3	0
Speed Limit Detection <b>Pn50F.1</b>	/VLT	1	2	3	0
Brake Pn50F.2	/BK	1	2	3	0
Warning Pn50F.3	/WARN	1	2	3	0
Near Pn510.0	/NEAR	1	2	3	0
Pn512.0=1	Polarity inversi-		0		
Pn512.1=1	Polarity	(Not invert at			
Pn512.2=1		factory setting)			

3.4.1 Sequence Input Circuit

# 3.4 Examples of Connection to Host Controller

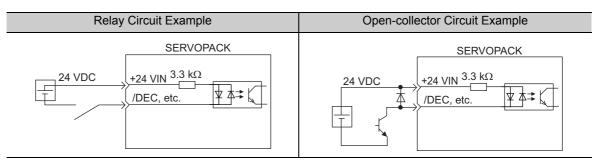
This section shows examples of SERVOPACK I/O signal connection to the host controller.

#### 3.4.1 Sequence Input Circuit

#### (1) Photocoupler Input Circuit

CN1 connector terminals 6 to 13 are explained below.

The sequence input circuit interface is connected through a relay or open-collector transistor circuit. When connecting through a relay, use a low-current relay. If a low-current relay is not used, a faulty contact may result.

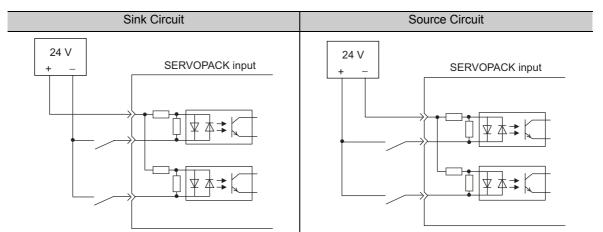


Note: The 24 VDC external power supply capacity must be 50 mA minimum.

The SERVOPACK's input circuit uses bidirectional photocoupler. Select either the sink circuit or the source circuit according to the specifications required for each machine.

#### Note: • The connection example in *3.2.3* shows sink circuits.

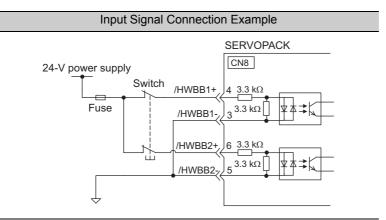
• The ON/OFF polarity differs between when a sink circuit is connected and when a source circuit is connected.



Input Signal Polarities			Input Signal Polarities				
Signal	Level	Voltage Level	Contact	Signal	Level	Voltage Level	Contact
ON	Low (L) level	0 V	Close	ON	High (H) level	24 V	Close
OFF	High (H) level	24 V	Open	OFF	Low (L) level	0 V	Open

#### (2) Safety Input Circuit

As for wiring input signals for safety function, input signals make common 0 V. It is necessary to make an input signal redundant.



#### 3.4.2 Sequence Output Circuit

Three types of SERVOPACK output circuit are available.

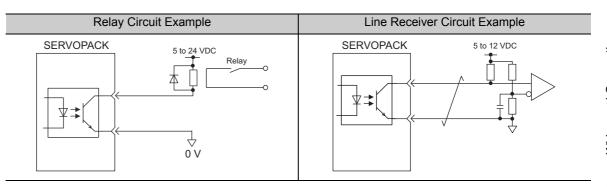


Incorrect wiring or incorrect voltage application to the output circuit may cause short-circuit.

If a short-circuit occurs as a result of any of these causes, the holding brake will not work. This could damage the machine or cause an accident resulting in death or injury.

#### (1) Photocoupler Output Circuit

Photocoupler output circuits are used for servo alarm (ALM), servo ready (/S-RDY), and other sequence output signal circuits. Connect a photocoupler output circuit through a relay or line receiver circuit.



Note: The maximum allowable voltage and the allowable range of current capacity for photocoupler output circuits are as follows.

- Voltage: 30 VDC
- Current: 5 to 50 mA DC

3.4.2 Sequence Output Circuit

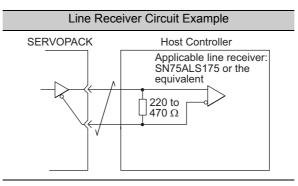
#### (2) Line Driver Output Circuit

CN1 connector terminals, 17-18 (phase-A signal), 19-20 (phase-B signal), and 21-22 (phase-C signal) are explained below.

These terminals output the following signals via the line-driver output circuits.

Output signals for which encoder serial data is converted as two phases pulses (PAO, /PAO, PBO, /PBO)
Origin pulse signals (PCO, /PCO)

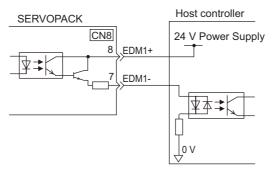
Connect the line-driver output circuit through a line receiver circuit at the host controller.



#### (3) Safety Output Circuit

The external device monitor (EDM1) for safety output signals is explained below.

A configuration example for the EDM1 output signal is shown in the following diagram.



#### Specifications

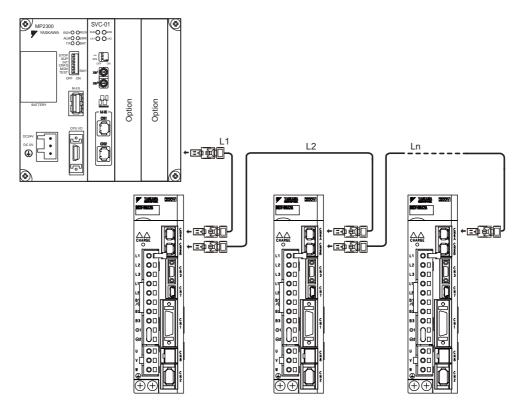
Туре	Signal Name	Pin No.	Output Status	Meaning
Output	EDM1	CN8-8	ON	Both the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are working nor- mally.
Calput		CN8-7	OFF	The /HWBB1 signal, the /HWBB2 signal, or both are not working normally.

Electrical characteristics of EDM1 signal are as follows.

Items	Characteristic	Remarks
Maximum Allowable Voltage	30 VDC	-
Maximum Current	50 mADC	-
Maximum Voltage Drop at ON	1.0 V	Voltage between EDM1+ to EDM1- at current is 50 mA.
Maximum Delay Time	20 ms	Time from the change in /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 until the change in EDM1.

## 3.5 Wiring MECHATROLINK-III Communications

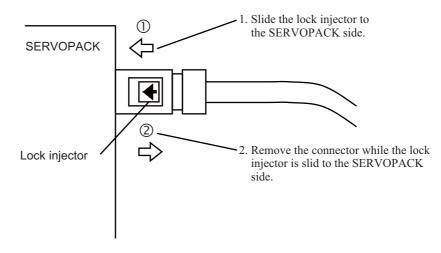
The following diagram shows an example of connections between a host controller and a SERVOPACK. Connect the MECHATROLINK-III communications cables to the CN6A and CN6B on the SERVOPACK as shown below.



Note: The length of the cable between stations (L1, L2 ... Ln) must be 75 m maximum.

For removing the MECHATROLINK-III communications cable connectors from the SERVOPACK, refer to the following procedure.

Slide the lock injector of the connector to the SERVOPACK side to unlock and remove the MECHATROLINK-III communications cable connectors.



Note: The MECHATROLINK-III communications cable connector may be damaged if it is removed without being unlocking.

3.6.1 Encoder Signal (CN2) Names and Functions

# **3.6** Encoder Connection

This section describes the encoder signal (CN2) names, functions, and connection examples.

#### 3.6.1 Encoder Signal (CN2) Names and Functions

The following table shows the names and functions of encoder signals (CN2).

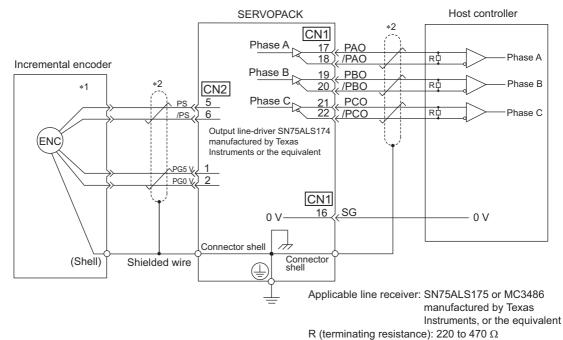
Signal Name	Pin No.	Function
PG 5 V	1	Encoder power supply +5 V
PG 0 V	2	Encoder power supply 0 V
BAT (+)*	3	Battery (+)
BAT (-)*	4	Battery (-)
PS	5	Serial data (+)
/PS	6	Serial data (-)
Shield	Shell	-

\* These do not need to be connected for an incremental encoder.

#### **3.6.2** Encoder Connection Examples

The following diagrams show connection examples of the encoder, the SERVOPACK, and the host controller.

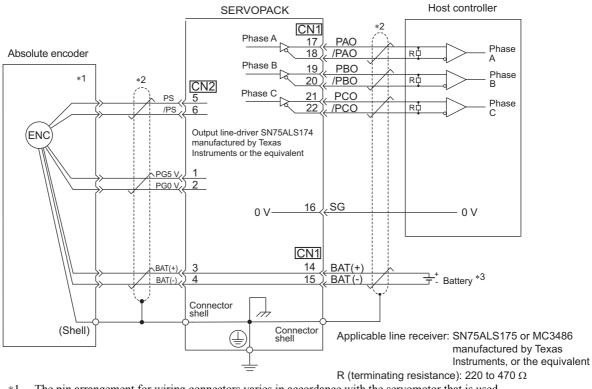
#### (1) Incremental Encoder



\*1. The pin arrangement for wiring connectors varies in accordance with the servomotor that is used.

\*2. : represents shielded twisted-pair wires.

#### (2) Absolute Encoder

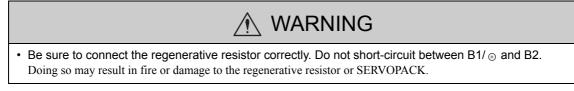


- \*1. The pin arrangement for wiring connectors varies in accordance with the servomotor that is used.
- \*2. : represents shielded twisted-pair wires.
- \*3. When using an absolute encoder, provide power by installing an encoder cable with a JUSP-BA01-E Battery Case or install a battery on the host controller.

3.7.1 Connecting Regenerative Resistors

# 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors

If the built-in regenerative resistor is insufficient, connect an external regenerative resistor by one of the following methods and set the regenerative resistor capacity (Pn600). As for precautions on selecting a regenerative resistor and its specifications, refer to  $\Sigma$ -*V* Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

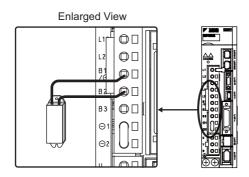


#### 3.7.1 Connecting Regenerative Resistors

The following instructions show how to connect the regenerative resistors and SERVOPACKs.

# (1) SERVOPACKs: Model SGDV-R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, -2R8F, -R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A

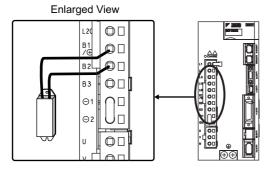
Connect an external regenerative resistor between the B1/ $\oplus$  and B2 terminals on the SERVOPACK. After connecting a resistor, select the capacity. For more information on how to set the capacity of regenerative resistors, refer to 3.7.2 Setting Regenerative Resistor Capacity.



(2) SERVOPACKs: Model SGDV-3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, -330A, -1R9D, -3R5D, -5R4D, -8R4D, -120D, -170D

Disconnect the wiring between the SERVOPACK's B2 and B3 terminals and connect an external regenerative resistor between the B1/ $\odot$  and B2 terminals. After connecting the resistor, select the capacity. For more information on how to set the capacity of regenerative resistors, refer to 3.7.2 Setting Regenerative Resistor Capacity.

Note: Be sure to take out the lead wire between the B2 and B3 terminals.



#### (3) SERVOPACKs: Model SGDV-470A, -550A, -590A, -780A, -210D, -260D, -280D, -370D

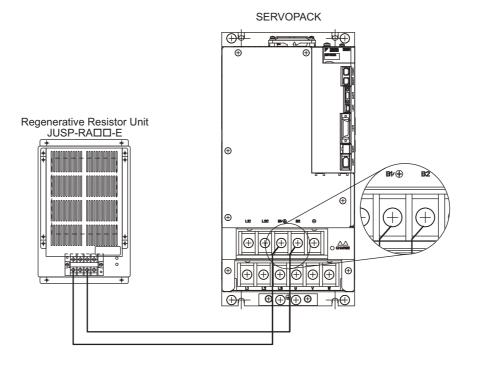
No built-in regenerative resistor is provided, so the external regenerative resistor is required. The regenerative resistor units are as follows:

Main Circuit Power Supply	Applicable SERVOPACK Model SGDV-	Applicable Regenerative Resistor Unit	Resistance (Ω)	Specifications
Three-phase	470A	JUSP-RA04-E	6.25	Four 25 $\Omega$ (220 W) resistors are connected in parallel.
200 V	550A, 590A, 780A	JUSP-RA05-E	3.13	Eight 25 $\Omega$ (220 W) resistors are connected in parallel.
Three-phase	210D, 260D	JUSP-RA18-E	18	Two series of two 18 $\Omega$ (220 W) resistors each are connected in parallel.
400 V	280D, 370D	JUSP-RA19-E	14.25	Four series of two 28.5 $\Omega$ (220 W) resistors each are connected in parallel.

Note: The regenerative resistor unit is constructed from a number of resistors.

Connect the B1/ $\oplus$  and B2 terminals of the SERVOPACK to the R1 and R2 terminals of the regenerative resistor unit.

When using a regenerative resistor unit, leave Pn600 at its factory setting. Set Pn600 when using a non-YASKAWA external regenerative resistor.



# Wiring and Connection

### 3.7.2 Setting Regenerative Resistor Capacity

When using an external regenerative resister, set the Pn600 so that the regenerative resistor capacity is equivalent to the resistor capacity.



• If parameter Pn600 is set to 0 while an external regenerative resistor is connected, the regenerative overload alarm (A.320) may not be detected. If the regenerative overload alarm (A.320) is not detected correctly, the external regenerative resistor may be damaged and an injury or fire may result.

	Regenerative Resisto	r Capacity	Speed	Classification	
Pn600	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to SERVOPACK capacity	10 W	0	Immediately	Setup

Be sure to set the regenerative resistor capacity (Pn600) to a value that is in accordance with the allowable capacity of the actual external regenerative resistor being used.

- Note 1. If Pn600 is not set to the optimum value, alarm A.320 will occur.
  - 2. When set to the factory setting of "0," the SERVOPACK's built-in resistor has been used.

The setting will vary with the cooling method of external regenerative resistor:

- For natural convection cooling: Set the value to a maximum 20% of the actually installed regenerative resistor capacity (W).
- For forced convection cooling: Set the value to a maximum 50% of the actually installed regenerative resistor capacity (W).
- Example: Set 20 W (100 W × 20%) for the 100-W external regenerative resistor with natural convection cooling method:

Pn600 = 2 (unit: 10 W)



• When the external regenerative resistors for power are used at the rated load ratio, the resistor temperature increases to between 200 °C and 300 °C. The resistors must be used at or below the rated values. Check with the manufacturer for the resistor's load characteristics.

• For safety, use the external regenerative resistors with thermoswitches.

## **3.8** Noise Control and Measures for Harmonic Suppression

This section describes the wiring for noise control and the DC reactor for harmonic suppression.

#### **3.8.1** Wiring for Noise Control

IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>Because the SERVOPACK is designed as an industrial device, it provides no mechanism to prevent noise interference.</li> <li>The SERVOPACK uses high-speed switching elements in the main circuit. Therefore peripheral devices may receive switching noise. If the equipment is to be used near private houses or if radio interference is a problem, take countermeasures against noise.</li> <li>If installation conditions by the EMC directive must be met, refer to 2.4 EMC Installation conditions by the EMC directive must be met, refer to 2.4 EMC Installation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If installation conditions by the EMC directive must be met, refer to 2.4 EMC Installa- tion Conditions in Σ-V Series User's Manual Setup Rotational Motor (No.: SIEP S800000 43).</li> </ul>

The SERVOPACK uses microprocessors. Therefore it may receive switching noise from peripheral devices.

To prevent the noise from the SERVOPACK or the peripheral devices from causing a malfunction of any one of these devices, take the following precautions against noise as required.

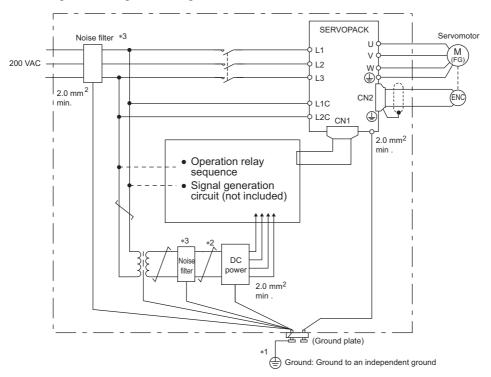
- Position the input reference device and noise filter as close to the SERVOPACK as possible.
- Always install a surge absorber in the relay, solenoid and electromagnetic contactor coils.
- Do not bundle or run the main circuit cables together with the I/O signal cables in the same duct. Keep the main circuit cables separated from the I/O signal cables with a gap of at least 30 cm.
- Do not share the power supply with an electric welder or electrical discharge machine. When the SERVO-PACK is placed near a high-frequency generator, install a noise filter on the input side of the main circuit power supply cables and control power supply cables. As for the wiring of noise filter, refer to (1) Noise Filter shown below.
- Take the grounding measures correctly. As for the grounding, refer to (2) Correct Grounding.

3.8.1 Wiring for Noise Control

#### (1) Noise Filter

The SERVOPACK has a built-in microprocessor (CPU), so protect it from external noise as much as possible by installing a noise filter in the appropriate place.

The following is an example of wiring for noise control.



- \*1. For ground wires connected to the ground plate, use a thick wire with a thickness of at least 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup> (preferably, plain stitch cooper wire).
- \*2.  $\checkmark$  should be twisted-pair wires.
- \*3. When using a noise filter, follow the precautions in 3.8.2 Precautions on Connecting Noise Filter.

#### (2) Correct Grounding

Take the following grounding measures to prevent the malfunction due to noise.

#### Grounding the Motor Frame

Always connect servomotor frame terminal FG to the SERVOPACK ground terminal  $\bigoplus$ . Also be sure to ground the ground terminal  $\bigoplus$ .

If the servomotor is grounded via the machine, a switching noise current will flow from the SERVOPACK main circuit through servomotor stray capacitance. The above grounding is required to prevent the adverse effects of switching noise.

#### Noise on the I/O Signal Cable

If the I/O signal cable receives noise, ground the 0 V line (SG) of the I/O signal cable. If the servomotor main circuit cable is accommodated in a metal conduit, ground the conduit and its junction box. For all grounding, ground at one point only.

#### 3.8.2 Precautions on Connecting Noise Filter

This section describes the precautions on installing a noise filter.

#### (1) Noise Filter Brake Power Supply

Use the following noise filter at the brake power input for 400-W or less servomotors with holding brakes.

MODEL: FN2070-6/07 (Manufactured by SCHAFFNER Electronic.)

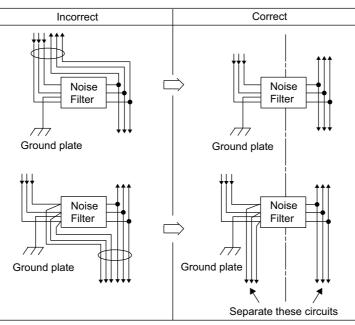
#### (2) Precautions on Using Noise Filters

Always observe the following installation and wiring instructions.



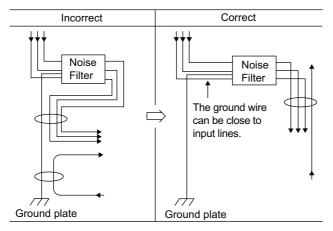
Some noise filters have large leakage currents. The grounding measures taken also affects the extent of the leakage current. If necessary, select an appropriate leakage current detector or leakage current breaker taking into account the grounding measures that are used and leakage current from the noise filter. Contact the manufacturer of the noise filter for details.

Do not put the input and output lines in the same duct or bundle them together.



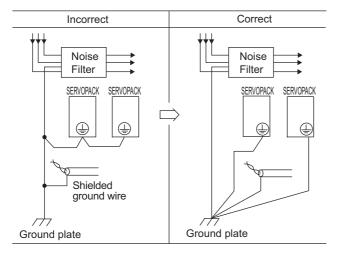
Separate the noise filter ground wire from the output lines.

Do not accommodate the noise filter ground wire, output lines and other signal lines in the same duct or bundle them together.

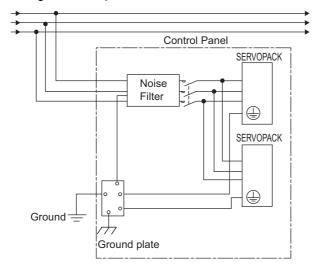


3.8.3 Connecting a Reactor for Harmonic Suppression

Connect the noise filter ground wire directly to the ground plate. Do not connect the noise filter ground wire to other ground wires.



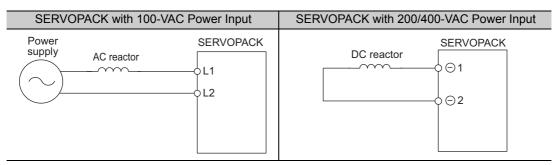
If a noise filter is located inside a control panel, first connect the noise filter ground wire and the ground wires from other devices inside the control panel to the ground plate for the control panel, then ground the plates.



#### **3.8.3** Connecting a Reactor for Harmonic Suppression

The SERVOPACK has reactor connection terminals for power supply harmonic suppression that can be used as required. Refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42) for precautions on selecting an AC or DC reactor and its specifications.

Connect a reactor as shown in the following diagram.



- Note 1. Connection terminals for DC reactor  $\ominus 1$  and  $\ominus 2$  are short-circuited at shipment. Remove the lead wire for short-circuit, and connect a DC reactor.
  - 2. Reactors are not included. (Sold separately.)
  - 3. DC reactors cannot be connected to SERVOPACKs with a single-phase 100-V power input.

# 4

# Operation

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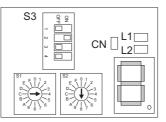
# **4.1** MECHATROLINK-III Communications Settings

This section describes the switch settings necessary for MECHATROLINK-III communications.

#### 4.1.1 Setting Switches S1, S2, and S3

The DIP switch S3 is used to make the settings for MECHATROLINK-III communications.

The station address is set using the rotary switches S1 and S2.



#### (1) Settings of the Rotary Switches S1 and S2

Set the station address using the rotary switches S1 and S2.

Station Address	S1	S2
00H to 02H: Disabled (Do not use these addresses.)	0	0 to 2
03H (Factory setting)	0	3
04H	0	4
•		
•		
•		
EFH	Е	F
F0H to FFH: Disabled (Do not use these addresses.)	F	0 to F

#### (2) Settings of the DIP Switch S3

The following table shows the settings of the DIP switch (S3).

S3	Function	Setting Factory setting				
Pins 1 and 2 Sets the number of transmission bytes.		1	2	Number of transmission bytes		
		OFF	OFF	16 byte	1: OFF	
		ON	OFF	32 byte		
		OFF	ON	48 byte	2: ON	
		ON	ON	Reserved. (Do not use this setting.)		
Pin 3	Reserved. (Do not change.)			OFF		
Pin 4	Reserved. (Do not change.)			OFF		

<b>D</b> IMPORTANT	,
	<ul> <li>Turn the power OFF and then ON again to enable the new settings.</li> </ul>

4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction

# 4.2 MECHATROLINK-III Commands

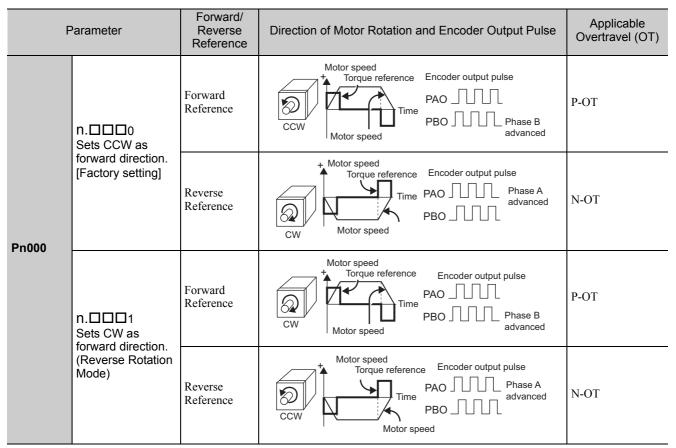
For information on the MECHATROLINK-III commands, refer to *Σ-V Series User's Manual MECHA-TROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands* (SIEP S800000 63).

## **4.3** Basic Functions Settings

#### 4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction

The servomotor rotation direction can be reversed with parameter Pn000.0 without changing the polarity of the speed/position reference. This causes the rotation direction of the servomotor to change, but the polarity of the signal, such as encoder output pulses, output from the SERVOPACK does not change. (refer to 4.4.4 *Encoder Output Pulses*)

The standard setting for forward rotation is counterclockwise (CCW) as viewed from the load end of the servomotor.

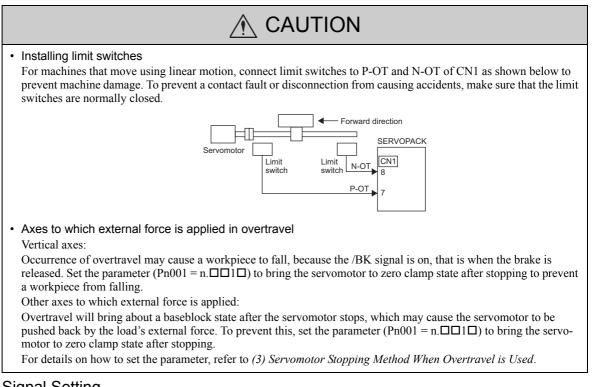


Note: SigmaWin+ trace waveforms are shown in the above table.

#### 4.3.2 Overtravel

The overtravel limit function forces movable machine parts to stop if they exceed the allowable range of motion and turn ON a limit switch.

For rotating application such as disc table and conveyor, overtravel function is not necessary. In such a case, no wiring for overtravel input signals is required.



(1) Signal Se	tting
---------------	-------

Туре	Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
	P-OT	CN1-7	ON	Forward run allowed. Normal operation status.
Input			OFF	Forward run prohibited. Forward overtravel.
	N-OT	CN1-8	ON	Reverse run allowed. Normal operation status.
	11-01	CIVI-0	OFF	Reverse run prohibited. Reverse overtravel.

Rotation in the opposite direction is possible during overtravel by inputting the reference.

#### (2) Overtravel Function Setting

Parameters Pn50A and Pn50B can be set to enable or disable the overtravel function.

If the overtravel function is not used, no wiring for overtravel input signals will be required.

Parameter Meaning		When Enabled	Classification	
Pn50A	n.1□□□ [Factory setting]	Inputs the Forward Run Prohibited (P-OT) signal from CN1-7.		
IIII	n.8□□□	Disables the Forward Run Prohibited (P-OT) signal. Allows constant forward rotation.	After restart	Setup
Pn50B	n.□□□2 [Factory setting]	Inputs the Reverse Run Prohibited (N-OT) signal from CN1-8.	Titel Testart	
Pn50B n.□□□8		Disables the Reverse Run Prohibited (N-OT) signal. Allows constant reverse rotation.		

A parameter can be used to re-allocate input connector number for the P-OT and N-OT signals. Refer to 3.3.1 *Input Signal Allocations* for details.

#### (3) Servomotor Stopping Method When Overtravel is Used

There are three servomotor stopping methods when an overtravel is used.

- Dynamic brake By short-circuiting the electric circuits, the servomotor comes to a quick stop.
- Decelerate to a stop Stops by using emergency stop torque.
- Coast to a stop Stops naturally, with no control, by using the friction resistance of the servomotor in operation.

After servomotor stopping, there are two modes.

Coast mode

Stopped naturally, with no control, by using the friction resistance of the servomotor in operation.

• Zero clamp mode

A mode forms a position loop by using the position reference zero.

The servomotor stopping method when an overtravel (P-OT, N-OT) signal is input while the servomotor is operating can be set with parameter Pn001.

	Parameter	Stop Method	Mode After Stopping	When Enabled	Classification	
	n.□□00 [Factory setting]	DB				
Pn001	n.□□01		Coast	After restart	Setup	
	n.□□02	Coast	n.□□02 Coast			Betap
	n.0010	Deceleration to a stop	Zero clamp			
	n.0020	Deceleration to a stop	Coast			

- A servomotor under torque control cannot be decelerated to a stop. The servomotor is stopped with the dynamic braking (DB) or coasts to a stop according to the setting of Pn001.0. After the servomotor stops, the servomotor will enter a coast state.
- For details on servomotor stopping methods after the SV\_OFF command is received or an alarm occurs, refer to 4.3.5 Stopping Servomotors after SV OFF Command or Alarm Occurrence.

#### When Servomotor Stopping Method is Set to Decelerate to Stop

Emergency stop torque can be set with Pn406.

	Emergency Stop Torque		Speed Posi	Classification	
Pn406	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup

• The setting unit is a percentage of the rated torque.

• The factory setting is 800% so that the setting is large enough a value to operate the servomotor at maximum torque. The maximum value of emergency stop torque that is actually available, however, is limited to the maximum torque of the servomotor.

#### (4) Overtravel Warning Function

This function detects an overtravel warning (A.9A0) if overtravel occurs while the servomotor power is ON. Using this function enables notifying the host controller when the SERVOPACK detects overtravel even if the overtravel signal is ON only momentarily.

To use the overtravel warning function, set digit 4 of Pn00D to 1 (detects overtravel warning).

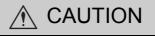
Note: The overtravel warning function is supported by software version 001A or later. The software version can be checked with Fn012. For details, refer to 6.14 Software Version Display (Fn012).

#### Warning Output Timing

Command		Motion comma	ind			ALM_CLR co	ommand
Servomotor power	OFF		OI	N	       		
Overtravel input signal (P-OT, N-OT signals)	Disabled Enabled	Disabled E	nabled	Disabled	- - - -		
Overtravel warning (A.9A0)	Norm	al operation 🗳	Warni	ng status	N	lormal opera	tion
Warning not	t detected.						

<Notes>

- Warnings are detected for overtravel in the same direction as the reference.
- Warnings are not detected for overtravel in the reverse direction from the reference. Example: A warning will not be output for a forward reference even if the N-OT signal (reverse run prohibited)
- turns ON.
- A warning can be detected in either the forward or reverse direction, when there is no reference.
  A warning will not be detected when the servomotor power is OFF even if overtravel occurs.
- A warning will not be detected when the servomotor power is OTT even if overtravel occurs.
  A warning will not be detected when the servomotor power changes from OFF to ON even if overtravel status exists.
- To clear the overtravel warning, send a Clear Warning or Alarm command (ALM\_CLR) regardless of the status of the servomotor power and the overtravel signal. If the warning is cleared by this method during an overtravel state, the occurrence of the warning will not be indicated until the overtravelling is corrected and reset.
- The overtravel warning will be detected when the software limit is in effect.



- The overtravel warning function only detects warnings. It does not affect on stopping for overtravel or motion operations at the host controller. The next step (e.g., the next motion or other command) can be executed even if an overtravel warning exists. However, depending on the processing specifications and programming for warnings in the host controller, operation may be affected when an overtravel warning occurs (e.g., motion may stop or not stop). Confirm the specifications and programming in the host controller.
- When an overtravel occurs, the SERVOPACK will perform stop processing for overtravel. Therefore, when an overtravel warning occurs, the servomotor may not reach the target position specified by the host controller. Check the feedback position to make sure that the axis is stopped at a safe position.

#### Related Parameter

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn00D	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Does not detect overtravel warning.	Immediately	Setup
	n.1000	Detects overtravel warning.		

#### 4.3.3 Software Limit Settings

The software limits set limits in software for machine movement that do not use the overtravel signals (P-OT and N-OT). If a software limit is exceeded, an emergency stop will be executed in the same way as it is for overtravel.

#### (1) Software Limit Function

The software limit function can be enabled or disabled.

Use the parameter Pn801.0 to enable the software limit function.

The software limit function can be enabled under the following conditions. Under all other circumstances, the software limits will not be enabled even if a software limit is exceeded.

- The ZRET command has been executed.
- REFE = 1 using the POS\_SET command.

Enable or disable the software limits using one of the following settings.

Pai	rameter	Description	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□□□0	Software limits enabled in both direction.		
	n.🗆 🗆 🗆 1	Forward software limit enabled.		
Pn801	n.🗆 🗆 🗆 2	Reverse software limit enabled.		Setup
	n.□□□3 [Factory setting]	Both software limits disabled.		_

#### (2) Software Limit Check using References

Enable or disable software limit checks when target position references such as POSING or INTERPOLATE are input. When the input target position exceeds the software limit, a deceleration stop will be performed from the software limit set position.

Pa	ameter Description		When Enabled	Classification
Pn801	n.□0□□ [Factory setting]	No software limit check using references.	Immediately	Setup
	n.0100	Software limit check using references.		

#### (3) Software Limit Setting

Set software limits value in the positive and negative directions.

Because the limit zone is set according to the forward or reverse direction, the reverse limit must be less than the forward limit.

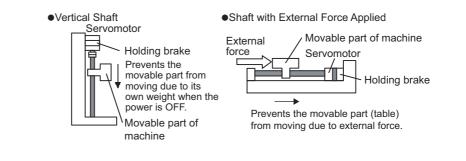
	Forward Software Li	nit		Position	Classification
Pn804	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 Reference Unit	819191808	Immediately	Setup
	Reverse Software Limit Position				
					Classification
Pn806	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classification

#### 4.3.4 Holding Brakes

IMPORTANT

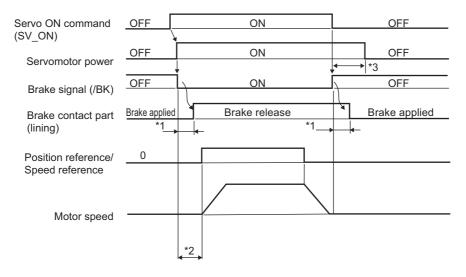
A holding brake is a brake used to hold the position of the movable part of the machine when the SERVO-PACK is turned OFF so that movable part does not move due to gravity or external forces. Holding brakes are built into servomotors with brakes.

The holding brake is used in the following cases.



• The brake built into the servomotor with brakes is a de-energization brake, which is used only to hold and cannot be used for braking. Use the holding brake only to hold a stopped servomotor.

There is a delay in the braking operation. Set the following ON/OFF timing.



- \*1. The operation delay time of the brake depends on the model. For details, refer to *Brake Operation Delay Time* shown below.
- \*2. After the SV\_ON command has been sent and 50 ms has passed since the brake was released, output the reference from the host controller to the SERVOPACK.
- \*3. Use Pn506, Pn507, and Pn508 to set the timing of when the brake will be activated and when the servomotor power will be turned OFF.

Model	Voltage	Brake Release Time (ms)	Brake Applied Time (ms)
SGMJV-A5 to 04		60	100
SGMJV-08		80	100
SGMAV-A5 to 04	24 VDC	60	100
SGMAV-06 to 10	24 VDC	80	100
SGMPS-01, -08		20	100
SGMPS-02, -04, -15		40	100
SGMGV-03 to 20		100	80
SGMGV-30, -44		170	100 (24 VDC), 80 (90 VDC)
SGMGV-55, -75, -1A	24 VDC,	170	80
SGMGV-1E	90 VDC	250	80
SGMSV-10 to 25		170	80
SGMSV-30 to 50		100	80

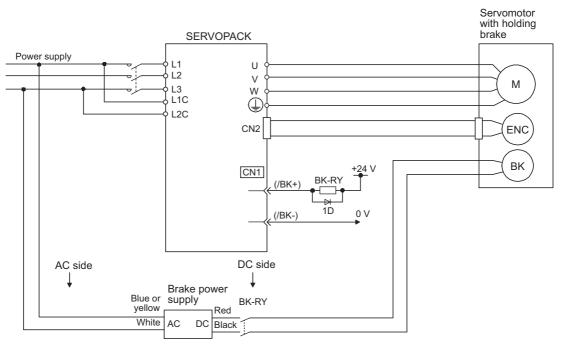
#### Brake Operation Delay Time

Note: The above operation delay time is an example when the power supply is turned ON and OFF on the DC side. Be sure to evaluate the above times on the actual equipment before using the application.

#### (1) Wiring Example

Use the brake signal (/BK) and the brake power supply to form a brake ON/OFF circuit. The following diagram shows a standard wiring example.

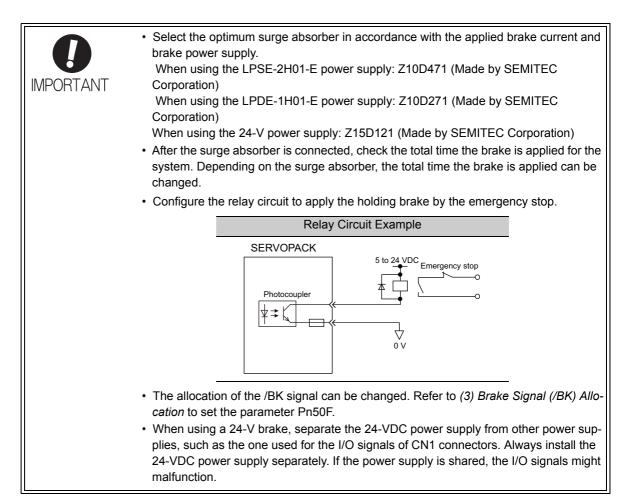
The timing can be easily set using the brake signal (/BK).



BK-RY: Brake control relay

Brake power supply for 90 V Input voltage 200-V models: LPSE-2H01-E Input voltage 100-V models: LPDE-1H01-E

A 24 VDC power supply is not included.

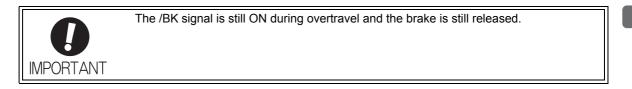


#### (2) Brake Signal (/BK) Setting

This output signal controls the brake. The allocation of the /BK signal can be changed. Refer to (3) Brake Signal (/BK) Allocation for allocation.

The /BK signal turns OFF (applies the brake) when an alarm is detected or the SV OFF command is received. The brake OFF timing can be adjusted with Pn506.

Туре	Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	/BK	CN1-1, CN1-2	ON (closed)	Releases the brake.
Output			OFF (open)	Applies the brake.



4.3.4 Holding Brakes

#### (3) Brake Signal (/BK) Allocation

Use parameter Pn50F.2 to allocate the /BK signal.

Parameter		Connector Pin Number		Meaning	When Enabled	Classifica-	
			+ Terminal	- Terminal		Enableu	uon
	n.l		_	_	The /BK signal is not used.		Setup
Pn50F	[Fa	□1□□ actory tting]	CN1-1	CN1-2	The /BK signal is output from output terminal CN1-1, 2.	After	
		0200	CN1-23	CN1-24	The /BK signal is output from output terminal CN1-23, 24.	restart	
	n.l	0300	CN1-25	CN1-26	The /BK signal is output from output terminal CN1-25, 26.		



IMPORTANT

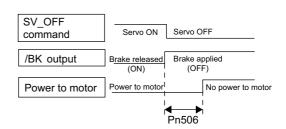
When multiple signals are allocated to the same output terminal, the signals are output with OR logic. For the /BK signal, do not use the output terminal that is already being used for another signal.

#### (4) Brake ON Timing after the Servomotor Stops

When the servomotor stops, the /BK signal turns OFF at the same time as the SV\_OFF command is received. Use parameter Pn506 to change the timing to turn OFF the servomotor power after the SV\_OFF command has been received.

Pn506	Brake Reference-Se	rvo OFF Delay Time	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 50	10 ms	0	Immediately	Setup

• When using the servomotor to control a vertical axis, the machine movable part may shift slightly depending on the brake ON timing due to gravity or an external force. To eliminate this slight shift, set parameter so that the power to the servomotor turns OFF after the brake is applied.



• This parameter changes the brake ON timing while the servomotor is stopped.

The servomotor will turn OFF immediately when an alarm occurs, regardless of the setting of this parameter. The machine movable part may shift due to gravity or external force before the brake operates.

#### (5) Brake Signal (/BK) Output Timing during Servomotor Rotation

If an alarm occurs while the servomotor is rotating, the servomotor will come to a stop and the brake signal (/BK) will be turned OFF. The timing of brake signal (/BK) output can be adjusted by setting the brake reference output speed level (Pn507) and the waiting time for brake signal when motor running (Pn508).

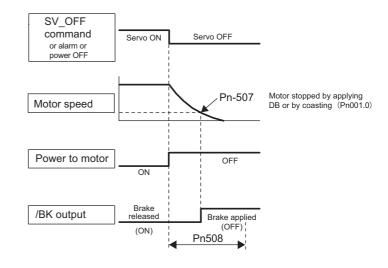
Note: If the servomotor is set so that it comes to a zero-speed stop for an alarm, follow the information in (4) Brake ON *Timing after the Servomotor Stops* after the servomotor comes to a stop for a zero position reference.

	Brake Reference Out	tput Speed Level	Speed	Classification	
Pn507	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	100	Immediately	Setup
	Waiting Time for Bra	Classification			
Pn508	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 100	10 ms	50	Immediately	Setup

/BK Signal Output Conditions When Servomotor Rotating

The /BK signal goes to high level (brake ON) when either of the following conditions is satisfied:

- When the motor speed falls below the level set in Pn507 after the power to the servomotor is turned OFF.
- When the time set in Pn508 is exceeded after the power to the servomotor is turned OFF.



• The servomotor will be limited to its maximum speed even if the value set in Pn507 is higher than the maximum speed.

IMPORTANT

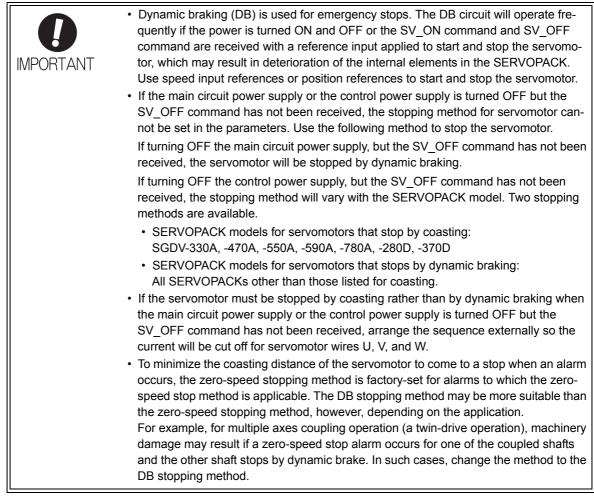
 Do not allocate the rotation detection signal (/TGON) and the brake signal (/BK) to the same terminal. The /TGON signal will otherwise be turned ON by the falling speed on a vertical axis, and the brake may not operate.
 For the /BK signal, do not use the terminal that is already being used for another

signal.

4.3.5 Stopping Servomotors after SV\_OFF Command or Alarm Occurrence

#### 4.3.5 Stopping Servomotors after SV\_OFF Command or Alarm Occurrence

The servomotor stopping method can be selected after the SV\_OFF command is received or an alarm occurs.



#### (1) Stopping Method for Servomotor after SV\_OFF Command is Received

Use Pn001.0 to select the stopping method for the servomotor after the SV\_OFF command is received.

Parameter		Stop Mode	Mode After Stopping	When Enabled	Classification
Pn001	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	DB	DB	A Commentered	Setup
	n.0001		Coast	After restart	
	n.□□□2	Coast	Coast		

Note: Similar to the Coast Mode, the n.  $\Box \Box \Box \Box$  setting (which stops the servomotor by dynamic braking and then holds it in Dynamic Brake Mode) does not generate any braking force when the servomotor stops or when it rotates at very low speed.

#### (2) Stopping Method for Servomotor When an Alarm Occurs

There are two types of alarms (Gr.1 and Gr.2) that depend on the stopping method when an alarm occurs. Select the stopping method for the servomotor when an alarm occurs using Pn001.0 and Pn00B.1.

The stopping method for the servomotor for a Gr.1 alarm is set to Pn001.0.

The stopping method for the servomotor for a Gr.2 alarm is set to Pn00B.1.

Refer to the information on alarm stopping methods in 9.1.1 List of Alarms.

#### ■ Stopping Method for Servomotor for Gr.1 Alarms

The stopping method of the servomotor when a Gr.1 alarm occurs is the same as that in (1) Stopping Method for Servomotor after SV\_OFF Command is Received.

	Parameter	Stop Mode	Mode After Stopping	When Enabled	Classification	
	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	DB	DB		Setup	
Pn001	n.0001		Coast	After restart		
	n.0002	Coast	Coast			

Stopping Method for Servomotor for Gr.2 Alarms

Para	neter	Stop Mode	Mode After	When	Classifica-	
Pn00B	Pn00B Pn001		Stopping	Enabled	tion	
n.□□0□	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Zero-speed stop-	DB			
[Factory setting]	n.0001	ping*	Coast	After	Setup	
	n.🗆 🗆 🗠 2		Coast			
	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	DB	DB	restart		
n.0010	n.0001		Coast			
	n.0002	Coast	Coasi			

\* Zero-speed stopping: The speed reference is set to 0 to stop quickly.

Note: The setting of Pn00B.1 is effective for position control and speed control. Pn00B.1 will be ignored for torque control and only the setting of Pn001.0 will be valid.

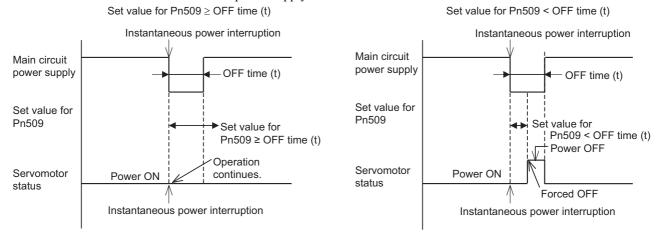
4.3.6 Instantaneous Power Interruption Settings

#### 4.3.6 Instantaneous Power Interruption Settings

Determines whether to continue operation or turn OFF the servomotor's power when the power supply voltage to the SERVOPACK's main circuit is interrupted.

	Instantaneous Power	Cut Hold Time	Speed	Classification	
Pn509	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	20 to 1000	1 ms	20	Immediately	Setup

If the power interruption time is shorter than the set value in Pn509, the servomotor will continue operation. If it is longer than the set value, the servomotor's power will be turned OFF during the power interruption. The servomotor is turned ON when power supply to the main circuit recovers.



Note: If the instantaneous power interruption is longer than the set value of Pn509, the /S-RDY signal turns OFF.

<ul> <li>for normally turning OFF the power supply, and the setting of Pn509 will be ignored.</li> <li>The holding time of the main circuit power supply varies with the output of the SER-VOPACK. If the load on the servomotor is large and an undervoltage alarm (A.410) occurs, the setting of Pn509 will be ignored.</li> <li>The holding time of the control power supply (24 VDC) for the 400-V SERVOPACKs depends on the capability of the power supply (not included). Check the power supply</li> </ul>		
	IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>mately 100 ms. The holding time of the control power supply for the 100-V SERVO-PACKs is approximately 65 ms. If the control power supply makes control impossible during an instantaneous power interruption, the same operation will be performed as for normally turning OFF the power supply, and the setting of Pn509 will be ignored.</li> <li>The holding time of the main circuit power supply varies with the output of the SER-VOPACK. If the load on the servomotor is large and an undervoltage alarm (A.410) occurs, the setting of Pn509 will be ignored.</li> <li>The holding time of the control power supply (24 VDC) for the 400-V SERVOPACKs</li> </ul>

If the uninterruptible power supplies are used for the control power supply and main circuit power supply, the SERVOPACK can withstand an instantaneous power interruption period in excess of 1000 ms.

# **4.3.7** SEMI F47 Function (Torque Limit Function for Low DC Power Supply Voltage for Main Circuit)

The torque limit function detects an undervoltage warning and limits the output current if the DC power supply voltage for the main circuit in the SERVOPACK drops to a specified value because the power was momentarily interrupted or the power supply voltage for the main circuit was temporality lowered.

This function complies with SEMI F47 standards for semiconductor production equipment.

Combining this function with the parameter for Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time allows the servomotor to continue operating without stopping for an alarm or without recovery work even if the power supply voltage drops.

<b>D</b> IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>This function is able to cope with instantaneous power interruptions in the voltage and time ranges stipulated in SEMI F47. An uninterruptible power supply (UPS) is required as a backup for instantaneous power interruptions that exceed these voltage and time ranges.</li> <li>This function is intended for voltage drops in the main circuit power supply. The following restrictions apply when it is used to provide an instantaneous power cut hold time in the control power supply. (There are no restrictions for the 200-VAC SERVO-PACKs.)</li> </ul>
	<control power="" restrictions="" supply=""></control>
	SERVOPACK with 400-VAC Power Input: Provide the control power supply from a 24- VDC power supply that complies with SEMI F47 standards.
	SERVOPACK with 100-VAC Power Input: Provide the control power supply from an uninterruptible power supply (UPS).
	<ul> <li>Set the host controller and SERVOPACK torque limit so that a torque reference that exceeds the specified acceleration will not be output when the power supply for the main circuit is restored.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not limit the torque to values lower than the holding torque for the vertical axis.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>This function limits torque within the range of the SERVOPACK's capability when the power is cut. It is not intended for use under all load and operating conditions. Use the actual machine to set parameters while confirming correct operation.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Setting the Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time lengthens the amount of time from when the power supply is turned OFF until the motor current turns OFF. Send the SV_OFF command to instantly stop the motor current.</li> </ul>

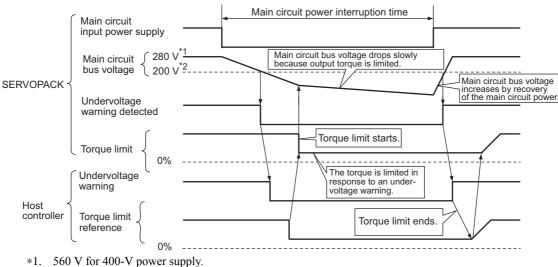
4.3.7 SEMI F47 Function (Torque Limit Function for Low DC Power Supply Voltage for Main Circuit)

#### (1) Execution Method

This function can be executed either with the host controller and the SERVOPACK or with the SERVOPACK only.

#### With the Host Controller and the SERVOPACK

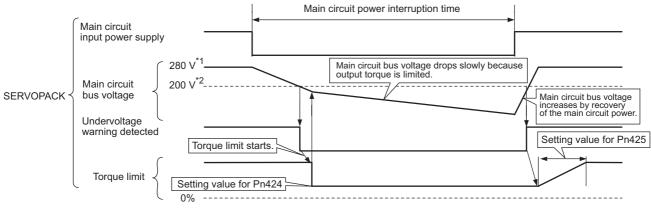
The host controller limits the torque in response to an undervoltage warning. The host controller removes the torque limit after the undervoltage warning is cleared.



\*2. 400 V for 400-V power supply.

#### With the SERVOPACK only

The torque is limited in the SERVOPACK in response to an undervoltage warning. The SERVOPACK controls the torque limit value in the set time after the undervoltage warning is cleared. Use Pn008.1 to specify whether the function is executed by the host controller and SERVOPACK or by the SERVOPACK only.



560 V for 400-V power supply. \*1.

400 V for 400-V power supply. \*2.

#### (2) Related Parameters

	Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
		n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	Does not detect undervoltage.		
Ρ	n008	n.🗆🗆 1 🗆	Detects warning and limits torque by host controller.	After restart	Setup
		n.□□2□	Detects warning and limits torque by Pn424 and Pn425. (Only in the SERVOPACK)		

	Torque Limit at Main	Circuit Voltage Drop	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn424	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 100	1%*	50	Immediately	Setup
	Release Time for Torque Limit at Main Circuit       Speed       Position       Torque         Voltage Drop       Torque       Torque       Torque				Classification
Pn425	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 1000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup

\* The setting unit is a percentage of the rated torque.

Pn509	Instantaneous Powe	r Cut Hold Time	Speed	Classification	
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	20 to 1000	1 ms	20	Immediately	Setup

Note: When using SEMI F47 function, set 1000 ms.

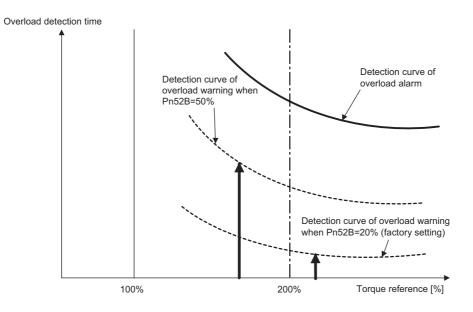
4.3.8 Setting Motor Overload Detection Level

#### 4.3.8 Setting Motor Overload Detection Level

In this SERVOPACK, the detection timing of the warnings and alarms can be changed by changing how to detect an overload warning (A.910) and overload (low load) alarm (A.720). The overload characteristics and the detection level of the overload (high load) alarm (A.710) cannot be changed.

#### (1) Changing Detection Timing of Overload Warning (A.910)

The overload warning level is set by default to 20% so that an overload warning is detected in 20% of the time required to detect an overload alarm. The time required to detect an overload warning can be changed by changing the setting of the overload warning level (Pn52B). This protective function enables the warning output signal (/WARN) to serve as a protective function and to be output at the best timing for your system. The following graph shows an example of the detection of an overload warning when the overload warning level (Pn52B) is changed from 20% to 50%. An overload warning is detected in half of the time required to detect an overload alarm.



Note: For details, refer to *Overload Characteristics* listed in the section for the relevant servomotor in the Σ-V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

Pn52B	Overload Warning Level		Speed Position Torque		Classification
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 100	1%	20	Immediately	Setup

#### (2) Changing Detection Timing of Overload (Low Load) Alarm (A.720)

An overload (low load) alarm (A.720) can be detected earlier to protect the servomotor from overloading. The time required to detect an overload alarm can be shortened by using the derated motor base current obtained with the following equation.

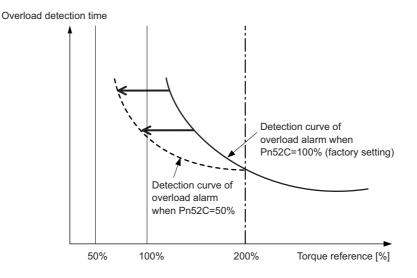
Note: The detection level of the overload (high load) alarm (A.710) cannot be changed.

Motor base current × Derating of base current at detecting overload of motor (Pn52C) = Derated motor base current

Motor base current: Threshold value of motor current to start calculation for overload alarm Derating of base current at detecting overload of motor (Pn52C): Derating of motor base current

The following graph shows an example of the detection of an overload alarm when Pn52C is set to 50%. The calculation for the overload of motors starts at 50% of the motor base current and then an overload alarm will be detected earlier.

Changing the setting of Pn52C will change the detection timing of the overload alarm, so the time required to detect the overload warning will also be changed.



As a guideline of motor heating conditions, the relationship between the heat sink sizes and deratings of base current is shown in a graph in:

Servomotor Heating Conditions in Rotary Servomotors General Instruction in  $\Sigma$ -V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

Set Pn52C to a value in accordance with the heat sink size and derating shown in the graph, so that an overload alarm can be detected at the best timing to protect the servomotor from overloading.

Note: For details, refer to *Overload Characteristics* listed in the section for the relevant servomotor in the Σ-V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

Pn52C	Derating of Base Cur Motor	Classification			
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 100	1%	100	After restart	Setup

4.4.1 Inspection and Checking before Trial Operation

## 4.4 Trial Operation

This section describes a trial operation using MECHATROLINK-III communications.

#### 4.4.1 Inspection and Checking before Trial Operation

To ensure safe and correct trial operation, inspect and check the following items before starting trial operation.

#### (1) Servomotors

Inspect and check the following items, and take appropriate measures before performing trial operation if any problem exists.

- Are all wiring and connections correct?
- Are all nuts and bolts securely tightened?
- If the servomotor has an oil seal, is the seal undamaged and is the servomotor oiled?
- Note: When performing trial operation on a servomotor that has been stored for a long period of time, perform the inspection according to the procedures described in *1.7 Inspection and Maintenance*.

#### (2) SERVOPACKs

Inspect and check the following items, and take appropriate measures before performing trial operation if any problem exists.

- Are all wiring and connections correct?
- Is the correct power supply voltage being supplied to the SERVOPACK?

#### **4.4.2** Trial Operation via MECHATROLINK-III

The following table provides the procedures for trial operation via MECHATROLINK-III.

Step	Description	Reference	
1	Confirm that the wiring is correct, and then connect the I/O signal con- nector (CN1 connector).	3 Wiring and Connection	
2	Turn ON the power to the SERVOPACK. And then, turn ON the power of the host controller. If the power is supplied to the SERVOPACK's control circuit, the seven-segment LED indicator will light up as shown here. If the power is supplied to the SERVOPACK's main circuit, the CHARGE indicator on the SERVOPACK will light up. If communications are established, the L1 and L2, LED indicators corresponding to the connector CN6A and CN6B connected to the MECHA- TROLINK-III cable will light up. If the L1 and L2, LED indicators do not light up, recheck the settings of MECHATROLINK-III setting switches S1, S2, and S3, and then turn the power OFF and ON again.	_	
3	Send the CONNECT command from the host controller. If the SERVOPACK correctly receives the CONNECT command, the CN, LED indicator will light up. If the CN does not light up, the set value of the CONNECT command is incorrect. Reset the CONNECT command, and then resend it from the host controller.	Σ-V Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (SIEP S800000 63)	
4	Check the product type using an ID_RD command. A reply showing the product type, such as SGDV-R90A21A, is received from the SERVOPACK.		
5	<ul> <li>Set the following items to the necessary settings for a trial operation.</li> <li>Electronic gear settings</li> <li>Rotational direction of servomotor</li> <li>Overtravel</li> </ul>	<ul><li>4.4.3 Electronic Gear</li><li>4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction</li><li>4.3.2 Overtravel</li></ul>	
6	<ul> <li>Save these settings (step 5).</li> <li>If saving the settings in the host controller, use the SVPRM_WR command (set the mode to RAM area).</li> <li>If saving settings in the SERVOPACK, use the SVPRM_WR command (set the mode to the non-volatile memory area).</li> </ul>	ΣV Series User's Manual	
7	Send the CONFIG command to enable the settings.	MECHATROLINK-III Standard	
8	Send the SENS_ON command to obtain the position data (encoder ready response).	Servo Profile Commands (SIEP S800000 63)	
9	Send the SV_ON command. A response showing that the servomotor has switched to Drive status and that SVON=1 (Conductivity to motor being made) is received.		
10	Run the servomotor at low speed. <example a="" command="" positioning="" using=""> Command used: POSING Command setting: Positioning position =10000 (If using the absolute encoder, add 10000 to the present position), rapid traverse speed= 400</example>	-	
11	<ul> <li>Check the following points while running the servomotor at low speed (step 10).</li> <li>Confirm that the rotational direction of the servomotor correctly coincides with the forward rotation or reverse rotation reference. If they do not coincide, reset the direction.</li> <li>Confirm that no unusual vibrations, noises, or temperature rises occur. If any abnormalities are seen, correct the conditions.</li> <li>Note: Because the running-in of the load machine is not sufficient at the time of the trial operation, the servomotor may become overloaded.</li> </ul>	4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction 9.4 Troubleshooting Malfunction Based on Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor	

## 4.4.3 Electronic Gear

The electronic gear enables the workpiece travel distance per reference unit input from the host controller. The minimum unit of the position data moving a load is called a reference unit.

The section indicates the difference between using and not using an electronic gear when a workpiece is moved 10 mm in the following configuration.
When the Electronic Gear is Not Used:
(1) Calculate the revolutions. 1 revolution is 6 mm. Therefore, $10 \div 6 = 1.6666$ revolutions.
<ul> <li>Calculate the required reference units.</li> <li>1048576 reference units is 1 revolution. Therefore, 1.6666 × 1048576 = 1746928 reference units.</li> </ul>
③ Input 1746928 references as reference units.
Reference units must be calculated per reference. $\rightarrow$ complicated
When the Electronic Gear is Used:
The reference unit is 1 $\mu$ m. Therefore, to move the workpiece 10 mm (10000 $\mu$ m), 1 reference unit = 1 $\mu$ m, so 10000 ÷ 1 = 10000 reference units. Input 10000 reference units.
Calculation of reference units per reference is not required. $\rightarrow$ simplified

### (1) Electronic Gear Ratio

Set the electronic gear ratio using Pn20E and Pn210.

	Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)				Classification
Pn20E	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741824	1	1	After restart	Setup
	Electronic Gear Ratio	o (Denominator)		Position	Classification
Pn210	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741824	1	1	After restart	Setup

If the gear ratio of the servomotor and the load shaft is given as n/m where m is the rotation of the servomotor and n is the rotation of the load shaft,

Electronic gear ratio: 
$$\frac{B}{A} = \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210} = \frac{Encoder resolution}{Travel distance per load} \times \frac{m}{n}$$
  
shaft revolution (reference units)

## Encoder Resolution

Encoder resolution can be checked with servomotor model designation. SGMUV-UUUUUUU

 Symbol	Specification	Encoder Resolutions
3	20-bit absolute	1048576
D	20-bit incremental	1048576
А	13-bit incremental	8192

#### SGMPS -DDDDDDD

 Symbol	Specification	Encoder Resolutions
2	17-bit absolute	131072
С	17-bit incremental	131072

SGMCS -0000000

 Symbol	Specification	Encoder Resolutions
3	20-bit absolute	1048576
D	20-bit incremental	1048576



Electronic gear ratio setting range:  $0.001 \le$  Electronic gear ratio (B/A)  $\le$  4000 If the electronic gear ratio is outside this range, a parameter setting error 1 (A.040) will be output.

## (2) Electronic Gear Ratio Setting Examples

The following examples show electronic gear ratio settings for different load configurations.

		Load Configuration				
		Ball Screw	Disc Table	Belt and Pulley		
Step	Operation	Reference unit: 0.001 mm Load shaft Load shaft 20-bit encoder Ball screw pitch: 6 mm	Reference unit: 0.01° Gear ratio: 1/100 Load shaft 20-bit encoder	Reference unit: 0.005 mm Load shaft Gear ratio 1/50 Pulley diameter: 100 mm 20-bit encoder		
1	Check machine specifica- tions.	<ul> <li>Ball screw pitch: 6 mm</li> <li>Gear ratio: 1/1</li> </ul>	Rotation angle per revolu- tion: 360° Gear ratio: 1/100	Pulley diameter: 100 mm (pulley circumference: 314 mm) • Gear ratio: 1/50		
2	Check the encoder reso- lution.	1048576 (20-bit)	1048576 (20-bit) 1048576 (20-bit)			
3	Determine the reference unit used.	Reference unit: 0.001 mm (1 μm)	Reference unit: 0.01°	Reference unit: 0.005 mm (5 μm)		
4	Calculate the travel dis- tance per load shaft revo- lution. (Reference unit)	6 mm/0.001 mm=6000	360°/0.01°=36000	314 mm/0.005 mm=62800		
5	Calculate the electronic gear ratio.	$\frac{B}{A} = \frac{1048576}{6000} \times \frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{B}{A} = \frac{1048576}{36000} \times \frac{100}{1}$	$\frac{B}{A} = \frac{1048576}{62800} \times \frac{50}{1}$		
6	Set parameters.	Pn20E: 1048576	Pn20E: 104857600	Pn20E: 52428800		
	*	Pn210: 6000	Pn210: 36000	Pn210: 62800		

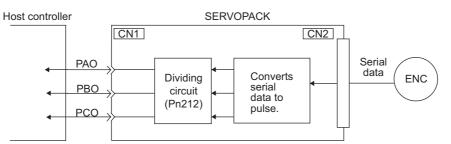
# 4.4.4 Encoder Output Pulses

The encoder pulse output is a signal that is output from the encoder and processed inside the SERVOPACK. It is then output externally in the form of two phase pulse signal (phases A and B) with a  $90^{\circ}$  phase differential. It is used as the position feedback to the host controller.

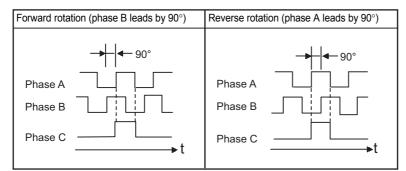
Signals and output phase form are as shown below.

## (1) Signals

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Name	Remarks		
	PAO	CN1-17	Encoder output pulse: phase A These encoder pulse output pulses per			
	/PAO	CN1-18	Encoder output pulse. phase M	put the number of pulses per motor revolution that is set in Pn212. Phase		
Output	PBO	CN1-19	En en den eutret mulaet nikene D	A and phase B are different from		
Output	/PBO	CN1-20		each other in phase by an electric angle of 90°.		
	РСО	CN1-21		One pulse is output per motor rota-		
	/PCO	CN1-22	Encoder output pulse: phase C	tion.		



## (2) Output Phase Form



Note: The pulse width for phase C (origin pulse) changes according to the setting of the encoder output pulses (Pn212) and becomes the same as that for phase A.

Even in reverse rotation mode (Pn000.0 = 1), the output phase form is the same as that for the standard setting (Pn000.0 = 0) above.



If using the SERVOPACK's phase-C pulse output for a zero point return, rotate the servomotor two or more times before starting a zero point return. If the servomotor cannot be rotated two or more times, perform a zero point return at a motor speed of 600 min<sup>-1</sup> or below. If the motor speed is faster than 600 min<sup>-1</sup>, the phase-C pulse may not be output correctly.

# 4.4.5 Setting Encoder Output Pulse

Set the encoder output pulse using the following parameter.

	Encoder Output Puls	es	Speed	Classification	
Pn212	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	16 to 1073741824	1 P/rev	2048	After restart	Setup

Pulses from the encoder per revolution are divided inside the SERVOPACK by the number set in this parameter before being output. Set the number of encoder output pulses according to the system specifications of the machine or host controller.

According to the encoder resolution, the number of encoder output pulses are limited.

Setting Range of	Setting Range of Setting End		oder Resolution		Upper Limit of Servomotor Speed	
Encoder Output Pulses (P/Rev)	Unit	13 bits (8,192 pulses)	17 bits (131,072 pulses)	20 bits (1,048,576 pulses)	for Set Encoder Output Pulses (min <sup>-1</sup> )	
16 to 2048	1	~	-	-	6000	
16 to 16384	1	-	✓	✓	6000	
16386 to 32768	2	-	√	√	3000	
32772 to 65536	4	-	-	√	1500	
65544 to 131072	8	_	-	✓	750	
131088 to 262144	16	_	_	$\checkmark$	375	

Note 1. The setting range varies with the encoder resolution for the servomotor used.

An encoder output pulse setting error (A.041) will occur if the setting is outside the allowable range or does not satisfy the setting conditions.

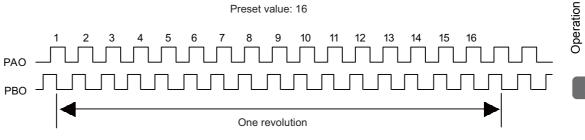
Pn212 = 25000 (P/Rev) is accepted, but

Pn212 = 25001 (P/Rev) is not accepted. The alarm A.041 is output because the setting unit differs from that in the above table.

2. The upper limit of the pulse frequency is approx. 1.6 Mpps.

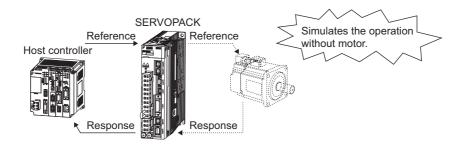
The servomotor speed is limited if the setting value of the encoder output pulses (Pn212) is large. An overspeed of encoder output pulse rate alarm (A.511) will occur if the motor speed exceeds the upper limit specified in the above table.

Output Example: When Pn212 = 16 (16-pulse output per one revolution), PAO and PBO are output as shown below.



# 4.5 Test Without Motor Function

The test without a motor is used to check the operation of the host controller and peripheral devices by simulating the operation of the servomotor in the SERVOPACK, i.e., without actually operating a servomotor. This function enables you to check wiring, verify the system while debugging, and verify parameters, thus shortening the time required for setup work and preventing damage to the machine that may result from possible malfunctions. The operation of the motor can be checked during performing this function regardless of whether the motor is actually connected or not.



## 4.5.1 Related Parameters

The following parameters are used for the test without a motor.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Disables the test without a motor.		
	n.0001	Enables the test without a motor.		
Pn00C	n.□□0□ <sup>*2</sup> [Factory setting]	Sets 13 bits as encoder resolution for the test without a motor.	After restart	Setup
	n.□□1□ <sup>*2</sup>	Sets 20 bits as encoder resolution for the test without a motor.		*
	n.□0□□ <sup>*2</sup> [Factory setting]	Sets an incremental encoder as encoder type for the test without a motor.		
	n.□1□□ <sup>*2</sup>	Sets absolute encoder <sup>*1</sup> as encoder type for the test without a motor.		

\*1. Absolute encoder is only for rotational servomotors. External encoders such as encoders for fully-closed loop control are used as incremental encoders regardless of the setting of Pn00C.2.

\*2. These settings are available only when the servomotors are not connected. When a servomotor is connected, the SERVOPACK uses the settings of the servomotor.

# 4.5.2 Limitations

The following functions cannot be used during the test without a motor.

- Regeneration and dynamic brake operation
- Brake output signal (The brake output signal can be checked with the I/O signal monitor function of the SigmaWin+.)
- Items marked with "×" in the following utility function table.

Fn No.	Contents		Can be used or not	
FILNO.	Contents	Motor not connected	Motor connected	
Fn000	Alarm history display	0	0	
Fn002	JOG operation	0	0	
Fn003	Origin search	0	0	
Fn004	Program JOG operation	0	0	
Fn005	Initializing parameter settings	0	0	
Fn006	Clearing alarm history	0	0	
Fn008	Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset	×	0	
Fn00C	Offset adjustment of analog monitor output	0	0	
Fn00D	Gain adjustment of analog monitor output	0	0	
Fn00E	Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	×	0	
Fn00F	Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	×	0	
Fn010	Write prohibited setting	0	0	
Fn011	Servomotor model display	0	0	
Fn012	Software version display	0	0	
Fn013	Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm occurs	×	0	
Fn014	Resetting configuration error in option modules	0	0	
Fn01B	Vibration detection level initialization	×	×	
Fn01E	Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID	0	0	
Fn01F	Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module	0	0	
Fn020	Origin setting	×	0	
Fn030	Software reset	0	0	
Fn200	Tuning-less levels setting	×	×	
Fn201	Advanced autotuning	×	×	
Fn202	Advanced autotuning by reference	×	×	
Fn203	One-parameter tuning	×	×	
Fn204	Anti-resonance control adjustment function	×	×	
Fn205	Vibration suppression function	×	×	
Fn206	EasyFFT	×	×	
Fn207	Online vibration monitor	×	×	

Note: O: Can be used

 $\times$  : Cannot be used

4.5.3 Digital Operator Displays during Testing without Motor

# 4.5.3 Digital Operator Displays during Testing without Motor

An asterisk (\*) is displayed before status display to indicate the test without a motor operation is in progress.

```
        * B B
        - P R M / M O N -

        U n 0 0 0 =
        0 0 0 0 0

        U n 0 0 2 =
        0 0 0 0 0

        U n 0 0 8 =
        0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

        U n 0 0 D =
        0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

(Example: Status of power to the servomotor is OFF)

Display	Status
*RUN	Power is supplied to the servomotor.
*BB	Power to the servomotor is OFF.
*PT NT	Forward or reverse run is prohibited.
*P-OT	Forward run is prohibited.
*N-OT	Reverse run is prohibited.
*HBB	In hard-wire base block (safety) state.

Note: The test without a motor status is not displayed during alarm occurs (A.  $\Box\Box\Box$ ).

# 4.6 Limiting Torque

The SERVOPACK provides the following four methods for limiting output torque to protect the machine.

Limiting Method	Description	Reference Section
Internal torque limit	Always limits torque by setting the parameter.	4.6.1
External torque limit	Limits torque by input signal from the host controller.	4.6.2
Torque limit with the com- mand data (TLIM)*	Limits torque by using the command data (TLIM) for torque lim- iting function settable commands.	_
Torque limit with P_CL and N_CL signals of the servo command output signals (SVCMD_IO)*	Limits torque by using P_CL and N_CL signals of the servo com- mand output signals (SVCMD_IO).	_

 For details, refer to Σ-V Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

Note: The maximum torque of the servomotor is used when the set value exceeds the maximum torque.

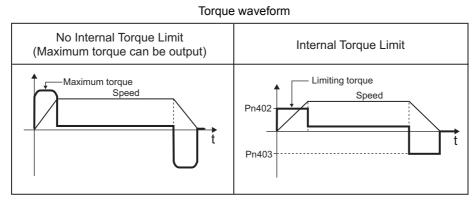
## **4.6.1** Internal Torque Limit

This function always limits maximum output torque by setting values of following parameters.

	Forward Torque Limi	t	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn40	2 Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup
	Reverse Torque Limi	t	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn40	3 Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup

The setting unit is a percentage of the rated torque.

Note: If the settings of Pn402 and Pn403 are too low, the torque may be insufficient for acceleration or deceleration of the servomotor.



# **4.6.2** External Torque Limit

Use this function to limit torque by inputting a signal from the host controller at specific times during machine operation. For example, some pressure must continually be applied (but not enough to damage the workpiece) when the robot is holding a workpiece or when a device is stopping on contact.

## (1) Input Signals

Use the following input signals to limit a torque by external torque limit.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning	Limit value
Innut	Input /P-CL Must be allocated		ON (closed)	Forward external torque limit ON	The smaller value of these set- tings: Pn402 or Pn404
mput			OFF (open)	Forward external torque limit OFF	Pn402
Input	Input /N-CL Must be allocated		ON (closed)	Reverse external torque limit ON	The smaller value of these set- tings: Pn403 or Pn405
mput			OFF (open)	Reverse external torque limit OFF	Pn403

Note: Use parameter Pn50B.2 and Pn50B.3 to allocate the /P-CL signal and the /N-CL signal for use. For details, refer to 3.3.1 Input Signal Allocations.

## (2) Related Parameters

Set the following parameters for external torque limit.

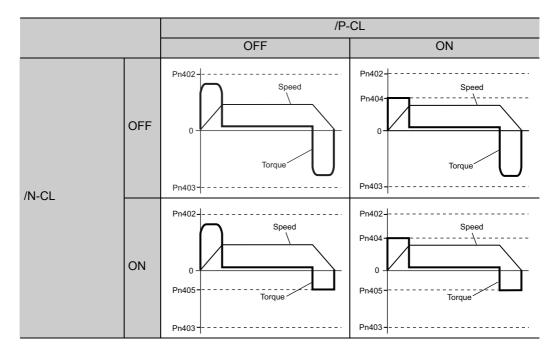
	Forward Torque Limi	t	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn402	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup
	Reverse Torque Limi	t	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn403	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup
	Forward External Tor	que Limit	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn404	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	100	Immediately	Setup
	Reverse External To	rque Limit	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn405	Reverse External Tor Setting Range	rque Limit Setting Unit	Speed Factory Setting	Position Torque When Enabled	Classification

The setting unit is a percentage of the rated torque.

Note: If the settings of Pn402, Pn403, Pn404, and Pn405 are too low, the torque may be insufficient for acceleration or deceleration of the servomotor.

## (3) Changes in Output Torque during External Torque Limiting

The following diagrams show the change in output torque when the internal torque limit is set to 800%. In this example, the servomotor rotation direction is Pn000.0 = 0 (Sets CCW as forward direction).



# 4.6.3 Checking Output Torque Limiting during Operation

The following signal can be output to indicate that the servomotor output torque is being limited.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output /CLT	Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Servomotor output torque is being lim- ited.	
		OFF (open)	Servomotor output torque is not being limited.	

Note: Use parameter Pn50F.0 to allocate the /CLT signal for use. For details, refer to 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations.

# 4.7 Absolute Encoders

If using an absolute encoder, a system to detect the absolute position can be designed for use with the host controller. As a result, an operation can be performed without a zero point return operation immediately after the power is turned ON.

A battery case is required to save position data in the absolute encoder. The battery is attached to the battery case of the encoder cable.

If an encoder cable with a battery case is not used, install a battery to the host controller.

# 

• Do not install batteries in both the host controller and battery case. It is dangerous because that sets up a loop circuit between the batteries.

Set Pn002.2 to 0 (factory setting) to use the absolute encoder.

Pa	Parameter Meaning		When Enabled	Classification
Pn002	n.□0□□ [Factory setting]	Uses the absolute encoder as an absolute encoder.	After restart	Setup
n.□1□□ Uses the absolute		Uses the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.		

A battery is not required when using the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.



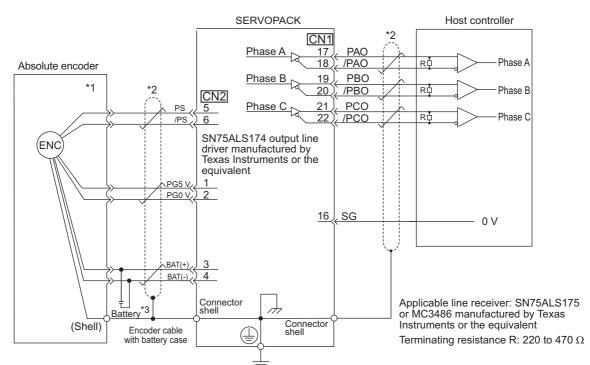
The output range of the rotational serial data for the  $\Sigma$ -V absolute position detecting system is different from that of earlier systems for 12-bit and 15-bit encoders. As a result, the infinite-length positioning system of the  $\Sigma$  Series must be changed for use with products in the  $\Sigma$ -V Series. Be sure to make the following system modification.

Servomotor Series	Resolution	Output Range of Rotational Serial Data	Action when Limit Is Exceeded
Σ Series SGD SGDA SGDB	12-bit 15-bit	-99999 to + 99999	<ul> <li>When the upper limit (+99999) is exceed in the forward direction, the rotational serial data will be 0.</li> <li>When the lower limit (-99999) is exceed in the reverse direction, the rotational series data will be 0.</li> </ul>
Σ-II, Σ-III, Σ-V Series SGDM SGDH SGDS SGDV	17-bit 20-bit	-32768 to + 32767	<ul> <li>When the upper limit (+32767) is exceed in the forward direction, the rotational serial data will be -32768.*</li> <li>When the lower limit (-32768) is exceed in the reverse direction, the rotational series data will be +32767.*</li> </ul>

Limit Setting.

# 4.7.1 Connecting the Absolute Encoder

The following diagram shows the connection between a servomotor with an absolute encoder, the SERVO-PACK, and the host controller.



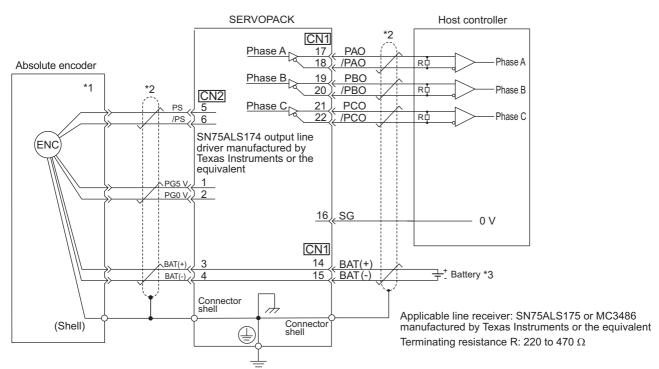
### (1) Using an Encoder Cable with a Battery Case

\*1. The absolute encoder pin numbers for the connector wiring depend on the servomotors.

\*3. When using an absolute encoder, provide power by installing an encoder cable with a JUSP-BA01-E Battery Case or install a battery on the host controller.

4.7.1 Connecting the Absolute Encoder

# (2) Installing the Battery in the Host Controller

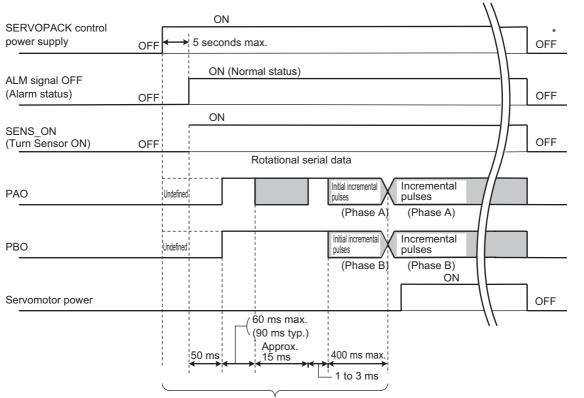


- \*1. The absolute encoder pin numbers for the connector wiring depend on the servomotors.
- \*2. +: represents shielded twisted-pair wires.
- \*3. When using an absolute encoder, provide power by installing an encoder cable with a JUSP-BA01-E Battery Case or install a battery on the host controller.

# 4.7.2 Absolute Data Request (SENS ON Command)

The Turn Sensor ON command (SENS\_ON) must be sent to obtain absolute data as an output from the SER-VOPACK.

The SENS\_ON command is sent at the following timing.



The servomotor will not be turned ON even if the SV\_ON command is received during this interval.

\* Send the SENS\_OFF command to turn OFF the control power supply.

# **4.7.3** Battery Replacement

If the battery voltage drops to approximately 2.7 V or less, an absolute encoder battery error alarm (A.830) or an absolute encoder battery error warning (A.930) will be displayed.

If this alarm or warning is displayed, replace the batteries using the following procedure.

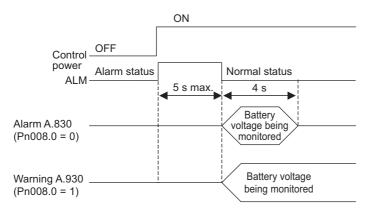
Use Pn008.0 to set either an alarm (A.830) or a warning (A.930).

Parameter Meaning		When Enabled	Classification	
Pn008	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Outputs the alarm A.830 when the battery voltage drops.	After restart	Setup
1 11000	n.0001	Outputs the warning A.930 when the battery voltage drops.	Alter lestart	Setup

• If Pn008.0 is set to 0, alarm detection will be enabled for 4 seconds after the ALM signal outputs max. 5 seconds when the control power is turned ON.

No battery-related alarm will be displayed even if the battery voltage drops below the specified value after these 4 seconds.

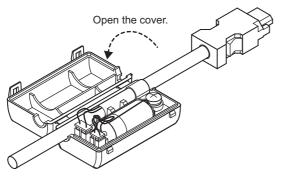
• If Pn008.0 is set to 1, alarm detection will be always enabled after the ALM signal outputs max. 5 seconds when the control power supply is turned ON.



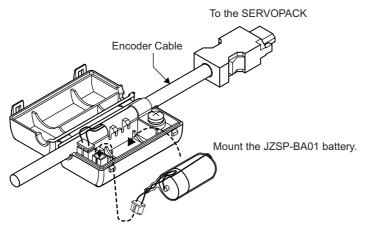
## (1) Battery Replacement Procedure

#### ■ Using an Encoder Cable with a Battery Case

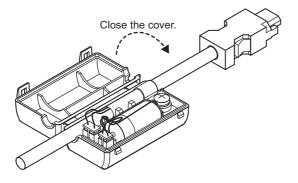
- 1. Turn ON the control power supply of the SERVOPACK only.
- 2. Open the battery case cover.



3. Remove the old battery and mount the new JZSP-BA01 battery as shown below.



4. Close the battery case cover.



- 5. After replacing the battery, turn OFF the control power supply to clear the absolute encoder battery error alarm (A.830).
- 6. Turn ON the control power supply again.
- 7. Check that the alarm display has been cleared and that the SERVOPACK operates normally.



If the SERVOPACK control power supply is turned OFF and the battery is disconnected (which includes disconnecting the encoder cable), the absolute encoder data will be deleted.

#### Installing a Battery in the Host Controller

- 1. Turn ON the control power supply of the SERVOPACK only.
- 2. Remove the old battery and mount the new battery.
- 3. After replacing the battery, turn OFF the control power supply to clear the absolute encoder battery error alarm (A.830).
- 4. Turn ON the control power supply again.
- 5. Check that the alarm display has been cleared and that the SERVOPACK operates normally.

# 4.7.4 Absolute Encoder Setup and Reinitialization

# 

The rotational data will be a value between -2 and +2 rotations when the absolute encoder setup is executed. The reference position of the machine system will change. Set the reference position of the host controller to the position after setup.
 If the machine is started without adjusting the position of the host controller, unexpected operation may cause injury or damage to the machine. Take sufficient care when operating the machine.

Setting up and reinitialization of the absolute encoder are necessary in the following cases.

- When starting the machine for the first time
- When an encoder backup error alarm (A.810) is generated
- When an encoder checksum error alarm (A.820) is generated
- When initializing the rotational serial data of the absolute encoder

Set up the absolute encoder with Fn008.

#### (1) Precautions on Setup and Reinitialization

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- Set up or reinitialize the encoder when the servomotor power is OFF.
- If the following absolute encoder alarms are displayed, cancel the alarm by using the same method as the set up (initializing) with Fn008. They cannot be canceled with the SERVOPACK Clear Warning or Alarm command (ALM\_CLR).
  - Encoder backup error alarm (A.810)
  - Encoder checksum error alarm (A.820)
- Any other alarms (A.8 $\Box\Box$ ) that monitor the inside of the encoder should be canceled by turning OFF the power.

#### (2) Procedure for Setup and Reinitialization

Follow the steps below to setup or reinitialize the absolute encoder.

This setting can be performed using the Write Memory command (MEM\_WR). For details, refer to Σ-V Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (SIEP S800000 63).

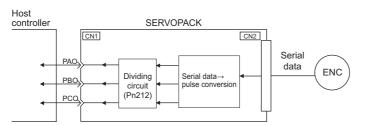
Step	Panel Display	Keys	Description
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn006:AImHist Clr <u>Fn008:</u> Mturn Clr           Fn009:Ref Adj           Fn00A:Vel Adj		Press the Rey to select the utility function. And press the A or V Key to select the Fn008.
2	BB Multiturn Clear PGCL <u>1</u>	DATA	Press the $\square$ Key to view the execution display of Fn008.
3	BB Multiturn Clear PGCL <u>5</u>		Keep pressing the A Key until "PGCL1" is changed to "PGCL5."
4	BB Multiturn Clear PGCL <u>5</u>	DATA	Press the Mathematical Key to setup the absolute encoder. After completing the setup, "DONE" is flashed for approximately one second and "BB" is displayed.
5	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn006:AImHist Clr <u>Fn008:</u> Mturn Clr           Fn009:Ref Adj           Fn00A:Vel Adj	MODE/SET	Press the <b>Exercise</b> Key to return to the display of the procedure 1.
6	To enable the change in the settin	g, turn the power OFF a	nd ON again.

## 4.7.5 Absolute Data Reception Sequence

The sequence in which the SERVOPACK receives outputs from the absolute encoder and transmits them to host controller is shown below.

#### (1) Outline of Absolute Data

The serial data, pulses, etc., of the absolute encoder that are output from the SERVOPACK are output from the PAO, PBO, and PCO signals as shown below.



Signal Name Status		Contents
PAO	At initialization	Rotational serial data Initial incremental pulses
	Normal Operations	Incremental pulses
PBO	At initialization	Initial incremental pulses
1 BO	Normal Operations	Incremental pulses
PCO	Always	Origin pulses

#### Phase-C Output Specifications

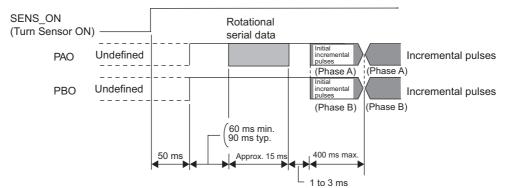
The pulse width of phase C (origin pulse) changes depending on the encoder output pulse (Pn212), becoming the same width as phase A.

The output timing is one of the following.

- · Synchronized with the rising edge of phase A
- Synchronized with the falling edge of phase A
- Synchronized with the rising edge of phase B
- Synchronized with the falling edge of phase B
- Note: When host controller receives the data of absolute encoder, do not perform counter reset using the output of PCO signal.

#### (2) Absolute Data Reception Sequence

- 1. Send the Turn Sensor ON (SENS\_ON) command from the host controller.
- 2. After 100 ms, the system is set to rotational serial data reception standby and the incremental pulse up/ down counter is cleared to zero.
- 3. Eight characters of rotational serial data is received.
- 4. The system enters a normal incremental operation state about 400 ms after the last rotational serial data is received.



Note: The output pulses are phase-B advanced if the servomotor is turning forward regardless of the setting in Pn000.0.

4.7.5 Absolute Data Reception Sequence

#### Rotational serial data:

Indicates how many turns the motor shaft has made from the reference position, which was the position at setup.

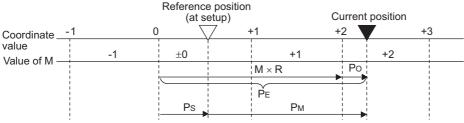
Initial incremental pulses:

Initial incremental pulses which provide absolute data are the number of pulses required to rotate the motor shaft from the servomotor origin to the present position.

Just as with normal incremental pulses, these pulses are divided by the dividing circuit inside the SERVO-PACK and then output.

The initial incremental pulse speed depends on the setting of the encoder output pulses (Pn212). Use the following formula to obtain the initial incremental pulse speed.

Setting of the Encoder Output Pulses (Pn212)	Formula of the Initial Incremental Pulse Speed
16 to 16384	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{16384} $ [kpps]
16386 to 32768	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{32768} $ [kpps]
32772 to 65536	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{65536} $ [kpps]
65544 to 131072	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{131072} $ [kpps]
131088 to 262144	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{262144} $ [kpps]



Final absolute data P<sub>M</sub> is calculated by following formula.

 $P_E = M \times R + P_O$ 

 $P_S = M_S \times R + P_S'$ 

 $P_M = P_E - P_S$ 

Signal	Meaning			
P <sub>E</sub>	Current value read by encoder			
М	Rotational serial data			
P <sub>O</sub>	Number of initial incremental pulses			
P <sub>S</sub>	Absolute data read at setup (This is saved and controlled by the host controller.)			
M <sub>S</sub>	Rotational data read at setup			
P <sub>S</sub> '	Number of initial incremental pulses read at setup			
P <sub>M</sub>	Current value required for the user's system			
R	Number of pulses per encoder revolution (pulse count after dividing, value of Pn212)			

Note: The following formula applies in reverse mode. (Pn000.0 = 1)

$$P_E = -M \times R + P_O$$

$$P_{S} = M_{S} \times R + P_{S}$$
$$P_{M} = P_{E} - P_{S}$$

## (3) Rotational Serial Data Specifications and Initial Incremental Pulses

## Rotational Serial Data Specifications

The rotational serial data is output from PAO signal.

Data Transfer Method	Start-stop Synchronization (ASYNC)
Baud rate	9600 bps
Start bits	1 bit
Stop bits	1 bit
Parity	Even
Character code	ASCII 7-bit code
Data format	<ul> <li>8 characters, as shown below.</li> <li>"0" to "9" Rotational data in five digits</li> <li>"CR" 0000010101 1 0000010101 1 0000010101 1 000000 (CR) or parity</li> <li>Note 1. Data is "P+00000" (CR) or "P-00000" (CR) when the number of revolutions is zero.</li> <li>2. The revolution range is "-32768" to "+32767". When this range is exceeded, the data changes from "+32767" to "-32678" or from "-32678" to "+32767". When changing multiturn limit, the range changes. For details, refer to 4.7.6 Multiturn Limit Setting.</li> </ul>

#### Initial Incremental Pulses

The initial incremental pulses are output after division inside the SERVOPACK in the same way as for normal incremental pulses. Refer to *4.4.4 Encoder Output Pulses* for details.

4.7.5 Absolute Data Reception Sequence

## (4) Transferring Alarm Contents

If an absolute encoder is used, the contents of alarms detected by the SERVOPACK are transmitted in serial data to the host controller from the PAO output when the Turn Sensor OFF command (SENS\_OFF) is received.

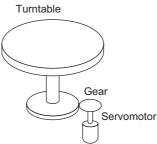
Note: The SENS\_OFF command cannot be received while the servomotor power is ON.

Output example of alarm contents are as shown below.

Turn Sensor OFF (SENS_OFF)	ON OFF Error detection		
Panel Display	or	$ \begin{array}{c} \blacksquare \\ \blacksquare $	
PAO Output	Incremental pulse	Enlarged view Seria	Serial Data al Data Format '1""." "CR" digits

## 4.7.6 Multiturn Limit Setting

The multiturn limit setting is used in position control applications for a turntable or other rotating device. For example, consider a machine that moves the turntable in the following diagram in only one direction.



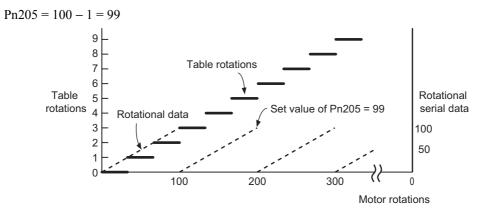
Because the turntable moves in only one direction, the upper limit for revolutions that can be counted by an absolute encoder will eventually be exceeded. The multiturn limit setting is used in cases like this to prevent fractions from being produced by the integral ratio of the motor revolutions and turntable revolutions.

For a machine with a gear ratio of n:m, as shown above, the value of m minus 1 will be the setting for the multiturn limit setting (Pn205).

Multiturn limit setting (Pn205) = m-1

The case in which the relationship between the turntable revolutions and motor revolutions is m = 100 and n = 3 is shown in the following graph.

Pn205 is set to 99.



_	Multiturn Limit Settir	ng	Speed	Position Torque	Classification	ration
Pn205	Setting Range Setting Unit		Factory Setting	When Enabled		ODe
	0 to 65535	1 Rev	65535	After restart	Setup	

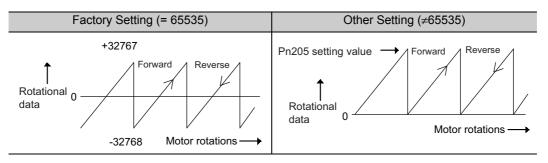
Note: This parameter is valid when the absolute encoder is used.

The range of the data will vary when this parameter is set to anything other than the factory setting.

- 1. When the motor rotates in the reverse direction with the rotational data at 0, the rotational data will change to the setting of Pn205.
- 2. When the motor rotates in the forward direction with the rotational data at the Pn205 setting, the rotational data will change to 0.

4.7.7 Multiturn Limit Disagreement Alarm (A.CC0)

Set the value, the desired rotational amount -1, to Pn205.



Note: The direct drive motor has an absolute encoder (without multiturn) as a standard specification. The absolute value of the load side can be created with the motor shaft angle only even when constructing an absolute position detecting system because the servomotor and the load can be directly connected. The encoder multiturn data (rotational serial data) is not required.

## **4.7.7** Multiturn Limit Disagreement Alarm (A.CC0)

When the multiturn limit set value is changed with parameter Pn205, a multiturn limit disagreement alarm (A.CC0) will be displayed because the value differs from that of the encoder.

Alarm Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Output	Meaning
A.CC0	Multiturn Limit Disagreement	() E E ( E) (	Different multiturn limits have been set in the encoder and SERVOPACK.

If this alarm is displayed, perform the operation described below and change the multiturn limit value in the encoder to the value set in Pn205.

This setting can be performed using the Write Memory command (MEM\_WR). For details, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (SIEP S800000 63).

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	A.CC0 -FUNCTION- Fn012:Soft Ver <u>Fn013:</u> MturnLmSet Fn014:Opt Init Fn01B:ViblvI Init		Press the Key to select the utility function. And press the A or V Key to select the Fn013.
2	A.CCO Multiturn Limit Set Start :[DATA] Return:[SET]	DATA	Press the Key to view the execution display of Fn013. Note: If the display is not switched and "NO-OP" is displayed in the status display, the Write Prohibited Setting (Fn010 = 0001) is set. Check the setting and reset.
3	A.CCO Multiturn Limit Set Start :[DATA] Return:[SET]	DATA MODE/SET	Press the www. Key to set the multiturn limit value. When the setting is completed, the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "A.CCO" again. Note: If the key is pressed instead of the key, the multiturn limit value will not be reset.
4	A.CC0 - FUNCTION - Fn012:Soft Ver <u>Fn013:</u> MturnLmSet Fn014:Opt Init Fn01B:ViblvI Init	MODE/SET	Press the EXE Key to return to the display the proce- dure 1.
5	To enable the change in the settin	g, turn the power OFF a	nd ON again.

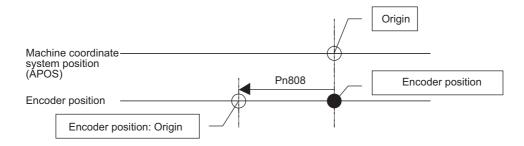
## 4.7.8 Absolute Encoder Origin Offset

If using the absolute encoder, the positions of the encoder and the offset of the machine coordinate system (APOS) can be set. Use Pn808 to make the setting. After the SENS\_ON command is received by MECHA-TROLINK communications, this parameter will be enabled.

	Absolute Encoder O	rigin Offset	Pos	ition	Classification
Pn808	1808Setting RangeSetting Unit		Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	0	Immediately	Setup

#### <Example>

If the encoder position (X) is set at the origin of the machine coordinate system (0), Pn808 = X.



4.8.1 Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

# 4.8 Other Output Signals

This section explains other output signals.

Use these signals according to the application needs, e.g., for machine protection.

# 4.8.1 Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

This section describes signals that are output when the SERVOPACK detects errors and resetting methods.

## (1) Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

This signal is output when the SERVOPACK detects an error.

IMPORTANT	Configure an external circuit so that this alarm output turns OFF the main circuit power supply for the SERVOPACK whenever an error occurs.
-----------	---

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output ALM C	CN1-3. 4	ON (closed)	Normal SERVOPACK status	
Calput	7 11/11		OFF (open)	SERVOPACK alarm status

## (2) Alarm Reset Method

If a servo alarm (ALM) occurs, use one of the following methods to reset the alarm after eliminating the cause of the alarm.



Be sure to eliminate the cause of the alarm before resetting it. If the alarm is reset and operation continued without eliminating the cause of the alarm, it may result in damage to the equipment or fire.

#### Resetting Alarms by Sending Clear Warning or Alarm Command (ALM\_CLR)

For details, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

#### Resetting Alarms Using the Digital Operator

Press the ALARM RESET Key on the digital operator. For details, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55).

## 4.8.2 Warning Output Signal (/WARN)

This signal is for a warning issued before the occurrence of an alarm. Refer to 9.2.1 List of Warnings.

#### (1) Signal Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	/WARN Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Warning status	
Output	/ •••	What be anotated	OFF (open)	Normal status

Note: Use parameter Pn50F.3 to allocate the /WARN signal for use. For details, refer to 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations.

# **4.8.3** Rotation Detection Output Signal (/TGON)

This output signal indicates that the servomotor is rotating at the speed set for Pn502 or a higher speed.

### (1) Signal Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	Output /TGON Must be allocate	Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Servomotor is rotating with the motor speed above the setting in Pn502.
Output			OFF (open)	Servomotor is rotating with the motor speed below the setting in Pn502.

Note: Use parameter Pn50E.2 to allocate the /TGON signal for use. For details, refer to 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations.

#### (2) Related Parameter

Set the range in which the /TGON signal is output using the following parameter.

	Rotation Detection L	evel	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn502	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	20	Immediately	Setup

# 4.8.4 Servo Ready Output Signal (/S-RDY)

This signal is turned ON when the SERVOPACK is ready to accept the servo ON (SV\_ON) command.

The /S-RDY signal is turned ON under the following conditions.

- The main circuit power supply is ON.
- No hard wire base block state
- No servo alarms

• The Turn Sensor ON (SENS\_ON) command is received. (When an absolute encoder is used.)

If an absolute encoder is used, the output of absolute data to the host controller must have been completed when the SENS\_ON command is received.

For details on the hard wire base block function, refer to 4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function.

#### (1) Signal Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	/S-RDY Must be allocated	ON (closed)	The SERVOPACK is ready to accept the SV_ON command.	
Calput	/5-101		OFF (open)	The SERVOPACK is not ready to accept the SV_ON command.

Note 1. Use parameter Pn50E.3 to allocate the /S-RDY signal for use. For details, refer to 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations.

2. For details on the hard wire base block function and the servo ready output signal, refer to 4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function.

4.8.5 Speed Coincidence Output Signal (/V-CMP)

# **4.8.5** Speed Coincidence Output Signal (/V-CMP)

0 to 100

The speed coincidence output signal (/V-CMP) is output when the actual servomotor speed is the same as the reference speed. The host controller uses the signal as an interlock. This signal is the output signal during speed control.

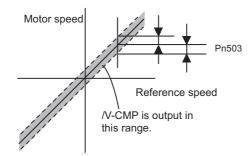
Туре	Signal Name		ector Pin Imber	S	etting	Meaning		
Output	/V-CMP	Must be allocated		ON (closed)		Speed coincides.		
Output				OFF (ope	en)	Speed does not coincide.		
Note: Use	Note: Use parameter Pn50E.1 to allocate the /V-CMP signal for use. Refer to 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations for details.							
	Speed Coir	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width Speed Classification						
Pn503	Setting F	Range	Setting	Unit	Factory S	etting	When Enabled	

The /V-CMP signal is output when the difference between the reference speed and actual motor speed is below this setting.

10

Immediately

Setup



1 min<sup>-1</sup>

#### <Example>

The /V-CMP signal is output at 1900 to 2100 min<sup>-1</sup> if the Pn503 is set to 100 and the reference speed is 2000 min<sup>-1</sup>.

# **4.8.6** Positioning Completed Output Signal (/COIN)

This signal indicates that servomotor movement has been completed during position control.

When the difference between the number of references output by the host controller and the travel distance of the servomotor (position error) drops below the set value in the parameter, the positioning completion signal will be output.

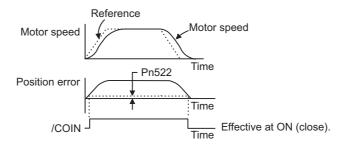
Use this signal to check the completion of positioning from the host controller.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	/COIN	Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Positioning has been completed.
Output		Whist be anocated	OFF (open)	Positioning is not completed.

Note: Use parameter Pn50E.0 to allocate the /COIN signal for use. Refer to 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations for details.

	Positioning Completed Width Position			Classification	
Pn522	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	7	Immediately	Setup

The positioning completed width setting has no effect on final positioning accuracy.



Note: If the parameter is set to a value that is too large, a positioning completed signal might be output if the position error is low during a low speed operation. This will cause the positioning completed signal to be output continuously. If this signal is output unexpectedly, reduce the set value until it is no longer output.

If the position error is kept to a minimum when the positioning completed width is small, use Pn207.3 to change output timing for the /COIN signal.

	Parameter	Name	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]		When the absolute value of the posi- tion error is below the positioning completed width (Pn522).		
Pn207	, n.1000	/COIN Output Timing	When the absolute value of the posi- tion error is below the positioning completed width (Pn522), and the ref- erence after applying the position ref- erence filter is 0.	After restart	Setup
	n.2000		When the absolute value of the posi- tion error is below the positioning completed width (Pn522), and the position reference input is 0.		

4.8.7 Positioning Near Output Signal (/NEAR)

# 4.8.7 Positioning Near Output Signal (/NEAR)

Before confirming that the positioning completed signal has been received, the host controller first receives a positioning near signal and can prepare the operating sequence after positioning has been completed. The time required for this sequence after positioning can be shortened.

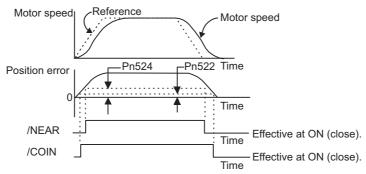
This signal is generally used in combination with the positioning completed output signal.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	/NEAR	Must be allocated	ON (closed)	The servomotor has reached a point near to positioning completed.
Output /NEAR			OFF (open)	The servomotor has not reached a point near to positioning completed.

Note: Use parameter Pn510.0 to allocate the /NEAR signal for use. Refer to 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations for details.

	NEAR Signal Width			Position	Classification
Pn524	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1073741824	Immediately	Setup

The positioning near signal (/NEAR) is output when the difference between the number of references output by the host controller and the travel distance of the servomotor (position error) is less than the set value.



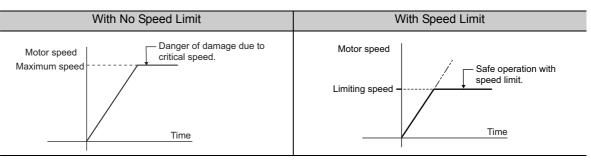
Note: Normally, the value of Pn524 should be larger than that for the positioning completed width (Pn522).

# 4.8.8 Speed Limit Detection Signal (/VLT)

This function limits the speed of the servomotor to protect the machine.

A servomotor in torque control is controlled to output the specified torque, but the motor speed is not controlled. Therefore, if an excessive reference torque is set for the load torque on the machinery side, the speed of the servomotor may increase greatly. If that may occur, use this function to limit the speed.

Note: The actual limit value of motor speed depends on the load conditions of the servomotor.



Refer to the following parameters for speed limit.

## (1) Signals Output during Servomotor Speed Limit

The following signal is output when the motor speed reaches the limit speed.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output /VLT		Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Servomotor speed limit being applied.
			OFF (open)	Servomotor speed limit not being applied.

Note: Use parameter Pn50F.1 to allocate the /VLT signal for use. For details, refer to 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations.

#### (2) Speed Limit Setting

Select the speed limit mode with Pn002.1.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification	
Pn002	n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	VLIM (the speed limit value during torque control) is not available. Uses the value set in Pn407 as the speed limit (internal speed limit function).	After restart	Setup	
	n.0010	VLIM operates as the speed limit value (external speed limit function).			

4.8.8 Speed Limit Detection Signal (/VLT)

#### Internal Speed Limit Function

If the internal speed limit function is selected in Pn002.1, set the limit of the maximum speed of the servomotor in Pn407. The limit of the speed in Pn408.1 can be either the maximum speed of the servomotor or the overspeed alarm detection speed. Select the overspeed alarm detection speed to limit the speed to the maximum speed of the servomotor or the equivalent.

	Speed Limit During Torque Control				Classification
Pn407	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immediately	Setup

Note: The servomotor's maximum speed or the overspeed alarm detection speed will be used when the setting in this parameter exceeds the maximum speed of the servomotor used.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn408	n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	Uses the smaller value of the maximum motor speed and the value of Pn407 as the speed limit value.	After restart	Setup
1 11400	n.□□1□	Uses the smaller value of the overspeed alarm detec- tion speed and the value of Pn407 as speed limit value.	Titer Testart	Setup

## External Speed Limit Function

If the external speed limit function is selected in Pn002.1, the motor speed is controlled by the speed limit value (VLIM). For details, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

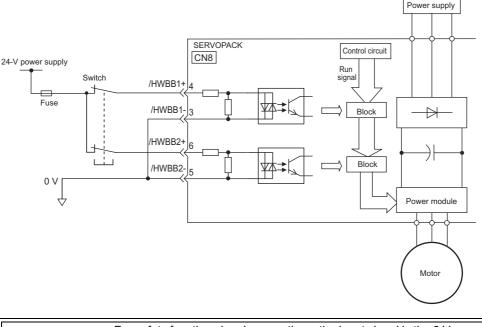
# 4.9 Safety Function

IMPORTANT

The safety function is incorporated in the SERVOPACK to reduce the risk associated with the machine by protecting workers from injury and by securing safe machine operation. Especially when working in hazardous areas inside the safeguard, as for machine maintenance, it can be used to avoid adverse machine movement.

# 4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function

The Hard Wire Base Block function (hereinafter referred to as HWBB function) is a safety function designed to baseblock the servomotor (shut off the motor current) by using the hardwired circuits. Each circuit for two channel input signals blocks the run signal to turn off the power module that controls the motor current, and the motor current is shut off. (Refer to the diagram below.)



For safety function signal connections, the input signal is the 0 V common and the output signal is the source output. This is the opposite of other signals described in this manual. To avoid confusion, the ON and OFF status of signals for safety functions are defined as follows:

- ON: The state in which the relay contacts are closed or the transistor is ON and current flows into the signal line.
- OFF: The state in which the relay contacts are open or the transistor is OFF and no current flows into the signal line.

4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function

#### (1) Risk Assessment

When using the HWBB function, be sure to perform a risk assessment of the servo system in advance. Make sure that the safety level of the standards is met. For details about the standards, refer to *Harmonized Standards* at the front of this manual.

The following risks can be estimated even if the HWBB function is used. These risks must be included in the risk assessment.

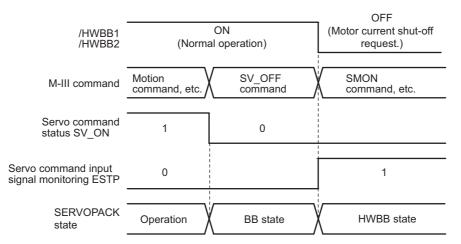
- The servomotor will move in an application where external force is applied to the servomotor (for example, gravity on the vertical axis). Take measures to secure the servomotor, such as installing a mechanical brake.
- The servomotor may move within the electric angle of 180 degrees in case of the power module failure, etc. Make sure that safety is ensured even in that situation. The rotation angle depends on the motor type. The maximum rotation angle is given below.

Rotational motor: 1/6 rotation max. (rotation angle at the motor shaft) Direct drive motor: 1/20 rotation max. (rotation angle at the motor shaft)

• The HWBB function does not shut off the power to the SERVOPACK or electrically isolate it. Take measures to shut off the power to the SERVOPACK when performing maintenance on it.

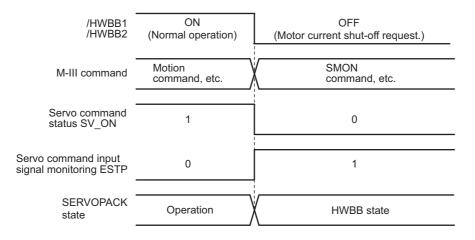
#### (2) Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) State

The SERVOPACK will be in the following state if the HWBB function operates. If the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is OFF, the HWBB function will operate and the SERVOPACK will enter a hard wire baseblock (HWBB) state.



The HWBB function operates after the servomotor power is turned OFF.

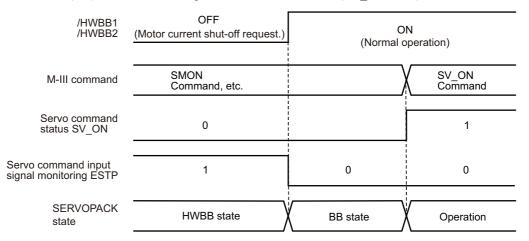
The HWBB function operates while the servomotor power is ON.



Note: To meet the performance level d (PLd) in EN ISO 13849-1, the EDM signal must be monitored by a host controller. If the EDM signal is not monitored by a host controller, the system only qualifies for the performance level c (PLc).

#### (3) Resetting the HWBB State

Usually after the servo OFF command (SV\_OFF: 32H) is received and the servomotor power is OFF, the SERVOPACK will then enter a hard wire baseblock (HWBB) state with the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals turned OFF. By then turning the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals ON in this state, the SERVOPACK will enter a baseblock (BB) state and can accept the servo ON command (SV\_ON: 31H).



If the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are OFF and the servo ON command is received, the HWBB state will be maintained after the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are turned ON.

Send the servo OFF command, and the SERVOPACK is placed in a BB state. Then send the servo ON command again.

/HWBB1 /HWBB2	OFF (Motor current shut-off request)	ON (Normal operat	tion)
M-III Command	SV_ON Command	SV_OFF Command	SV_ON Command
Servo command status SV_ON	0	0	1
Servo command input signal monitoring ESTP	1	0	0
SERVOPACK state	HWBB state	BB state	Operation

Note: Even if the servomotor power is turned OFF by turning OFF the main circuit power, the HWBB status is retained until a servo OFF command is received.

4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function

## (4) Related Commands

If the HWBB function is working with the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal turned OFF, the setting of ESTP of the servo command input signal monitoring changes to 1, so the status of the upper level apparatus can be known by looking at the setting of this bit.

If the status becomes HWBB status during the execution of the next command, a command warning is issued. If a warning is given, clear the alarm to return to normal operational status. After stopping or canceling the action command, using the sequence of commands to return to the HWBB status is recommended.

Object Action Commands
Servo ON (SV_ON)
Interpolating (INTERPORATE)
Positioning (POSING)
Constant speed feed (FEED)
Constant speed feed with position detection function (EX_FEED)
Interpolating with position detection function (LATCH)
External input positioning (EX_POSING)
Homing (ZRET)

#### (5) Error Detection in HWBB Signal

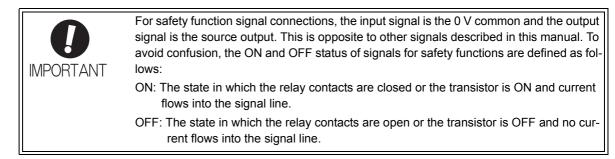
If only the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is input, an A.Eb1 alarm (Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error) will occur unless the other signal is input within 10 seconds. This makes it possible to detect failures, such as disconnection of the HWBB signals.

# 

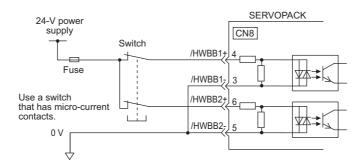
• The safety function signal input timing error alarm (A.Eb1) is not related to the safety function. Keep this in mind in the system design.

## (6) Connection Example and Specifications of Input Signals (HWBB Signals)

The input signals must be redundant. A connection example and specifications of input signals (HWBB signals) are shown below.



Connection Example



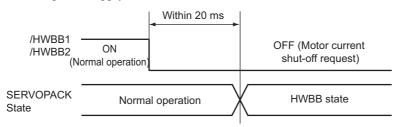
Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Input	/HWBB1	CN8-4 CN8-3	ON (closed)	Does not use the HWBB function. (normal operation)
			OFF (open)	Uses the HWBB function. (motor current shut-off request)
	/HWBB2	CN8-6 CN8-5	ON (closed)	Does not use the HWBB function. (normal operation)
			OFF (open)	Uses the HWBB function. (motor current shut-off request)

The input signals (HWBB signals) have the following electrical characteristics.

Items	Characteristics	Remarks
Internal Impedance	3.3 kΩ	-
Operation Movable Voltage Range	+11 V to + 25 V	-
Maximum Delay Time	20 ms	Time from the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are OFF to the HWBB function operates.

If the HWBB function is requested by turning OFF the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signals on the two channels, the power supply to the servomotor will be turned OFF within 20 ms (see below).



Note 1. The OFF status is not recognized if the total OFF time of the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals is 0.5 ms or shorter.
 2. The status of the input signals can be checked using monitor displays. Refer to 7.5 *Monitoring Safety Input Signals*.

#### (7) Operation with Utility Functions

The HWBB function works while the SERVOPACK operates in the utility function.

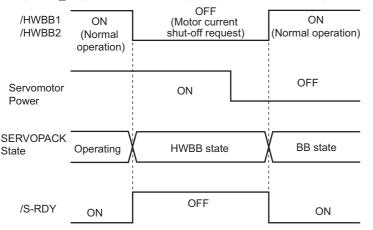
If any of the following utility functions is being used with the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals turned OFF, the SERVOPACK cannot be operated by turning ON the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals. Cancel the utility function first, and then set the SERVOPACK to the utility function again and restart operation.

- JOG operation (Fn002)
- Origin search (Fn003)
- Program JOG operation (Fn004)
- Advanced autotuning (Fn201)
- EasyFFT (Fn206)
- Automatic offset-signal adjustment of motor current detection signal (Fn00E)

#### (8) Servo Ready Output (/S-RDY)

The servo ON (SV\_ON) command will not be accepted in the HWBB state. Therefore, the servo ready output will turn OFF. The servo ready output will turn ON if the servomotor power is OFF (set to BB state) when both the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are ON.

The following diagram shows an example where the main circuit power supply is turned ON, the Turn Sensor ON (SENS\_ON) command is sent (with an absolute encoder), and no servo alarm occurs.



#### (9) Brake Signal (/BK)

When the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is OFF and the HWBB function operates, the brake signal (/BK) will turn OFF. At that time, Pn506 (brake reference - servo OFF delay time) will be disabled. Therefore, the servo-motor may be moved by external force until the actual brake becomes effective after the brake signal (/BK) turns OFF.

# 

• The brake signal output is not related to the safety functions. Be sure to design the system so that the system will not be put into danger if the brake signal fails in the HWBB state. Moreover, if a servomotor with a brake is used, keep in mind that the brake for the servomotor is used only to prevent the movable part from being moved by gravity or an external force and it cannot be used to brake the servomotor.

#### (10) Dynamic Brake

If the dynamic brake is enabled in Pn001.0 (Stopping Method for Servomotor after SV\_OFF Command is Received), the servomotor will come to a stop under the control of the dynamic brake when the HWBB function works while the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is OFF.

# 

- The dynamic brake is not related to the safety functions. Be sure to design the system so that the system will not be put into danger if the servomotor coasts to a stop in the HWBB state. Usually, use a sequence in which the HWBB state occurs after the servomotor is stopped using the reference.
- If the application frequently uses the HWBB function, do not use the dynamic brake to stop the servomotor. Otherwise element deterioration in the SERVOPACK may result. To prevent internal elements from deteriorating, use a sequence in which the HWBB state occurs after the servomotor has come to a stop.

#### (11) Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

In the HWBB state, the servo alarm output signal (ALM) is not sent.

## 4.9.2 External Device Monitor (EDM1)

The external device monitor (EDM1) functions to monitor failures in the HWBB function. Connect the monitor to feedback signals to the safety function device.

Note: To meet the performance level d (PLd) in EN ISO13849-1, the EDM signal must be monitored by a host controller. If the EDM signal is not monitored by a host controller, the system only qualifies for the performance level c (PLc).

#### ■ Failure Detection Signal for EDM1 Signal

The relation of the EDM1, /HWBB1, and /HWBB2 signals is shown below.

Detection of failures in the EDM1 circuit can be checked using the following four status of the EDM1 signal in the table. Failures can be detected if the failure status can be confirmed, e.g., when the power supply is turned ON.

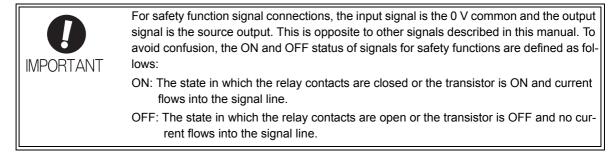
Signal Name		Lo	gic	
/HWBB1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
/HWBB2	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
EDM1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON



Operation

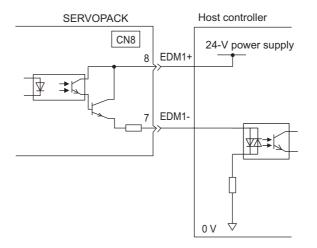
## (1) Connection Example and Specifications of EDM1 Output Signal

Connection example and specifications of EDM1 output signal are explained below.



#### Connection Example

EDM1 output signal is used for source circuit.



#### Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	EDM1	CN8-8	ON (closed)	Both the /HWBB1 and the /HWBB2 signals are working normally.
Calput		CN8-7	OFF (open)	The /HWBB1 signal, the /HWBB2 signal or both are not working normally.

Electrical characteristics of EDM1 signal are as follows.

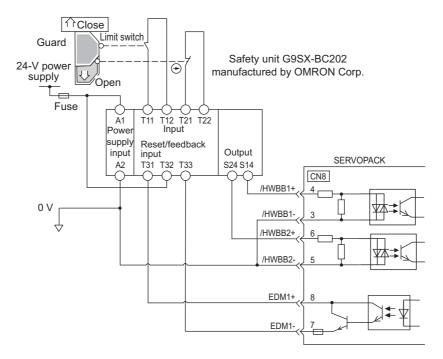
Items	Characteristics	Remarks
Maximum Allowable Voltage	30 VDC	-
Maximum Current	50 mADC	-
Maximum Voltage Drop at ON	1.0 V	Voltage between EDM1+ and EDM1- when current is 50 mA
Maximum Delay Time	20 ms	Time from the change in /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 until the change in EDM1

## **4.9.3** Application Example of Safety Functions

An example of using safety functions is shown below.

#### (1) Connection Example

In the following example, a safety unit is used and the HWBB function operates when the guard opens.



When a guard opens, both of signals, the /HWBB1 and the /HWBB2, turn OFF, and the EDM1 signal turns ON. Since the feedback is ON when the guard closes, the safety unit is reset, and the /HWBB1 and the / HWBB2 signals turn ON, and the operation becomes possible.

Note: The EDM1 signal is used as a sourcing output. Connect the EDM1 so that the current flows from EMD1+ to EMD1-.

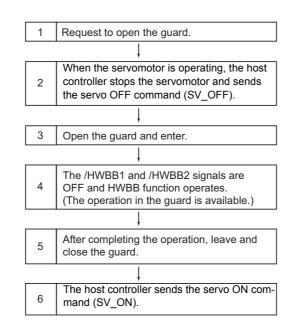
#### (2) Failure Detection Method

In case of a failure such as the /HWBB1 or the /HWBB2 signal remains ON, the safety unit is not reset when the guard closes because the EDM1 signal keeps OFF. Therefore starting is impossible, then the failure is detected.

In this case, an error in the external device, disconnection or short-circuiting of the external wiring, or a failure in the SERVOPACK must be considered. Find the cause and correct the problem.

4.9.4 Confirming Safety Functions





## 4.9.4 Confirming Safety Functions

When starting the equipment or replacing the SERVOPACK for maintenance, be sure to conduct the following confirmation test on the HWBB function after wiring.

- When the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals turn OFF, check that the digital operator displays "Hbb" and that the servomotor does not operate.
- Check the ON/OFF states of the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals with Un015.

 $\rightarrow$  If the ON/OFF states of the signals do not coincide with the display, an error in the external device, disconnection or short-circuiting of the external wiring, or a failure in the SERVOPACK must be considered. Find the cause and correct the problem.

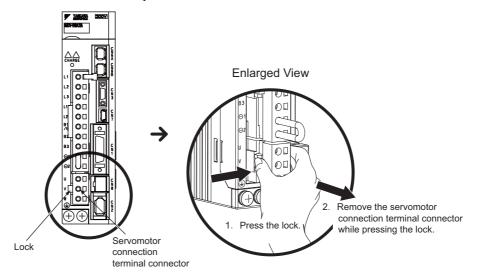
• Check with the display of the feedback circuit input of the connected device to confirm that the EDM1 signal is OFF while in normal operation.

## 4.9.5 Connecting a Safety Function Device

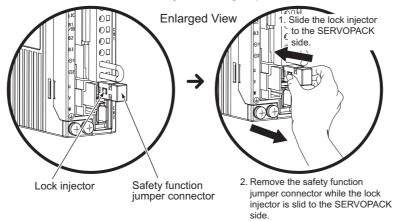
Connect a safety function device using the following procedure.

1. Remove the servomotor connection terminal connector while pressing the lock.

Applicable SERVOPACKs: SGDV-R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, -R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, -1R9D, -3R5D, -5R4D For SERVOPACK models not listed above, it is not necessary to remove the servomotor connection terminal connector. Go to step 2.



2. Slide the lock injector of the safety function jumper connector to the SERVOPACK side to unlock and remove the safety function jumper connector.

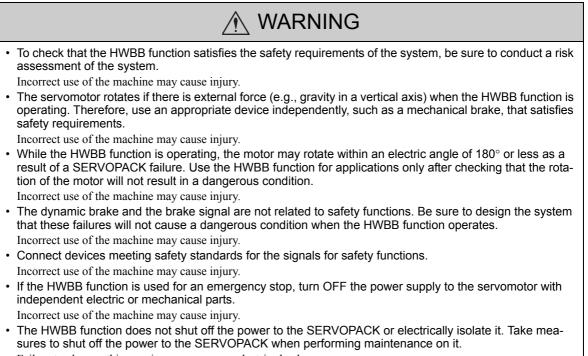


Note: The safety function jumper connector may be damaged if removed while the lock is still on.

#### **3.** Connect a safety function device to CN8.

Note: When not using the safety function, use the SERVOPACK with the safety function jumper connector (JZSP-CVH05-E provided as an accessory) inserted in CN8. If the SERVOPACK is used without the jumper connector inserted into CN8, no current will flow to the servomotor and no torque will be output. In this case, "Hbb" will be displayed on the digital operator. 4

## 4.9.6 Precautions for Safety Functions



Failure to observe this warning may cause an electric shock.

# Adjustments

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## **5.1** Type of Adjustments and Basic Adjustment Procedure

This section describes type of adjustments and the basic adjustment procedure.

### 5.1.1 Adjustments

Adjustments (tuning) are performed to optimize the responsiveness of the SERVOPACK.

The responsiveness is determined by the servo gain that is set in the SERVOPACK.

The servo gain is set using a combination of parameters, such as speed loop gain, position loop gain, filters, friction compensation, and moment of inertia ratio. These parameters influence each other. Therefore, the servo gain must be set considering the balance between the set values.

Generally, the responsiveness of a machine with high rigidity can be improved by increasing the servo gain. If the servo gain of a machine with low rigidity is increased, however, the machine will vibrate and the responsiveness may not be improved. In such case, it is possible to suppress the vibration with a variety of vibration suppression functions in the SERVOPACK.

The servo gains are factory-set to appropriate values for stable operation. The following utility function can be used to adjust the servo gain to increase the responsiveness of the machine in accordance with the actual conditions. With this function, parameters related to adjustment above will be adjusted automatically and the need to adjust them individually will be eliminated.

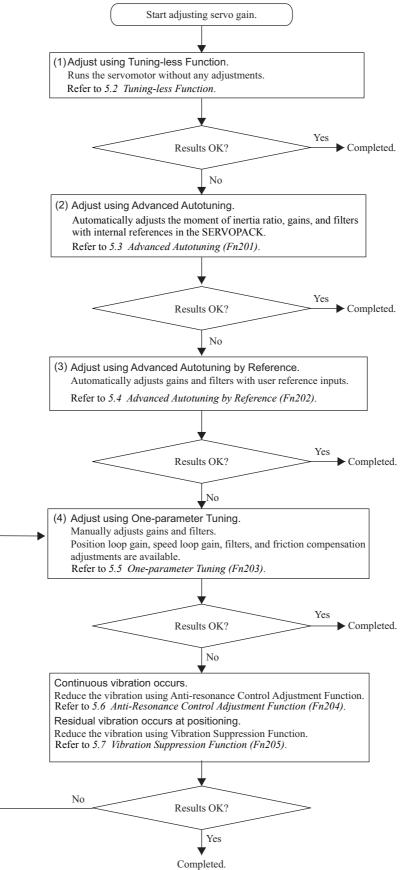
This section describes the following utility adjustment functions.

Utility Function for Adjustment	Outline	Applicable Control Method
Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200)	This function is enabled when the factory settings are used. This function can be used to obtain a stable response regardless of the type of machine or changes in the load.	Speed and Position
Advanced Autotuning (Fn201)	<ul> <li>The following parameters are automatically adjusted using internal references in the SERVOPACK during automatic operation.</li> <li>Moment of inertia ratio</li> <li>Gains (position loop gain, speed loop gain, etc.)</li> <li>Filters (torque reference filter, notch filter)</li> <li>Friction compensation</li> <li>Anti-resonance control adjustment function</li> <li>Vibration suppression function</li> </ul>	Speed and Position
Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202)	<ul> <li>The following parameters are automatically adjusted with the position reference input from the host controller while the machine is in operation.</li> <li>Gains (position loop gain, speed loop gain, etc.)</li> <li>Filters (torque reference filter, notch filter)</li> <li>Friction compensation</li> <li>Anti-resonance control adjustment function</li> <li>Vibration suppression function</li> </ul>	Position
One-parameter Tuning (Fn203)	<ul> <li>The following parameters are manually adjusted with the position or speed reference input from the host controller while the machine is in operation.</li> <li>Gains (position loop gain, speed loop gain, etc.)</li> <li>Filters (torque reference filter, notch filter)</li> <li>Friction compensation</li> <li>Anti-resonance control adjustment function</li> </ul>	Speed and Position
Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function (Fn204)	This function effectively suppresses continuous vibration.	Speed and Position
Vibration Suppression Function (Fn205)	This function effectively suppresses residual vibration if it occurs when positioning.	Position

5.1.2 Basic Adjustment Procedure

## 5.1.2 Basic Adjustment Procedure

The basic adjustment procedure is shown in the following flowchart. Make suitable adjustments considering the conditions and operating requirements of the machine.



## 5.1.3 Monitoring Operation during Adjustment

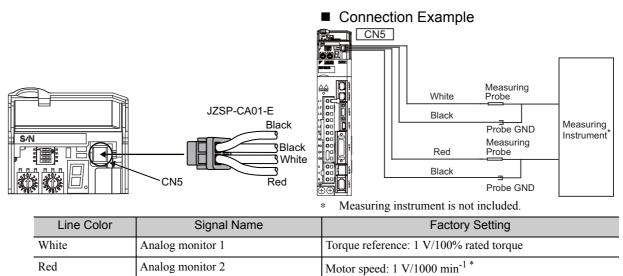
Check the operating status of the machine and signal waveform when adjusting the servo gain. Connect a measuring instrument, such as a memory recorder, to connector CN5 analog monitor connector on the SERVO-PACK to monitor analog signal waveform.

The settings and parameters for monitoring analog signals are described in the following sections.

## (1) Connector CN5 for Analog Monitor

GND

To monitor analog signals, connect a measuring instrument with cable (JZSP-CA01-E) to the connector CN5.



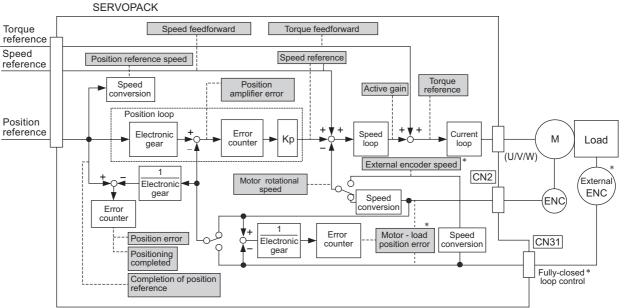
\* When using an SGMCS direct drive servomotor, the motor speed will be automatically set to 1 V/100 min<sup>-1</sup>.

Analog monitor GND: 0 V

### (2) Monitor Signal

Black (2 lines)

The shaded parts in the following diagram indicate analog output signals that can be monitored.



\* Available when the fully-closed loop control is being used.

5.1.3 Monitoring Operation during Adjustment

The following signals can be monitored by selecting functions with parameters Pn006 and Pn007. Pn006 is used for analog monitor 1 and Pn007 is used for analog monitor 2.

Par	ameter	Description				
Fai	ameter	Monitor Signal	Unit	Remarks		
	n.□□00 [Pn007 Factory Setting]	Motor rotating speed	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1 *1</sup>	_		
	n.□□01	Speed reference	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1 *1</sup>	-		
	n.□□02 [Pn006 Factory Setting]	Torque reference	1 V/100% rated torque	-		
	n.□□03	Position error	0.05 V/1 reference unit	0 V at speed/torque control		
	n.□□04	Position amplifier error	0.05 V/1 encoder pulse unit	Position error after electronic gear conversion		
<b>D</b> . 000	n.□□05	Position reference speed	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1 *1</sup>	-		
Pn006 Pn007	n.□□06	Reserved (Do not change.)	-	-		
	n.□□07	Motor-load position error	0.01 V/1 reference unit	-		
	n.□□08	Positioning completed	Positioning completed: 5 V Positioning not com- pleted: 0 V	Completion indicated by out- put voltage.		
	n.□□09	Speed feedforward	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1 *1</sup>	-		
	n.□□0A	Torque feedforward	1 V/100% rated torque	-		
	n.□□0B	Active gain *2	1st gain: 1 V 2nd gain: 2 V	Gain type indicated by output voltage.		
	n.□□0C	Completion of position reference	Completed: 5 V Not completed: 0 V	Completion indicated by out- put voltage.		
	n.□□0D	External encoder speed	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1</sup>	Value at motor shaft		

\*1. When using an SGMCS direct drive servomotor, the motor speed will be automatically set to 1 V/100 min<sup>-1</sup>.
\*2. Refer to 5.8.1 Switching Gain Settings for details.

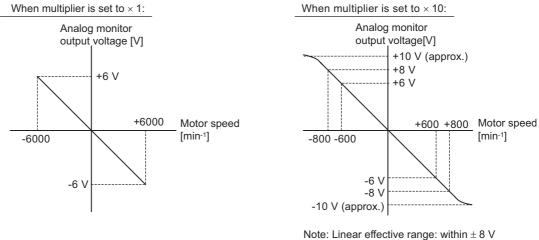
#### (3) Setting Monitor Factor

The output voltages on analog monitors 1 and 2 are calculated by the following equations.

Analog monitor 1 output voltage = (-1) $\times$ (	✓ Signal selection × Multiplier + Offset voltage [V] \ (Pn006=n.00□□) (Pn552) (Pn550)	)
Analog monitor 2 output voltage = $(-1) \times ($	Signal selection × Multiplier + Offset voltage [V] (Pn007=n.00□□) (Pn553) (Pn551)	)

#### <Example>

Analog monitor output at n.  $\Box \Box 00$  (motor rotating speed setting)



Note: Linear effective range: within  $\pm \delta$ Output resolution: 16-bit

### (4) Related Parameters

Use the following parameters to change the monitor factor and the offset.

	Analog Monitor 1 Off	set Voltage	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn550	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classification
	-10000 to 10000	0.1 V	0	Immediately	Setup
	Analog Monitor 2 Off	set Voltage	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn551	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-10000 to 10000	0.1 V	0	Immediately	Setup
	Analog Monitor Magr	nification ( $\times$ 1)	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn552	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-10000 to 10000	× 0.01	100	Immediately	Setup
	Analog Monitor Magr	nification ( $\times$ 2)	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn553	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-10000 to 10000	× 0.01	100	Immediately	Setup

## 5.1.4 Safety Precautions on Adjustment of Servo Gains

# 

- If adjusting the servo gains, observe the following precautions.
  - Do not touch the rotating section of the servomotor while power is being supplied to the motor.
  - Before starting the servomotor, make sure that the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.
  - Make sure that a trial operation has been performed without any trouble.
  - Install a safety brake on the machine.

Set the following protective functions of the SERVOPACK to the correct settings before starting to adjust the servo gains.

#### (1) Overtravel Function

Set the overtravel function. For details on how to set the overtravel function, refer to 4.3.2 Overtravel.

#### (2) Torque Limit

The torque limit calculates the torque required to operate the machine and sets the torque limits so that the output torque will not be greater than required. Setting torque limits can reduce the amount of shock applied to the machine when troubles occur, such as collisions or interference. If a torque limit is set lower than the value that is needed for operation, overshooting or vibration can be occurred. For details, refer to *4.6 Limiting Torque*.

#### (3) Excessive Position Error Alarm Level

The excessive position error alarm is a protective function that will be enabled when the SERVOPACK is used in position control.

If this alarm level is set to a suitable value, the SERVOPACK will detect an excessive position error and will stop the servomotor if the servomotor does not operate according to the reference. The position error indicates the difference between the position reference value and the actual motor position.

The position error can be calculated from the position loop gain (Pn102) and the motor speed with the following equation.

Position Error [reference unit] =  $\frac{\text{Motor Speed [min^{-1}]}}{60} \times \frac{\text{Encoder Resolution}^{*1}}{\text{Pn102 [0.1/s]/10}^{*2}} \times \frac{\text{Pn210}}{\text{Pn20E}}$ 

• Excessive Position Error Alarm Level (Pn520 [1 reference unit])

 $Pn520 > \frac{Max. Motor Speed [min<sup>-1</sup>]}{60} \times \frac{Encoder Resolution^{*1}}{Pn102 [0.1/s]/10^{*2}} \times \frac{Pn210}{Pn20E} \times (1.2 \text{ to } 2)$ 

\*1. Refer to 4.4.3 Electronic Gear.

\*2. To check the Pn102 setting, change the parameter display setting to display all parameters (Pn00B.0 = 1).

At the end of the equation, a coefficient is shown as " $\times$  (1.2 to 2)." This coefficient is used to add a margin that prevents a position error overflow alarm (A.d00) from occurring in actual operation of the servomotor.

Set the level to a value that satisfies these equations, and no position error overflow alarm (A.d00) will be generated during normal operation. The servomotor will be stopped, however, if it does not operate according to the reference and the SERVOPACK detects an excessive position error.

The following example outlines how the maximum limit for position deviation is calculated. These conditions apply.

• Maximum speed = 6000

• Encoder resolution = 1048576 (20 bits)

• 
$$Pn102 = 400$$

• 
$$\frac{Pn210}{Pn20E} = \frac{1}{1}$$

Under these conditions, the following equation is used to calculate the maximum limit (Pn520).

$$Pn520 = \frac{6000}{60} \times \frac{1048576}{400/10} \times \frac{1}{1} \times 2$$
$$= 2621440 \times 2$$

= 5242880 (The factory setting of Pn520)

If the acceleration/deceleration of the position reference exceeds the capacity of the servomotor, the servomotor cannot perform at the requested speed, and the allowable level for position error will be increased as not to satisfy these equations. If so, lower the level of the acceleration/deceleration for the position reference so that the servomotor can perform at the requested speed or increase the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520).

#### Related Parameter

	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level		Position		Classification
Pn520	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	5242880	Immediately	Setup

#### Related Alarm

Alarm Display	Alarm Name	Meaning
A.d00	Position Error Overflow	Position errors exceeded parameter Pn520.

#### (4) Vibration Detection Function

Set the vibration detection function to an appropriate value with the vibration detection level initialization (Fn01B). For details on how to set the vibration detection function, refer to 6.16 Vibration Detection Level Initialization (Fn01B).

#### (5) Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON

If position errors remain in the error counter when turning ON the servomotor power, the servomotor will move and this movement will clear the counter of all position errors. Because the servomotor will move suddenly and unexpectedly, safety precautions are required. To prevent the servomotor from moving suddenly, select the appropriate level for the excessive position error alarm level at servo ON (Pn526) to restrict operation of the servomotor.

#### Related Parameters

		Classification			
Pn526	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	5242880	Immediately	Setup
					•
	Excessive Position E	rror Warning Level at	Servo ON Position		Classification
Pn528	Excessive Position E Setting Range	rror Warning Level at Setting Unit	Servo ON Position Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classification
Pn528		-		When Enabled Immediately	Classification Setup

D=520	Speed Limit Level at Servo ON		Position		Classification
Pn529	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immediately	Setup

5.1.4 Safety Precautions on Adjustment of Servo Gains

#### Related Alarms

Alarm Display	Alarm Name	Meaning
A.d01	Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	This alarm occurs if the servomotor power is turned ON when the position error is greater than the set value of Pn526 while the servomotor power is OFF.
A.d02	Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ON	When the position errors remain in the error counter, Pn529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is turned ON. If Pn529 limits the speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position references are input and the number of position errors exceeds the value set for the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520).

When an alarm occurs, refer to 9 Troubleshooting and take the corrective actions.

## **5.2** Tuning-less Function

The tuning-less function is enabled in the factory settings. If resonance is generated or excessive vibration occurs, refer to 5.2.2 *Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure* and change the set value of Pn170.2 for the rigidity level and the set value in Pn170.3 for the load level.



- The tuning-less function is enabled in the factory settings. A sound may be heard for a moment when the SV\_ON command is received for the first time after the servo drive is mounted to the machine. This sound does not indicate any problems; it means that the automatic notch filter was set. The sound will not be heard from the next time the SV\_ON command is received. For details on the automatic notch filter, refer to (3) Automatically Setting the Notch Filter on the next page.
- Set the mode to 2 in Fn200 if a 13-bit encoder is used with the moment of inertia ratio set to x10 or higher.
- The servomotor may vibrate if the load moment of inertia exceeds the allowable load value. If vibration occurs, set the mode to 2 in Fn200 or lower the adjustment level.

## **5.2.1** Tuning-less Function

The tuning-less function obtains a stable response without manual adjustment regardless of the type of machine or changes in the load.

### (1) Enabling/Disabling Tuning-less Function

The following parameter is used to enable or disable the tuning-less function.

	Parameter Meaning		When Enabled	Classification	
		n.🗆 🗆 🗆 0	Disables tuning-less function.		
		n.□□□1 [Factory setting]	Enables tuning-less function.		
	Pn170     n.□□0□ [Factory setting]     Used as speed control.		Used as speed control.	After restart	Setup
		n.0010	Used as speed control and host controller used as position control.		

#### (2) Application Restrictions

The tuning-less function can be used in position control or speed control. This function is not available in torque control. The following application restrictions apply to the tuning-less function.

Function	Availability	Remarks
Vibration detection level initialization (Fn01B)	Available	-
Advanced autotuning (Fn201)	Available (Some conditions apply)	<ul> <li>This function can be used when the moment of inertia is calculated.</li> <li>While this function is being used, the tuning-less function cannot be used. After completion of the autotuning, it can be used again.</li> </ul>
Advanced autotuning by reference (Fn202)	Not available	-
One-parameter tuning (Fn203)	Not available	_
Anti-resonance control adjustment function (Fn204)	Not available	-
Vibration suppression function (Fn205)	Not available	_
EasyFFT (Fn206)	Available	While this function is being used, the tuning- less function cannot be used. After completion of the EasyFFT, it can be used again.
Friction compensation	Not available	-
Gain switching	Not available	-

5.2.1 Tuning-less Function

(cont'd)

Function	Availability	Remarks
Offline moment of inertia calculation *	Not available	Disable the tuning-less function by setting Pn170.0 to 0 before executing this function.
Mechanical analysis*	Available	While this function is being used, the tuning- less function cannot be used. After completion of the analysis, it can be used again.

\* Operate using SigmaWin+.

#### (3) Automatically Setting the Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.) If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically and the notch filter will be set when the tuning-less function is enabled.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing tuningless function.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn460	n.□0□□       Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with utility function.         n.□1□□       Set the 2nd notch filter automatically with utility function.         [Factory setting]       Set the 2nd notch filter automatically with utility function.		Immediately	Tuning
1 11400			Immediately	

#### (4) Tuning-less Level Settings

Two tuning-less levels are available: the rigidity level and load level. Both levels can be set in the Fn200 utility function or in the Pn170 parameter.

#### Rigidity Level

a) Using the utility function

To change the setting, refer to 5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure.

Digital Operator Display	Meaning
Level 0	Rigidity level 0
Level 1	Rigidity level 1
Level 2	Rigidity level 2
Level 3	Rigidity level 3
Level 4 [Factory setting]	Rigidity level 4

#### b) Using the parameter

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□0□□	Rigidity level 0 (Level 0)	Immediately	Setup
	n.🗆 1 🗆 🗆	Rigidity level 1 (Level 1)		
Pn170	n.🗆2🗆 🗆	Rigidity level 2 (Level 2)		
	n.□3□□ Rigidity level 3 (Leve	Rigidity level 3 (Level 3)		
	n.□4□□ [Factory setting]	Rigidity level 4 (Level 4)		

#### Load Level

#### a) Using the utility function

To change the setting, refer to 5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure.

Digital Operator Display	Meaning
Mode 0	Load level : Low
Mode 1 [Factory setting]	Load level : Medium
Mode 2	Low level : High

## b) Using the parameter

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.0000	Load level : Low (Mode 0)		
Pn170	n.1□□□ [Factory setting]	Load level : Medium (Mode 1)	Immediately	Setup
	n.2000	Low level : High (Mode 2)		

## 5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure

• To ensure safety, perform the tuning-less function in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

The procedure to use the tuning-less function is given below.

Operate the tuning-less function from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

For the basic operation of the digital operator, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55).

#### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing the tuning-less function. If the settings are not correct, "NO-OP" will be displayed during the tuning-less function.

- The tuning-less function must be enabled (Pn170.0 = 1).
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled. (Pn00C.0 = 0).

#### (2) Operating Procedure with Digital Operator

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn080: Pole         Detect <u>Fn200</u> : TuneLvl         Set           Fn201: AAT         Fn202: Ref – AAT		Press the EXP Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the  or
2	RUN — TuneLvISet— Mode=1	DATA	<ul> <li>Press the Imm Key to display the load level of the tuning-less mode setting screen. Notes:</li> <li>If the response waveform causes overshooting or if the load moment of inertia exceeds the allowable level (i.e., outside the scope of product guarantee), press the  Key and change the mode setting to 2.</li> <li>If a high-frequency noise is heard, press the  Key and change the mode setting to 0.</li> </ul>
3	RUN — Tune Lv I Set — Level = <u>4</u>	DATA	Press the Key to display the rigidity level of the tuning-less mode setting screen.
4	RUN — TuneLvISet — Level = <u>4</u> NF2 2nd notch filter	JOG SVON	<ul> <li>Press the  Key or the  Key to select the rigidity level.</li> <li>Select the rigidity level from 0 to 4. The larger the value, the higher the gain is and the better response performance will be. (The factory setting is 4.) Notes:</li> <li>Vibration may occur if the rigidity level is too high. Lower the rigidity level if vibration occurs.</li> <li>If a high-frequency noise is heard, press the  Key to automatically set a notch filter to the vibration frequency.</li> </ul>
5	RUN — TuneLvISet — Level = <u>4</u>	DATA	Press the Key. "DONE" will flash for approxi- mately two seconds and then "RUN" will be dis- played. The settings are saved in the SERVOPACK.

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
6	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn030	MODE/SET	Press the Key to complete the tuning-less func- tion. The screen in step 1 will appear again.

Note: If the rigidity level is changed, the automatically set notch filter will be canceled. If vibration occurs, however, the notch filter will be set again automatically.

#### (3) Alarm and Corrective Actions

The autotuning alarm (A.521) will occur if resonance sound is generated or excessive vibration occurs during position control. In such case, take the following actions.

#### Resonance Sound

Reduce the setting of the rigidity level or load level.

#### Excessive Vibration during Position Control

Take one of the following actions to correct the problem.

- Increase the setting of the rigidity level or reduce the load level.
- Increase the setting of Pn170.3 or reduce the setting of Pn170.2.

#### (4) Parameters Disabled by Tuning-less Function

When the tuning-less function is enabled in the factory settings, the settings of these parameters are not available: Pn100, Pn101, Pn102, Pn103, Pn104, Pn105, Pn106, Pn160, Pn139, and Pn408. These gain-related parameters, however, may become effective depending on the executing conditions of the functions specified in the following table. For example, if EasyFFT is executed when the tuning-less function is enabled, the settings in Pn100, Pn104, Pn101, Pn105, Pn102, Pn106, and Pn103, as well as the manual gain switch setting, will be enabled, but the settings in Pn408.3, Pn160.0, and Pn139.0 will be not enabled.

Pa	Parameters Disabled by Tuning-less Function			Related Functions and Parameters*		
ltem	Name	Pn Number	Torque Control	Easy FFT	Mechanical Analysis (Vertical Axis Mode)	
	Speed Loop Gain 2nd Speed Loop Gain	Pn100 Pn104	0	0	0	
Gain	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant			0	0	
	Position Loop GainPn1022nd Position Loop GainPn106		×	0	0	
Moment of Inertia Ratio Pn10		Pn103	0	0	0	
Advanced	Friction Compensation Function Selec- tion	Pn408.3	×	×	×	
Control	Anti-resonance Control Adjustment Selection	ent Pn160.0	×	×	×	
Gain Switching	Gain Switching Selection Switch	Pn139.0	×	×	×	

\* O: Parameter enabled

×: Parameter disabled

## (5) Tuning-less Function Type

The following table shows the types of tuning-less functions for the version of SERVOPACK software.

Software Version*	Tuning-less Type	Meaning
000A or earlier	Tuning-less type 1	-
000B or later	Tuning-less type 2	The level of noise produced is lower than that of Type 1.

\* The software version number of your SERVOPACK can be checked with Fn012.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.🗆 🗆 🗆	Tuning-less type 1		
Pn14F	n.□□1□ [Factory setting]	Tuning-less type 2	After restart	Tuning

## 5.2.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn170	Tuning-less Function Related Switch	No	Yes
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes

## **5.3** Advanced Autotuning (Fn201)

This section describes the adjustment using advanced autotuning.

IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>Advanced autotuning starts adjustments based on the set speed loop gain (Pn100). Therefore, precise adjustments cannot be made if there is vibration when starting adjustments. In this case, make adjustments after lowering the speed loop gain (Pn100) until vibration is eliminated.</li> <li>Before performing advanced autotuning with the tuning-less function enabled (Pn170.0 = 1: Factory setting), always set Jcalc to ON to calculate the load moment of inertia. The tuning-less function will automatically be disabled, and the gain will be set by advanced autotuning. With Jcalc set to OFF so the load moment of inertia is not calculated, "Error" will be displayed on the panel operator, and advanced autotuning will not be performed.</li> <li>If the operating conditions, such as the machine-load or drive system, are changed after advanced autotuning, then change the following related parameters to disable any values that were adjusted before performing advanced autotuning once again with the setting to calculate the moment of inertia (Jcalc = ON). If advanced autotuning is performed without changing the parameters, machine vibration may occur, resulting in damage to the machine.</li> <li>Pn00B.0=1 (Displays all parameters.)</li> <li>Pn140.0=0 (Does not use anti-resonance control.)</li> <li>Pn408=n.00□0 (Does not use friction compensation, 1st notch filter, or 2nd notch filter.)</li> </ul>
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## 5.3.1 Advanced Autotuning

Advanced autotuning automatically operates the servo system (in reciprocating movement in the forward and reverse directions) within set limits and adjust the SERVOPACK automatically according to the mechanical characteristics while the servo system is operating.

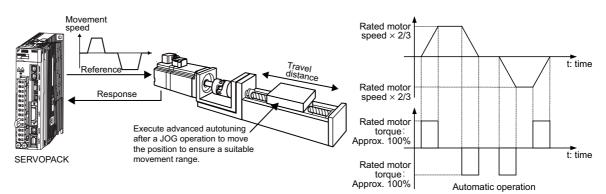
Advanced autotuning can be performed without connecting the host controller. The following automatic operation specifications apply.

- Maximum speed: Rated motor speed  $\times 2/3$
- Acceleration torque: Approximately 100% of rated motor torque

The acceleration torque varies with the influence of the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103), machine friction, and external disturbance.

• Travel distance: The travel distance can be set freely. The distance is factory-set to a value equivalent to 3 motor rotations.

For an SGMCS direct drive servomotor, the distance is factory-set to a value equivalent to 0.3 motor rotations.



Advanced autotuning performs the following adjustments.

- Moment of inertia ratio
- Gains (e.g., position loop gain and speed loop gain)

Adjustments

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- Filters (torque reference filter and notch filter)
- Friction compensation
- Anti-resonance control
- Vibration suppression (Mode = 2 or 3)

Refer to 5.3.3 Related Parameters for parameters used for adjustments.

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 Because advanced autotuning adjusts the SERVOPACK during automatic operation, vibration or overshooting may occur. To ensure safety, perform advanced autotuning in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

#### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing advanced autotuning.

The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- There must be no overtravel.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The control method must not be set to torque control.
- The gain selection switch must be in manual switching mode (Pn139.0 = 0).
- Gain setting 1 must be selected.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- All alarms and warning must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- Jcalc must be set to ON to calculate the load moment of inertia when the tuning-less function is enabled (Pn170.0 = 1: factory setting) or the tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).

Note:

• If advanced autotuning is started while the SERVOPACK is in speed control, the mode will change to position control automatically to perform advanced autotuning. The mode will return to speed control after completing the adjustment. To perform advanced autotuning in speed control, set the mode to 1 (Mode = 1).

#### (2) When Advanced Autotuning Cannot Be Performed

Advanced autotuning cannot be performed normally under the following conditions. Refer to 5.4 Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202) and 5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203) for details.

- The machine system can work only in a single direction.
- The operating range is within 0.5 rotation. (Also for SGMCS direct drive motors, the operating range is within 0.05 rotation.)

#### (3) When Advanced Autotuning Cannot Be Performed Successfully

Advanced autotuning cannot be performed successfully under the following conditions. Refer to 5.4 Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202) and 5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203) for details.

- The operating range is not applicable.
- The moment of inertia changes within the set operating range.
- The machine has high friction.
- The rigidity of the machine is low and vibration occurs when positioning is performed.
- The position integration function is used.
- P control operation (proportional control) is used.

Note:If a setting is made for calculating the moment of inertia, an error will result when P control operation is selected using /V\_PPI of the servo command output signals (SVCMD\_IO) while the moment of inertia is being calculated.

- The mode switch is used.
- Note: If a setting is made for calculating the moment of inertia, the mode switch function will be disabled while the moment of inertia is being calculated. At that time, PI control will be used. The mode switch function will be enabled after calculating the moment of inertia.

- Speed feedforward or torque feedforward is input.
- The positioning completed width (Pn522) is too small.

0	<ul> <li>Advanced autotuning makes adjustments by referring to the positioning completed width (Pn522). If the SERVOPACK is operated in position control (Pn000.1=1), set the alasteria scenaria (Dn20E(Dn210)) and assistering completed width (Dn522) to the</li> </ul>
IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) and positioning completed width (Pn522) to the actual value during operation. If the SERVOPACK is operated in speed control (Pn000.1=0), set Mode to 1 to perform advanced autotuning.</li> <li>Unless the positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turned ON within approximately 3</li> </ul>
	seconds after positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turned ON within approximately 3 seconds after positioning has been completed, "WAITING" will flash. Furthermore, unless the positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turned ON within approximately 10 seconds, "Error" will flash for 2 seconds and tuning will be aborted.

Change only the overshoot detection level (Pn561) to finely adjust the amount of overshooting without changing the positioning completed width (Pn522). Because Pn561 is set by default to 100%, the allowable amount of overshooting is the same amount as that for the positioning completed width.

When Pn561 is set to 0%, the amount of overshooting can be adjusted to prevent overshooting the positioning completed width. If the setting of Pn561 is changed, however, the positioning time may be extended.

	Overshoot Detection	Level	Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn561	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 100	1%	100	Immediately	Setup

## (4) Application Restrictions by Encoder Resolution

#### When Using a 13-bit Encoder

Applicable servomotor : SGMJV-DDDADD

Mode selection: Fixed to Mode 1 (Mode = 1) and cannot be changed.

5.3.2 Advanced Autotuning Procedure

## 5.3.2 Advanced Autotuning Procedure

The following procedure is used for advanced autotuning.

Advanced autotuning is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

The operating procedure from the digital operator is described here.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

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- When using the SERVOPACK with Jcalc = OFF (load moment of inertia is not calculated), be sure to set a suitable value for the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103). If the setting greatly differs from the actual moment of inertia ratio, normal control of the SERVOPACK may not be possible, and vibration may result.
- When using the MP2000 Series with phase control, select the mode = 1 (standard level). If 2 or 3 is selected, phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible.

## (1) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation		
1	BB         — FUNCTION—           Fn200:TuneLvI Set <u>Fn201</u> :AAT           Fn202:Ref-AAT           Fn203:OnePrmTun		Press the rest Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key to move through the list, select Fn201.		
2	Status Display           BB         A d v a n c e d AT           J c a l c = 0 N           M o d e = 2 Type = 2           S t r o k e = + 00800000           (0003.0) r e v	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for advanced autotuning.		
3	BB         Advanced         AT           Jcalc=ON         Mode=2         Type=2           Stroke=+00800000         (0003.0) rev	SCROLL	Press the $\land$ , $\checkmark$ , or $\overset{\text{socul}}{\bigstar}$ Key and set the items in steps 3-1 to 3-4.		
3-1	<ul> <li>Calculating Moment of Inertia</li> <li>Select the mode to be used.</li> <li>Usually, set Jcalc to ON.</li> <li>Jcalc = ON: Moment of inertia calculated [Factory setting]</li> <li>Jcalc = OFF: Moment of inertia not calculated</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>If the moment of inertia ratio is already known from the machine specifications, set the value in Pn103 and set</li> <li>Jcalc to OFF.</li> </ul>				
3-2	<ul> <li>Mode Selection</li> <li>Select the mode.</li> <li>Mode = 1: Makes adjustments considering response characteristics and stability (Standard level).</li> <li>Mode = 2: Makes adjustments for positioning [Factory setting].</li> <li>Mode = 3: Makes adjustments for positioning, giving priority to overshooting suppression.</li> </ul>				
3-3	<ul> <li>■Type Selection         Select the type according to the machine element to be driven. If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.         Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms             Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]             Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions)     </li> </ul>				

(cont'd)

			(cont'd)	
Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
3-4	<ul> <li>STROKE (Travel Distance) Setting Travel distance setting range:         The travel distance setting range is from -99990000 to +99990000 [reference unit]. Specify the STROKE         (travel distance) in increments of 1000 reference units. The negative (-) direction is for reverse rotation,         and the positive (+) direction is for forward rotation.         Initial value:             About 3 rotations         Notes:             Set the number of motor rotations to at least 0.5; otherwise, "Error" will be displayed and the travel distance             cannot be set.             To calculate the moment of inertia and ensure precise tuning, it is recommended to set the number of motor             rotations to around 3.             For an SGMCS direct drive servomotor, the factory setting for distance is set to a value that is equivalent to             0.3 motor rotations.         </li> </ul>			
4	B B         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 1 0 0         0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0         0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00         0         0         0           P n 1 0 2 = 0 0 4 0.0         0         0         0	DATA	Press the Key. The advanced autotuning execution screen will be displayed.	
5	RUN         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 1 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0         0         0	JOG SVON	Press the 💮 Key. The servomotor power will be ON and the display will change from "BB" to "RUN." Note: If the mode is set to 1, Pn102 is displayed. If the mode is set to 2 or 3, the Pn102 display will change to the Pn141.	
6	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} A D J & A d v a n c e d & A T \\ P n 1 0 3 = 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ P n 1 0 0 = 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ P n 1 0 1 = 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ P n 1 4 1 = 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline Display example: \\ After the moment of inertia is calculated. \\ \end{array} $		<ul> <li>Calculates the moment of inertia.</li> <li>Press the ▲ Key if a positive (+) value is set in</li> <li>STROKE (travel distance), or press the ▼ Key if a negative (-) value is set. Calculation of the moment of inertia will start. While the moment of inertia is being calculated, the set value for Pn103 will flash and "ADJ" will flash instead of "RUN." When calculating the moment of inertia is completed, the display will stop flashing and the moment of inertia is displayed. The servomotor will remain ON, but the auto run operation will be stopped temporarily. Notes:</li> <li>The wrong key for the set travel direction is pressed, the calculation will not start.</li> <li>If the moment of inertia is not calculated (Jcalc = OFF), the set value for Pn103 will be displayed.</li> <li>If "NO-OP" or "Error" is displayed during operation, press the  Key to cancel the function. Refer to (2) Failure in Operation and take a corrective action to enable operation.</li> </ul>	
7		DATA MODE/SET	After the servomotor is temporarily stopped, press the Mathematical Servopack. "Done" will flash for one second, and "ADJ" will be displayed again. Notes: To end operation by calculating only the moment of inertia ratio and without adjusting the gain, press the We to end operation.	

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5.3.2 Advanced Autotuning Procedure

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
8	A D J A d v a n c e d A T P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0 P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 . 0 P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 6 . 3 6 P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0 . 0		■Gain Adjustment When the A or V Key is pressed according to the sign (+ or -) of the value set for stroke (travel dis- tance), the calculated value of the moment of inertia ratio will be saved in the SERVOPACK and the auto run operation will restart. While the servomotor is running, the filters, and gains will be automatically set. "ADJ" will flash during the auto setting opera- tion. Note: Precise adjustments cannot be made and "Error" will be displayed as the status if there is machine resonance when starting adjustments. If that occurs, make adjustments using one- parameter tuning (Fn203).	
9	A D J         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 . 0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6 . 3 6         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0 . 0         0         0		When the adjustment has been completed normally, the servomotor power will turn OFF, and "END" will flash for approximately two seconds and then "ADJ" will be displayed on the status display.	
10	BB         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6 . 3 6         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0 . 0         0         0	DATA	<ul> <li>Press the Key. The adjusted values will be saved in the SERVOPACK.</li> <li>"DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds, and "BB" will be displayed.</li> <li>Note: Press the Key to not save the values. The display will return to that shown in step 1.</li> </ul>	
11	Turn ON the SERVOPACK power supply again after executing advanced autotuning.			

## (2) Failure in Operation

## ■ When "NO-OP" Flashes on the Display

Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
The main circuit power supply was OFF.	Turn ON the main circuit power supply.
An alarm or warning occurred.	Remove the cause of the alarm or the warning.
Overtraveling occurred.	Remove the cause of the overtravel.
Gain setting 2 was selected by gain switching.	Disable the automatic gain switching.
The HWBB function operated.	Disable the HWBB function.

## ■ When "Error" Flashes on the Display

Error	Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
The gain adjustment was not successfully completed.	Machine vibration is occurring or the posi- tioning completed signal (/COIN) is turning ON and OFF when the servomotor is stopped.	<ul> <li>Increase the set value for Pn522.</li> <li>Change the mode from 2 to 3.</li> <li>If machine vibration occurs, suppress the vibration with the anti-resonance control adjustment function and the vibration suppression function.</li> </ul>
An error occurred during the calculation of the moment of inertia.	Refer to the following table ■ When an Erro Inertia.	r Occurs during Calculation of Moment of
Travel distance setting error	The travel distance is set to approximately 0.5 rotation (0.05 rotation for SGMCS servomotor) or less, which is less than the minimum adjustable travel distance.	Increase the travel distance. It is recom- mended to set the number of motor rota- tions to around 3.
The positioning completed signal (/COIN) did not turn ON within approximately 10 seconds after positioning adjustment was completed.	The positioning completed width is too nar- row or proportional control (P control) is being used.	<ul> <li>Increase the set value for Pn522.</li> <li>Set 0 to V_PPI in the servo command output signals (SVCMD_IO).</li> </ul>
The moment of inertia cannot be calculated when the tuning-less function was activated.	When the tuning-less function was activated, Jcalc was set to OFF so the moment of inertia was not calculated.	<ul> <li>Turn OFF the tuning-less function.</li> <li>Set Jcalc to ON, so the moment of inertia will be calculated.</li> </ul>

## ■ When an Error Occurs during Calculation of Moment of Inertia

The following table shows the probable causes of errors that may occur during the calculation of the moment of inertia with the Jcalc set to ON, along with corrective actions for the errors.

Error Display	Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
Err1	The SERVOPACK started calculating the moment of inertia, but the calculation was not completed.	<ul><li>Increase the speed loop gain (Pn100).</li><li>Increase the STROKE (travel distance).</li></ul>
Err2	The moment of inertia fluctuated greatly and did not converge within 10 tries.	Set the calculation value based on the machine specifi- cations in Pn103 and execute the calculation with the Jcalc set to OFF.
Err3	Low-frequency vibration was detected.	Double the set value of the moment of inertia calculat- ing start level (Pn324).
Err4	The torque limit was reached.	<ul> <li>When using the torque limit, increase the torque limit.</li> <li>Double the set value of the moment of inertia calculating start level (Pn324).</li> </ul>
Err5	While calculating the moment of inertia, the speed control was set to proportional control by setting 1 to V_PPI in the servo command output signals (SVCMD_IO).	Operate the SERVOPACK with PI control while calcu- lating the moment of inertia.

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5.3.2 Advanced Autotuning Procedure

## (3) Related Functions on Advanced Autotuning

This section describes functions related to advanced tuning.

#### Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.) If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically during advanced autotuning and the notch filter will be set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing advanced autotuning.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn460	n.□□□0	Does not set the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.		Tuning
	n.□□□1 [Factory setting]	Sets the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	
	n.□0□□	Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function.	mineulatery	
	$n.\Box 1 \Box \Box$ Sets the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function.			

#### Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment

This function reduces low vibration frequency, which the notch filter does not detect.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The anti-resonance control is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning and anti-resonance control will be automatically adjusted and set.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
n.□□0□		Does not use the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	Tuning
	n.□□1□ [Factory setting]	Uses the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	Tuning

#### Vibration Suppression

The vibration suppression function suppresses transitional vibration at frequency as low as 1 to 100 Hz that is generated mainly when positioning if the machine stand vibrates.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The vibration suppression function is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning and vibration suppression will be automatically adjusted and set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the setting for vibration suppression before executing advanced autotuning.

Note: This function uses model following control. Therefore, the function can be executed only if the mode is set to 2 or 3.

#### Related Parameter

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn140	n.□0□□	Does not use the vibration suppression function auto- matically with the utility function.	Immediately	Tuning
	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]	Uses the vibration suppression function automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	

#### Friction Compensation

This function compensates for changes in the following conditions.

- Changes in the viscous resistance of the lubricant, such as the grease, on the sliding parts of the machine
- Changes in the friction resistance resulting from variations in the machine assembly
- Changes in the friction resistance due to aging

The conditions for applying friction compensation depend on the mode. The friction compensation setting in Pn408.3 applies when the Mode is 1. The friction compensation function is always enabled regardless of the friction compensation setting in Pn408.3 when the Mode is 2 or 3.

Mode Friction Compensation Selecting		Mode = 1	Mode = 2	Mode = 3	
Pn408	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Adjusted without the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	
	n.1000	Adjusted with the friction compensation function			

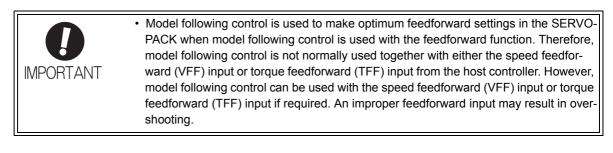
#### Feedforward

If Pn140 is set to the factory setting and the mode setting is changed to 2 or 3, the feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn140	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	Immediately	Tuning
P11140	n.1000	Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	minediatery	Tuning

Refer to *Σ-V Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands* (No.: SIEP S800000 63) for details.



## 5.3.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

- · Allowed changes during execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
  - No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
- Automatic changes after execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
  - No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn100	Speed Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn101	1 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant		Yes
Pn102	Position Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn103	Moment of Inertia Ratio	No	No
Pn121	Friction Compensation Gain	No	Yes
Pn123	Friction Compensation Coefficient	No	Yes
Pn124	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	No	No
Pn125	Friction Compensation Gain Correction	No	Yes
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40A	1st Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40D	0D 2nd Notch Filter Q Value		Yes
Pn140	40 Model Following Control Related Switch		Yes
Pn141	141 Model Following Control Gain		Yes
Pn142	42 Model Following Control Gain Compensation		Yes
Pn143	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	No	Yes
Pn144	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	No	Yes
Pn145	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	No	Yes
Pn146	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	No	Yes
Pn147	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	No	Yes
Pn160	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn161	Anti-Resonance Frequency	No	Yes
Pn163	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	No	Yes
Pn531	Program JOG Movement Distance	No	No
Pn533	Program JOG Movement Speed	No	No
Pn534	Program JOG Acceleration/Deceleration Time	No	No
Pn535	Program JOG Waiting Time	No	No
Pn536	Pn536 Number of Times of Program JOG Movement		No

## 5.4 Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202)

Adjustments with advanced autotuning by reference are described below.

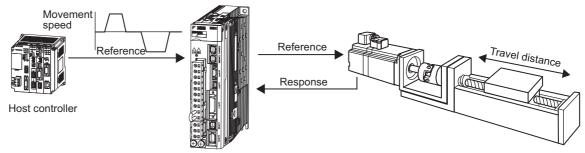
• Advanced autotuning by reference starts adjustments based on the set speed loop gain (Pn100). Therefore, precise adjustments cannot be made if there is vibration when starting adjustments. In this case, make adjustments after lowering the speed loop gain (Pn100) until vibration is eliminated.

## 5.4.1 Advanced Autotuning by Reference

Advanced autotuning by reference is used to automatically achieve optimum tuning of the SERVOPACK in response to the user reference inputs from the host controller.

Advanced autotuning by reference is performed generally to fine-tune the SERVOPACK after advanced autotuning of the SERVOPACK has been performed.

If the moment of inertia ratio is correctly set to Pn103, advanced autotuning by reference can be performed without performing advanced autotuning.



SERVOPACK

Advanced autotuning by reference performs the following adjustments.

- Gains (e.g., position loop gain and speed loop gain)
- Filters (torque reference filter and notch filter)
- Friction compensation
- Anti-resonance control
- Vibration suppression

Refer to 5.4.3 Related Parameters for parameters used for adjustments.



• Because advanced autotuning by reference adjusts the SERVOPACK during automatic operation, vibration or overshooting may occur. To ensure safety, perform advanced autotuning by reference in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time. Adjustments

### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing advanced autotuning by reference. The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The SERVOPACK must be in Servo Ready status (Refer to 4.8.4).
- There must be no overtravel.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The position control must be selected when the servomotor power is ON.
- The gain selection switch must be in manual switching mode (Pn139.0 = 0).
- Gain setting 1 must be selected.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled. (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- All warnings must be cleared.
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).

#### (2) When Advanced Autotuning by Reference Cannot Be Performed Successfully

Advanced autotuning by reference cannot be performed successfully under the following conditions. If the result of autotuning is not satisfactory, perform one-parameter tuning (Fn203). Refer to 5.5 *One-parameter Tuning (Fn203)* for details.

- The travel distance in response to references from the host controller is smaller than the set positioning completed width (Pn522).
- The motor speed in response to references from the host controller is smaller than the set rotation detection level (Pn502).
- The stopping time, i.e., the period while the positioning completed /COIN signal is OFF, is 10 ms or less.
- The rigidity of the machine is low and vibration occurs when positioning is performed.
- The position integration function is used.
- P control operation (proportional control) is performed.
- The mode switch is used.
- The positioning completed width (Pn522) is too small.



- Advanced autotuning by reference starts adjustments based on the positioning completed width (Pn522). Set the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) and positioning completed width (Pn522) to the actual value during operation.
- Unless the positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turned ON within approximately 3 seconds after positioning has been completed, "WAITING" will flash. Furthermore, unless the positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turned ON within approximately 10 seconds, "Error" will flash for 2 seconds and tuning will be aborted.

Change only the overshoot detection level (Pn561) to finely adjust the amount of overshooting without changing the positioning completed width (Pn522). Because Pn561 is set by default to 100%, the allowable amount of overshooting is the same amount as that for the positioning completed width.

When Pn561 is set to 0%, the amount of overshooting can be adjusted without any overshooting in the positioning completed width. If the setting of Pn561 is changed, however, the positioning time may be extended.

	Overshoot Detection Level		Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn561	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 100	1%	100	Immediately	Setup

### (3) Application Restrictions by Encoder Resolution

#### When Using a 13-bit Encoder

Applicable servomotor : SGMJV-DDADD

Mode selection: Fixed to Mode 1 (Mode = 1) and cannot be changed.

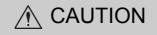
## **5.4.2** Advanced Autotuning by Reference Procedure

The following procedure is used for advanced autotuning by reference.

Advanced autotuning by reference is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

Here, the operating procedure from the digital operator is described.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.



• When using the MP2000 Series with phase control, select the mode = 1 (standard level). If 2 or 3 is selected, phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible.

#### (1) Operating Procedure

Set the correct moment of inertia ratio in Pn103 by using the advanced autotuning before performing this procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	BB         — FUNCTION—           Fn 201: AAT <u>Fn 202</u> : Ref-AAT           Fn 203: OnePrmTun           Fn 204: A-Vib		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\frown$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn202.	
2	Status Display BB Advanced AT Mode=3 Type=2	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for advanced autotuning by reference.	
3	BB Advanced AT Mode= <u>3</u> Type=2	SCROLL	Press the $\land$ , $\checkmark$ , or $\overset{\text{sour}}{\bigstar}$ Key and set the items in steps 3-1 and 3-2.	
3-1	<ul> <li>Mode Selection</li> <li>Select the mode.</li> <li>Mode = 1: Makes adjustments considering response characteristics and stability (Standard level).</li> <li>Mode = 2: Makes adjustments for positioning [Factory setting].</li> <li>Mode = 3: Makes adjustments for positioning, giving priority to overshooting suppression.</li> </ul>			
3-2	<ul> <li>Type Selection</li> <li>Select the type according to the machine element to be driven.</li> <li>If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.</li> <li>Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms</li> <li>Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]</li> <li>Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions)</li> </ul>			
4	BB         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0         0         0	DATA	Press the Key. The advanced autotuning by ref- erence execution screen will be displayed. Note: If the mode is set to 1, Pn102 is displayed. If the mode is set to 2 or 3, the Pn102 display will change to the Pn141.	
5	RUN         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0         0         0		Send an SV_ON command from the host controller.	

5.4.2 Advanced Autotuning by Reference Procedure

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
Olep		TCy3	Орсталот
6	A D J A d v a n c e d A T P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0 P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0.0 P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6.36 P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0.0		Input a reference from the host controller and then press the  a or
7	A D J A d v a n c e d A T P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0 P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 0 P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6 . 3 6 P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0 . 0		When the adjustment has been completed normally, "END" will flash for approximately two seconds and "ADJ" will be displayed.
8	RUN         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0.0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6.36         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0.0         0         0	DATA	Press the will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed. Note: Not to save the values set in step 6, press the Key. The display will return to that shown in step 1.
9	Turn ON the SERVOPACK power supply again after executing advanced autotuning by reference.		

## (2) Failure in Operation

## ■ When "NO-OP" Flashes on the Display

Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
The main circuit power supply was OFF.	Turn ON the main circuit power supply.
An alarm or warning occurred.	Remove the cause of the alarm or the warning.
Overtraveling occurred.	Remove the cause of the overtravel.
Gain setting 2 was selected by gain switching.	Disable the automatic gain switching.
HWBB operated.	Disable the HWBB function.

## ■ When "Error" Flashes on the Display

Error	Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
The gain adjustment was not successfully completed.	Machine vibration is occurring or the posi- tioning completed signal (/COIN) is turning ON and OFF when the servomotor is stopped.	<ul> <li>Increase the set value for Pn522.</li> <li>Change the mode from 2 to 3.</li> <li>If machine vibration occurs, suppress the vibration with the anti-resonance control adjustment function and the vibration suppression function.</li> </ul>
The positioning completed signal (/COIN) did not turn ON within approximately 10 seconds after positioning adjustment was completed.	The positioning completed width is too nar- row or proportional control (P control) is being used.	<ul> <li>Increase the set value for Pn522.</li> <li>Set 0 to V_PPI of the servo command output signals (SVCMD_IO).</li> </ul>

### (3) Related Functions on Advanced Autotuning by Reference

This section describes functions related to advanced autotuning by reference.

#### Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.) If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically during advanced autotuning by reference, and the notch filter will be set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing advanced autotuning by reference.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn460	n.□□□0	Does not set the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.		Tuning
	n.□□□1 [Factory setting]	Sets the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	
	n.0000	Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	Tuning
	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]	~		

#### Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment

This function reduces low vibration frequency, which the notch filter does not detect.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The anti-resonance control is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning by reference and anti-resonance control will be automatically adjusted and set.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn160	n.□□0□	Does not use the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	Tuning
	n.□□1□ [Factory setting]	Uses the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	Tunnig

#### Vibration Suppression

The vibration suppression function suppresses transitional vibration at frequency as low as 1 to 100 Hz that is generated mainly when positioning if the machine stand vibrates.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The vibration suppression function is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning by reference and vibration suppression will be automatically adjusted and set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the setting for vibration suppression before executing advanced autotuning by reference.

Note: This function uses model following control. Therefore, the function can be executed only if the mode is set to 2 or 3.

### Related Parameters

Parameter		arameter	Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn14		n.□0□□	Does not use the vibration suppression function auto- matically.	Immediately	Tuning
Pn140	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]	Uses the vibration suppression function automati- cally.	minediatery	Tuning	

5.4.2 Advanced Autotuning by Reference Procedure

#### Friction Compensation

This function compensates for changes in the following conditions.

- Changes in the viscous resistance of the lubricant, such as the grease, on the sliding parts of the machine
- · Changes in the friction resistance resulting from variations in the machine assembly
- Changes in the friction resistance due to aging

Conditions to which friction compensation is applicable depend on the mode. The friction compensation setting in Pn408.3 applies when the mode is 1. Mode = 2 and Mode = 3 are adjusted with the friction compensation function regardless of the friction compensation setting in P408.3.

Friction Compe Selectin	nsation	Mode = 1	Mode = 2	Mode = 3	
Pn408	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Adjusted without the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	
	n.1000	Adjusted with the friction compensation function			

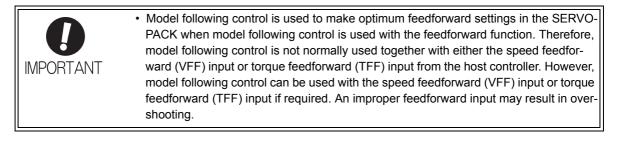
### Feedforward

If Pn140 is set to the factory setting and the mode setting is changed to 2 or 3, the feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn140	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	Immediately	Tuning
Pn140	n.1000	Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	minediatery	Tuning

Refer to *Σ-V Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands* (No.: SIEP S800000 63) for details.



## 5.4.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function. No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn100	Speed Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn101	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn102	Position Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn103	Moment of Inertia Ratio	No	No
Pn121	Friction Compensation Gain	No	Yes
Pn123	Friction Compensation Coefficient	No	Yes
Pn124	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	No	No
Pn125	Friction Compensation Gain Correction	No	Yes
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40A	1st Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes
Pn140	Model Following Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn141	Model Following Control Gain	No	Yes
Pn142	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	No	Yes
Pn143	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	No	Yes
Pn144	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	No	Yes
Pn145	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	No	Yes
Pn146	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	No	Yes
Pn147	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	No	Yes
Pn160	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn161	Anti-Resonance Frequency	No	Yes
Pn163	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	No	Yes

5.5.1 One-parameter Tuning

# 5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203)

Adjustments with one-parameter tuning are described below.

## 5.5.1 One-parameter Tuning

One-parameter tuning is used to manually make tuning level adjustments during operation with a position reference or speed reference input from the host controller.

One-parameter tuning enables automatically setting related servo gain settings to balanced conditions by adjusting one or two tuning levels.

One-parameter tuning performs the following adjustments.

- Gains (e.g., position loop gain and speed loop gain)
- Filters (torque reference filter and notch filter)
- Friction compensation
- Anti-resonance control

Refer to 5.5.4 Related Parameters for parameters used for adjustments.

Perform one-parameter tuning if satisfactory response characteristics is not obtained with advanced autotuning or advanced autotuning by reference.

To fine-tune each servo gain after one-parameter tuning, refer to 5.8 Additional Adjustment Function.

# 

• Vibration or overshooting may occur during adjustment. To ensure safety, perform one-parameter tuning in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing one-parameter tuning. The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).
- The tuning mode must be set to 0 or 1 when performing speed control.

## 5.5.2 One-parameter Tuning Procedure

The following procedure is used for one-parameter tuning.

There are the following two operation procedures depending on the tuning mode being used.

- When the tuning mode is set to 0 or 1, the model following control will be disabled and one-parameter tuning will be used as the tuning method for applications other than positioning.
- When the tuning mode is set to 2 or 3, the model following control will be enabled and it can be used for tuning for positioning.

One-parameter tuning is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

Make sure that the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) is set correctly using advance autotuning before beginning operation.

The following section provides the operating procedure from the digital operator.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

CAUTION
 When using the MP2000 Series with phase control, select the tuning mode = 0 or 1. If 2 or 3 is selected, phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible.

### (1) Digital Operator Operating Procedure

Setting the Tuning Mode 0 or 1

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         — FUNCTION—           Fn 202: Ref-AAT           Fn 203: OnePrmTun           Fn 204: A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup	MODELER R	Press the $\textcircled{res}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Press the $\frown$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn203.
2	Status Display BB — On e P r m T u n — P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0	DATA	Press the $\square$ Key to display the moment of inertia ratio set in Pn103 at present. Move the digit with the $\checkmark$ or $\triangleright$ Key and change the value with the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key.
3	BB — OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode = 0 Type = 2	DATA	Press the $\square$ Key to display the initial setting screen for one-parameter tuning.
4	BB — OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode = 0 Type = 2	SCROLL	Press the $\land$ , $\checkmark$ , or $\overset{\text{secal}}{\land}$ Key and set the items in steps 4-1 and 4-2.
4-1	■Tuning Mode Select the tuning mode. Select the Tuning Mode = 0: Makes adjustm Tuning Mode = 1: Makes adjustm	nents giving priority to s	2

5.5.2 One-parameter Tuning Procedure

(cont'd) Step **Display after Operation** Operation Keys Type Selection Select the type according to the machine element to be driven. If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type. 4-2 Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting] Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions) RUN If the servomotor power is OFF, send an SV ON -OnePrmTun-Setting command from the host controller. The display will 5 change from "BB" to "RUN." Tuning Mode = 0 If the servomotor power is ON, go to step 6. Туре = 2 RUN – On e P r m T u n P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0 6 Press the  $\square$  Key to display the set value. DATA P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0 0 0P n 1 0 2 = 0 0 4 0.0RUN — On e P r m T u n-Press the LEVEL set-7 DATA LEVEL = 0050 ting screen. NF1 NF2 ARES If readjustment is required, select the digit with the  $\triangleleft$  or  $\triangleright$  Key or change the LEVEL with the  $\land$ or **V** Key. Check the response. If readjustment is not required, go to step 9. Note: The higher the level, the greater the responsiveness will be. If the value is too large, however, vibration will occur. • If vibration occurs, press the Key. The SER-VOPACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and make notch filter or an anti-reso-RUN — OnePrmTun— > nance control settings. When the notch filter is set, 8 LEVEL = 0050"NF1" or "NF2" will be displayed on the bottom row. When the anti-resonance control is set, NF1 NF2 ARES "ARES" will be displayed in the lower right corner. RUN — On e P r m T u n – LEVEL=0070N F 2 NF1 ARES • If the vibration is great, the vibration frequency will be detected automatically even if the (300) Key is not pressed and a notch filter or an anti-resonance control will be set. RUN — OnePrmTun-P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 5 0.0 Press the Key. A confirmation screen will be dis-9 DATA Pn101=0016.0 played after LEVEL adjustment. Pn 102 = 00500• Press the Key to save the adjusted values. After the data is saved, "DONE" will flash for RUN — O<u>nePr</u>mTun approximately two seconds and then "RUN" will P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 5 0.0be displayed. 10 Pn101=0016.0DATA P n 1 0 2 = 0 0 5 0.0 • To return to the previous value, press the Key. • Press the < Key to readjust the level without saving the values. RUN - FUNCTION-Press the Key to complete the one-parameter F n 2 0 2 : R e f - A A T MODE/SET 11 <u>Fn203</u>: OnePrmTun tuning operation. The screen in step 1 will appear Fn204:A-Vib Sup again. Fn205:Vib Sup

Note: The status display will always be RUN when the servomotor power is ON.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation		
1	BB         — FUNCTION—           Fn202: Ref-AAT           Fn203: OnePrmTun           Fn204: A-Vib Sup           Fn205: Vib Sup		Press the $\textcircled{res}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Press the $\frown$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn203.		
2	Status Display BB — On e P r m T u n — P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0	DATA	Press the $\[Math]$ Key to display the moment of inertia ratio set in Pn103 at present. Move the digit with the $\[ \bullet \]$ or $\[ \bullet \]$ Key and change the value with the $\[ \bullet \]$ or $\[ \bullet \]$ Key.		
3	BB —OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode = 2 Type = 2	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for one-parameter tuning.		
4	BB — OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode = 2 Type = 2	SOROLL	Press the $\land$ , $\lor$ , or $\overset{\text{south}}{\bigstar}$ Key and set the items in steps 4-1 and 4-2.		
4-1	<ul> <li>Tuning Mode</li> <li>Select the tuning mode. Select the tuning mode 2 or 3.</li> <li>Tuning Mode = 2: Enables model following control and makes adjustments for positioning.</li> <li>Tuning Mode = 3: Enables model following control, makes adjustments for positioning, and suppresses overshooting.</li> </ul>				
4-2	Type = 1: For belt drive mechanis Type = 2: For ball screw drive me	ot increase, better results sms echanisms [Factory setti	ts may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.		
5	RUN-OnePrmTun- SettingTuningMode=2 Type=2If the servomotor power is OFF, send an SV_ON command from the host controller. The display will change from "BB" to "RUN." If the servomotor power is ON, go to step 6.				
6	RUN —OnePrmTun— Pn100=0040.0 Pn101=0020.00 Pn141=0050.0	DATA	Press the $^{MM}$ Key to display the set value.		
7	RUN — On e PrmTun — FF LEVEL=0050.0 FB LEVEL=0040.0	DATA	Press the Key again to display FF LEVEL and FB LEVEL setting screens.		

## ■ Setting the Tuning Mode 2 or 3

5.5.2 One-parameter Tuning Procedure

(cont'd) Step **Display after Operation** Keys Operation If readjustment is required, select the digit with the Image: or image with the second se LEVEL with the **A** or **V** Key. Check the response. If readjustment is not required, go to step 9. Note: The higher the FF LEVEL, the positioning time will be shorter and the response will be better. If the level is too high, however, overshooting or vibration may occur. Overshooting will be reduced if the FB LEVEL is increased. ■ If Vibration Occurs • If vibration occurs, press the (30) Key. The SER-VOPACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and make notch filter or an anti-resonance control settings. When the notch filter is set, "NF1" and "NF2" are displayed on the bottom row. When the anti-resonance control is set, "ARES" will be displayed on the bottom low. — OnePrmTun-RUN RUN — On e P r m T u n -FF LEVEL=0050.0 FF LEVEL=0050.0 FB LEVEL=0040.0 8 FB LEVEL=0040. 0 NF1 N F 2 ARES If Vibration Is Large • Even if the (see ) Key is not pressed, the SERVO-PACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and make notch filter or anti-resonance control settings. Notes: • If the FF LEVEL is changed when the servomotor is in operation, it will not be reflected immediately. The changes will be effective after the servomotor comes to a stop with no reference input and then the servomotor starts operation If the FF LEVEL is changed too much during operation, vibration may occur because the responsiveness is changed rapidly when the settings become effective. The message "FF LEVEL" flashes until the machine reaches the effective FF LEVEL. If the servomotor does not stop within approximately 10 seconds after changing the setting, a timeout will occur. The setting will be returned to the previous value. RUN -OnePrmTun-P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0Press the LATA Key to display the confirmation screen 9 DATA P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00 after level adjustment. P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0 NF1 • Press the Key to save the adjusted values. After the data is saved, "DONE" will flash for — OnePrmTun— RUN approximately two seconds and then "RUN" will P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0 be displayed. 10 DATA P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00 P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0 To return to the previous value, press the  $\mathbf{\overline{\mathbf{G}}}$  Key. N F 1 • Press the < Key to readjust the level without saving the values. - FUNCTION-RUN Press the Key to complete the one-parameter F n 2 0 2 : R e f - A A T MODE/SET 11 Fn203:OnePrmTun tuning operation. The screen in step 1 will appear 7 Fn204: A-Vib Sup again. Fn205:Vib Sup

Note: The status display will always be RUN when the servomotor power is ON.

### (2) Related Functions on One-parameter Tuning

This section describes functions related to one-parameter tuning.

#### Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.) If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically during one-parameter tuning and the notch filter will be set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing oneparameter tuning.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□□□0	Does not set the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.		Tuning
Pn460	n.□□□1 [Factory setting]	Sets the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	
Pn460	n.□0□□	Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	
	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		

#### Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment

This function reduces low vibration frequency, which the notch filter does not detect.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The anti-resonance control is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during one-parameter tuning and anti-resonance control will be automatically adjusted and set.

Parameter		arameter	Function	When Enabled	Classification
F	n160	n.□□0□	Does not use the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	Tuning
	Pn160	n.□□1□ [Factory setting]	Uses the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	

"ARES" will flash on the digital operator when anti-resonance control adjustment function is set.

RUN — OnePrmTun—
FF LEVEL = 0050
FB LEVEL = 0040
NF1 NF2 ARES

5.5.2 One-parameter Tuning Procedure

#### Friction Compensation

This function compensates for changes in the following conditions.

- Changes in the viscous resistance of the lubricant, such as the grease, on the sliding parts of the machine
- · Changes in the friction resistance resulting from variations in the machine assembly
- Changes in the friction resistance due to aging

Conditions to which friction compensation is applicable depend on the tuning mode. The friction compensation setting in F408.3 applies when the mode is 0 or 1. Tuning Mode = 2 and Tuning Mode = 3 are adjusted with the friction compensation function regardless of the friction compensation setting in P408.3.

Mode Friction Compensation Selecting		Tuning Mode = 0	Tuning Mode = 1	Tuning Mode = 2	Tuning Mode = 3
Pn408	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Adjusted without the friction compensation function	Adjusted without the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation	Adjusted with the friction compensation
	n.1000	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	function	function

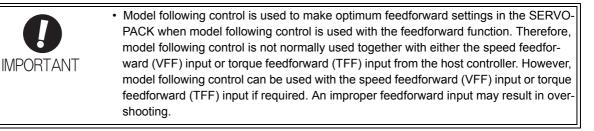
#### Feedforward

If Pn140 is set to the factory setting and the tuning mode setting is changed to 2 or 3, the feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification	
Pn140	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	Immediately	Tuning	
	n.1000	Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.			

Refer to *Σ-V Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands* (No.: SIEP S800000 63) for details.



## 5.5.3 One-parameter Tuning Example

The following procedure is used for one-parameter tuning on the condition that the tuning mode is set to 2 or 3. This mode is used to reduce positioning time.

Step	Measuring Instrument Display Example	Operation
1	Position error Reference speed Positioning completed signal	Measure the positioning time after setting the moment of iner- tia ratio (Pn103) correctly. Tuning will be completed if the specifications are met here. The tuning results will be saved in the SERVOPACK.
2		The positioning time will become shorter if the FF level is increased. The tuning will be completed if the specifications are met. The tuning results will be saved in the SERVOPACK. If overshooting occurs before the specifications are met, go to step 3.
3		Overshooting will be reduced if the FB level is increased. If the overshooting is eliminated, go to step 4.
4		The graph shows overshooting generated with the FF level increased after step 3. In this state, the overshooting occurs, but the positioning settling time is shorter. The tuning will be com- pleted if the specifications are met. The adjustment results are saved in the SERVOPACK. If overshooting occurs before the specifications are met, repeat steps 3 and 4. If vibration occurs before the overshooting is eliminated, the vibration will be suppressed by the automatic notch filter and anti-resonance control. Note: The vibration frequencies may not be detected if the vibration is too small. If that occurs, press the B Key to forcibly detect the vibration frequencies.
5		The adjustment results are saved in the SERVOPACK.

## 5.5.4 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

- · Allowed changes during execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
  - No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

### • Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes	
Pn100	SPICE SPICE		Yes	
Pn101	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	No	Yes	
Pn102	Position Loop Gain	No	Yes	
Pn103	Moment of Inertia Ratio	No	No	
Pn121	Friction Compensation Gain	No	Yes	
Pn123	Friction Compensation Coefficient	No	Yes	
Pn124	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	No	No	
Pn125	Friction Compensation Gain Correction	No	Yes	
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes	
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes	
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes	
Pn40A	1st Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes	
Pn40C 2nd Notch Filter Frequency		No	Yes	
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes	
Pn140	Model Following Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes	
Pn141	Model Following Control Gain	No	Yes	
Pn142	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	No	Yes	
Pn143	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	No	Yes	
Pn144	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	No	Yes	
Pn145	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	No	No	
Pn146	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	No	No	
Pn147	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	No	Yes	
Pn160	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes	
Pn161	Anti-Resonance Frequency	No	Yes	
Pn163 Anti-Resonance Damping Gain		No	Yes	

# **5.6** Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function (Fn204)

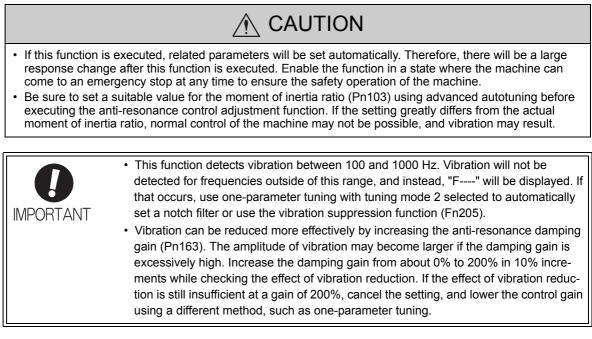
This section describes the anti-resonance control adjustment function.

### 5.6.1 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function

The anti-resonance control adjustment function increases the effectiveness of the vibration suppression after one-parameter tuning. This function is effective in supporting anti-resonance control adjustment if the vibration frequencies are from 100 to 1000 Hz.

This function rarely needs to be used because it is automatically set by the advanced autotuning or advanced autotuning by reference input. Use this function only if fine-tuning is required, or vibration detection is failed and readjustment is required.

Perform one-parameter tuning (Fn203) or use another method to improve the response characteristics after performing this function. If the anti-resonance gain is increased with one-parameter tuning performed, vibration may result again. If that occurs, perform this function again to fine-tune the settings.



### (1) Before Performing Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function

Check the following settings before performing anti-resonance control adjustment function. The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- The control must not be set to torque control.
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

5.6.2 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function Operating Procedure

## 5.6.2 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function Operating Procedure

With this function, an operation reference is sent, and the function is executed while vibration is occurring.

Anti-resonance control adjustment function is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+. The following methods can be used for the anti-resonance control adjustment function.

- Using anti-resonance control for the first time
  - With undetermined vibration frequency
- With determined vibration frequency
- For fine-tuning after adjusting the anti-resonance control

The following describes the operating procedure from the digital operator.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

### (1) Using Anti-Resonance Control for the First Time

With Undetermined Vibration Frequency

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn203: OnePrmTun <u>Fn204</u> : A-Vib Sup           Fn205: Vib Sup           Fn206: Easy FFT		Press the Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the A or V Key to move through the list, select Fn204.
2	Status Display RUN — Vib Sup- Tuning Mode = 0	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for tuning mode.
3	RUN — Vib Sup— Tuning Mode = <u>0</u>	<b>NV</b>	Press the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key and set the tuning mode "0."
4	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = Hz damp = 0000	DATA	Press the was Key while "Tuning Mode = 0" is displayed. The screen shown on the left will appear. The detection of vibration frequencies will start and "freq" will flash. Return to step 3 if vibration is not detected. Note: If vibration is not detected even when vibration is occurring, lower the vibration detection sensitivity (Pn311). When this parameter is lowered, the detection sensitivity will be increased. Vibration may not be detected accurately if too small value is set.
5	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0000		The vibration frequency will be displayed in "freq" if vibration is detected.

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	(cont d) Operation
6	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0000	DATA	Press the Key. The cursor will move to "damp," and the flashing of "freq" will stop.
7	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 01 <u>2</u> 0	< > A V	Select the digit with the ≤ or ➤ Key, and press the ▲ or ▼ Key to set the damping gain.
8	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0120	SCROLL	If fine tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the Key. The cursor will move from "damp" to "freq." If fine-tuning is not necessary, skip step 9 and go to step 10.
9	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0420 Hz damp = 0120	< >	Select the digit with the $\checkmark$ or $\succ$ Key, and press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to fine-tune the frequency.
10	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0420 Hz damp = 0120	DATA	Press the Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed.
11	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn 203: On e PrmTun <u>Fn 204</u> : A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup           Fn 206: Easy FFT	MODE/SET	Press the Free Key to complete the anti-resonance control adjustment function. The screen in step 1 will appear again.

5.6.2 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function Operating Procedure

## ■ With Determined Vibration Frequency

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN — FUNCTION— Fn203:OnePrmTun <u>Fn204</u> :A-Vib Sup Fn205:Vib Sup Fn206:Easy FFT		Press the EXAMPLE Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the A or V Key to move through the list, select Fn204.
2	RUN — Vib Sup— Tuning Mode = 0	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for tuning mode.
3	RUN - FUNCTION - Tuning Mode = 1		Press the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key and set the tuning mode "1."
4	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0100 Hz damp = 0000	DATA	Press the Merine Key while "Tuning Mode = 1" is displayed. The screen shown on the left will appear and "freq" will flash.
5	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0100 Hz damp = 0000	< >	Select the digit with the $\checkmark$ or $\succ$ Key, and press the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to adjust the frequency.
6	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 000 <u>0</u>	SCROLL	Press the Key. The cursor will move to "damp."

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
7	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0020		Select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the <a>or <a>v</a> Key to adjust the damping gain.       Image: Constraint of the setting of the setting, and lower the control gain by using a different method, such as one-parameter tuning.       Select the digit with the <a>or <a>v</a> Key to adjust the damping gain.</a></a>
8	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0120	SCROLL	If fine tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the Key. The cursor will move from "damp" to "freq." If fine-tuning is not necessary, skip step 9 and go to step 10.
9	RUN — Vib Sup freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0120	< >	Select the digit with the $\checkmark$ or $\succ$ Key, and press the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to fine-tune the frequency.
10	RUN — Vib Sup freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0120	DATA	Press the Mathin Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed.
11	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn 203: On e PrmTun           Fn 204: A-Vib           Sup           Fn 205: Vib           Sup           Fn 206: Easy	MODE/SET	Press the Figure Key to complete the anti-resonance control adjustment function. The screen in step 1 will appear again.

## (2) For Fine-tuning After Adjusting the Anti-Resonance Control

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn203: OnePrmTun           Fn204: A-Vib Sup           Fn205: Vib Sup           Fn206: Easy		Press the $\textcircled{res}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list, select Fn204.
2	RUN — FUNCTION— Tuning Mode = 1	DATA	Press the $[BMA]$ Key to display the "Tuning Mode = 1" as shown on the left.
3	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0120	DATA	Press the Key while "Tuning Mode = 1" is displayed. The screen shown on the left will appear and "damp" will flash.

5.6.3 Related Parameters

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
4	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 01 <u>5</u> 0	< > < V	<ul> <li>Select the digit with the ≤ or &gt; Key, and press the  A or  V Key to set the damping gain.</li> <li>Note: Increase the damping gain from about 0% to 200% in 10% increments while checking the effect of vibration reduction. If vibration reduction is still insufficient at a gain of 200%, cancel the setting, and lower the control gain by using a different method, such as one-parameter tuning.</li> </ul>
5	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0150	SOROLL	If fine tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the Key. The cursor will move from "damp" to "freq." If fine-tuning is not necessary, skip step 6 and go to step 7.
6	RUN - Vib Sup - freq = 0420 Hz damp = 0150	< >	Select the digit with the $\checkmark$ or $\succ$ Key, and press the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to fine-tune the frequency.
7	RUN — Vib Sup freq = 0420 Hz damp = 0150	DATA	Press the Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed.
8	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn 203: On e PrmTun <u>Fn 204</u> : A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup           Fn 206: Easy	MODE/SET	Press the <b>E</b> Key to complete the anti-resonance control adjustment function. The screen in step 1 will appear again.

## 5.6.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

· Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

- Automatic changes after execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
  - No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn160	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn161	Anti-Resonance Frequency	No	Yes
Pn162	Anti-Resonance Gain Compensation	Yes	No
Pn163	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	No	Yes
Pn164	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 1 Compensation	Yes	No
Pn165	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 2 Compensation	Yes	No

# **5.7** Vibration Suppression Function (Fn205)

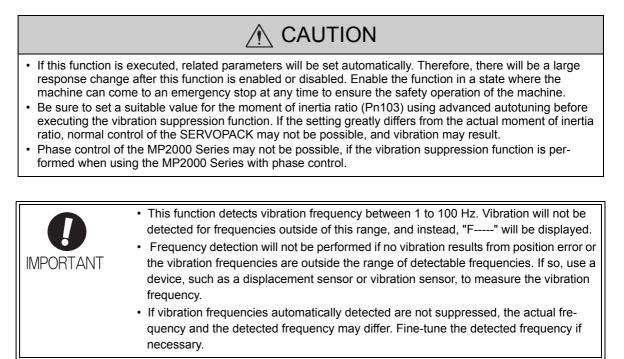
The vibration suppression function is described in this section.

### **5.7.1** Vibration Suppression Function

The vibration suppression function suppresses transitional vibration at frequency as low as 1 to 100 Hz that is generated mainly when positioning if the machine stand vibrates.

This function is set automatically when advanced autotuning or advanced autotuning by reference is executed. In most cases, this function is not necessary. Use this function only if fine-tuning is required or readjustment is required as a result of a failure to detect vibration.

Perform one-parameter tuning (Fn203) if required to improve the response characteristics after performing this function.



### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing the vibration suppression function. The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The control must be set to position control.
- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

#### (2) Items Influencing Performance

If continuous vibration occurs when the servomotor is not rotating, the vibration suppression function cannot be used to suppress the vibration effectively. If the result is not satisfactory, perform anti-resonance control adjustment function (Fn204) or one-parameter tuning (Fn203).

#### (3) Detection of Vibration Frequencies

No frequency detection may be possible if the vibration does not appear as a position error or the vibration resulting from the position error is too small.

The detection sensitivity can be adjusted by changing the setting for the remained vibration detection width (Pn560) which is set as a percentage of the positioning completed width (Pn522). Perform the detection of vibration frequencies again after adjusting the remained vibration detection width (Pn560).

5.7.2 Vibration Suppression Function Operating Procedure

Remained Vibration Detection Wi		Detection Width	Position		Classification
Pn560	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 3000	0.1%	400	Immediately	Setup

Note: As a guideline, change the setting 10% at a time. The smaller the set value is, the higher the detection sensitivity will be. If the value is too small, however, the vibration may not be detected accurately.

The vibration frequencies that are automatically detected may vary somewhat with each positioning operation. Perform positioning several times and make adjustments while checking the effect of vibration suppression.

## 5.7.2 Vibration Suppression Function Operating Procedure

The following procedure is used for vibration suppression function.

Vibration suppression function is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

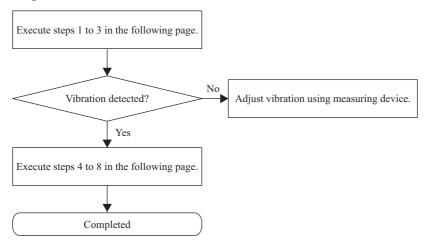
The operating procedure from the digital operator is described here.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

Note: If this function is aborted by pressing the MODE/SET Key, the SERVOPACK will continue operating until the servomotor comes to a stop. After the servomotor stops, the set value will return to the previous value.

The operating flow of the vibration suppression function is shown below.

(1) Operating Flow



## (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	Input a operation reference and ta		•
2	RUN — FUNCTION— Fn204:A-Vib Sup <u>Fn205</u> :Vib Sup Fn206:Easy FFT Fn207:V-Monitor		Press the 😴 Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the \Lambda or 🔽 Key to move through the list, select Fn205.
3	RUN —Vib Sup— Measure f=010.4Hz Setting f=050.4Hz	DATA	Press the will key. The display shown on the left will appear. Measure f: Measurement frequency Setting f: Setting frequency [Factory-set to the set value for Pn145] If the setting frequency and actual operating frequency are different, "Setting" will flash. Note: Frequency detection will not be performed if there is no vibration or the vibration frequency is outside the range of detectable frequencies. The following screen will be displayed if vibration is not detected. If the vibration frequencies are not detected, prepare a means of detecting and measuring the vibration. When the vibration frequencies are measured, go to step 5 and manually set the measured vibration frequency to "Setting f." $\frac{R \cup N \qquad -V i b \ S \cup p}{S \cup t \ ing \ f \ = 0 \ 5 \ 0. \ O \ H \ z}$
4	RUN —Vib Sup— Measure f=010.4Hz Setting f=010.4Hz	SOROLL	Press the Key. The displayed "Measure f" value will be displayed as the "Setting f" value as well.
5	RUN —Vib Sup— Measure f=010.4Hz Setting f=012.4Hz	< >	If the vibration is not completely suppressed, select the digit with the    or    Key, and press the or    Key to fine-tune the frequency "setting f." Skip this step and go to step 7 if the fine-tuning of the frequency is not necessary. Note: If the setting frequency and actual operating

5.7.2 Vibration Suppression Function Operating Procedure

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
6	RUN —Vib Sup— Measure f=010.4Hz Setting f=012.4Hz	DATA	Press the The "Setting f" will change to usual display and the frequency currently displayed will be set for the vibration suppression function.
7	RUN —Vib Sup— Measuref =Hz Settingf =012.4Hz	DATA	Press the was Key to save the setting. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed again.
8	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn204	MODE/SET	Press the Key to complete the vibration suppression function. The screen in step 1 will appear again.



No settings related to the vibration suppression function will be changed during operation.

If the servomotor does not stop approximately 10 seconds after the setting changes, a timeout error will result and the previous setting will be automatically enabled again. The vibration suppression function will be enabled in step 6. The motor response, however, will change when the servomotor comes to a stop with no reference input.

### (3) Related Function on Vibration Suppression Function

This section describes functions related to vibration suppression function.

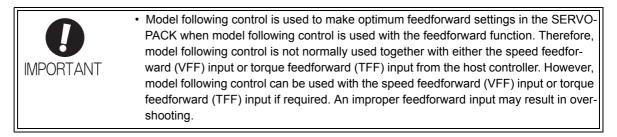
### Feedforward

The feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled in the factory setting.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn140	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	Immediately	Tuning
	n.1000	Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.		- uing

Refer to Σ-V Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63) for details.



## 5.7.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function. No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn140	Model Following Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn141	Model Following Control Gain	No	Yes
Pn142	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	No	No
Pn143	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	No	No
Pn144	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	No	No
Pn145	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	No	Yes
Pn146	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	No	Yes
Pn147	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compen- sation	No	No
Pn14A	Vibration Suppression 2 Frequency	No	No
Pn14B	Vibration Suppression 2 Compensation	No	No

# 5.8 Additional Adjustment Function

This section describes the functions that can be used for additional fine tuning after making adjustments with advanced autotuning, advanced autotuning by reference, or one-parameter tuning.

- · Switching gain settings
- Friction compensation
- Current control mode selection
- Current gain level setting
- Speed detection method selection

## 5.8.1 Switching Gain Settings

Two gain switching functions are available, manual switching and automatic switching. The manual switching function uses an external input signal to switch gains, and the automatic switching function switches gains automatically.

By using the gain switching function, the positioning time can be shortened by increasing the gain during positioning and vibration can be suppressed by decreasing the gain while it is stopped.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn139	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Manual gain switching	Immediately	Tuning
	n.🗆 🗆 🗠 2	Automatic gain switching		

Note:  $n.\Box\Box\Box1$  is reserved. Do not use.

For the gain combinations for switching, refer to (1) Gain Combinations for Switching.

For the manual gain switching, refer to (2) Manual Gain Switching.

For the automatic gain switching, refer to (3) Automatic Gain Switching.

## (1) Gain Combinations for Switching

Setting	Speed Loop Gain	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Position Loop Gain	Torque Reference Filter	Model Following Control Gain	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	Friction Compensation Gain
Gain Setting 1	Pn100 Speed Loop Gain	Pn101 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Pn102 Position Loop Gain	Pn401 Torque Refer- ence Filter Time Constant	Pn141 <sup>*</sup> Model Follow- ing Control Gain	Pn142 <sup>*</sup> Model Follow- ing Control Gain Compen- sation	Pn121 Friction Com- pensation Gain
Gain Setting 2	Pn104 2nd Speed Loop Gain	Pn105 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Pn106 2nd Position Loop Gain	Pn412 1st Step 2nd Torque Refer- ence Filter Time Constant	Pn148 <sup>*</sup> 2nd Model Fol- lowing Control Gain	Pn149 <sup>*</sup> 2nd Model Fol- lowing Control Gain Compen- sation	Pn122 2nd Gain for Friction Compensation

The switching gain settings for the model following control gain and the model following control gain compensation are available only for manual gain switching. To enable the gain switching of these parameters, a gain switching input signal must be sent, and the following conditions must be met.

• No command being executed.

• Motor having been completely stopped.

If these conditions are not satisfied, the applicable parameters will not be switched although the other parameters shown in this table will be switched.

## (2) Manual Gain Switching

Manual gain switching uses G-SEL of the servo command output signals (SVCMD\_IO) to switch between gain setting 1 and gain setting 2.

Туре	Command Name	Setting	Meaning
Innut	G-SEL of the servo com-	0	Switches to gain setting 1.
Input	mand output signals (SVCMD_IO)	1	Switches to gain setting 2.

### (3) Automatic Gain Switching

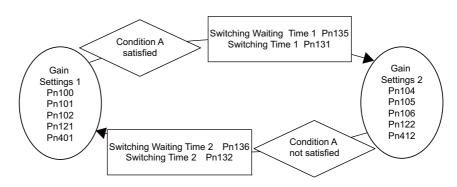
Automatic gain switching is enabled only in position control. The switching conditions are specified using the following settings.

Parameter Setting		Switching Condition	Setting	Switching Wait Time	Switching Time
Pn139	n.0002	Condition A satisfied.	Gain setting 1 to gain setting 2	Pn135 Gain Switching Waiting Time 1	Pn131 Gain Switching Time 1
1 11 100		Condition A not satis- fied.	Gain setting 2 to gain setting 1	Pn136 Gain Switching Waiting Time 2	Pn132 Gain Switching Time 2

Select one of the following settings for switching condition A.

Pa	rameter	Switching Condition A for Position Control	For Other than Position Control (No Switching)	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	Positioning completed signal (/COIN) ON	Fixed in gain setting 1		
	n.0010	Positioning completed signal (/COIN) OFF	Fixed in gain setting 2		
	n.□□2□	Positioning near signal (/NEAR) ON	Fixed in gain setting 1		
Pn139	n.□□3□	Positioning near signal (/NEAR) OFF	Fixed in gain setting 2	Immediately	Tuning
	n.□□4□	No output for position reference filter and posi- tion reference input OFF	Fixed in gain setting 1		
	n.□□5□	Position reference input ON	Fixed in gain setting 2		

Automatic switching pattern 1 (Pn139.0 = 2)

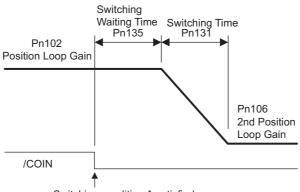


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5-55

### ■ Relationship between the Waiting and Switching Times for Gain Switching

In this example, the "positioning completed signal (/COIN) ON" condition is set as condition A for automatic gain switching. The position loop gain is switched from the value in Pn102 (position loop gain) to the value in Pn106 (2nd position loop gain). When the /COIN signal goes ON, the switching operation begins after the waiting time set in Pn135. The switching operation changes the position loop gain linearly from Pn102 to Pn106 within the switching time set in Pn131.



Switching condition A satisfied

Note: Automatic gain switching is available in the PI and I-P controls (Pn10B).

### (4) Related Parameters

assification Tuning assification Tuning
assification
assification
Tuning
Tuning
0
assification
Tuning

(cont'd)

	2nd Speed Loop Integ	ral Time Constant	Speed	Position	Classification
Pn105	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	15 to 51200	0.01 ms	2000	Immediately	Tuning
_	2nd Position Loop Gair	١		Position	Classification
Pn106	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 20000	0.1/s	400	Immediately	Tuning
D. (40	1st Step 2nd Torque Ro Constant	eference Filter Time	Speed Position	Torque	Classification
Pn412	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	0.01 ms	100	Immediately	Tuning
	2nd Model Following Control Gain			Position	Classification
Pn148	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 20000	0.1/s	500	Immediately	Tuning
	2nd Model Following C	ontrol Gain Compensa	ation	Position	Classification
Pn149	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	500 to 2000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning
	2nd Gain for Friction C	Compensation	Speed	Position	Classification
Pn122	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning
			•	•	

## (5) Parameters for Automatic Gain Switching

	Gain Switching Time	1		Position	Classification
Pn131	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning
	Gain Switching Time 2			Position	Classification
Pn132	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning
	Gain Switching Waiting	Position	Classification		
Pn135	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning
	Gain Switching Waiting Time 2			Position	Classification
Pn136	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning

## (6) Related Monitor

Monitor No. (Un)	Name	Value	Remarks
Un014	Effective gain monitor	1	For gain setting 1
Un014 E	Encetive gain monitor	2	For gain setting 2

Note: When using the tuning-less function, gain setting 1 is enabled.

Parameter No.	Analog Monitor	Name	Output Value	Remarks
Pn006	n.□□0B	Effective gain moni-	1 V	Gain setting 1 is enabled.
Pn007		tor	2 V	Gain setting 2 is enabled.

5.8.2 Manual Adjustment of Friction Compensation

## 5.8.2 Manual Adjustment of Friction Compensation

Friction compensation rectifies the viscous friction change and regular load change.

The friction compensation function can be automatically adjusted with advanced autotuning (Fn201), advanced autotuning by reference input (Fn202), or one-parameter tuning (Fn203). This section describes the steps to follow if manual adjustment is required.

### (1) Required Parameter Settings

The following parameter settings are required to use friction compensation.

Ī	Pa	arameter	Function	When Enabled	Classification
	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]Does not use friction com		Does not use friction compensation.	Immediately	Setup
		n.1000	Uses friction compensation.		

	Friction Compensation	n Gain	Speed	Position	Classification
Pn121	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning
	Friction Compensation	n Coefficient	Speed	Position	Classification
Pn123	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 100	1%	0	Immediately	Tuning
	Friction Compensation	n Frequency Correction	Speed	Position	Classification
Pn124	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-10000 to 10000	0.1 Hz	0	Immediately	Tuning
	Friction Compensation	n Gain Correction	Speed	Position	Classification
Pn125	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning

## (2) Operating Procedure for Friction Compensation

The following procedure is used for friction compensation.

• Before using friction compensation, set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) as accurately as possible. If the wrong moment of inertia ratio is set, vibration may result.

Â

CAUTION

Step	Operation				
1	<ul> <li>Set the following parameters for friction compensation to the factory setting as follows.</li> <li>Friction compensation gain (Pn121): 100</li> <li>Friction compensation coefficient (Pn123): 0</li> <li>Friction compensation frequency correction (Pn124): 0</li> <li>Friction compensation gain correction (Pn125): 100</li> <li>Note: Always use the factory-set values for friction compensation frequency correction (Pn124) and friction compensation gain correction (Pn125).</li> </ul>				
2	<ul> <li>To check the effect of friction compensation, gradually increase the friction compensation coefficient (Pn123).</li> <li>Note: Usually, set the friction compensation coefficient value to 95% or less. If the effect is insufficient, increase the friction compensation gain (Pn121) by 10% increments until it stops vibrating.</li> <li>Effect of Parameters for Adjustment</li> <li>Pn121: Friction Compensation Gain</li> <li>This parameter sets the responsiveness for external disturbance. The higher the set value is, the better the responsiveness will be. If the equipment has a resonance frequency, however, vibration may result if the set value is excessively high.</li> <li>Pn123: Friction Compensation Coefficient</li> <li>This parameter sets the effect of friction compensation. The higher the set value is, the more effective friction compensation will be. If the set value is excessively high, however, the vibration will occur easily. Usually, set the value to 95% or less.</li> </ul>				
3	Effect of Adjustment         The following graph shows the responsiveness with and without proper adjustment.         Insufficient responsiveness because of friction         Small friction         Position error         Large friction         Reference speed         Without friction compensation         Without friction compensation				

5.8.3 Current Control Mode Selection Function

## 5.8.3 Current Control Mode Selection Function

This function reduces high-frequency noises while the servomotor is being stopped. This function is enabled by default and set to be effective under different application conditions. Set Pn009.1 = 1 to use this function.

This function can be used with the following SERVOPACKs.

Input Voltage	SERVOPACK Model SGDV-		
200 V	120A, 180A, 200A, 330A, 470A, 550A, 590A, 780A		
400 V	3R5D, 5R4D, 8R4D, 120D, 170D, 210D, 260D, 280D, 370D		

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n. 🗆 🗆 🗆	Selects the current control mode 1.		
Pn009	n. □□1□ [Factory setting]	Selects the current control mode 2 (low noise).	After restart	Tuning
If current control mode 2 is selected, the load ratio may increase while the servomotor				



 If current control mode 2 is selected, the load ratio may increase while the servon is being stopped.

## 5.8.4 Current Gain Level Setting

This function reduces noises by adjusting the parameter value for current control inside the SERVOPACK according to the speed loop gain (Pn100). The noise level can be reduced by reducing the current gain level (Pn13D) from its factory setting of 2000% (disabled). If the set value of Pn13D is decreased, the level of noise will be lowered, but the response characteristics of the SERVOPACK will also be degraded. Adjust the current gain level within the allowable range at which SERVOPACK response characteristics can be secured.

	Current Gain Level Speed Position				Classification
Pn13D	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	100 to 2000	1%	2000	Immediately	Tuning
IMPOF	If the parameter setting of the current gain level is changed, the response istics of the speed loop will also change. The SERVOPACK must, therefy justed again.				

## 5.8.5 Speed Detection Method Selection

This function can ensure smooth movement of the servomotor while the servomotor is running. Set the value of Pn009.2 to 1 and select speed detection 2 to smooth the movement of the servomotor while the servomotor is running.

Pa	arameter	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn009	n. □0□□ [Factory setting]	Selects speed detection 1.	After restart	Tuning
	n. 🗆 1 🗆 🗆	Selects speed detection 2.		
If the speed detection method is changed, the response characteristics of the speed loop will change and the SERVOPACK must be readjusted again.				

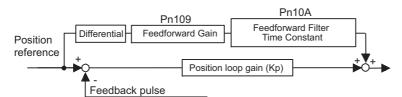
# **5.9** Compatible Adjustment Function

The  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACKs have adjustment functions as explained in sections 5.1 to 5.8 to make machine adjustments.

This section explains compatible functions provided by earlier models, such as the  $\Sigma$ -III Series SERVOPACK.

## 5.9.1 Feedforward Reference

This function applies feedforward compensation to position control and shortens positioning time.



	Feedforward Gain	Feedforward Gain			
Pn109	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 100	1%	0	Immediately	Tuning
	Feedforward Filter Time Constant			Position	Classification
Pn10A	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 6400	0.01 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning

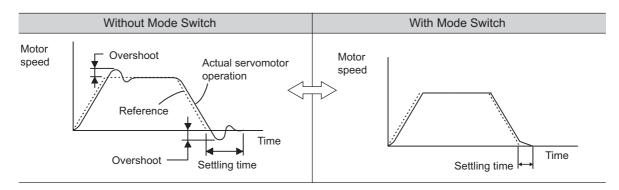
Note: Too high value may cause the machine to vibrate. For ordinary machines, set 80% or less in this parameter.

5.9.2 Mode Switch (P/PI Switching)

## 5.9.2 Mode Switch (P/PI Switching)

The mode switch automatically switches between proportional and PI control. Set the switching condition with Pn10B.0 and set the level of detection points with Pn10C, Pn10D, Pn10E, and Pn10F.

Overshooting caused by acceleration and deceleration can be suppressed and the settling time can be reduced by setting the switching condition and detection points.



### (1) Related Parameters

Select the switching condition of the mode switch with Pn10B.0.

Parameter		Mode Switch Selection	Parameter Containing Detection Point Setting	When Enabled	Classifi- cation
Pn10B	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Uses an internal torque reference level for the switching conditions.	Pn10C	Immedi- ately	Setup
	n.□□□1	Uses a speed reference level for the switching condi- tions.	Pn10D		
	n.□□□2	Uses an acceleration level for the switching condi- tions.	Pn10E		
	n.🗆 🗆 🖂 3	Uses a position error level for the switching condi- tions.	Pn10F		
	n.🗆 🗆 🛛 4	Does not use mode switch function.	_		

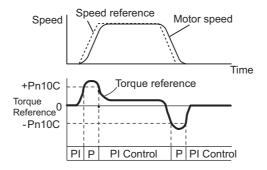
### Parameters to Set the Level of Detection Points

	Mode Switch (Torque Reference)		Speed	Classification		
Pn10C	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 800	1%	200	Immediately	Tuning	
	Mode Switch (Speed	d Reference)	Speed	Position	Classification	
Pn10D	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	0	Immediately	Tuning	
	Mode Switch (Accel	eration)	Speed	Position	Classification	
Pn10E	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 30000	1 min <sup>-1</sup> /s	0	Immediately	Tuning	
	0 to 30000 Mode Switch (Positi		0	Immediately Position	Tuning Classification	
Pn10F			0 Factory Setting			

### (2) Operating Examples for Different Switching Conditions

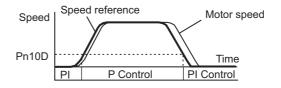
### Using the Torque Reference [Factory Setting]

With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the value of torque reference input exceeds the torque set in Pn10C. The factory setting for the torque reference detection point is 200% of the rated torque.



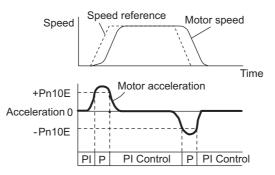
### Using the Speed Reference

With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the value of speed reference input exceeds the speed set in Pn10D.



#### Using Acceleration

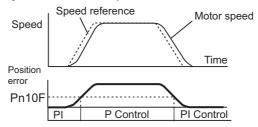
With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the speed reference exceeds the acceleration set in Pn10E.



#### Using the Position Error

With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the position error exceeds the value set in Pn10F.

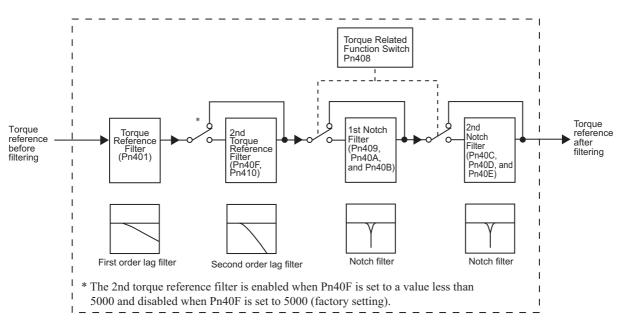
This setting is effective with position control only.



5.9.3 Torque Reference Filter

## 5.9.3 Torque Reference Filter

As shown in the following diagram, the torque reference filter contains first order lag filter and notch filters arrayed in series, and each filter operates independently. The notch filters can be enabled and disabled with the Pn408.



### (1) Torque Reference Filter

If you suspect that machine vibration is being caused by the servo drive, try adjusting the filter time constants with Pn401. This may stop the vibration. The lower the value, the better the response will be, but there may be a limit that depends on the machine conditions.

	Torque Reference Fi	Iter Time Constant	Speed Position	Classification	
Pn401	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	0.01 ms	100	Immediately	Tuning

### ■ Torque Reference Filter Setting Guide

Use the speed loop gain (Pn100 [Hz]) and the torque filter time constant (Pn401 [ms]) to set the torque reference filter.

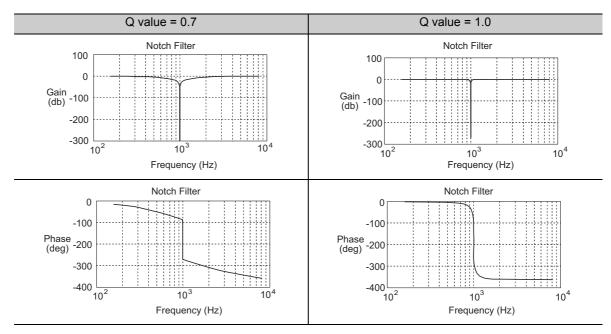
Adjusted value for stable control: Pn401 [ms]  $\leq$  1000/ ( $2\pi \times$  Pn100 [Hz]  $\times$  4) Critical gains: Pn401 [ms]  $\leq$  1000/ ( $2\pi \times$  Pn100 [Hz]  $\times$  1)

Pn40F	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Frequency		Speed Position	Classification	
F 11401	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	100 to 5000	1 Hz	5000*	Immediately	Tuning
Pn410	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Q Value		Speed Position	Torque	Classification
F 114 10	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Unit Factory Setting When Enal	When Enabled	
	50 to 100	0.01	50	Immediately	Tuning

\* The filter is disabled if 5000 is set.

### (2) Notch Filter

The notch filter can eliminate specific frequency elements generated by the vibration of sources such as resonance of the shaft of a ball screw. The notch filter puts a notch in the gain curve at the specific vibration frequency. The frequency characteristics near the notch can be reduced or removed with this filter. A higher Q value produces a sharper notch and phase delay.



The notch filter can be enabled or disabled with Pn408.

	Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	Pn408	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Disables 1st notch filter.		Setup
F		n.□□□1	Enables 1st notch filter.	Immediately	
		n.□0□□ [Factory setting]	Disables 2nd notch filter.	minediatery	
		n.0100	Enables 2nd notch filter.		

Set the machine's vibration frequency as a parameter of the notch filter.

	1st Notch Filter Free	quency	Speed Position	Classification		
Pn409	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	-	
	50 to 5000	1 Hz	5000	Immediately	Tuning	
	1st Notch Filter Q V	alue	Speed Position	Classification		
Pn40A	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	1	
	50 to 1000	0.01	70	Immediately	Tuning	
	1st Notch Filter Dep	th	Speed Position Torque		Classification	
Pn40B	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	-	
	0 to 1000	0.001	0	Immediately	Tuning	
	2nd Notch Filter Frequency		Speed Position Torque		Classification	
Pn40C	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	50 to 5000	1 Hz	5000	Immediately	Tuning	

#### 5 Adjustments

5.9.4 Position Integral

(cont'd)

					(cont d)
	2nd Notch Filter Q \	/alue	Speed Position	Torque	Classification
Pn40D	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting When Enabled		
	50 to 1000	0.01	70	Immediately	Tuning
_	2nd Notch Filter De	pth	Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn40E	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 1000	0.001	0	Immediately	Tuning
	•		•	•	•

	Sufficient precautions must be taken when setting the notch filter frequencies. Do not
	set the notch filter frequencies (Pn409 or Pn40C) that is close to the speed loop's
	response frequency. Set the frequencies at least four times higher than the speed
NT	loop's response frequency. Setting the notch filter frequency too close to the response
	frequency may cause vibration and damage the machine.
	<ul> <li>Change the notch filter frequencies (Pn409 or Pn40C) only when the servomotor is</li> </ul>

 Change the notch filter frequencies (Pn409 or Pn40C) only when the servomotor is stopped. Vibration may occur if the notch filter frequency is changed when the servomotor is rotating.

### 5.9.4 Position Integral

**IMPORTA** 

The position integral is the integral function of the position loop. It is used for the electronic cams and electronic shafts when using the SERVOPACK with YASKAWA MP900/2000 Machine Controllers.

	Position Integral Tin	ne Constant		Position	Classification
Pn11F	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 50000	0.1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning

# 6

## Utility Functions (Fn

6.1 List of Utility Functions
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## 6.1 List of Utility Functions

Utility functions are used to execute the functions related to servomotor operation and adjustment. Each utility function has a number starting with Fn.

The following table lists the utility functions and reference section.

Function No.	Function	Reference Section
Fn000	Alarm history display	6.2
Fn002	JOG operation	6.3
Fn003	Origin search	6.4
Fn004	Program JOG operation	6.5
Fn005	Initializing parameter settings	6.6
Fn006	Clearing alarm history	6.7
Fn008	Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset	4.7.4
Fn00C	Offset adjustment of analog monitor output	6.8
Fn00D	Gain adjustment of analog monitor output	6.9
Fn00E	Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	6.10
Fn00F	Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	6.11
Fn010	Write prohibited setting	6.12
Fn011	Servomotor model display	6.13
Fn012	Software version display	6.14
Fn013	Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm occurs	4.7.7
Fn014	Resetting configuration error in option modules	6.15
Fn01B	Vibration detection level initialization	6.16
Fn01E	Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID	6.17
Fn01F	Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module	6.18
Fn020	Origin setting	6.19
Fn030	Software reset	6.20
Fn200	Tuning-less levels setting	5.2.2
Fn201	Advanced autotuning	5.3.2
Fn202	Advanced autotuning by reference	5.4.2
Fn203	One-parameter tuning	5.5.2
Fn204	Anti-resonance control adjustment function	5.6.2
Fn205	Vibration suppression function	5.7.2
Fn206	EasyFFT	6.21
Fn207	Online vibration monitor	6.22

Note: Execute the utility function with either a digital operator or SigmaWin+. If they are used together, "no\_oP" or "NO-OP" will be displayed when the utility function is executed.

## 6.2 Alarm History Display (Fn000)

This function displays the last ten alarms that have occurred in the SERVOPACK. The latest ten alarm numbers and time stamps\* can be checked.

\* Time Stamps

A function that measures the ON times of the control power supply and main circuit power supply in 100-ms units and displays the total operating time when an alarm occurs. The time stamp operates around the clock for approximately 13 years.

<Example of Time Stamps> If 36000 is displayed, 3600000 [ms] = 3600 [s] = 60 [min] = 1 [h] Therefore, the total number of operating hours is 1 hour.

#### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before displaying the alarm history.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn207:V-Monitor <u>Fn000</u> :AIm History           Fn002:JOG           Fn003:Z-Search		Press the 😴 Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the \Lambda or 🔽 Key to move through the list and select Fn000.
2	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn000 execution display.
3	A . D 0 0       - A L A R M -         1 . 7 2 0       0 0 0 0 0 0 3 2 6 5 1         2 . 5 1 1       0 0 0 0 0 0 0 9 0 4 3         3 :       -         4 :       -         - Alarm no.       -         - Alarm history no.       0: Latest         9: Oldest       9: Oldest		Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to scroll through the alarm history. The alarm history can be viewed.
4	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn207:V-Monitor <u>Fn000</u> :AIm History           Fn002:JOG           Fn003:Z-Search	MODE/SET	Press the result Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

Note:

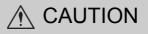
• If the same alarm occurs after more than one hour, the alarm will be saved. If it occurs in less than one hour, it will not be saved.

• The display "□.---" means no alarm occurs.

• Delete the alarm history using the parameter Fn006. The alarm history is not cleared on alarm reset or when the SERVOPACK main circuit power is turned OFF.

## 6.3 JOG Operation (Fn002)

JOG operation is used to check the operation of the servomotor under speed control without connecting the SERVOPACK to the host controller.



• While the SERVOPACK is in JOG operation, the overtravel function will be disabled. Consider the operating range of the machine when performing JOG operation for the SERVOPACK.

(1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform a jog operation.

• The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The JOG speed must be set considering the operating range of the machine. Set the jog speed in Pn304.

	Jog Speed		Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn304	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1*</sup>	500	Immediately	Setup

\* When using an SGMCS direct drive motor, the setting unit will be automatically changed to 0.1 min<sup>-1</sup>.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure. The following example is given when the rotating direction of servomotor is set as Pn000.0=0 (Forward rotation by forward reference).

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn000:AIm History <u>Fn002</u> :JOG           Fn003:Z-Search           Fn004:Program JOG		Press the EXAMPLE Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the  or  V Key to move through the list and select Fn002.
2	BB -JOG- Pn304=00500 Un000=00000 Un002=00000 Un00D=0000000000	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn002 execution display.
3	BB - JOG - Pn304=00500 Un000= 00000 Un002= 00000 Un00D= 0000000000	DATA	Press the Key. The cursor moves to the setting side (the right side) of Pn304 (JOG speed).
4	B B - J O G - P n 3 0 4 = 0 1 0 0 0 U n 0 0 0 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	< >	Press the $\triangleleft$ or $\succ$ Key and the $\land$ or $\bigvee$ Key to set the JOG speed (Pn304) to 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> .
5	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	DATA	Press the Key. The setting value is entered, and the cursor moves to the parameter number side (the left side).

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
6	R U N         - J O G -           P n 3 0 4         = 0 1 0 0 0           U n 0 0 0         = 0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 2         = 0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 D         = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	JOG SVON	Press the () Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON.
7	RUN -JOG- Pn30 <u>4</u> =01000 Un000=00000 Un002=00000 Un00D=0000000000	<b>NV</b>	The servomotor will rotate at the present speed set in Pn304 while the A Key (for forward rotation) or V Key (for reverse rotation) is pressed.
8	B B - J O G - P n 3 0 <u>4</u> = 0 1 0 0 0 U n 0 0 0 = 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	JOG SVON	After having confirmed the correct motion of servo- motor, press the () () () () () () () () () () () () ()
9	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn000:AIm         History           Fn002:JOG         Fn003:Z-Search           Fn004:Program         JOG	MODE/SET	Press the result Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.
10	To enable the change in the settin	g, turn the power OFF a	and ON again.

## 6.4 Origin Search (Fn003)

The origin search is designed to position the origin pulse position of the incremental encoder (phase C) and to clamp at the position.

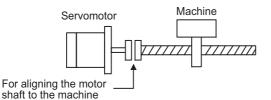


 Perform origin searches without connecting the coupling. The forward run prohibited (P-OT) and reverse run prohibited (N-OT) signals are not effective in origin search mode.

This function is used when the motor shaft needs to be aligned to the machine.

Motor speed at the time of execution: 60 min<sup>-1</sup>

(For SGMCS direct drive motors, the speed at the time of execution is  $6 \text{ min}^{-1}$ .)



#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform the origin search.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

1 $Fn002: JOG$ $Fn003: Z-SearchFn004: Program JOGFn005: Prm InitImage: Second secon$		play after Operation Keys	Step
2       Un 000 = 00000 Un 002 = 00000000000       DATA       Press the Image Key. The display changes to the Free execution display.         3       RUN -Z-Search-Un 000 = 000000 Un 000 = 0000000000       Press the Image Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", the servomotor power turns ON. Note: If the servomotor is already at the zero positive - Un 00D = 00000000000         4       RUN -Complete- Un 000 = 000000 Un 000 = 000000       Press the Image Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", the servomotor is already at the zero positive - Un 00D = 0000000000         4       RUN -Complete- Un 000 = 000000       Press the Image Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", the servomotor is already at the zero positive - Un 000 = 00000000000         4       RUN -Complete- Un 000 = 000000       Press the Image Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", the servomotor is already at the zero positive - Un 000 = 00000000000         4       RUN -Complete- Un 000 = 0000000000       Press the Image Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", the servomotor is already at the zero positive - Un 000 = 00000000000         4       RUN -Complete- Un 000 = 0000000000       Press the Image Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", the servomotor is already at the zero positive - Un 000 = 00000000000	Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and	2:JOG 3:Z-Search 4:Program JOG	1
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	DATA Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn003 execution display.	0 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 4	2
4 $ \begin{bmatrix} R \cup N & -C \circ mp \mid ete - \\ U n 0 0 0 = & 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 2 = & 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 0 = & 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 0 = & 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} R \cup N & -C \circ mp \mid ete - \\ U n 0 0 0 = & 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \hline N & V \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} R \cup N & -C \circ mp \mid ete - \\ O & O & CW \\ \hline N & U & CW \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} R \cup N & -C \circ mp \mid ete - \\ O & O & CW \\ \hline N & U & CW \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} R \cup N & -C \circ mp \mid ete - \\ O & O & CW \\ \hline N & U & CW \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} R \cup N & -C \circ mp \mid ete - \\ \hline V & O & CW \\ \hline N & U & CW \end{bmatrix} $	JOG SVONThe status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON. Note: If the servomotor is already at the zero position,	0 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 4	3
vomotor. Press the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key until the servomotor s	Parameter       key       key         Pn000       n.□□□0       CCW       CW         n.□□□1       CW       CCW         Note: Direction when viewed from the load of the servomotor.       Press the  or         r         Press the  or         r       Key until the servomotor stops.         If the origin search completed normally, "-Complete-"	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4
5 $\begin{bmatrix} BB & -2-Searcn - \\ Un000 = 00000 \\ Un002 = 00000 \end{bmatrix}$ Key. The status display changes from "RUN" to "BB",	(JOG SVON) The status display changes from "RUN" to "BB", and the servomotor turns OFF. The display "-Complete-"	0 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5
Fn004:Program JOG Fn005:Prm Init function.	The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.	2:JOG <u>3</u> :Z-Search 4:Program JOG 5:Prm Init	6
7 To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again.	le the change in the setting, turn the power OFF	7	

## 6.5 Program JOG Operation (Fn004)

The program JOG operation is a utility function, that allows continuous operation determined by the preset operation pattern, movement distance, movement speed, acceleration/deceleration time, waiting time, and number of times of movement.

This function can be used to move the servomotor without it having to be connected to a host controller for the machine as a trial operation in JOG operation mode. Program JOG operation can be used to confirm the operation and for simple positioning operations.

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform the program JOG operation.

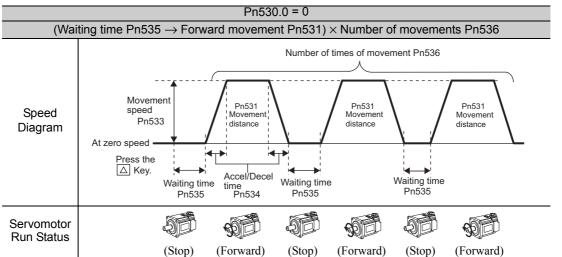
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The travel distance and speed must be set correctly considering the machine operation range and safe operation speed.
- There must be no overtravel.

#### (2) Additional Information

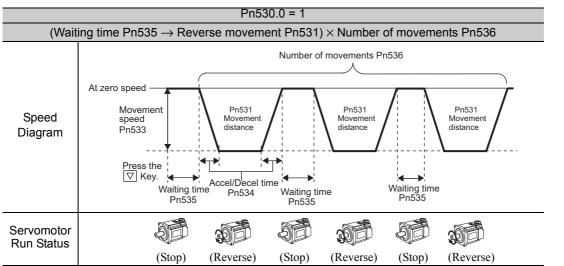
- The functions that are applicable for position control, such as position reference filter, can be used.
- The overtravel function is enabled in this function.

#### (3) Program JOG Operation Patterns

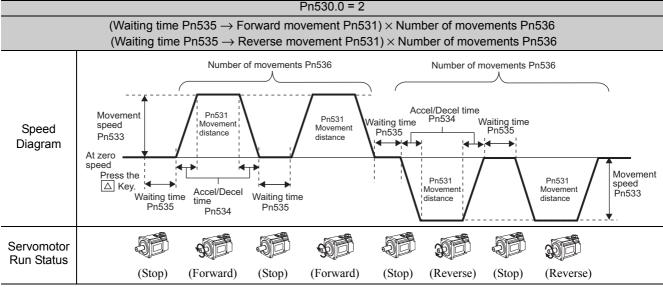
The following describes an example of program JOG operation pattern. The following example is given when the rotating direction of the servomotor is set as Pn000.0 = 0 (Forward rotation by forward reference).



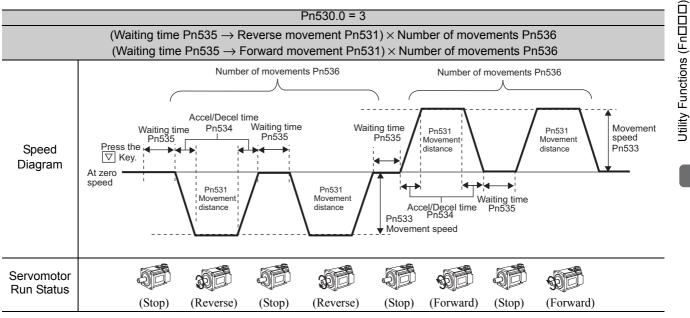
Note: When Pn536 (number of times of program JOG movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn OFF the servomotor power.



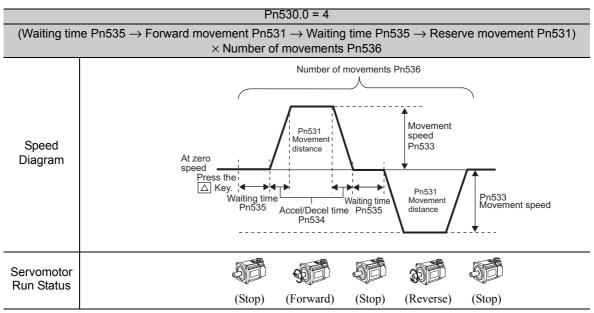
Note: When Pn536 (Number of Times of Program JOG Movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn the servomotor power OFF.



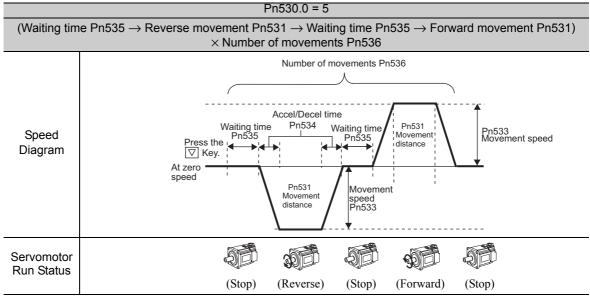
Note: When Pn530.0 is set to 2, infinite time operation is disabled.



Note: When Pn530.0 is set to 3, infinite time operation is disabled



Note: When Pn536 (number of times of program JOG movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn OFF the servomotor power.



Note: When Pn536 (number of times of program JOG movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn the servomotor power OFF.

#### (4) Related Parameters

The following parameters set the program JOG operation pattern. Do not change the settings while the program JOG operation is being executed.

	Program JOG Opera	tion Related Switch	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn530	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0000 to 0005	_	0000	Immediately	Setup
	Program JOG Move	ment Distance	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn531	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	32768	Immediately	Setup

					(cont'd)
	Program JOG Move	ment Speed	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn533	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1*</sup>	500	Immediately	Setup
	Program JOG Accel	eration/Deceleration -	Time Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn534	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	2 to 10000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup
	Program JOG Waiting Time		Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn535	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup
	Number of Times of	Program JOG Moven	nent Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn536	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 1000	1 time	1	Immediately	Setup

\* When using an SGMCS direct drive motor, the setting unit will be automatically changed to 0.1 min<sup>-1</sup>.

#### (5) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform the program JOG operation after setting a program JOG operation pattern.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation		
1	BB-FUNCTION-Fn003:Z-Search <u>Fn004</u> :Program JOGFn005:Prm InitFn006:AlmHist Clr		Press the EXAMPLE Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the A or V Key to move through the list and select Fn004.		
2	B B         - P R G J O G -           P n 5 3 1 = 0 0 0 3 2 7 6 8           P n 5 3 3 = 0 0 5 0 0           P n 5 3 4 = 0 0 1 0 0           P n 5 3 6 = 0 0 0 1 0	DATA	DATA Press the Max Key. The display changes to the Fn00 execution display.		
3*	BB - PRG JOG - Pn53 <u>1</u> =00032768 Pn533=00500 Pn534=00100 Pn536=00010		Confirm that the parameters have been set. Press the $\checkmark$ Key to view Pn530. Press the $\land$ Key to view the parameters in the fol- lowing order: Pn530 $\rightarrow$ Pn531 $\rightarrow$ Pn533 $\rightarrow$ Pn534 $\rightarrow$ Pn535 $\rightarrow$ Pn536.		
4	R U N         - P R G         J O G -           P n 5 3 1 = 0 0 0 3 2 7 6 8           P n 5 3 3 = 0 0 5 0 0           P n 5 3 4 = 0 0 1 0 0           P n 5 3 6 = 0 0 0 1 0	JOG SVON	Press the ( ) Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", ar the servomotor power turns ON.		
5	RUN – PRG JOG– Pn531=00032768 Pn533=00500 Pn534=00100 Pn536=00010		<ul> <li>Press the  (forward movement start) or  (reverse movement start) Key according to the first movement direction of the preset operation pattern. The servomotor starts moving after the preset waitin time in Pn535.</li> <li>Note: Pressing the  Key again changes the statut to "BB" (baseblocked status) and stops movement even during operation.</li> </ul>		

\* The settings can be changed for a parameter.

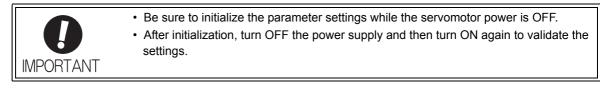
Utility Functions (FnDDD)

(conťd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
6	RUN - PRG JOG - Pn53 <u>1</u> = 00032768 Pn533 = 00500 Pn534 = 00100 Pn536 = 00010	MODE/SET	When the set program JOG operation movement is completed, "END" is displayed for one second, and then "RUN" is displayed. Press the 😇 Key. The servomotor becomes base- blocked status. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.
7	To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again.		

### **6.6** Initializing Parameter Settings (Fn005)

This function is used when returning to the factory settings after changing parameter settings.



Note: Any value adjusted with Fn00C, Fn00D, Fn00E, and Fn00F cannot be initialized by Fn005.

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to initialize the parameter values.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn004:Program JOG <u>Fn005</u> :Prm Init           Fn006:AImHist CIr           Fn008:Mturn CIr	MODE/SETPress the "Top" Key to view the main menu for the utility function.Image: Image:		
2	BB Parameter Init Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn005 execution display.	
3	BB <u>Parameter Init</u> Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA MODE/SET	Press the and Key to initialize parameters. During initialization, "Parameter Init" is flashing in the display. After the initialization is completed, "Parameter Instops flashing and the status display changes as for lows: "BB" to "DONE" to "BB." Note: Press the E Key not to initialize parameter The display returns to the main menu of the rity function.	
4	To enable the change in the settin	g, turn the power OFF a	nd ON again.	

## 6.7 Clearing Alarm History (Fn006)

The clear alarm history function deletes all of the alarm history recorded in the SERVOPACK.

Note: The alarm history is not deleted when the alarm reset is executed or the main circuit power supply of the SERVO-PACK is turned OFF.

#### (1) Preparation

The follow conditions must be met to clear the alarm history.

• The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

#### (2) Operating Procedure

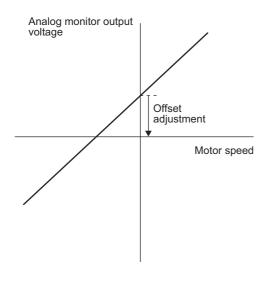
Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation		
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn005:Prm         Init <u>Fn006</u> :AImHist         CIr           Fn008:Mturn         CIr           Fn009:Ref         Adj	MODE/SET       Press the 😁 Key to view the main menu for the utility function.         Use the A or V Key to move through the list and select Fn006.			
2	BB Alarm History Data Clear Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn000 execution display.		
3	BB Alarm History Data Clear Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA MODE/SET	Press the way Key to clear the alarm history. While clearing the data, "DONE" is displayed in the status display. After the data has been successfully cleared, "BB" is displayed. Note: Press the Key not to clear the alarm his- tory. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.		

## 6.8 Offset Adjustment of Analog Monitor Output (Fn00C)

This function is used to manually adjust the offsets for the analog monitor outputs (torque reference monitor output and motor speed monitor output). The offset values are factory-set before shipping. Therefore, the user need not usually use this function.

#### (1) Adjustment Example

An example of offset adjustment to the motor speed monitor is shown below.



Item	Specifications	
Offset Adjustment Range	-2.4 V to + 2.4 V	
Adjustment Unit	18.9 mV/LSB	

Note:

- The adjustment value will not be initialized when parameter settings are initialized using Fn005.
- Make offset adjustment with a measuring instrument connected, so that the analog monitor output is zero. An example of settings for a zero analog monitor output is shown below.
  - While the servomotor is not turned ON, set the monitor signal to the torque reference.
  - In speed control, set the monitor signal to the position error.

#### (2) Preparation

The following condition must be met to adjust the offsets of the analog monitor output.

• The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

#### (3) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform the offset adjustment of analog monitor output.

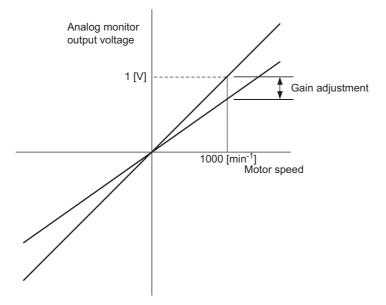
Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	B.B         -FUNCTION -           Fn00B:Trq         Adj <u>Fn00C</u> :MonZero         Adj           Fn00D:MonGain         Adj           Fn00E:Cur         AutoAdj		Press the $\textcircled{res}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn00C.	
2	B B         - Z ero         A D J -           C H 1 = -00002         C         C           U n 002 = 00000         U         U         0000 = 00000	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn00C execution display.	
3	BB -Zero ADJ- CH1=-0000 <u>5</u> CH2=00001 Un002=00000 Un000=00000	<b>NV</b>	Press the  or  Key to adjust the offset of CH (torque reference monitor). Adjust the offset so that the measurement instrument reading is as close to 0 V as possible.	
4	BB - Zero ADJ- CH1 = -00005 CH2 = 00001 Un002 = 00000 Un000 = 00000	SCROLL	After the offset adjustment of CH1 has completed, adjust the offset of CH2 (motor rotating speed moni- tor). Press the Key. The cursor moves to CH2 side.	
5	BB -Zero ADJ- CH1=-00005 CH2=00006 Un002=00000 Un000=00000 Un000=00000		Adjust the offset of CH2 in the same way as for CH1. Press the  or  V Key to adjust the offset of CH2. Adjust the offset so that the measurement instrument reading is as close to 0 V as possible.	
6	B B         -Zero ADJ-           C H 1 = -00005           C H 2 = 00006           U n 002 = 00000           U n 000 = 00000	DATA	After having completed the offset adjustment both f CH1 and CH2, press the <sup>max</sup> Key. The adjustment results are saved in the SERVO- PACK, and the status display shows "DONE" for o second. The status display then returns to show "Bl again.	
7	BB -FUNCTION- Fn00B:Trq Adj <u>Fn00C</u> :MonZero Adj Fn00D:MonGain Adj Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj	MODE/SET	Press the <b>EXER</b> Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.	

## 6.9 Gain Adjustment of Analog Monitor Output (Fn00D)

This function is used to manually adjust the gains for the analog monitor outputs (torque reference monitor output and motor rotating speed monitor output). The gain values are factory-set before shipping. Therefore, the user need not usually use this function.

#### (1) Adjustment Example

An example of gain adjustment to the motor rotating speed monitor is shown below.



Item	Specifications
Gain-adjustment Range	100±50%
Adjustment Unit	0.4%/LSB

The gain adjustment range is made with a 100% output set as a center value (adjustment range: 50% to 150%). The following is a setting example.

<Setting the Set Value to -125>  $100\% + (-125 \times 0.4) = 50\%$ Therefore, the monitor output voltage is 0.5 time as high.

<Setting the Set Value to 125>  $100\% + (125 \times 0.4) = 150\%$ Therefore, the monitor output voltage is 1.5 times as high.

Note: The adjustment value will not be initialized when parameter settings are initialized using Fn005.

#### (2) Preparation

The following condition must be met to adjust the gain of the analog monitor output.

• The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

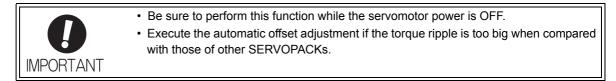
#### (3) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform the gain adjustment of analog monitor output.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn00C:MonZero Adj <u>Fn00D</u> :MonGain Adj Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj Fn00F:Cur ManuAdj		Press the $\textcircled{res}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn00D.	
2	B B         - G a in A D J -           C H 1 = -00001         C           U n 002 = 00000         U           U n 000 = 00000         C	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn00D execution display.	
3	B B         - Gain ADJ-           C H 1 =         0 0 1 2 5           C H 2 =         - 0 0 0 0 1           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0	Λ	Press the <b>v</b> or <b>A</b> Key to adjust the gain adjust- ment width of CH1 (torque reference monitor).	
4	B B         - G a in A D J -           C H 1 =         0 0 1 2 5           C H 2 = - 0 0 0 0 1           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0	SCROLL	After the gain adjustment of CH1 has completed, adjust the gain adjustment width of CH2 (motor rot ing speed monitor).Press the Key. The cursor moves to CH2 side.	
5	B B         - G a in A D J -           C H 1 =         0 0 1 2 5           C H 2 = - 0 0 1 2 5           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0	<b>NV</b>	Adjust the gain of CH2 in the same way as for CH1. Press the $\frown$ or $\bigtriangledown$ Key to adjust the gain adjust- ment width of CH2.	
6	BB - Gain ADJ- CH1 = 00125 CH2 = -00125 Un002 = 00000 Un000 = 00000	DATA	After having completed the adjustment both for CH and CH2, press the Key. The adjustment results are saved in the SERVO-PACK, and the status display shows "DONE" for on second. The status display then returns to show "BB again.	
7	B B         - F U N C T I O N -           F n 0 0 C : M o n Z er o         A d j           F n 0 0 D : M o n G a i n         A d j           F n 0 0 E : C ur         A u t o A d j           F n 0 0 F : C ur         M a n u A d j	MODE/SET	Press the Rey. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.	

## **6.10** Automatic Offset-Signal Adjustment of the Motor Current Detection Signal (Fn00E)

Perform this adjustment only if highly accurate adjustment is required for reducing torque ripple caused by current offset. The user need not usually use this function.



Note: The adjusted value is not initialized by executing the Fn005 function (Initializing Parameter Settings).

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to automatically adjust the offset of the motor current detection signal.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The SERVOPACK must be in Servo Ready status (Refer to 4.8.4).
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn00D:MonGain Adj <u>Fn00E</u> :Cur AutoAdj Fn00F:Cur ManuAdj Fn010:Prm Protect	MODE/SET       Press the ***         Image: Constraint of the state o		
2	BB Auto Offset-ADJ of Motor Current Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn0 execution display.		
3	BB Auto Offset-ADJ of Motor Current Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA       MODE/SET         Press the Image       Key to start the automatic offset adjustment of motor current detection.         When the adjustment is completed, the status of shows "DONE" for one second. The status dist then returns to show "BB" again.         Note: Press the Image         Key to cancel the automatic adjustment. The display returns to the mage         menu of the utility function.		

## **6.11** Manual Offset-Signal Adjustment of the Motor Current Detection Signal (Fn00F)

Use this function only if the torque ripple is still high after the automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal (Fn00E).

If this function is adjusted incorrectly and then executed, characteristics of the servomotor performance could be affected.

Observe the following precautions when performing manual servo tuning.

- Run the servomotor at a speed of approximately 100 min<sup>-1</sup>.
- Adjust the offset while monitoring the torque reference with the analog monitor until the ripple of torque reference monitor's waveform is minimized.
- Adjust the phase-U and phase-V offset amounts alternately several times until these offsets are well balanced.

Note: The adjusted value is not initialized by executing the Fn005 function (Initializing Parameter Settings).

#### (1) Preparation

**IMPORTANT** 

The following condition must be met to manually adjust the offset of the motor current detection signal. • The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	BB-FUNCTION-Fn00FCur ManuAdjFn010Prm ProtectFn011Motor InfoFn012Soft Ver			
2	B B Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current Z A D J I U = -00009 Z A D J I V = -00006	DATA	Press the way. The display changes to the Fn00F execution display.	
3	RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU=-00009 ZADJIV=-00006	Send an SV_ON command from the host controll		
4	RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU = -0001 <u>9</u> ZADJIV = -00006		Adjust the phase-U offset. Press the v or k Key to adjust the offset amount. Adjust the offset amount by 10 in the direction that the torque ripple is reduced. Adjustment range: -512 to +511 (ZADJIU: Offset value of phase-U current)	
5	RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU = -00019 ZADJIV = -0000 <u>6</u>	Adjust the phase-V offset. Press the Key. The cursor moves to the phase- side.		
6	RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU=-00019 ZADJIV=-0001 <u>6</u>		Press the <b>v</b> or <b>A</b> Key to adjust the offset amount. Adjust the offset amount by 10 in the direction that the torque ripple is reduced. Adjustment range: -512 to +511 (ZADJIV: Offset value of phase-V current)	

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
	Repeat the operations of steps 4 to 6 (phase-U and-V alternately) until adjusting the offset amounts both for phase-U and -V in both directions cannot reduce the torque ripple any more. Then, perform the same operation by adjusting by smaller amount.			
7 RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU=-00019 ZADJUE=00016		Press the Imm Key to save the result of adjustment in the SERVOPACK. When the saving is completed, the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "RUN" again.		
8	RUN         -FUNCTION - <u>Fn00F</u> : Cur ManuAdj           Fn010: Prm Protect           Fn011: Motor Info           Fn012: Soft Ver	00F:Cur ManuAdj       Press the  Key.         010:Prm Protect       The display returns to the main menu of the function		

## 6.12 Write Prohibited Setting (Fn010)

This function prevents changing parameters by mistake and sets restrictions on the execution of the utility function.

Parameter changes and execution of the utility function become restricted in the following manner when Write prohibited (P.0001) is assigned to the write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010).

- Parameters: Cannot be changed. If you attempt to change it, "NO-OP" will flash on the display and the screen will return to the main menu.
- Utility Function: Some functions cannot be executed. (Refer to the following table.) If you attempt to execute these utility functions, "NO-OP" will flash on the display and the screen will return to the main menu.

Parameter No.	Function	Write Prohibited Setting	Reference Section
Fn000	Alarm history display	Executable	6.2
Fn002	JOG operation	Cannot be executed	6.3
Fn003	Origin search	Cannot be executed	6.4
Fn004	Program JOG operation	Cannot be executed	6.5
Fn005	Initializing parameter settings	Cannot be executed	6.6
Fn006	Clearing alarm history	Cannot be executed	6.7
Fn008	Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset	Cannot be executed	4.7.4
Fn00C	Offset adjustment of analog monitor output	Cannot be executed	6.8
Fn00D	Gain adjustment of analog monitor output	Cannot be executed	6.9
Fn00E	Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	Cannot be executed	6.10
Fn00F	Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	Cannot be executed	6.11
Fn010	Write prohibited setting	_	6.12
Fn011	Servomotor model display	Executable	6.13
Fn012	Software version display	Executable	6.14
Fn013	Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit dis- agreement alarm occurs	Cannot be executed	4.7.7
Fn014	Resetting configuration error in option modules	Cannot be executed	6.15
Fn01B	Vibration detection level initialization	Cannot be executed	6.16
Fn01E	Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID	Executable	6.17
Fn01F	Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module	Executable	6.18
Fn020	Origin setting	Cannot be executed	6.19
Fn030	Software reset	Executable	6.20
Fn200	Tuning-less levels setting	Cannot be executed	5.2.2
Fn201	Advanced autotuning	Cannot be executed	5.3.2
Fn202	Advanced autotuning by reference	Cannot be executed	5.4.2
Fn203	One-parameter tuning	Cannot be executed	5.5.2
Fn204	Anti-resonance control adjustment function	Cannot be executed	5.6.2
Fn205	Vibration suppression function	Cannot be executed	5.7.2
Fn206	EasyFFT	Cannot be executed	6.21
Fn207	Online vibration monitor	Cannot be executed	6.22

#### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Follow the steps to set enable or disable writing.

- Setting values are as follows:
- "P.0000": Write permitted (Releases write prohibited mode.) [Factory setting]
- "P.0001": Write prohibited (Parameters become write prohibited from the next power ON.)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB-FUNCTION-Fn00F:CurManuAdj <u>Fn010</u> :PrmProtectFn011:MotorInfoFn012:SoftVer		Press the EXECUTE Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the A or V Key to move through the list and select Fn010.
2	BB Parameter Write Protect P. 000 <u>0</u>	DATA	Press the <sup>was</sup> Key. The display changes to the Fn010 execution display.
3	BB Parameter Write Protect P. 000 <u>1</u>	<b>NV</b>	Press the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key to select one of the following settings. P.0000: Write permitted [Factory setting] P.0001: Write prohibited
4	BB Parameter Write Protect P. 000 <u>1</u>	DATA	Press the with Key. The setting value is written into the SERVOPACK, and the status display changes as follows: "BB" to "DONE" to "BB." Note: Saved settings will be enabled after the SER- VOPACK is restarted.
5	To enable the change in the settin	g, turn the power OFF a	nd ON again.

Note: To make the setting available, change the setting to P.0000 as shown in step 3.

## 6.13 Servomotor Model Display (Fn011)

This function is used to check the servomotor model, voltage, capacity, encoder type, and encoder resolution. If the SERVOPACK has been custom-made, you can also check the specification codes of SERVOPACKs.

#### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB-FUNCTION-Fn010: PrmProtect <u>Fn011</u> : MotorInfoFn012: SoftVerFn013: MturnLmSet		Press the 😴 Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the \Lambda or 💟 Key to move through the list and select Fn011.
2	Servomotor Model         60       SGMAV         62       SGMSV         63       SGMSV         63       SGMSV         63       SGMSV         63       SGMSCS-□C         33       SGMCS-□D         34       SGMCS-□D         35       SGMCS-□D         36       SGMCS-□D         37       SGMCS-□L         38       SGMCS-□D         39       SGMCS-□D         39       SGMCS-□D         39       SGMCS-□D         39       SGMCS-□L         39       SGMCS-□L         39       SGMCS-□L         39       SGMCS-□L         13       SGMCS-□L         14       00         15       The bold C         16       MLItum absolute value         17       Trype         10       Multitum absolute value         13       13 bit         17       17 bit         20       20 bit         17       17 bit         13       13 bit         17       17 bit         20       20 bit	DATA	Press the EXAMPLE The display changes to the Fn011 execution display and shows the information about the servomotor and encoder being used.
3	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn010:Prm         Protect <u>Fn011</u> :Motor         Info           Fn012:Soft         Ver           Fn013:MturnLmSet	MODE/SET	Press the Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

## 6.14 Software Version Display (Fn012)

Select Fn012 to check the SERVOPACK and encoder software version numbers.

#### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn011: Motor Info <u>Fn012</u> : Soft Ver           Fn013: MturnLmSet           Fn014: Opt Init		Press the EXECUTE Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the A or V Key to move through the list and select Fn012.
2	BB - Soft Ver- DRIVER Ver. = 0001 ENCODER Ver. = 0003	DATA	Press the way Key. The display changes to the Fn012 execution display. The software versions of the SERVOPACK and the connected encoder will appear. Note: If the servomotor is not connected, "Not con- nect" is displayed.
3	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn011:Motor Info <u>Fn012</u> :Soft Ver           Fn013:MturnLmSet           Fn014:Opt Init	MODE/SET	Press the returns to the main menu of the utility function.

## 6.15 Resetting Configuration Errors in Option Modules (Fn014)

The SERVOPACK with option module recognizes installation status and types of option modules that are connected to SERVOPACK. If an error is detected, the SERVOPACK issues an alarm. This function clears these alarms.

- Note 1. Alarms related to option module can be cleared only by this function. These alarms cannot be cleared by alarm reset or turning OFF the main circuit power supply.
  - 2. Before clearing the alarm, perform corrective action for the alarm.

#### (1) Preparation

The following condition must be met to clear detection alarms of the option module. • The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION -           Fn013:MturnLmSet <u>Fn014</u> :Opt Init           Fn01B:ViblvI Init           Fn01E:SvMotOp ID		Press the response Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key to move through the list and select Fn014.
2	BB - Opt Init- 02:Safety Opt 03:Feedback Opt	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn014 execution display.
3	BB - Opt Init- 02:Safety Opt <u>03</u> :Feedback Opt		Press the <b>v</b> or <b>k</b> Key to select an option module to be cleared.
4	BB -Opt Init- Feedback Opt Initialize Start :[DATA] Return:[SET]	DATA	Press the Key. The display shown on the left appears.
5	BB - Opt Init- 02:Safety Opt <u>03</u> :Feedback Opt	DATA	Press the with Key to clear the configuration error of the option module. The error is cleared and the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to step 3.
6	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn013:MturnLmSet <u>Fn014</u> :Opt Init           Fn01B:VibILvI Init           Fn01E:SvMotOp ID	MODE/SET	Press the contract Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.
7	To enable the change in the setting	g, turn the power OFF a	nd ON again.

## **6.16** Vibration Detection Level Initialization (Fn01B)

This function detects vibration when servomotor is connected to a machine in operation and automatically adjusts the vibration detection level (Pn312) to output more exactly the vibration alarm (A.520) and the vibration warning (A.911).

The vibration detection function detects vibration elements according to the motor speed.

	Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
		n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Does not detect vibration.		
F	Pn310	n.□□□1	Outputs the warning (A.911) when vibration is detected.	Immediately	Setup
		n.□□□2	Outputs the alarm (A.520) when vibration is detected.		

If the vibration exceeds the detection level calculated by the following formula, the alarm or warning will be output according to the setting of vibration detection switch (Pn310).

Detection level -	Vibration detection level (Pn312 [min <sup>-1</sup> ]) $\times$ Vibration detection sensitivity (Pn311 [%])
Detection level -	100

- Use this function if the vibration alarm (A.520) or the vibration warning (A.911) is not output correctly when a vibration at the factory setting of the vibration detection level (Pn312) is detected. In other cases, it is not necessary to use this function.
- The vibration alarm or warning detection sensibility differs depending on the machine conditions. In this case, fine-tune the setting of the vibration detection sensitivity (Pn311) using the above detection level formula as a guide.

	Vibration Detection S	ensitivity	Speed Position	1 Torque	Classification
Pn311	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	50 to 500	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning
50 to 500       1%         IMPORTANT       • The vibration may not be dekinds of vibrations can be dekinds of vibra		etected. Use the detect rtia ratio (Pn103). Imp ction, or non-detection of to operate your syst the operating conditio	ction result as a guide roper setting may res n. tem must be input to o n for which the vibrat	eline. ult in the vibra- execute this ion detection	

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to initialize the vibration detection level.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         -FUNCTION-           Fn014:Opt         Init <u>Fn01B</u> :ViblvI Init           Fn01E:SvMotOp           Fn01F:FBOpMot		Press the 😴 Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the \Lambda or 💟 Key to move through the list and select Fn01B.
2	RUN Vibration Detect Level Init Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn01B execution display.
3	RUN Vibration Detect Level Init <u>Init</u>	DATA	Press the wink Key. "Init" is displayed flashing, and the vibration level is detected and initialized. Note: Continues initialization until the key is pressed again.
4	RUN Vibration Detect Level Init DONE	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes from "Init" to "DONE," for one second and the new setting of Pn312 becomes enabled.
5	RUN         -FUNCTION-           Fn014:Opt         Init <u>Fn01B</u> :ViblvI Init         Init           Fn01E:SvMotOp         ID           Fn01F:FBOpMot         ID	MODE/SET	Press the 🐨 Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

#### (3) Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

- Allowed changes during execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
  - No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
- Automatic changes after execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
  - No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn311 Vibration Detection Sensitivity		Yes	No
Pn312	Vibration Detection Level	No	Yes

### 6.17 Display of SERVOPACK and Servomotor ID (Fn01E)

This function displays ID information for SERVOPACK, servomotor, encoder, and option module connected to the SERVOPACK. The ID information of some option modules (SGDV-OFA01A) is not stored in the SER-VOPACK. "Not available" will be displayed for these option modules.

To use this function, the digital operator (JUSP-OP05A-1-E) or SigmaWin+ is needed.

Refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for the operating procedure of the digital operator.

The following items can be displayed.

ID	Items to be Displayed
SERVOPACK ID	<ul> <li>SERVOPACK model</li> <li>SERVOPACK serial number</li> <li>SERVOPACK manufacturing date</li> <li>SERVOPACK input voltage (V)</li> <li>Maximum applicable motor capacity (W)</li> <li>Maximum applicable motor rated current (Arms)</li> </ul>
Servomotor ID	<ul> <li>Servomotor model</li> <li>Servomotor order number</li> <li>Servomotor manufacturing date</li> <li>Servomotor input voltage (V)</li> <li>Servomotor capacity (W)</li> <li>Servomotor rated current (Arms)</li> </ul>
Encoder ID	<ul> <li>Encoder model</li> <li>Encoder serial number</li> <li>Encoder manufacturing date</li> <li>Encoder type/resolution</li> </ul>
Safety Option Module ID <sup>*</sup>	<ul> <li>Safety Option Module model</li> <li>Safety Option Module serial number</li> <li>Safety Option Module manufacturing date</li> <li>Safety Option Module ID number</li> </ul>
Feedback Option Module ID <sup>*</sup>	<ul> <li>Feedback Option Module model</li> <li>Feedback Option Module serial number (Reserved area)</li> <li>Feedback Option Module manufacturing date</li> <li>Feedback Option Module ID</li> </ul>

\* If the option module is not connected, "Not connect" will be displayed after the module name.

#### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         -FUNCTION -           Fn01B:ViblvI Init         - <u>Fn01E</u> :SvMotOp ID         -           Fn01F:FBOpMot ID         -           Fn020:S-Orig Set         -		Press the response Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key to move through the list and select Fn01E.
2	Serial number SERVOPACK model B B - S v M ot O p I D - D r i v e r S G D V - R 7 0 A 2 1 A D 0 0 2 4 1 2 3 4 5 9 0 0 0 1 0 9. 0 4 2 0 0 V, 5 0 W Manufacturing Motor input Motor date voltage capacity		Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn01E execution display. The SERVOPACK ID information is displayed. Use the $\triangleleft$ or $\triangleright$ Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
3	Serial number Servomotor model B B - S v M ot O p I D - M ot o r S G M A V - A 5 A 3 A 2 1 + D 0 0 2 4 5 7 8 9 0 9 0 0 0 1 0 7. 0 4 2 0 0 V, 5 0 W Manufacturing Motor input Motor date voltage capacity		Press the Key. The servomotor ID information is displayed. Use the or Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
4	Serial number Encoder model B B - S v M ot O p I D - E n c o d e r U T V I H - B 2 0 E A K 2 4 7 - 0 2 2 5 E 0 0 2 0 0 0 7. 0 4 2 0 b i t - A B S Manufacturing Encoder date Encoder type		Press the Key. The encoder ID information is displayed. Use the $\leq$ or $>$ Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
5	RUN         -FUNCTION-           Fn01B: ViblvI Init <u>Fn01E</u> : SvMotOp ID           Fn01F: FBOpMot ID           Fn020: S-Orig Set	MODE/SET	Press the 😴 Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

## 6.18 Display of Servomotor ID in Feedback Option Module (Fn01F)

This function displays ID information for servomotor and encoder in Feedback Option Module connected to the SERVOPACK. If the option module is not connected, "Not connect" will be displayed after the module name.

To use this function, the digital operator (JUSP-OP05A-1-E) or SigmaWin+ is needed.

Refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for the operating procedure of the digital operator.

The following items can be displayed.

ID	Items to be Displayed	
Servomotor ID	<ul> <li>Servomotor model</li> <li>Servomotor order number</li> <li>Servomotor input voltage (V)</li> <li>Servomotor capacity (W)</li> <li>Servomotor rated current (Arms)</li> </ul>	
Encoder ID	<ul> <li>Encoder model</li> <li>Encoder serial number</li> <li>Encoder type/resolution (Two types of resolution display available: Number of bits and number of pulses/rev.)</li> </ul>	
Parameter File ID	<ul><li>Parameter file source ID (14 characters)</li><li>Parameter file version (4 digits hexadecimal display)</li></ul>	

#### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn01E:SvMotOpID <u>Fn01F</u> :FBOpMotID           Fn020:S-OrigSet           Fn030:Soft Reset		Press the Exp Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key to move through the list and select Fn01F.
2	Serial number Servomotor model B B - F B O p M o t I D - M o t o r S G M - 0 4 A 3 1 2 2 0 0 V, 4 0 0 W Input voltage Capacity		Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn01F execution display. The servomotor ID information is displayed. Use the or Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
3	Encoder type/resolution Encoder model B B - F B O p M o t I D - E n c o d e r U T S T H - U 1 3 D B S e r i a I N o. 1 3 b i t - I N C		Press the Key. The encoder ID information is displayed. Use the $\leq$ or $>$ Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
4	Parameter file version — Origin parameter file — BB — FBOpMotID – Prm File: YEC – 00000 ↓ Version: 0000 ↓		Press the Key. The parameter file ID information is displayed. Use the < or > Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
5	B.B.         - FUNCTION -           Fn01E:SvMotOp         ID <u>Fn01F</u> :FBOpMot         ID           Fn020:S-Orig         Set           Fn030:Soft         Reset	MODE/SET	Press the EXERCISE Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

## 6.19 Origin Setting (Fn020)

When using an external absolute encoder for fully-closed loop control, this function is used to set the current position of the external absolute encoder as the origin (zero point position).

This function can be used with the following products. Mitutoyo Corporation ABS ST780A series Model: ABS ST78□A/ST78□AL



• After execution of origin setting, the servo ready (/S-RDY) signal will become inactive because the system position data will have been changed. Always turn the power supply OFF and then ON again after execution of origin setting.

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to set the origin.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn01F:FBOpMotID <u>Fn020</u> :S-OrigSet           Fn030:SoftReset           Fn080:PoleDetect		Press the $\textcircled{res}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\frown$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn020.	
2	BB Scale Origin Set ORGSET1	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn020 execution display.	
3	BB Scale Origin Set ORGSET5		Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to "ORGSET5".	
4	BB Scale Origin Set	DATA	Press the wink key to start setting the origin. The mes- sage, "Scale Origin Set," flashes while the origin is being set. After the origin has been successfully set, the displayed status changes as follows: "BB" to "DONE" to "BB".	
5	To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again.			

## 6.20 Software Reset (Fn030)

This function enables resetting the SERVOPACK internally from software. This function is used when resetting alarms and changing the settings of parameters that normally require restarting the SERVOPACK. This function can be used to change those parameters without restarting the SERVOPACK.

Start software reset operation after the servomotor power is OFF.

This function resets the SERVOPACK independently of host controller. The SERVO-

PACK carries out the same processing as when the power supply is turned ON and

outputs the ALM signal. The status of other output signals may be forcibly changed.

#### (1) Preparation

**IMPORTANT** 

The following condition must be met to perform a software reset.

• The servomotor power must be OFF.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB- FUNCTION-Fn020:S-Orig Set <u>Fn030</u> :Soft ResetFn080:Pole DetectFn200:TuneLvI Set		Press the EXP Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the  or
2	BB Software Reset RESET1	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn030 execution display.
3	BB Software Reset RESET5	<b>NV</b>	Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to select "RESET5".
4	BB Software Reset	DATA	Press the Key to execute the software reset. After the software reset starts, "RESET5" will no longer be displayed.
5	File First Loading Please Wait		After the reset has been successfully completed, the screen which appears when the power is turned ON will be displayed. The screen will then show parameters or monitor displays.
6	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn020:S-Orig Set <u>Fn030</u> :Soft Reset            Fn080:Pole Detect            Fn200:TuneLvI Set	MODE/SET	Press the result of the utility function.

## 6.21 EasyFFT (Fn206)

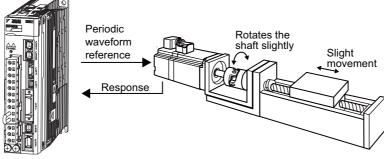
EasyFFT sends a frequency waveform reference from the SERVOPACK to the servomotor and slightly rotates the servomotor several times over a certain period, thus causing machine vibration. The SERVOPACK detects the resonance frequency from the generated vibration and makes notch filter settings according to the resonance frequency detection. The notch filter is effective for the elimination of high-frequency vibration and noise.

Execute this function after the servomotor power is turned OFF if operation of the SERVOPACK results in high-frequency noise and vibration.

- The servomotor rotates slightly when EasyFFT is executed. Do not touch the servomotor or machine during execution of EasyFFT, otherwise injury may result.



Use the EasyFFT when the servo gain is low, such as in the initial stage of servo adjustment. If EasyFFT
is executed after increasing the gain, the servo system may vibrate depending on the machine characteristics or gain balance.



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In addition to this function, online vibration monitor (Fn207) can be used to detect machine vibration and automatically make notch filter settings.

If a  $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACK is used to make adjustments, it is recommended to use advanced autotuning. This built-in EasyFFT function is used to maintain interchangeability with previous models. There is normally no need to use it.

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform EasyFFT.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- There must be no overtravel.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- An external reference must not be input.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn205:Vib         Sup <u>Fn206</u> :Easy         FFT           Fn207:V-Monitor         Fn000:Alm		Press the EXECUTE Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the A or V Key to move through the list and select Fn206.
2	BB -Easy FFT- Setting Input = <u>015</u> %	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn206 execution display.
3	BB -Easy FFT- Setting Input = <u>015</u> %		The cursor is on the setting of "Input." Press the ▲ or ▼ Key to set the sweep torque refer- ence amplitude (Pn456) Setting range: 1 to 800. Note:When making the initial settings for EasyFFT, do not change the setting for the reference amplitude. Start with the original value of 15. Increasing reference amplitude increases the detection accuracy, but the vibration and noise from the machine will increase. Increase the amplitude value little by little.
4	RUN - Easy FFT- Ready Input = 015%	JOG SVON	Press the Server of turn the servemetor power ON. The display "BB" and "Setting" changes to "RUN" and "Ready."
5	RUN – Easy FFT– Measure Input = 015%		<ul> <li>Press the  (forward run start) Key or  (reverse run start) Key to run the servomotor and start the frequency measurement. "Measure" is displayed during the measurement.</li> <li>Within a quarter turn, the servomotor will move forward and then in reverse several times.</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>Press the  Key to cancel the measurement. The servomotor stops moving and the power turns OFF. The detection of the resonance frequency is not completed.</li> <li>The actions of the servomotor are very minute in this operation. Also at the same time, the servomotor tor emits a noise. To ensure safety, do not enter the working envelope of the motor.</li> </ul>

|--|

			(cont'd)
Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
6	BB - Easy FFT- Result Input = 015% Res = 1250 Hz Filter1 1250 Hz	JOG SVON	<ul> <li>When the detection processing is successfully completed, "Measure" stops flashing and the results and the notch filter value to be set are displayed. If the processing was not completed, "No Measure" is displayed. To check the results, go to step 8.</li> <li>&lt; Important &gt;</li> <li>If two seconds or more are required for the operation although detection was successfully completed, the detection accuracy might be insufficient. Increasing reference amplitude more than 15 increases the detection accuracy, but the vibration and noise from the machine will increase. Increase the amplitude value little by little.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>If a notch filter has been set and is being used, "*" is displayed on the second line.</li> <li>If the first stage notch filter has been set, the second stage notch filters have been set, only the result of frequency detection is displayed.</li> </ul>
7	BB — Easy FFT- Ready Input = 015%		To exit the EasyFFT function at this stage, press the EXECUTE The power to the servomotor is turned OFF and the display returns to the main menu of the utility function. To remeasure the vibration frequency, press the Key to return to step 4. Execute steps 5 to 7.
8	DONE – Easy FFT– Result Input = 015% Res = 1250 Hz Filter1 1250 Hz	DATA	<ul> <li>Press the □∞∞ Key after the normal completion of frequency detection. The notch filter frequencies are automatically updated to the optimum values. The status display shows "DONE" and the display shown on the left appears.</li> <li>If the first stage notch filter frequency has been set (Pn408.0 = 1), the second stage notch filter frequency (Pn 40C) will automatically be updated. Notes:</li> <li>If the first stage or the second stage notch filter frequency has already been set (Pn408 = n.□1□1), the notch filter frequency cannot be set.</li> <li>If the frequency detected by this function is not used, set the notch filter to be invalid (Pn408.0 = 0).</li> </ul>
9	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn205:Vib         Sup <u>Fn206</u> :Easy         FFT           Fn207:V-Monitor         Fn000:Alm	MODE/SET	Press the 😴 Key. The servomotor enters a baseblocked status. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.
10	To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again.		

#### (3) Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

- Allowed changes during execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
  - No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
- Automatic changes after execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
  - No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40A	1st Notch Filter Q Value	No	No
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	No
Pn456	Sweep Torque Reference Amplitude	No	No

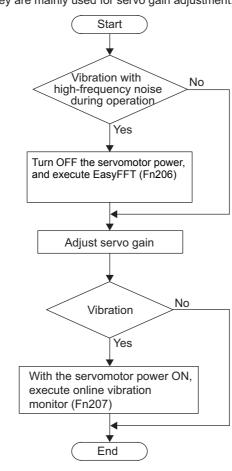
### 6.22 Online Vibration Monitor (Fn207)

If vibration is generated during operation and this function is executed while the servomotor power is still ON, the machine vibration can sometimes be suppressed by setting a notch filter or torque reference filter for the vibration frequencies.

When online, vibration frequency caused by machine resonance will be detected and the frequency that has the highest peak will be displayed on the panel operator. The effective torque reference filter or notch filter frequency for the vibration frequencies will be automatically selected and the related parameters will be automatically set.

In addition to this function, EasyFFT (Fn206) can be used to detect machine vibration and automatically make notch filter settings. Use the following flowchart to determine how these functions should be used.

If a  $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACK is used to make adjustments, it is recommended that you use advanced autotuning. This built-in function is used to maintain interchangeability with previous models. There is normally no need to use it.



How to use EasyFFT (Fn206) and online vibration monitor (Fn207), when they are mainly used for servo gain adjustment.

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform online vibration monitoring.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The servomotor power must be ON.
- There must be no overtravel.
- The correct moment of inertia (Pn103) must be set.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         -FUNCTION-           Fn206:Easy         FFT <u>Fn207</u> :V-Monitor         Fn000:Alm           Fn000:Alm         History           Fn001:JOG         Fn001:Alm		Press the Rey to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the <b>A</b> or <b>V</b> Key to move through the list and select Fn207.
2	RUN - V - MONITOR - Measure F1 = F2 = F3 =	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn207 execution display.
3	RUN - V - MONITOR - Measure F 1 = F 2 = F 3 =	DATA	Press the <sup>DATA</sup> Key for at least one second to start vibration detection. The <sup>DATA</sup> Key must be pressed until "Measure" flashes on the display. After this message appears, the <sup>DATA</sup> Key does not have to be pressed and the detection continues automatically.
4	RUN -V-MONITOR- Measure F1= 0850[Hz] F2= 1600[Hz] F3= 0225[Hz]	MODE/SET	<ul> <li>When the vibration detection has completed, "Measure" stops flashing and the detection processing ends automatically. When the detection processing has completed normally, the vibrations with three largest peak values in vibration frequency are displayed for F1, F2, and F3.</li> <li>Notes: <ul> <li>Press the  Key to quit the online vibration monitor function. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.</li> <li>A detected frequency can be displayed. For a vibration with undetectable peak frequency, "" is displayed for F1, F2, and F3.</li> <li>If the frequency could not be successfully detected, "NO MONITOR" is displayed.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
5	DONE -V-MONITOR- SETTING DONE F1= 0850[Hz] F2= 1600[Hz] F3= 0225[Hz]	DATA	After the detection has normally completed, press the <sup>Leva</sup> Key. The optimum frequency (time constant) of notch filter or torque reference filter for F1 is set automatically. At the same time, the parameter Pn409 is updated for a notch filter, or the parameter Pn401 is updated for a torque reference filter. After the setting is successfully completed, "DONE" flashes.
6	RUN         -FUNCTION-           Fn206:Easy         FFT <u>Fn207:</u> V-Monitor           Fn000:Alm           History           Fn001:JOG	MODE/SET	Press the Free Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

#### (3) Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function. No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40A	1st Notch Filter Q Value	No	No
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	No
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	No

# 7

## Monitor Displays (Un

7.1 List of Monitor Displays	
7.2 Viewing Monitor Displays	
7.3 Monitoring Input Signals	
7.4 Monitoring Output Signals	
7.5 Monitoring Safety Input Signals	

#### 7.1 List of Monitor Displays

The monitor displays can be used for monitoring the I/O signal status, and SERVOPACK internal status.

Refer to the following table.

Parameter No.	Description	Unit
Un000	Motor rotating speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un001	Speed reference	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un002	Internal torque reference (in percentage to the rated torque)	%
Un003	Rotational angle 1 (encoder pulses from the phase-C origin: decimal display)	encoder pulse <sup>*3</sup>
Un004	Rotational angle 2 (from polarity origin (electric angle))	deg
Un005 <sup>*1</sup>	Input signal monitor	-
Un006 <sup>*2</sup>	Output signal monitor	-
Un007	Input reference pulse speed (valid only in position control)	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un008	Position error amount (valid only in position control)	reference unit
Un009	Accumulated load ratio (in percentage to the rated torque: effective torque in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00A	Regenerative load ratio (as a percentage of the processable regenerative power: regenerative power consumption in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00B	Power consumed by DB resistance (in percentage to the processable power at DB activation: dis- played in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00C	Input reference pulse counter	reference unit
Un00D	Feedback pulse counter	encoder pulse <sup>*3</sup>
Un00E	Fully-closed feedback pulse counter	external encoder resolution <sup>*4</sup>
Un012	Total operation time	100 ms
Un013	Feedback pulse counter	reference unit
Un014	Effective gain monitor (gain settings $1 = 1$ , gain settings $2 = 2$ )	_
Un015	Safety I/O signal monitor	-
Un020	Motor rated speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un021	Motor maximum speed	min <sup>-1</sup>

\*1. For details, refer to 7.3 Monitoring Input Signals.
\*2. For details, refer to 7.4 Monitoring Output Signals.
\*3. For details, refer to 4.4.3 Electronic Gear.

\*4. For details, refer to 8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO).

## 7.2 Viewing Monitor Displays

The monitor display can be checked or viewed in the Parameter/Monitor (-PRM/MON-) window of the digital operator.

The following figure shows four factory settings that are first displayed if viewing monitor displays.

Indicates that the value of Un000 (motor rotating speed) is 0 min<sup>-1</sup>.

To view any items that are not shown, press the $\land$ or [	V Ke	ey to scroll through the list
--	------	-------------------------------

Motor rotating speed	U n 0 0 0 = 0 0 0 0 0
Speed reference	U n 0 0 1 = 0 0 0 0 0
Internal torque reference	U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0
Rotational angle 1 (encoder pulses from the phase-C origin)	U n 0 0 3 = 0 0 0 0 0
Rotation angle 2 (from polarity origin (electric angle))	$U n 0 0 \underline{4} = 0 0 0 9 0$
Feedback pulse counter	$U n 0 0 \underline{D} = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0$

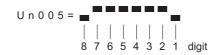
7.3.1 Interpreting Input Signal Display Status

## 7.3 Monitoring Input Signals

The status of input signals can be checked with the input signal monitor (Un005). The procedure for the method of interpreting the display and a display example are shown below.

#### 7.3.1 Interpreting Input Signal Display Status

The input signal monitor (Un005) can be read in the following way. The upper level indicates OFF, and the lower level indicates ON. All undefined digits are shown in the lower level (ON).



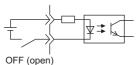
Display LED Number	Input Terminal Name	Signal Name (Factory Setting)
1	CN1-13	SIO
2	CN1-7	P-OT
3	CN1-8	N-OT
4	CN1-9	/DEC
5	CN1-10	/EXT1
6	CN1-11	/EXT2
7	CN1-12	/EXT3
8	_	Reserved

Note: Input signals use the following circuit configuration.

• OFF: Open

• ON: Short-circuited

Example



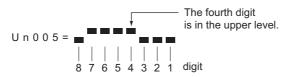
#### 7.3.2 Input Signal Display Example

Input signals are displayed as shown below.

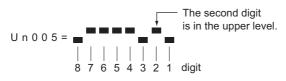
• When the /DEC signal is ON



• When the /DEC signal is OFF



• When the P-OT signal is activated



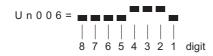
7.4.1 Interpreting Output Signal Display Status

## 7.4 Monitoring Output Signals

The status of output signals can be checked with the output signal monitor (Un006). The procedure for the method of interpreting the display and a display example are shown below.

#### 7.4.1 Interpreting Output Signal Display Status

The output signal monitor (Un006) can be read in the following way. The upper level indicates OFF, and the lower level indicates ON. All undefined digits are shown in the lower level (ON).



Display LED Number	Output Terminal Name	Signal Name (Factory Setting)
1	CN1-3, -4	ALM
2	CN1-1, -2	/BK
3	CN1-23, -24	SO2
4	CN1-25, -26	SO3
5	_	Reserved
6	_	Reserved
7	_	Reserved
8	_	Reserved

Note: Input signals use the following circuit configuration.

OFF: Transistor OFF

ON: Transistor ON

Example

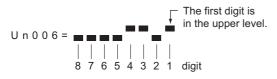


ON: Transistor ON

#### 7.4.2 Output Signal Display Example

Output signals are displayed as shown below.

• When the ALM signal is OFF

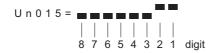


## 7.5 Monitoring Safety Input Signals

The status of safety input signals can be checked with the safety I/O signal monitor (Un015). The procedure for the method of interpreting the display and a display example are shown below.

#### 7.5.1 Interpreting Safety Input Signal Display Status

The safety I/O signal monitor (Un015) can be read in the following way. The upper level indicates ON, and the lower level indicates OFF. All undefined digits are shown in the lower level (OFF).



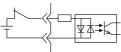
Display LED Number	Input Terminal Name	Signal Name
1	CN8-3, -4	/HWBB1
2	CN8-5, -6	/HWBB2
3	_	Reserved
4	_	Reserved
5	_	Reserved
6	_	Reserved
7	-	Reserved
8	_	Reserved

Note: Input signals use the following circuit configuration.

• OFF: Open

• ON: Short-circuited

Example

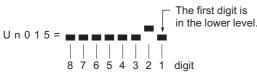


ON (short-circuited)

#### 7.5.2 Safety Input Signal Display Example

Safety input signals are displayed as shown below.

• When the /HWBB1 signal turns OFF to activate the HWBB function



## Fully-closed Loop Control

8.1 System Configuration and Connection Example	
for SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Loop Control	8-2
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8.1.1 System Configuration

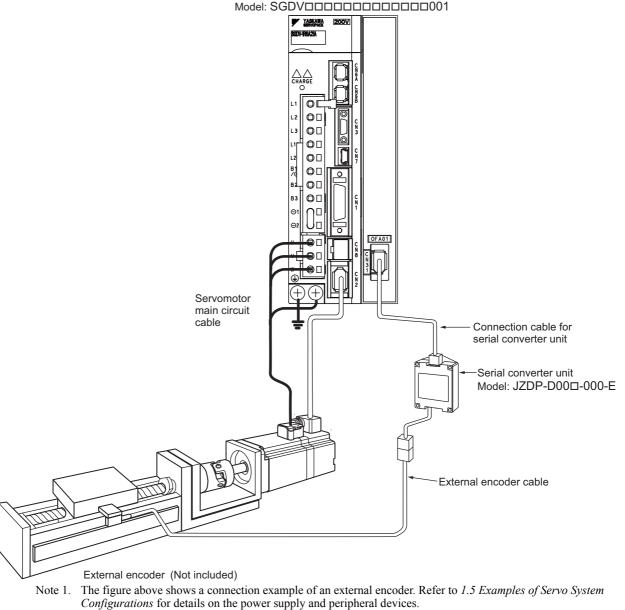
### 8.1 System Configuration and Connection Example for SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Loop Control

This section describes the system configuration and connection example for the SERVOPACK with fullyclosed loop control.

SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Module

#### 8.1.1 System Configuration

The following figure shows an example of the system configuration.

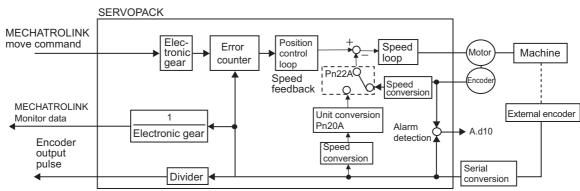


2. In fully-closed loop control, rattling or twisting of mechanical parts may cause vibration, delaying the positioning process.

#### 8.1.2 Internal Block Diagram of Fully-closed Loop Control

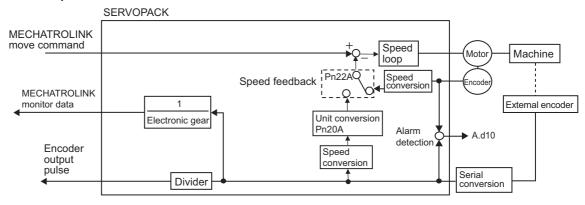
Internal block diagram of fully-closed loop control is shown below.

#### With Position Control



Note: Either an incremental or an absolute encoder can be used. When the absolute encoder is used, set 1 to Pn002.2 (use the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder).

#### With Speed Control



8.1.3 Serial Converter Unit

#### 8.1.3 Serial Converter Unit

This section provides the specification of the serial converter unit.

#### (1) Model: JZDP-D00□-□□□-E

#### Characteristics and Specifications

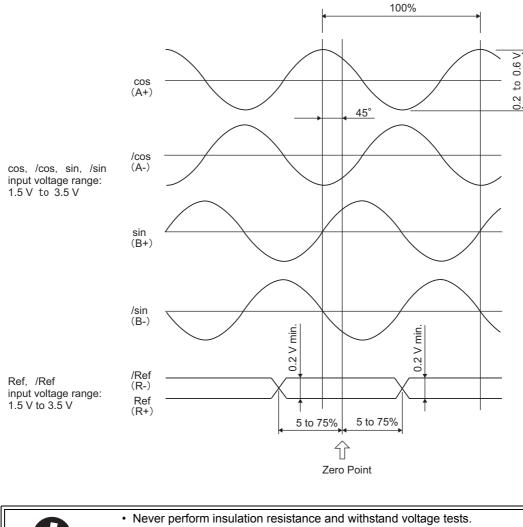
	Items	Specifications	
	Power Supply Voltage	+5.0 V±5%, ripple content 5% max.	
	Current Consumption *1	120 mA Typ. 350 mA max.	
	Signal Resolution	1/256 pitch (1 cycle) of input 2-phase sine wave pitch	
	Max. Response Frequency	250 kHz	
Electrical Characteristics	Analog Input Signals <sup>*2</sup> (cos, sin, Ref)	Differential input amplitude: 0.4 V to 1.2 V Input signal level: 1.5 V to 3.5 V	
	Output Signal * <sup>3</sup>	Position data, alarms	
	Output Method	Serial data communications	
	Output Circuit	Balanced type transceiver (SN75LBC176 or the equivalent), internal terminating resistor: $120 \Omega$	
	Approx. Mass	150 g	
Mechanical Vibration Resistance		98 m/s <sup>2</sup> max. (10 to 2500 Hz) in three directions	
	Shock Resistance	980 m/s <sup>2</sup> , (11 ms) two times in three directions	
	Surrounding air Temperature	0 °C to 55 °C	
Environmental	Storage Temperature	-20°C to +80 °C	
Conditions	Humidity	20% to 90%RH (without condensation)	
	Altitude	1000 m max.	

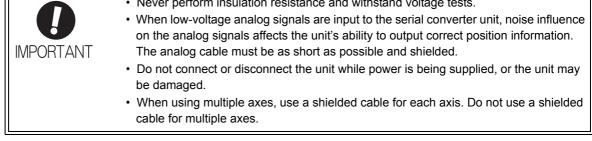
\* 1. The current consumption of the external encoder is not included in this value. The current consumption of the external encoder must be taken into consideration for the current capacity of host controller that supplies the power.

- \* 2. Input a value within the specified range. Otherwise, incorrect position information is output, and the device may be damaged.
- $\ast$  3. The transmission is enabled 100 to 300 ms after the power turns ON.

#### (2) Analog Signal Input Timing

When the cos and sin signals are shifted 180 degrees, the differential signals are produced as the /cos and /sin signals. The specifications of the cos, /cos, sin, and /sin signals are identical except for the phase.

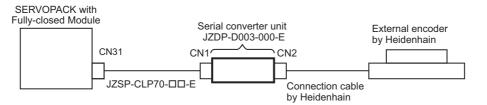




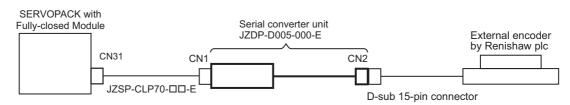
8.1.4 Example of Connections to External Encoders

#### 8.1.4 Example of Connections to External Encoders

#### (1) External Encoder by Heidenhain

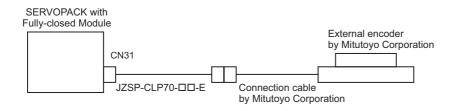


#### (2) External Encoder by Renishaw plc



#### (3) External Encoder by Mitutoyo Corporation

The serial converter unit is not needed when using the external encoder made by Mitutoyo Corporation. This external encoder is an absolute encoder.

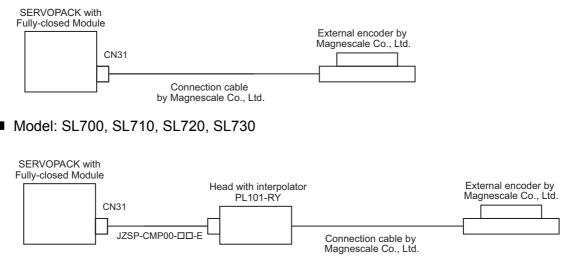


(4) External Encoder by Magnescale Co., Ltd.

#### Model: SR75, SR85, SR77<sup>\*1</sup>, SR87<sup>\*1</sup>, RU77<sup>\*2</sup>

The serial converter unit is not needed when using the external encoder made by Magnescale Co., Ltd.

- \*1. The SR77 and SR87 models are external absolute encoder.
- \*2. The RU77 is rotational external absolute encoder.



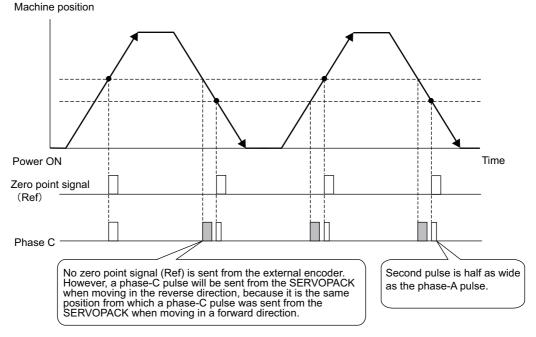
## **8.1.5** Encoder Output Pulse Signals from SERVOPACK with an External Encoder by Renishaw plc

The output position of the zero point signal (Ref) will depend on the direction of movement for some models of external encoders by Renishaw plc.

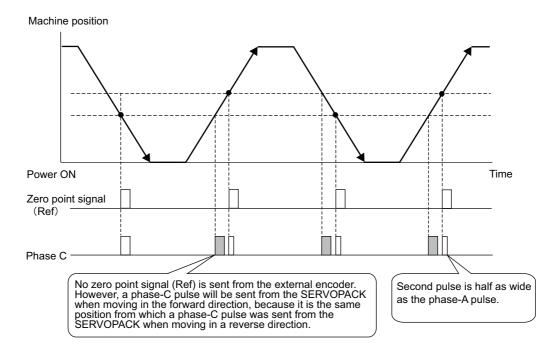
In such case, the phase-C pulses of the SERVOPACK are output at two positions.

For details on the specifications of the zero-point signals for a external encoder, refer to the manual for the Renishaw external encoder.

## (1) When Passing 1st Zero Point Signal (Ref) in Forward Direction and Returning after Power ON



(2) When Passing 1st Zero Point Signal (Ref) in Reverse Direction and Returning after Power ON



#### SERVOPACK Startup Procedure 8.2

First check that the SERVOPACK operates correctly with semi-closed loop control, then check that it operates correctly with fully-closed loop control. The following describes the startup procedure for the SERVOPACK in fully-closed loop control.

Procedure	Description	Operation	Parameters Requiring Settings	Controller
1	<ul> <li>Check operation of the whole sequence in semi-closed loop control and without any load.</li> <li>Items to Check <ul> <li>Power supply circuit wiring</li> <li>Servomotor wiring</li> <li>Encoder wiring</li> <li>Wiring of I/O signal lines from the host controller</li> <li>Servomotor rotation direction, speed, and number of rotations</li> <li>Operation of safety mechanisms, such as the brakes and the overtravel mechanism</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Set the parameters so that the SER-VOPACK operates correctly in semi-closed loop control (Pn002.3 = 0) without any load and check the following points.</li> <li>Is there an error with the SER-VOPACK?</li> <li>Does the JOG operation operate correctly when operating the SERVOPACK in standalone mode?</li> <li>Do the I/O signals turn ON/OFF correctly?</li> <li>Does the servomotor turn ON when the SV_ON command is sent from the host controller?</li> <li>Does the servomotor operate correctly when the position reference is input by the host controller?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Basic Function Select Switch 0 (Pn000)</li> <li>Application Function Select Switch 1 (Pn001)</li> <li>External Encoder Usage (Pn002.3)</li> <li>Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) (Pn20E)</li> <li>Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) (Pn210)</li> <li>Input Signal Selection (Pn50A, Pn50B, Pn511)</li> <li>Output Signal Selection (Pn50E, Pn50F, Pn510)</li> </ul>	SERVOPACK or host controller
2	<ul> <li>Check operation of the system connected with the machine and servomotor in semi-closed loop control mode.</li> <li>Items to Check <ul> <li>Initial responsiveness of the system connected with the machine</li> <li>Movement direction, distance, and speed of the machine spec- ified by the host controller</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Connect the servomotor to the machine. Set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) using the advanced auto- tuning function. Check that the machine operates in the correct direction, distance, and speed as directed by the host con- troller.	Moment of inertia ratio (Pn103)	Host controller
3	Check the external encoder. Item to Check • Are signals from the external encoder received correctly?	<ul> <li>Set parameters related to the fully-closed loop control and move the machine with your hand without turning ON the power supply to the servomotor. Check the following status with the digital operator or SigmaWin+.</li> <li>Does the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) count up when the servomotor moves in the forward direction?</li> <li>Is the distance the machine moved about visually the same as the amount counted by the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E)?</li> <li>Note: The unit for fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E)?</li> <li>Note: The unit for fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) is one pulse, which is equivalent to the external encoder sine wave pitch divided by the number of divisions*.</li> <li>* Refer to <i>8.3.5 Electronic Gear</i> for details on the number of divisions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>External Encoder Usage (Pn002.3)</li> <li>Number of External Scale Pitch (Pn20A)</li> <li>Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) (Pn20E)</li> <li>Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) (Pn210)</li> <li>Encoder Output Resolution (Pn281)</li> <li>Excessive Error Level Between Servomotor and Load Positions (Pn51B)</li> <li>Positioning Completed Width (Pn522)</li> <li>Multiplier per One Fully- closed Rotation (Pn52A)</li> </ul>	_

				(cont d)
Procedure	Description	Operation	Parameters Requiring Settings	Controller
4	<ul> <li>Perform a program JOG operation.</li> <li>Items to Check</li> <li>Does the fully-closed loop control operate correctly when operating the SERVOPACK in standalone mode?</li> </ul>	Perform a program JOG operation and check that the distance that the servomotor moved is the same as the distance that is set in Pn531. Note: Start from a low speed and gradually increase the speed.	• Program JOG related parameters (Pn530 to Pn536)	SERVOPACK
5	<ul> <li>Operate the SERVOPACK.</li> <li>Items to Check</li> <li>Does the fully-closed loop control operate correctly including the host controller?</li> </ul>	Input the position reference and check that the SERVOPACK oper- ates correctly. Note: Start from a low speed and gradually increase the speed.	_	Host controller

## 8.3 Parameter Settings for Fully-closed Loop Control

Set Parameters	Setting Contents	Position Control	Speed Control	Torque Control	Reference
Pn000.0	Pn000.0 Motor rotation direction		0	0	8.3.1
Pn002.3	Pn002.3 External encoder usage method		0	0	0.3.1
Pn20A	Number of pitches for the external encoder	0	0	0	8.3.2
Pn281	Number of encoder output pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO) from the SERVOPACK	0	0	0	8.3.3
_	External absolute encoder data reception sequence	0	0	0	8.3.4
Pn20E, Pn210	Electronic gear ratio	0	-	-	8.3.5
Pn51B Excessive error level between servo- motor and load positions		0	-	_	8.3.6
Pn52A Multiplier per one fully-closed rota- tion		0	-	-	0.5.0
Pn006/Pn007	Analog monitor signal	0	0	0	8.3.7
Pn22A	Speed feedback method during fully- closed loop control	0	_	_	8.3.8

This section describes the parameter settings for fully-closed loop control.

Note: When using an external absolute encoder, this external encoder works as an absolute encoder even if Pn002.2 is set to 1.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn002	n.□0□□ [Factory setting]	Uses the absolute encoder as an absolute encoder.	After restart Setup	
	n.🗆 1 🗆 🗆	Uses the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.		

#### 8.3.1 Motor Rotation Direction

The motor rotation direction can be set. To perform fully-closed loop control, it is necessary to set the motor rotation direction with both Pn000.0 (motor rotation direction) and Pn002.3 (external encoder usage).

#### (1) Setting Parameter Pn000.0

The standard setting for forward rotation is counterclockwise (CCW) as viewed from the load end of the servomotor.

	Parameter	Forward/ Reverse Reference	Direction of Motor Rotation and Encoder Output Pulse	Applicable Overtravel (OT)	
	n.□□□0 Sets CCW as forward				
Pn000	direction. [Factory setting]	Reverse Reference	PAO     Phase A N		
	n.□□□1 Sets CW as forward direction.	Forward Reference			
	(Reverse Rotation Mode)	Reverse Reference	Motor speed Torque reference CCW Motor speed Motor speed	N-OT	

Note: SigmaWin+ trace waveforms are shown in the above table.

#### (2) Setting Parameter Pn002.3

	Parameter	Name	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification	
	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]		Do not use external encoder.*			ontrol
n.1000		Use in forward rotation with forward reference.	-		oop C	
Pn002	n.2000	External Encoder Usage	Reserved parameter (Do not change).	After restart	Setup	۲ م
	n.3000		Use in reversed rotation with forward reference.			close
	n.4000	Reserved parameter (Do not change).				-ully-

\* The mode will be switched to semi-closed position control if Pn002.3 is set to 0.

8.3.1 Motor Rotation Direction

## (3) Relation between Motor Rotation Direction and External Encoder Pulse Phases

	Par	ameter		Pn002.3 (Externa	I Encoder Usage	)
	i ai			1	3	
		Reference direction	Forward reference	Reverse reference	Forward reference	Reverse reference
	0	Motor rotation direction	CCW	CW	CCW	CW
<b>Pn000.0</b> (Motor		External encoder output	cos lead	sin lead	sin lead	cos lead
		Encoder output pulse	Phase B lead	Phase A lead	Phase B lead	Phase A lead
rotation direction)		Reference direction	Forward reference	Reverse reference	Forward reference	Reverse reference
	1	Motor rotation direction	CW	CCW	CW	CCW
	'	External encoder output	sin lead	cos lead	cos lead	sin lead
		Encoder output pulse	Phase B lead	Phase A lead	Phase B lead	Phase A lead

Refer to the table below.

• Set Pn002.3 to 1 (forward rotation with forward reference) if the output of the external encoder is cos lead and the motor is turning counterclockwise; set Pn002.3 to 3 (reverse rotation with forward reference) if it is sin lead. When Pn000.0 is set to 0 and Pn002.3 to 1, manually turn the motor shaft counterclockwise. If the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) counts up, set Pn002.3 to 1. If the Un00E counts down, set Pn002.3 to 3.

• The output pulses are phase-B advanced if the motor is turning forward regardless of the setting in Pn000.0.

#### 8.3.2 Sine Wave Pitch (Frequency) for an External Encoder

Set the number of external encoder pitches per motor rotation to Pn20A.

Pn20A is the speed conversion coefficient when the external encoder is used as speed feedback.

#### (1) Setting Example

Specifications
External encoder sine wave pitch: 20 µm
Ball screw lead: 30 mm

If the external encoder is connected directly to the motor, the set value will be 1500 (30 mm/0.02 mm = 1500).

Note 1. If there is a fraction, round off the digits below the decimal point.

2. If the number of external encoder pitches per motor rotation is not an integer, there is some error in the speed loop. This is not relevant for the position loop however, therefore it does not interfere with the position accuracy.

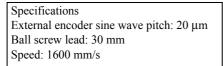
#### (2) Related Parameter

	Number of External S	Scale Pitch	Position	Classifica-	
Pn20A	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	tion
	4 to 1048576	1 pitch/rev	32768	After restart	Setup

### **8.3.3** Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO)

Set the position resolution to Pn281. Set the number of phase A and phase B edges.

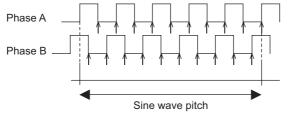
#### (1) Setting Example



If the output of a single pulse (multiplied by 4) is 1  $\mu$ m, the set value will be 20.

If the output of a single pulse (multiplied by 4) is  $0.5 \,\mu$ m, the set value will be 40.

The encoder output pulse will have the following waveform if the set value is 20.



" $\uparrow$ " shows the edge position. In this example, the set value is 20 therefore the number of  $\uparrow$  is 20.

Note: The upper limit of the encoder signal output frequency (multiplied by 4) is 6.4 Mpps. Do not set a value that would cause the output to exceed 6.4 Mpps. If the output exceeds the upper limit, the overspeed of encoder output pulse rate alarm (A.511) will be output.

Example:

The frequency is as follows if the set value is 20 and the speed is 1600 mm/s:

 $\frac{1600 \text{ mm/s}}{0.001 \text{ mm}} = 1600000 = 1.6 \text{ Mpps}$ 

Because 1.6 Mpps is less than 6.4 Mpps, this value can be used.

8.3.4 External Absolute Encoder Data Reception Sequence

#### (2) Related Parameter

	Encoder Output Reso	olution	Position	Classifica-	
Pn281	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	tion
	1 to 4096	1 edge/pitch	20	After restart	Setup

#### (3) Phase-C Pulse Output Specifications

The pulse width of phase C (origin pulse) varies according to the encoder output resolution (Pn281), and will become the same as the pulse width of phase A.

Output timing for the phase-C pulse is one of the following.

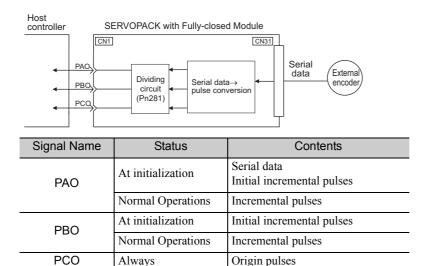
- In synchronization with the phase-A rising edge
- In synchronization with the phase-A falling edge
- In synchronization with the phase-B rising edge
- In synchronization with the phase-B falling edge

#### 8.3.4 External Absolute Encoder Data Reception Sequence

The sequence in which the SERVOPACK receives outputs from the external absolute encoder and transmits them to host controller in fully-closed loop control is shown below.

#### (1) Outline of Absolute Signals

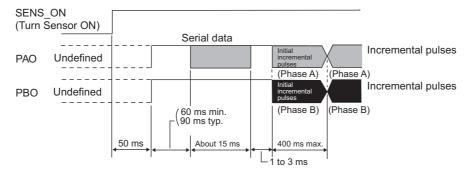
The serial data, pulses, etc., of the external absolute encoder that are output from the SERVOPACK are output from the PAO, PBO, and PCO signals as shown below.



Note: When host controller receives the data from the external absolute encoder, do not perform counter reset using the output of PCO signal.

#### (2) Absolute Data Transmission Sequence and Contents

- 1. Send the Turn Sensor ON (SENS\_ON) command from the host controller.
- 2. After 100 ms, set the system to serial data reception-waiting-state. Clear the incremental pulse up/down counter to zero.
- 3. Receive eight characters of serial data.
- 4. The system enters a normal incremental operation state about 400 ms after the last serial data is received.



#### Serial data:

The current position pulses divided by Pn281 are output in serial data. One serial data is a value equivalent to 1048576 pulses.

Initial incremental pulses:

The current position pulses divided by Pn281 are output in pulses. The number of output pulses is between 0 to 1048576, and the output speed is approximately 1.48 µs per pulse.

Reference positi			ition (at se	etup) C	Current position
Coordinate _(	) ·	1 \	7 2	2	3
value	0		1 (Ms)	2	3 (Mo)
Values of Mo and Ms	- - -		$M_{0}\times R$		Po
		1	PE		
	Ms × R	Ps		Рм	

Final absolute data  $P_M$  is calculated by following formula.

 $P_E = M_O \times R + P_O$ 

 $P_M = P_E - M_S \times R - P_S$ 

Signal	Meaning	
P <sub>E</sub>	Current position of external encoder	
M <sub>O</sub>	Serial data of current position	
P <sub>O</sub>	Number of initial incremental pulses of current position	
M <sub>S</sub>	Serial data of reference position	
P <sub>S</sub>	Number of initial incremental pulses of reference position	
P <sub>M</sub>	Current value required for the user's system	
R	1048576	

Note: If host controller receives the data from the external absolute encoder, do not perform counter reset using the output of PCO signal.

8.3.4 External Absolute Encoder Data Reception Sequence

#### (3) Serial Data Specifications

The serial data is output from the PAO signal.

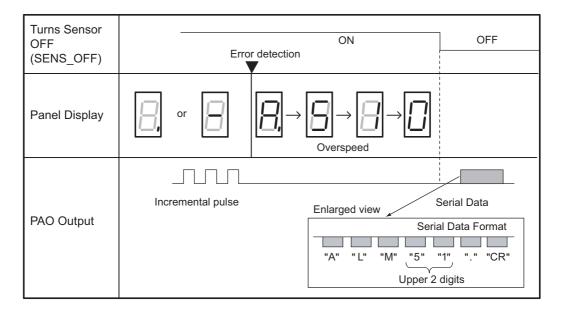
Data Transfer Method	Start-stop Synchronization (ASYNC)
Baud rate	9600 bps
Start bits	1 bit
Stop bits	1 bit
Parity	Even
Character code	ASCII 7-bit code
Data format	<ul> <li>8 characters, as shown below.</li> <li>"O" to "9" serial data in five digits "CR" in five digits "CR" in five digits din five digits in five digits in five digits</li></ul>

#### (4) Transferring Alarm Contents

If an external absolute encoder is used, the contents of alarms detected by the SERVOPACK are transmitted in serial data to the host controller from the PAO output when the Turn Sensor OFF command (SENS\_OFF) is received.

Note: The SENS\_OFF command cannot be received while the servomotor power is ON.

Output example of alarm contents are as shown below.



#### 8.3.5 **Electronic Gear**

Refer to 4.4.3 Electronic Gear for the purpose of setting the electronic gear.

The following formula is used to calculate the electronic gear ratio in fully-closed loop control.

Electronic gear ratio  $\frac{B}{A} = \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210} = \frac{Travel distance per position reference (reference unit) × Number of divisions External encoder sine wave pitch$ 

Note: Set Pn20E (numerator B) and Pn210 (denominator A) to integral values.

The setting range is defined by  $0.001 \le \frac{B}{A} \le 4000$ .

The following table shows the various external encoder sin wave pitches and the number of divisions.

#### External Encoder Sine Wave Pitch and Number of Divisions

Calculate the electronic gear ratio with the values in the following table.

Type of External Encoder	Manufacturer	External Encoder Model	Sine Wave Pitch [µm]	Models for Serial Converter Unit or Models for Head with Interpolator	Number of Divisions	Resolution
		LIDA48	20	JZDP-D003-□□□-E <sup>*1</sup>	256	0.078 µm
	Heidenhain	LIDA18	40	JZDP-D003-□□□-E <sup>*1</sup>	256	0.156 µm
		LIF48□	4	JZDP-D003-□□□-E <sup>*1</sup>	256	0.016 µm
	Renishaw plc	RGH22B	20	JZDP-D005-□□□-E*1	256	0.078 µm
Incremental		SR75-DDDDDLF <sup>*4</sup>	80	_	8192	0.0098 µm
		SR75-DDDDDMF	80	_	1024	0.078 µm
	Magnescale Co., Ltd.	SR85-0000LF <sup>*4</sup>	80	-	8192	0.0098 µm
	inigheseure co., Etd.	SR85-DDDDDMF	80	_	1024	0.078 µm
		SL700 <sup>*4</sup> , SL710 <sup>*4</sup> , SL720 <sup>*4</sup> , SL730 <sup>*4</sup>	800	PL101-RY*2	8192	0.0977 μm
	Mitutoyo Corporation	ST781A/ST781AL	256	_	512	0.5 µm
		ST782A/ST782AL	256	_	512	0.5 µm
		ST783/ST783AL	51.2	_	512	0.1 µm
	Withdoyo Corporation	ST784/ST784AL	51.2	_	512	0.1 µm
		ST788A/ST788AL	51.2	_	512	0.1 µm
		ST789A/ST789AL <sup>*5</sup>	25.6	-	512	0.05 µm
Absolute		SR77-0000LF <sup>*4</sup>	80	_	8192	0.0098 µm
		SR77-DDDDDMF	80	_	1024	0.078 µm
	Magnescale Co., Ltd.	$SR87-\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box LF^{*4}$	80	-	8192	0.0098 µm
	magnescale Co., Llu.	SR87-DDDDDMF	80	_	1024	0.078 µm
		RU77-4096ADF <sup>*3</sup>	_	_	256	20 bits
		RU77-4096AFFT01 <sup>*3</sup>	_	-	1024	22 bits

\*1. Models for serial converter units.

\*2. Models for heads with interpolators.

\*3. Models for rotational external encoders.

When using the encoder pulse output with these external encoders, the setting range of Pn281 is restricted. For \*4. details, refer to 8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO).

\*5. For details on this external encoder, contact Mitutoyo.

Refer to the manuals for the external encoder and serial converter unit for details on the sine wave pitch and the number of divisions of the external encoder.

8.3.6 Alarm Detection

#### Setting Example

If the servomotor moves  $0.2 \,\mu\text{m}$  for every pulse of position reference, the external encoder sine wave pitch is 20  $\mu$ m, and the number of divisions is 256, the electronic gear ratio will be as follow.

Electronic gear ratio  $\frac{B}{A} = \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210} = \frac{0.2 \times 256}{20} = \frac{512}{200}$ 

Therefore, set 512 for Pn20E (numerator B) and 200 for Pn210 (denominator A).

#### 8.3.6 Alarm Detection

The setting of alarm detection (Pn51B/Pn52A) is shown below.

#### (1) Excessive Error Level between Servomotor and Load Positions (Pn51B)

This setting detects the difference between the feedback position of the motor encoder and the feedback load position of the external encoder in fully-closed loop control. If the detected difference is above the set level, the motor-load position error overflow alarm (A.d10) will be output.

	Excessive Error Leve Load Positions	Classifica- tion			
Pn51B	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1000	Immediately	Setup

Note: When Pn51B is set to 0, the motor-load position error overflow alarm (A.d10) is not detected.

#### (2) Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation (Pn52A)

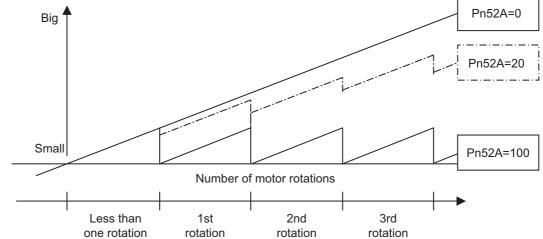
The coefficient of the error between the external encoder and the motor per motor rotation can be set. This function can be used to prevent the motor from running out of control due to damage to the external encoder or to detect slippage of the belt.

#### Setting Example

Increase the value if the belt slips or is twisted excessively.

If the set value is 0, the external encoder value will be read as it is. If the factory setting of 20 is used, the second rotation will start with the error for the first motor rotation multiplied by 0.8. (Refer to the following figure.)

Error between motor and external encoder



#### Related Parameter

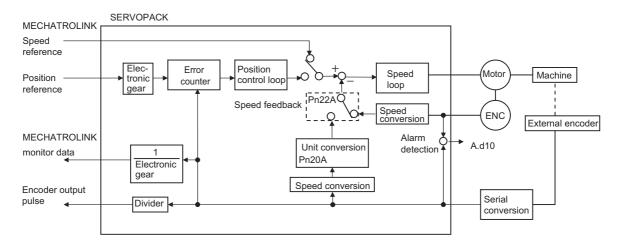
	Multiplier per One Fu	lly-closed Rotation	Position	Classifica-		
Pn52A	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	tion	
	0 to 100	1%	20	Immediately	Setup	

### **8.3.7** Analog Monitor Signal

The position error between servomotor and load can be monitored with the analog monitor.

Para	ameter	Name	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn006	n.□□07	Analog Monitor 1 Signal Selection	Position error between servomotor and load [0.01 V/1 reference unit] Factory setting: n.□□02	Immediately	Cost an
Pn007	n.□□07	Analog Monitor 2 Signal Selection	Position error between servomotor and load [0.01 V/1 reference unit] Factory setting: n.□□00		Setup

#### 8.3.8 Speed Feedback Method during Fully-closed Loop Control



Use Pn22A.3 to select the speed feedback method during fully-closed loop control: Normally, set Pn22A.3 to 0 (Uses motor encoder speed.). Set Pn22A.3 to 1 (Uses external encoder speed.) when connecting a direct drive motor and high-resolution external encoder.

F	Parameter	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]			Setup
	n.1000	Uses external encoder speed.		

Note: This parameter cannot be used when Pn002.3 is set to 0.

## Troubleshooting

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and Conditions of the Servomotor	

9.1.1 List of Alarms

### 9.1 Alarm Displays

The following sections describe troubleshooting in response to alarm displays.

The alarm name, alarm meaning, alarm stopping method, and alarm reset capability are listed in order of the alarm numbers in 9.1.1 List of Alarms.

The causes of alarms and troubleshooting methods are provided in 9.1.2 Troubleshooting of Alarms.

#### 9.1.1 List of Alarms

This section provides list of alarms.

#### Servomotor Stopping Method

If an alarm occurs, the servomotor can be stopped by doing either of the following operations.

- Gr.1: The servomotor is stopped according to the setting in Pn001.0 if an alarm occurs. Pn001.0 is factory-set to stop the servomotor by applying the DB.
- Gr.2: The servomotor is stopped according to the setting in Pn00B.1 if an alarm occurs. Pn00B.1 is factory-set to stop the servomotor by setting the speed reference to "0." The servomotor under torque control will always use the Gr.1 method to stop. By setting Pn00B.1 to 1, the servomotor stops using the same method as Gr.1. When coordinating a number of servomotors, use this stopping method to prevent machine damage that may result due to differences in the stop method.

#### Alarm Reset

Available:Removing the cause of alarm and then executing the alarm reset can clear the alarm. N/A:Executing the alarm reset cannot clear the alarm.

Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Meaning	Servo- motor Stopping Method	Alarm Reset
A.020	Parameter Checksum Error 1	The data of the parameter in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.021	Parameter Format Error 1	The data of the parameter in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.022	System Checksum Error 1	The data of the parameter in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.030	Main Circuit Detector Error	Detection data for main circuit is incorrect.	Gr.1	Available
A.040	Parameter Setting Error 1	The parameter setting is outside the setting range.	Gr.1	N/A
A.041	Encoder Output Pulse Setting Error	The encoder output pulse (Pn212) is outside the set- ting range or does not satisfy the setting conditions.	Gr.1	N/A
A.042	Parameter Combination Error	Combination of some parameters exceeds the set- ting range.	Gr.1	N/A
A.044	Semi-closed/Fully-closed Loop Control Parameter Setting Error	The settings of the option module and Pn00B.3, Pn002.3 do not match.	Gr.1	N/A
A.04A	Parameter Setting Error 2	Bank member/bank data setting is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.050	Combination Error	The SERVOPACK and the servomotor capacities do not match each other.	Gr.1	Available
A.051	Unsupported Device Alarm	The device unsupported was connected.	Gr.1	N/A
A.0b0	Cancelled Servo ON Command Alarm	The servo ON command (SV_ON) was sent from the host controller after executing a utility function that turns ON servomotor.	Gr.1	Available
A.100	Overcurrent or Heat Sink Overheated	An overcurrent flowed through the IGBT or the heat sink of the SERVOPACK was overheated.	Gr.1	N/A
A.300	Regeneration Error	Regenerative circuit or regenerative resistor is faulty.	Gr.1	Available

#### Servo-Alarm motor Alarm Alarm Name Meaning Number Stopping Reset Method Regenerative energy exceeds regenerative resistor A.320 Regenerative Overload Gr.2 Available capacity. Main Circuit Power Setting of AC input/DC input is incorrect. A.330 Gr.1 Available Supply Wiring Error · Power supply wiring is incorrect. A.400 Overvoltage Main circuit DC voltage is excessively high. Gr.1 Available A.410 Undervoltage Gr.2 Main circuit DC voltage is excessively low. Available Main-Circuit The capacitor of the main circuit has deteriorated or A.450 Gr.1 N/A Capacitor Overvoltage is faulty. The servomotor speed is above the maximum rota-A.510 Overspeed Gr.1 Available tional speed. Overspeed of Encoder The pulse output speed upper limit of the set A.511 Gr.1 Available Output Pulse Rate encoder output pulse (Pn212) is exceeded. A.520 Vibration Alarm Incorrect vibration at the motor speed was detected. Gr.1 Available Vibration was detected while performing tuning-A.521 Gr.1 Autotuning Alarm Available less function. The servomotor was operating for several seconds A.710 Overload: High Load to several tens of seconds under a torque largely Gr.2 Available exceeding ratings. The servomotor was operating continuously under a A.720 Overload: Low Load Gr.1 Available torque exceeding ratings. When the dynamic brake was applied, rotational A.730 Dynamic Brake Overload energy exceeded the capacity of dynamic brake Gr 1 Available A.731 resistor. Overload of Surge The main circuit power was frequently turned ON A.740 Gr.1 Available Current Limit Resistor and OFF. The heat sink of the SERVOPACK exceeded A.7A0 Heat Sink Overheated Gr.2 Available 100°C. Built-in Fan in SERVOPACK A.7AB The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped. Gr.1 Available Stopped The power supplies to the encoder all failed and A.810 Encoder Backup Error Gr.1 N/A position data was lost. The checksum results of encoder memory is incor-A.820 Encoder Checksum Error Gr.1 N/A rect The battery voltage was lower than the specified Absolute Encoder Battery A.830 value after the control power supply was turned Gr.1 Available Error ON. A.840 Encoder Data Error Gr.1 N/A Data in the encoder is incorrect The encoder was rotating at high speed when the A.850 Encoder Overspeed Gr.1 N/A power was turned ON. A.860 Encoder Overheated The internal temperature of encoder is too high. Gr.1 N/A A.8A0\* External Encoder Error Gr.1 Available External encoder is faulty. External Encoder Error of A.8A1\* Gr.1 Available Serial converter unit is faulty. Module External Encoder Error of A.8A2\* External encoder is faulty. Gr.1 Available Sensor External Encoder Error of A.8A3\* Gr.1 Available The position data of external encoder is faulty. Position A.8A5\* External Encoder Overspeed The overspeed from the external encoder occurred. Gr.1 Available A.8A6\* External Encoder Overheated The overheat from the external encoder occurred. Gr 1 Available

#### (cont'd)

9

\* The alarm that may occur in a SERVOPACK with option module for fully-closed loop control.

The current detection circuit for phase U is faulty.

A.b31

Current Detection Error 1

N/A

Gr.1

9.1.1 List of Alarms

(conťd)

			Servo-	(cont u)
Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Meaning	motor Stopping Method	Alarm Reset
A.b32	Current Detection Error 2	The current detection circuit for phase V is faulty.	Gr.1	N/A
A.b33	Current Detection Error 3	The detection circuit for the current is faulty.	Gr.1	N/A
A.b6A	MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC Error 1	ASIC error occurred in the MECHATROLINK communications.	Gr.1	N/A
A.b6b	MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC Error 2	ASIC error occurred in the MECHATROLINK communications.	Gr.2	N/A
A.bF0	System Alarm 0	"Internal program error 0" of the SERVOPACK occurred.	Gr.1	N/A
A.bF1	System Alarm 1	"Internal program error 1" of the SERVOPACK occurred.	Gr.1	N/A
A.bF2	System Alarm 2	"Internal program error 2" of the SERVOPACK occurred.	Gr.1	N/A
A.bF3	System Alarm 3	"Internal program error 3" of the SERVOPACK occurred.	Gr.1	N/A
A.bF4	System Alarm 4	"Internal program error 4" of the SERVOPACK occurred.	Gr.1	N/A
A.C10	Servo Overrun Detected	The servomotor ran out of control.	Gr.1	Available
A.C80	Absolute Encoder Clear Error and Multiturn Limit Setting Error	The multiturn for the absolute encoder was not properly cleared or set.	Gr.1	N/A
A.C90	Encoder Communications Error	Communications between the SERVOPACK and the encoder is not possible.	Gr.1	N/A
A.C91	Encoder Communications Position Data Error	An encoder position data calculation error occurred.	Gr.1	N/A
A.C92	Encoder Communications Timer Error	An error occurs in the communications timer between the encoder and the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	N/A
A.CA0	Encoder Parameter Error	Encoder parameters are faulty.	Gr.1	N/A
A.Cb0	Encoder Echoback Error	Contents of communications with encoder are incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.CC0	Multiturn Limit Disagreement	Different multiturn limits have been set in the encoder and the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	N/A
A.CF1*	Feedback Option Module Communications Error (Reception error)	Reception from the Feedback Option Module is faulty.	Gr.1	N/A
A.CF2*	Feedback Option Module Communications Error (Timer stop)	Timer for communications with the Feedback Option Module is faulty.	Gr.1	N/A
A.d00	Position Error Overflow	Position error exceeded the value of excessive posi- tion error alarm level (Pn520) when the servomotor power is ON.	Gr.1	Available
A.d01	Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	This alarm occurs if the servomotor power is turned ON when the position error is greater than the set value of Pn526 while the servomotor power is OFF.	Gr.1	Available
A.d02	Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ON * The alarm that may occu	When the position errors remain in the error counter, Pn529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is turned ON. If Pn529 limits the speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position refer- ences are input and the number of position errors exceeds the value set for the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520). r in a SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Module.	Gr.2	Available

\* The alarm that may occur in a SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Module.

				(conťd)
Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Meaning	Servo- motor Stopping Method	Alarm Reset
A.d10*	Motor-load Position Error Overflow	During fully-closed loop control, the position error between motor and load is excessive.	Gr.2	Available
A.E02	MECHATROLINK Internal Synchronization Error 1	Synchronization error during MECHATROLINK communications with the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	Available
A.E40	MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Setting Error	The setting of the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle is out of the allowable range.	Gr.2	Available
A.E41	MECHATROLINK Communications Data Size Setting Error	The setting of the MECHATROLINK communica- tions data size is incorrect.	Gr.2	Available
A.E42	MECHATROLINK Station Address Setting Error	The setting of the MECHATROLINK station address is incorrect.	Gr.2	N/A
A.E50	MECHATROLINK Synchronization Error	A synchronization error occurs during MECHA- TROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E51	MECHATROLINK Synchronization Failed	A synchronization failure occurs in MECHA- TROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E60	MECHATROLINK Communications Error (Reception error)	A communications error occurs continuously dur- ing MECHATROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E61	MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Error (Synchronization interval error)	The transmission cycle fluctuates during MECHA- TROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E62	MECHATROLINK Communications Error (FCS error)	Communications error occurs continuously during MECHATROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E63	MECHATROLINK Synchronization Frame Not Received Alarm	Synchronization frames are not received continu- ously during MECHATROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E72*	Feedback Option Module Detection Failure	Detection of the Feedback Option Module failed.	Gr.1	N/A
A.EA2	DRV Alarm 2 (SERVOPACK WDC error)	A SERVOPACK DRV alarm 0 occurs.	Gr.2	Available
A.Eb1	Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error	The safety function signal input timing is faulty.	Gr.1	N/A
A.Ed1	Command Execution Timeout	A timeout error occurred when using a MECHA- TROLINK command.	Gr.2	Available
A.F10	Main Circuit Cable Open Phase	With the main power supply ON, voltage was low for more than 1 second in phase R, S, or T.	Gr.2	Available
CPF00	Digital Operator Transmission Error 1	Digital operator (JUSP-OP05A-1-E) fails to com-	_	N/A
CPF01	Digital Operator Transmission Error 2	municate with the SERVOPACK (e.g., CPU error).	_	N/A
<b>A</b> .– –	Not an error	Normal operation status	_	_

If an error occurs in servo drives, an alarm display such as  $A.\Box\Box\Box$  and  $CPF\Box\Box$  will appear on the panel display.

Refer to the following table to identify the cause of an alarm and the action to be taken. Contact your Yaskawa representative if the problem cannot be solved by the described corrective action.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The power supply voltage sud- denly dropped.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range, and set Fn005 to initialize the parameter.
	The power supply went OFF while changing a parameter set- ting.	Check the circumstances when the power supply went OFF.	Set Fn005 to initialize the parameter and then set the parameter again.
A.020: Parameter Checksum	The number of times that parame- ters were written exceeded the limit.	Check to see if the parameters were frequently changed through the host controller.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. Reconsider the method of writing parameters.
Error 1 (The parameter data in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.)	Malfunction caused by noise from the AC power supply or grounding line, static electricity noise, etc.	Turn the power supply ON and OFF several times. If the alarm still occurs, there may be noise interfer- ence.	Take countermeasures against noise.
	Gas, water drops, or cutting oil entered the SERVOPACK and caused failure of the internal components.	Check the installation conditions.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	Turn the power supply ON and OFF several times. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.021: Parameter Format Error 1 (The parameter data in	The software version of SERVO- PACK that caused the alarm is older than that of the written parameter.	Check Fn012 to see if the set soft- ware version agrees with that of the SERVOPACK. If not, an alarm may occur.	Write the parameter of another SERVOPACK of the same model with the same software version. Then turn the power OFF and then ON again.
the SERVOPACK is incorrect.)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.022:	The power supply voltage sud- denly dropped.	Measure the power supply voltage.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
System Checksum Error 1	The power supply went OFF while setting an utility function.	Check the circumstances when the power supply went OFF.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
(The parameter data in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	Turn the power supply ON and OFF several times. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.030: Main Circuit Detector Error	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.040:	The SERVOPACK and servomo- tor capacities do not match each other.	Check the combination of SERVO- PACK and servomotor capacities.	Select the proper combination of SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities.
Parameter Setting Error 1	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
(The parameter setting was out of the setting	The parameter setting is out of the setting range.	Check the setting ranges of the parameters that have been changed.	Set the parameter to a value within the setting range.
range.)	The electronic gear ratio is out of the setting range.	Check the electronic gear ratio. The ratio must satisfy: 0.001< (Pn20E/Pn210) < 4000.	Set the electronic gear ratio in the range: 0.001< (Pn20E/Pn210) < 4000.

Alarm Number:			
Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.041: Encoder Output Pulse Setting Error	The encoder output pulse (Pn212) is out of the setting range and does not satisfy the setting conditions.	Check the parameter Pn212.	Set Pn212 to a correct value.
	The speed of program JOG oper- ation (Fn004) is lower than the setting range after having changed the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) or the servomo- tor.	Check if the detection conditions <sup>*1</sup> are satisfied.	Decrease the setting of the elec- tronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210).
A.042: <sup>*1</sup> Parameter Combination Error	The speed of program JOG oper- ation (Fn004) is lower than the setting range after having changed the setting of the pro- gram JOG movement speed (Pn533).	Check if the detection conditions <sup>*1</sup> are satisfied.	Increase the setting of the program JOG movement speed (Pn533).
	The moving speed of advanced autotuning is lower than the set- ting range after having changed the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/ Pn210) or the servomotor.	Check if the detection conditions <sup>*1</sup> are satisfied.	Decrease the setting of the elec- tronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210).
A.044: Semi-closed/Fully- closed Loop Control Parameter Setting Error	The setting of the fully-closed module does not match with that of Pn002.3.	Check the settings of Pn002.3.	The setting of fully-closed module must be compatible with the setting of Pn002.3.
A.04A: Parameter Setting	For a 4-byte parameter bank, no registration in two consecutive bytes for two bank members.	-	Change the number of bytes for bank members to an appropriate value.
Error 2	The total amount of bank data exceeds 64. (Pn900 × Pn901 > 64)	_	Reduce the total amount of bank data to 64 or less.
A.050: Combination Error	The SERVOPACK and servomo- tor capacities do not match each other.	Check the capacities to see if they satisfy the following condition: $\frac{1}{4} \le \frac{\text{Servomotor capacity}}{\text{SERVOPACK capacity}} \le 4$	Select the proper combination of SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities.
(The SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities do not correspond.)	An encoder fault occurred.	Replace the servomotor and see if the alarm occurs again.	Replace the servomotor (encoder).
• *	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.051: Unsupported Device Alarm	An unsupported serial converter unit, encoder, or external encoder is connected to the SERVO- PACK.	Check the product specifications, and select the correct model.	Select the correct combination of units.
A.0b0: Cancelled Servo ON Command Alarm	After executing the utility func- tion to turn ON the power to the motor, the servo ON command (SV_ON) was sent from the host controller.	_	Turn the SERVOPACK power sup- ply OFF and then ON again or exe- cute a software reset.

If one of the following conditions detected, an alarm occurs.

$$Pn533 \text{ [min}^{-1}] \times \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{6 \times 10^5} \le \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210}$$

•

• Max Motor Speed 
$$[min^{-1}] \times \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{About } 3.66 \times 10^{12}} \ge \frac{\text{Pn20E}}{\text{Pn210}}$$

About 
$$3.66 \times 10^{12}$$
 P

(conťd)

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	Incorrect wiring or contact fault of main circuit cables.	Check the wiring. Refer to 3.1 Main Circuit Wiring.	Correct the wiring.
	Short-circuit or ground fault of main circuit cables.	Check for short-circuits across the servomotor terminal phases U, V, and W, or between the grounding and servomotor terminal phases U, V, or W. Refer to <i>3.1 Main Circuit Wiring</i> .	The cable may be short-circuited. Replace the cable.
	Short-circuit or ground fault inside the servomotor.	Check for short-circuits across the servomotor terminal phases U, V, and W, or between the grounding and servomotor terminal phases U, V, or W. Refer to <i>3.1 Main Circuit Wiring</i> .	The servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
	Short-circuit or ground fault inside the SERVOPACK.	Check for short-circuits across the servomotor connection terminals U, V, and W on the SERVOPACK, or between the grounding and terminal U, V, or W. Refer to <i>3.1 Main Circuit Wiring</i> .	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.100:	Incorrect wiring or contact fault of the regenerative resistor.	Check the wiring. Refer to 3.7 Con- necting Regenerative Resistors.	Correct the wiring.
Overcurrent or Heat Sink Overheated (An overcurrent flowed through the IGBT or heat sink of SERVO- PACK overheated.)	The dynamic brake (DB: Emer- gency stop executed from the SERVOPACK) was frequently activated, or the DB overload alarm occurred.	Check the power consumed by DB resistance (Un00B) to see how many times the DB has been used. Or, check the alarm history display Fn000 to see if the DB overload alarm A.730 or A.731 was reported.	Change the SERVOPACK model, operating conditions, or the mecha- nism so that the DB does not need to be used so frequently.
	The generated regenerative resis- tor value exceeded the SERVO- PACK regenerative energy processing capacity.	Check the regenerative load ratio (Un00A) to see how many times the regenerative resistor has been used.	Check the operating condition including overload, and reconsider the regenerative resistor value.
	The SERVOPACK regenerative resistance is too small.	Check the regenerative load ratio (Un00A) to see how many times the regenerative resistor has been used.	Change the regenerative resistance value to a value larger than the SERVOPACK minimum allowable resistance value.
	A heavy load was applied while the servomotor was stopped or running at a low speed.	Check to see if the operating condi- tions are outside servo drive specifi- cations.	Reduce the load applied to the ser- vomotor or increase the operating speed.
	Malfunction caused by noise interference.	Improve the wiring or installation environment, such as by reducing noise, and check to see if the alarm recurs.	Take countermeasures for noise, such as correct wiring of the FG. Use an FG wire size equivalent to the SERVOPACK main circuit wire size.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	(cont d) Corrective Actions
A.300:	<ul> <li>Regenerative resistor capacity (Pn600) is set to a value other than 0 for a SGDV-R70, -R90, -1R6, -2R1, or -2R8 SERVO- PACK, and an external regen- erative resistor is not connected.</li> <li>An external regenerative resis- tor is not connected to the SGDV-470, SGDV-550, SGDV-470, SGDV-550, SGDV-210, SGDV-780, SGDV-210, SGDV-260, SGDV-280, or SGDV-370 SERVOPACK.</li> </ul>	Check the external regenerative resistor connection and the value of the Pn600.	Connect the external regenerative resistor, or set Pn600 to 0 if no regenerative resistor is required.
Regeneration Error	The jumper between the power supply terminals B2 and B3 is removed for the SERVOPACKs other than the SERVOPACKs shown above.	Confirm that a jumper is mounted between the power supply terminals B2 and B3.	Correctly mount a jumper.
	The external regenerative resis- tor is incorrectly wired, or is removed or disconnected.	Check the external regenerative resistor connection.	Correctly connect the external regenerative resistor.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	While the main circuit power sup- ply is OFF, turn the control power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVO- PACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The power supply voltage exceeds the specified limit.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.
	Insufficient external regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, or SERVOPACK capac- ity. Or, regenerative power has been continuously flowing back.	Check the operating condition or the capacity using the capacity selection Software SigmaJunma- Size+, etc.	Change the regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, or SERVOPACK capacity. Reconsider the operating conditions using the capacity selection software Sigma- JunmaSize+, etc.
A.320: Regenerative Overload	Regenerative power continu- ously flowed back because nega- tive load was continuously applied.	Check the load applied to the servo- motor during operation.	Reconsider the system including servo, machine, and operating conditions.
	The setting of parameter Pn600 is smaller than the external regener- ative resistor's capacity.	Check the external regenerative resistor connection and the value of the Pn600.	Set the Pn600 to a correct value.
	The external regenerative resis- tance is too high.	Check the regenerative resistance.	Change the regenerative resistance to a correct value or use an external regenerative resistor of appropriate capacity.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

(cont'd)

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The regenerative resistor discon- nected when the SERVOPACK power supply voltage was high.	Measure the resistance of the regen- erative resistor using a measuring instrument.	When using a regenerative resistor built in the SERVOPACK: Replace the SERVOPACK. When using an external regenera- tive resistor: Replace the external regenerative resistor.
	In the AC power input mode, DC power was supplied.	Check the power supply to see if it is a DC power supply.	Correct the settings to match the actual power supply specifications.
A.330: Main Circuit Power	In the DC power input mode, AC power was supplied.	Check the power supply to see if it is an AC power supply.	Correct the settings to match the actual power supply specifications.
Supply Wiring Error (Detected when the power to the main circuit is turned ON.)	Regenerative resistor capacity (Pn600) is set to a value other than 0 for a SGDV-R70, -R90, - 1R6, -2R1, or -2R8 SERVO- PACK, and an external regenera- tive resistor is not connected.	Check the external regenerative resistor connection and the value of the Pn600.	Connect the external regenerative resistor, or set Pn600 to 0 if no regenerative resistor is required.
	The jumper between the power supply terminals B2 and B3 is removed for the SERVOPACKs other than the SERVOPACKs shown above.	Confirm that a jumper is mounted between the power supply terminals B2 and B3.	Correctly mount a jumper.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	<ul> <li>For 100-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage exceeded 145 V.</li> <li>For 200-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage exceeded 290 V.</li> <li>For 400-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage exceeded 580 V.</li> <li>For 200-VAC SERVOPACKs: with DC power supply input: The DC power supply voltage exceeded 410 V.</li> <li>For 400-VAC SERVOPACKs: The DC power supply voltage exceeded 410 V.</li> <li>For 400-VAC SERVOPACKs: The DC power supply voltage exceeded 820 V.</li> </ul>	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set AC/DC power supply voltage within the specified range.
A.400: Overvoltage (Detected in the SER- VOPACK main circuit power supply section.)	The power supply is unstable, or was influenced by a lightning surge.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Improve the power supply condi- tions by installing a surge absorber, etc. Then, turn the power supply OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	Voltage for AC power supply was too high during acceleration or deceleration.	Check the power supply voltage and the speed and torque during opera- tion.	Set AC power supply voltage within the specified range.
	The external regenerative resis- tance is too high for the actual operating conditions.	Check the operating conditions and the regenerative resistance.	Select a regenerative resistance value appropriate for the operating conditions and load.
	The moment of inertia ratio exceeded the allowable value.	Confirm that the moment of inertia ratio is within the allowable range.	Increase the deceleration time, or reduce the load.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the control power OFF and then ON again while the main cir- cuit power supply is OFF. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVO- PACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.410:	<ul> <li>For 100-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 49 V or less.</li> <li>For 200-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 120 V or less.</li> <li>For 400-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 240 V or less.</li> </ul>	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.
Undervoltage (Detected in the SER- VOPACK main circuit	The power supply voltage dropped during operation.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Increase the power supply capacity.
power supply section.)	Occurrence of instantaneous power interruption.	Measure the power supply voltage.	When the instantaneous power cut hold time (Pn509) is set, decrease the setting.
	The SERVOPACK fuse is blown out.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK, con- nect a reactor, and run the SERVO- PACK.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.450: Main-Circuit Capacitor Overvoltage	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The order of phases U, V, and W in the servomotor wiring is incorrect.	Check the motor wiring.	Confirm that the servomotor is correctly wired.
A.510: Overspeed	A reference value exceeding the overspeed detection level was input.	Check the input value.	Reduce the reference value or adjust the gain.
(The servomotor speed exceeds the maximum.)	The motor speed exceeded the maximum.	Check the motor speed waveform.	Reduce the speed reference input gain, adjust the servo gain, or recon- sider the operating conditions.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.511:	The encoder output pulse fre- quency exceeded the limit.	Check the encoder output pulse set- ting.	Decrease the setting of the encoder output pulse (Pn212).
Overspeed of Encoder Output Pulse Rate	The encoder output pulse output frequency exceeded the limit because the motor speed was too high.	Check the encoder output pulse out- put setting and motor speed.	Decrease the motor speed.
A.520:	Abnormal vibration was detected at the motor speed.	Check for abnormal noise from the servomotor, and check the speed and torque waveforms during oper- ation.	Reduce the motor speed or reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100).
Vibration Alarm	The moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) value is greater than the actual value or is greatly changed.	Check the moment of inertia ratio.	Set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) to an appropriate value.
A.521: Autotuning Alarm (Vibration was detected while executing the one- parameter tuning, Easy-	The servomotor vibrated consid- erably while performing tuning- less function.	Check the motor speed waveform.	Reduce the load so that the moment of inertia ratio falls within the allowable value, or raise the load level using the tuning-less levels setting (Fn200) or reduce the rigid- ity level.
FFT, or tuning-less func- tion.)	The servomotor vibrated consid- erably during one-parameter tun- ing or EasyFFT.	Check the motor speed waveform.	Check the operation procedure of corresponding function and take a corrective action.

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	Incorrect wiring or contact fault of servomotor and encoder.	Check the wiring.	Confirm that the servomotor and encoder are correctly wired.
A.710: A.720:	Operation beyond the overload protection characteristics.	Check the servomotor overload characteristics and executed run command.	Reconsider the load conditions and operating conditions. Or, increase the motor capacity.
Overload A.710: High Load A.720: Low Load	Excessive load was applied dur- ing operation because the servo- motor was not driven due to mechanical problems.	Check the executed operation reference and motor speed.	Remove the mechanical problems.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The servomotor rotates because of external force.	Check the operation status.	Take measures to ensure the servo- motor will not rotate because of external force.
A.730: A.731: Dynamic Brake Overload (An excessive power consumption of dynamic brake was detected.)	The rotating energy at a DB stop exceeds the DB resistance capac- ity.	Check the power consumed by DB resistance (Un00B) to see how many times the DB has been used.	<ul> <li>Reconsider the following:</li> <li>Reduce the motor reference speed.</li> <li>Reduce the moment of inertia ratio.</li> <li>Reduce the number of times of the DB stop operation.</li> </ul>
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.740: Overload of Surge Current Limit Resistor (The main circuit power	The inrush current limit resistor operation frequency at the main circuit power supply ON/OFF operation exceeds the allowable range.	_	Reduce the frequency of turning the main circuit power supply ON/OFF.
is turned ON/OFF too frequently.)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The surrounding air temperature is too high.	Check the surrounding air tempera- ture using a thermostat.	Decrease the surrounding air tem- perature by improving the SERVO- PACK installation conditions.
	The overload alarm has been reset by turning OFF the power too many times.	Check the alarm history display (Fn000) to see if the overload alarm was reported.	Change the method for resetting the alarm.
A.7A0: Heat Sink Overheated (Detected when the heat sink temperature exceeds 100°C.)	Excessive load or operation beyond the regenerative energy processing capacity.	Check the accumulated load ratio (Un009) to see the load during oper- ation, and the regenerative load ratio (Un00A) to see the regenera- tive energy processing capacity.	Reconsider the load and operating conditions.
	Incorrect SERVOPACK installa- tion orientation or/and insuffi- cient space around the SERVOPACK.	Check the SERVOPACK installa- tion conditions.	Install the SERVOPACK correctly as specified.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.7AB: Built-in Fan in SERVOPACK Stopped	The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped.	Check for foreign matter or debris inside the SERVOPACK.	Remove foreign matter or debris from the SERVOPACK. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVO- PACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	Alarm occurred when the power to the absolute encoder was ini- tially turned ON.	Check to see if the power was turned ON initially.	Set up the encoder (Fn008).
A.810:	The encoder cable disconnected, and connected again.	Check to see if the power was turned ON initially.	Confirm the connection and set up the encoder (Fn008).
A.810: Encoder Backup Error (Only when an absolute encoder is connected.) (Detected on the encoder side.)	The power from both the control power supply (+5 V) from the SERVOPACK and the battery power supply is not being sup- plied.	Check the encoder connector bat- tery or the connector contact status.	Replace the battery or take similar measures to supply power to the encoder, and set up the encoder (Fn008).
side.)	An absolute encoder fault occurred.	_	If the alarm cannot be reset by set- ting up the encoder again, replace the servomotor.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.820: Encoder Checksum Error (Detected on the encoder	An encoder fault occurred.	_	Set up the encoder again using Fn008. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
(Detected on the encoder side.)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.830: Absolute Encoder	The battery connection is incorrect.	Check the battery connection.	Reconnect the battery.
Battery Error (The absolute encoder	The battery voltage is lower than the specified value 2.7 V.	Measure the battery voltage.	Replace the battery.
battery voltage is lower than the specified value.)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.840: Encoder Data Error	An encoder malfunctioned.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
(Detected on the encoder side.)	Malfunction of encoder because of noise interference, etc.	-	Correct the wiring around the encoder by separating the encoder cable from the servomotor main cir- cuit cable or by checking the grounding and other wiring.
A.850:	The servomotor speed is higher than 200 min <sup>-1</sup> when the control power supply was turned ON.	Check the motor rotating speed (Un000) to confirm the servomotor speed when the power is turned ON.	Reduce the servomotor speed to a value less than 200 min <sup>-1</sup> , and turn ON the control power supply.
Encoder Overspeed (Detected when the con- trol power supply was turned ON.)	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
(Detected on the encoder side.)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The ambient operating tempera- ture around the servomotor is too high.	Measure the ambient operating tem- perature around the servomotor.	The ambient operating temperature must be 40°C or less.
A.860: Encoder Overheated	The motor load is greater than the rated load.	Check the accumulated load ratio (Un009) to see the load.	The motor load must be within the specified range.
(Only when an absolute encoder is connected.) (Detected on the encoder side.)	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.8A0 <sup>*2</sup> : External Encoder	Setting the zero point position of external absolute encoder failed because the servomotor rotated.	Before setting the zero point posi- tion, use the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) to confirm that the servomotor is not rotating.	The servomotor must be stopped while setting the zero point posi- tion.
Error	An external encoder fault occurred.	-	Replace the external encoder.
A.8A1 <sup>*2</sup> :	An external encoder fault occurred.	-	Replace the external encoder.
External Encoder Error of Module	A serial converter unit fault occurred.	-	Replace the serial converter unit.
A.8A2 <sup>*2</sup> : External Encoder Error of Sensor (Incremental)	An external encoder fault occurred.	-	Replace the external encoder.
A.8A3 <sup>*2</sup> : External Encoder Error of Position (Absolute)	An external absolute encoder fault occurred.	-	The external absolute encoder may be faulty. Refer to the encoder man- ufacturer's instruction manual for corrective actions.
A.8A5 <sup>*2</sup> : External Encoder Overspeed	The overspeed from the external encoder occurred.	Check the maximum speed of the external encoder.	Keep the external encoder below its maximum speed.
A.8A6 <sup>*2</sup> : External Encoder Overheated	The overheat from the external encoder occurred.	-	Replace the external encoder.
A.b31: Current Detection Error 1	The current detection circuit for phase U is faulty.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.b32: Current Detection Error 2	The current detection circuit for phase V is faulty.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.b33: Current Detection Error 3	The detection circuit for the cur- rent is faulty.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The servomotor main circuit cable is disconnected.	Check for disconnection of the ser- vomotor main circuit cable.	Correct the servomotor wiring.
A.b6A: MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC Error 1	SERVOPACK MECHA- TROLINK communication sec- tion fault.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.b6b: MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC	MECHATROLINK data recep- tion error occurred due to noise interference.	_	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable.
Error 2	SERVOPACK MECHA- TROLINK communication sec- tion fault.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bF0: System Alarm 0	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

\*2. The alarm that may occur in a SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Module.

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.bF1: System Alarm 1	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bF2: System Alarm 2	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bF3 <sup>:</sup> System Alarm 3	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bF4: System Alarm 4	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The order of phases U, V, and W in the servomotor wiring is incorrect.	Check the motor wiring.	Confirm that the servomotor is correctly wired.
A.C10: Servo Overrun Detected (Detected when the servomotor power is	An encoder fault occurred.	_	If the alarm still occurs after turning the power OFF and then ON again, even though the servomotor is cor- rectly wired, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
ON.)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.C80: Absolute Encoder	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
Clear Error and Multi- turn Limit Setting Error	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	Contact fault of connector or incorrect wiring for encoder cable.	Check the connector contact status for encoder cable.	Re-insert the connector and confirm that the encoder is correctly wired.
	Cable disconnection for encoder cable or short-circuit. Or, incorrect cable impedance.	Check the encoder cable.	Use the cable with the specified rat- ing.
A.C90: Encoder Communications Error	Corrosion caused by improper temperature, humidity, or gas, short-circuit caused by intrusion of water drops or cutting oil, or connector contact fault caused by vibration.	Check the operating environment.	Improve the operating environmen- tal conditions, and replace the cable. If the alarm still occurs, replace the SERVOPACK.
	Malfunction caused by noise interference.	-	Correct the wiring around the encoder by separating the encoder cable from the servomotor main cir- cuit cable or by checking the grounding and other wiring.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	Connect the servomotor to another SERVOPACK, and turn ON the control power. If no alarm occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A C01:	Noise interference occurred on the I/O signal line because the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged.	Check the encoder cable and con- nector.	Confirm that there is no problem with the cable layout.
A.C91: Encoder Communications Position Data Error	The encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high-current line.	Check the cable layout for encoder cable.	Confirm that there is no surge volt- age on the cable.
	The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side, such as the welder.	Check the cable layout for encoder cable.	Properly ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG.
	Noise interference occurred on the I/O signal line from the encoder.	-	Take countermeasures against noise for the encoder wiring.
A.C92:	Excessive vibration and shocks were applied to the encoder.	Check the operating environment.	Reduce the machine vibration or correctly install the servomotor.
A.C92: Encoder Communications Timer Error	An encoder fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.CA0: Encoder Parameter Error	An encoder fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The wiring and contact for encoder cable are incorrect.	Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.
	Noise interference occurred due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable.	_	Use tinned annealed copper shielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair cable with a core of at least 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> .
	Noise interference occurred because the wiring distance for the encoder cable is too long.	-	The wiring distance must be 50 m max.
A.Cb0: Encoder Echoback Error	The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side, such as the welder.	Check the cable layout for encoder cable.	Properly ground the machines to separate from encoder FG.
	Excessive vibration and shocks were applied to the encoder.	Check the operating environment.	Reduce the machine vibration or correctly install the servomotor.
	An encoder fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	When using a direct drive (DD) servomotor, the multiturn limit value (Pn205) is different from that of the encoder.	Check the value of the Pn205.	Correct the setting of Pn205 (0 to 65535).
A.CC0: Multiturn Limit Disagreement	The multiturn limit value of the encoder is different from that of the SERVOPACK. Or, the multi- turn limit value of the SERVO- PACK has been changed.	Check the value of the Pn205 of the SERVOPACK.	Execute Fn013 at the occurrence of alarm.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	Wiring of cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK is incorrect or contact is faulty.	Check the external encoder wiring.	Correct the cable wiring.
A.CF1 <sup>*2</sup> : Feedback Option Module	The specified cable is not used between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK.	Confirm the external encoder wir- ing specifications.	Use the specified cable.
Communications Error (Reception error)	Cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK is too long.	Measure the length of this cable.	Use 20-m cable max.
	Sheath of cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK is broken.	Check the cable for damage.	Replace the cable.
A.CF2 <sup>*2</sup> : Feedback Option Module	Noise interferes with the cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK.	_	Correct the wiring around serial converter unit, e.g., separating I/O signal line from main circuit cable or grounding.
Communications Error (Timer stop)	A serial converter unit fault occurred.	_	Replace the serial converter unit.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.d00: Position Error Overflow (Position error exceeded the value set in the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520).)	The servomotor U, V, and W wir- ings is faulty.	Check the servomotor main circuit cable connection.	Confirm that there is no contact fault in the motor wiring or encoder wiring.
	The position reference speed is too high.	Reduce the reference speed, and operate the SERVOPACK.	Reduce the position reference speed or acceleration of position refer- ence. Or, reconsider the electronic gear ratio.
	The acceleration of the position reference is too high.	Reduce the reference acceleration, and operate the SERVOPACK.	Reduce the reference acceleration of the position reference using a MECHATROLINK command, or smooth the acceleration of the posi- tion reference by selecting the posi- tion reference filter (ACCFIL) using a MECHATROLINK com- mand.
	Setting of the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520) is low against the operating condition.	Check the alarm level (Pn520) to see if it is set to an appropriate value.	Set the Pn520 to proper value.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

\*2. The alarm that may occur in a SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Module.

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Overflow Alarm at Servo ONposition error is greater than the set value of Ph526 while the ser- vomotor power is OFF.(Untuos) while the servomotor power is OFF.alarm level at servo ON (Ph5A.d02: Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ONWhen the position errors remain in the error counter, Ph529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is ON. If Ph529 limits the speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position error alarm level (Ph520).Correct the excessive position alarm level (Ph520).A.d10*2: Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ONMotor rotation direction and external encoder installation direction are oppositeA.d10*2: Motor-load Position Error OverflowMotor rotation direction and external encoder installation direction are opposite.Check the servomotor rotation direction and the external encoder installation direction.Install the external encoder in opposite direction, or change setting of the external encoder installation direction.A.d10*2: Motor-load Position Error OverflowMotor rotation direction and external encoder joint instal- lation are incorrect.Check the servomotor rotation direction and the external encoder and external encoder joint instal- lation are incorrect.Check the external encoder mechanical connection.A.d10*2: Motor-load Position Error OverflowMounting of the load (e.g., stage) and external encoder joint instal- lation are incorrect.Check the external encoder mechanical connection.A.c10*2:MECHATROLINK transmissionCheck the external encoder mechanical connection.Check the cause of transmi<	,one u)	Corrective Actions	Investigative Actions	Alarm Number: Alarm Name Cause Marm Description)		
A.d02: Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ONin the error counter, Pn529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is ON. If Pn529 limits the speed 		Correct the excessive position e alarm level at servo ON (Pn526	(Un008) while the servomotor	A.du I: Position Error Overflow Alarm at Sorro ON tor power is turned ON when the position error is greater than the set value of Pn526 while the ser-		
A.d10*2: Motor-load Position Error OverflowMotor rotation direction and external encoder installation direction are opposite.Check the servomotor rotation direction and the external encoder installation direction.opposite direction, or change setting of the external encoder usage method (Pn002.3) to re- the direction.Mounting of the load (e.g., stage) and external encoder joint instal- lation are incorrect.Check the external encoder mechanical connection.Check the mechanical joints.MECHATROLINK transmissionMECHATROLINK transmissionRemove the cause of transmi		Or, adjust the speed limit level	_	on Error by Alarm by Limit at Servo in the error counter, Pn529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is ON. If Pn529 limits the speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position references are input and the number of position errors exceeds the value set for the excessive position error alarm		
Mounting of the load (e.g., stage) and external encoder joint installation are incorrect.       Check the external encoder mechanical connection.       Check the mechanical joints.         MECHATROLINK transmission       Remove the cause of transmission	the er	Install the external encoder in the opposite direction, or change the setting of the external encoder usage method (Pn002.3) to reveat the direction.	direction and the external encoder	external encoder installation	Motor-load Position	
		Check the mechanical joints.		and external encoder joint instal-	Error Overnow	
Cycle Huddadda.		Remove the cause of transmissi cycle fluctuation at host control	-	MECHATROLINK transmission cycle fluctuated.		
Internal Synchronization Error 1	till ay be	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may faulty. Replace the SERVOPAC	_	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	Synchronization	
A.E40: MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Setting ErrorSetting of MECHATROLINK transmission cycle is out of speci- fications range.Check the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle setting.Set the transmission cycle to proper value.	the	Set the transmission cycle to the proper value.		transmission cycle is out of speci-	MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle	
Set by the DIP switch S3 is incor- munications data size of the host S3 to change the number of t	rans-	Reset the setting of the DIP swi S3 to change the number of trar mission bytes to the proper valu	munications data size of the host	set by the DIP switch S3 is incor-	MECHATROLINK Communications Data	
A.E42: MECHATROLINKThe station address is out of the allowable setting range.Check the rotary switches, S1 and S2, to see if the station address is within the allowable range from 03 to EF.address of the host controller reset the setting of the rotary switches, S1 and S2 to chang address to the proper value be 03 and EF.	, and ge the	switches, S1 and S2 to change t address to the proper value betw	S2, to see if the station address is within the allowable range from 03		A.E42:	
Setting Error Two or more stations on the com- munications network have the come address	, and ge the	switches, S1 and S2 to change t address to the proper value betw	the communications network have	munications network have the		
not updated correctly the host controller controller controller	host	Update the WDT data at the host controller correctly.			A E50:	
MECHATROLINK Synchronization ErrorA SERVOPACK fault occurredTurn the power supply OFF a then ON again. If the alarm s occurs, the SERVOPACK mat	till ay be	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may faulty. Replace the SERVOPAC	-	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.		

\*2. The alarm that may occur in a SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Module.

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.E51: MECHATROLINK Synchronization Failed	WDT data of host controller was not updated correctly at the syn- chronization communications start, and synchronization com- munications could not start.	Check the WDT data updating for the host controller.	Update the WDT data at the host controller correctly.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Check the MECHATROLINK wir- ings.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing. Connect the terminator correctly.
A.E60: MECHATROLINK Communications error (Reception error)	MECHATROLINK data recep- tion error occurred due to noise interference.	_	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.E61: MECHATROLINK	MECHATROLINK transmission cycle fluctuated.	Check the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle setting.	Remove the cause of transmission cycle fluctuation at host controller.
Transmission Cycle Error (Synchronization interval error)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.E62: MECHATROLINK Communications error (FCS error)	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Check the MECHATROLINK wir- ings.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing.
	MECHATROLINK data recep- tion error occurred due to noise interference.	_	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Check the MECHATROLINK wir- ings.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing.
A.E63: MECHATROLINK Synchronization Frame Not Received Alarm	MECHATROLINK data recep- tion error occurred due to noise interference.	-	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The connection between the SERVOPACK and the Feedback Option Module is Faulty.	Check the connection between the SERVOPACK and the Feedback Option Module.	Correctly connect the Feedback Option Module.
A.E72 <sup>*2</sup> : Feedback Option Module Detection Failure	The Feedback Option Module was disconnected.	_	Execute resetting configuration error in option modules (Fn014) and turn the power supply OFF and then ON again.
	A Feedback Option Module fault occurred.	-	Replace the Feedback Option Mod- ule.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.EA2:	MECHATROLINK transmission cycle fluctuated.	Check the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle setting.	Remove the cause of transmission cycle fluctuation at host controller.
DRV Alarm 2 (SERVOPACK WDT error)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.Eb1: Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error	The lag between activations of the input signals /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 for the HWBB function is ten second or more.	Measure the time lag between the / HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals.	The output signal circuits or devices for /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 or the SERVOPACK input signal circuits may be faulty. Alternatively, the input signal cables may be disconnected. Check if any of these items are faulty or have been disconnected.
A.Ed1: Command Execution Timeout	A timeout error occurred when	Check the motor status when the command is executed.	Execute the SV_ON or SENS_ON command only when the motor is not running.
	using an MECHATROLINK command.	For fully-closed loop control, check the status of the external encoder after an output is made to execute the command.	Execute the SENS_ON command only when an external encoder is connected.
A.F10:	The three-phase power supply wiring is incorrect.	Check the power supply wiring.	Confirm that the power supply is correctly wired.
Main Circuit Cable Open Phase	The three-phase power supply is unbalanced.	Measure the voltage at each phase of the three-phase power supply.	Balance the power supply by chang- ing phases.
(With the main power supply ON, voltage was low for more than 1 sec- ond in an R, S, or T phase.) (Detected when the main power supply was turned ON.)	A single-phase power is input without setting Pn00B.2 (power supply method for three-phase SERVOPACK) to 1 (single-phase power supply).	Check the power supply and the parameter setting.	Match the parameter setting to the power supply.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
CPF00: Digital Operator Transmission Error 1	The contact between the digital operator and the SERVOPACK is faulty.	Check the connector contact.	Insert securely the connector or replace the cable.
	Malfunction caused by noise interference.	_	Keep the digital operator or the cable away from noise sources.
CPF01: Digital Operator Transmission Error 2	A digital operator fault occurred.	-	Disconnect the digital operator and then re-connect it. If the alarm still occurs, the digital operator may be faulty. Replace the digital operator.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

\*2. The alarm that may occur in a SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Module.

### 9.2 Warning Displays

The following sections describe troubleshooting in response to warning displays.

The warning name and warning meaning output are listed in order of the warning numbers in 9.2.1 List of *Warnings*.

The causes of warnings and troubleshooting methods are provided in 9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings.

#### 9.2.1 List of Warnings

This section provides list of warnings.

Warning Number	Warning Name	Meaning	Reset
<b>A.900</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Position Error Overflow	Position error exceeded the parameter setting (Pn520×Pn51E/100).	Required
<b>A.901</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	When the servomotor power is ON, the position error exceeded the parameter setting (Pn526×Pn528/100).	Required
<b>A.910</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Overload	This warning occurs before the overload alarms (A.710 or A.720) occur. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, an overload alarm may occur.	
<b>A.911</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Vibration	Abnormal vibration at the motor speed was detected. The detec- tion level is the same as A.520. Set whether to output an alarm or warning by the vibration detection switch (Pn310).	Required
<b>A.920</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Regenerative Overload	ad This warning occurs before the regenerative overload alarm (A.320) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation contin- ues, a regenerative overload alarm may occur.	
<b>A.921</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Dynamic Brake Overload	This warning occurs before dynamic brake overload alarm	
<b>A.930</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Absolute Encoder Battery Error	This warning occurs when the voltage of absolute encoder's battery is lowered.	
<b>A.94A</b> *2	Data Setting Warning 1 (Parameter Number Error)	g 1 Error) Incorrect command parameter number was set.	
A.94B <sup>*2</sup>	Data Setting Warning 2 (Out of Range)	g Warning 2 ge) Command input data is out of range.	
A.94C <sup>*2</sup>	Data Setting Warning 3 (Calculation Error)	Calculation error was detected.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
A.94D*2			Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
A.94E <sup>*2</sup>	Data Setting Warning 5 (Latch Mode Error)	Latch mode error is detected.	Required
A.95A <sup>*2</sup>	Command Warning 1 (Unsatisfying Command)	Command was sent although the conditions for sending a com- mand were not satisfied.	Automatic reset *4
A.95B <sup>*2</sup>	Command Warning 2		Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
A.95D*2	Command Warning 4 (Command Interference)		
A.95E <sup>*2</sup>	Command Warning 5 (Subcommand Disable)	Subcommand and main command interfere.	
A.95F <sup>*2</sup>	Command Warning 6 (Undefined Command)	Undefined command was sent.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
<b>A.960</b> <sup>*2</sup>	MECHATROLINK Communications Warning	Communications error occurred during MECHATROLINK communications.	Required

9.2.1 List of Warnings

#### (cont'd)

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Warning Number	Warning Name	Meaning	Reset
<b>A.962</b> *2	MECHATROLINK Communications Warning (FCS Error)	Communications error occurred during MECHATROLINK communications.	Required
<b>A.963</b> <sup>*2</sup>	MECHATROLINK Communications Warning (Synchronization Frame Not Received)		
<b>A.971</b> <sup>*3</sup>	<b>1</b> *3 Undervoltage This warning occurs before undervoltage alarm (A.410) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, an undervoltage alarm may occur.		Required
<b>A.97A</b> <sup>*2</sup>	Command Warning 7 (Phase Error)	A command that cannot be executed in the current phase was sent.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
<b>A.97B</b> <sup>*2</sup>	Data Clamp (Out of Range)	The set command data was clamped to a minimum or maximum value out of the allowable setting range.	
<b>A.9A0</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Overtravel	Overtravel is detected while the servomotor power is ON.	Required

\*1. Use Pn008.2 to activate or not the warning detection.\*2. Use Pn800.1 to activate or not the warning detection.

\*3. Use Pn008.1 to activate or not the warning detection.
\*4. If using the commands for the MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile, the warning will automatically be cleared after the correct command is received. If using the commands for the MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile, send a Clear Warning or Alarm command

(ALM\_CLR) to clear the warning.

#### 9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings

Refer to the following table to identity the cause of a warning and the action to be taken. Contact your Yaskawa representative if the problem cannot be solved by the described corrective action.

Warning Number: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The servomotor U, V, and W wirings is faulty.	Check the servomotor main circuit cable connection.	Confirm that there is no contact fault in the motor wiring or encoder wiring.
	The SERVOPACK gain is too low.	Check the SERVOPACK gain.	Increase the servo gain by using the function such as advanced autotuning.
A.900: Position Error Overflow	The acceleration of the position reference is too high.	Reduce the reference acceleration, and operate the SERVOPACK.	Reduce the reference acceleration of the position reference using a MECHATROLINK command, or smooth the acceleration of the position reference by selecting the position ref- erence filter (ACCFIL) using a MECHATROLINK command.
	Setting of the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520) is low against the operating condition.	Check the alarm level (Pn520) to see if it is set to an appropriate value.	Set the Pn520 to proper value.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.901: Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	When the servomotor power is ON, the posi- tion error exceeded the parameter setting (Pn526×Pn528/100).	-	Set an appropriate value for the excessive position error warning level at servo ON (Pn528).
A.910: Overload (Warning before alarm A.710 or A.720 occurs)	Incorrect wiring or con- tact fault of servomotor and encoder.	Check the wiring.	Confirm that the servomotor and encoder are correctly wired.
	Operation beyond the overload protection characteristics.	Check the motor overload characteris- tics and executed run command.	Reconsider the load conditions and operating conditions. Or, increase the motor capacity.
	Excessive load was applied during opera- tion because the servo- motor was not driven due to mechanical prob- lems.	Check the executed operation refer- ence and motor speed.	Remove the mechanical problems.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings

(cont'd)

Warning Number: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.911: Vibration	Abnormal vibration was detected at the motor speed.	Check for abnormal noise from the servomotor, and check the speed and torque waveforms during operation.	Reduce the motor speed or reduce the servo gain by using the function such as one-parameter tuning.
	The moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) value is greater than the actual value or is greatly changed.	Check the moment of inertia ratio.	Set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) to an appropriate value.
	The power supply volt- age exceeds the speci- fied limit.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.
A.920: Regenerative Overload (Warning before the alarm A.320 occurs)	Insufficient external regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, or SERVO- PACK capacity. Or, regenerative power has been continuously flowing back.	Check the operating condition or the capacity using the capacity selection Software SigmaJunmaSize+, etc.	Change the regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, or SER- VOPACK capacity. Reconsider the operating conditions using the capac- ity selection software SigmaJunma- Size+, etc.
,	Regenerative power continuously flowed back because negative load was continuously applied.	Check the load to the servomotor dur- ing operation.	Reconsider the system including servo drives, machine, and operating condi- tions.
A.921: Dynamic Brake Overload (Warning before the alarm A.731 occurs)	The servomotor rotates because of external force.	Check the operation status.	Take measures to ensure the servomo- tor will not rotate because of external force.
	The rotating energy at a DB stop exceeds the DB resistance capacity.	Check the power consumed by DB resistance (Un00B) to see how many times the DB has been used.	<ul> <li>Reconsider the following:</li> <li>Reduce the motor reference speed.</li> <li>Reduce the moment of inertia ratio.</li> <li>Reduce the number of times of the DB stop operation.</li> </ul>
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.930: Absolute	The battery connection is incorrect.	Check the battery connection.	Reconnect the battery.
Encoder Battery Error (The absolute encoder battery	The battery voltage is lower than the specified value 2.7 V.	Measure the battery voltage.	Replace the battery.
voltage is lower than the specified value.) * Only when an absolute encoder is connected.	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.94A Data Setting Warning 1 (Parameter Num- ber Error)	Disabled parameter number was used.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Use the correct parameter number.
A.94B Data Setting Warning 2 (Out of Range)	Attempted to send val- ues outside the range to the command data.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Set the value of the parameter within the allowable range.

			(cont'd)
Warning Number: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.94C Data Setting Warning 3 (Calculation Error)	Calculation result of set value is incorrect.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Set the value of the parameter within the allowable range.
A.94D Data Setting Warning 4 (Parameter Size)	Parameter size set in command is incorrect.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Use the correct parameter size.
A.94E Data Setting Warning 5 (Latch mode error)	Latch mode error is detected.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Change the setting value of Pn850 or the LT_MOD data for the LTMOD_ON command sent by the host controller to the proper value. (When using the MECHATROLINK- II-compatible profile.)
A.95A Command Warning 1 (Unsatisfying Command)	Command sending con- dition is not satisfied.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.95B Command Warning 2 (Non-supported Command)	SERVOPACK received unsupported command.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Do not sent an unsupported command.
A.95D Command Warning 4 (Command Inter- ference)	Command sending con- dition for latch-related commands is not satis- fied.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.95E Command Warning 5 (Subcommand Disable)	Subcommand sending condition is not satis- fied.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.95F Command Warning 6 (Undefined Com- mand)	Undefined command was sent.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Do not use an undefined command.
	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Confirm the wiring.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing. Or, connect a terminal to the terminal station.
A.960 MECHATROLINK Communications Warning	MECHATROLINK data reception error occurred due to noise interference.	Confirm the installation conditions.	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communica- tions cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK. Replace the SERVOPACK.

9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings

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			(cont d)
Warning Number: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.962 MECHATROLINK Communications Warning (FCS Error)	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Confirm the wiring.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing. Or, connect a terminal to the terminal station.
	MECHATROLINK data reception error occurred due to noise interference.	Confirm the installation conditions.	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communica- tions cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.963 MECHATROLINK Communications Warning (Synchronization Frame Not Received)	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Confirm the wiring.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing. Or, connect a terminal to the terminal station.
	MECHATROLINK data reception error occurred due to noise interference.	Confirm the installation conditions.	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communica- tions cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	_	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.971: Undervoltage	<ul> <li>For 100 VAC SER- VOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 60 V or less.</li> <li>For 200-VAC SER- VOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 140 V or less.</li> <li>For 400-VAC SER- VOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 280 V or less.</li> </ul>	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.
	The power supply volt- age dropped during operation.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Increase the power supply capacity.
	Occurrence of instanta- neous power interrup- tion.	Measure the power supply voltage.	When the instantaneous power cut hold time (Pn509) is set, decrease the setting.
	The SERVOPACK fuse is blown out.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK and con- nect a reactor to the SERVOPACK.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

			(cont a)
Warning Number: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.97A Command Warning 7 (Phase Error)	A command that cannot be executed in the cur- rent phase was sent.	-	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.97B Data Clamp (Out Of Range)	The set command data was clamped to a mini- mum or maximum value out of the allow- able setting range.	-	Set the value of the command data within the allowable range.
A.9A0: Overtravel (Overtravel status is detected.)	When the servomotor power is ON, over- travel status is detected.	Check the input signal monitor (Un005) to check the status of the overtravel signals.	<ul> <li>Refer to 9.4 Troubleshooting Malfunction Based on Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor. Even if overtravel signals were not shown by the input signal monitor (Un005), momentary overtravel may have been detected. Take the following precautions.</li> <li>Do not specify movements that would cause overtravel from the host controller.</li> <li>Check the wiring of the overtravel signals.</li> <li>Take countermeasures for noise.</li> </ul>

## **9.3** Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning

The command data received on occurrence of an alarm or warning, such as a data setting warning  $(A.94\Box)$  or a command warning  $(A.95\Box)$  can be monitored using the following parameters. The following is an example of the data when an alarm/warning has occurred in the normal state.

Command Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurrence: Pn890 to Pn8A6 Response Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurrence: Pn8A8 to Pn8BE

Command Byte Order		ata Storage at ng Occurrence	
Byte Order	CMD	RSP	Example: Pn8A8 = 87 65 43 21
0	Pn890.1 to 0	Pn8A8.1 to 0	
1	Pn890.3 to 2	Pn8A8.3 to 2	
2	Pn890.5 to 4	Pn8A8.5 to 4	·
3	Pn890.7 to 6	Pn8A8.7 to 6	
4 to 7	Pn892	Pn8AA	
8 to 11	Pn894	Pn8AC	
12 to 15	Pn896	Pn8AE	
16 to 19	Pn898	Pn8B0	-
20 to 23	Pn89A	Pn8B2	
24 to 27	Pn89C	Pn8B4	
28 to 31	Pn89E	Pn8B6	
32 to 35	Pn8A0	Pn8B8	
36 to 39	Pn8A2	Pn8BA	
40 to 43	Pn8A4	Pn8BC	
44 to 47	Pn8A6	Pn8BE	

Note 1. Data is stored in little endian byte order and displayed in the hexadecimal format.

 For details on commands, refer to Σ-V Series User's Manual, MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63)

# **9.4** Troubleshooting Malfunction Based on Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor

Troubleshooting for the malfunctions based on the operation and conditions of the servomotor is provided in this section.

Be sure to turn OFF the servo system before troubleshooting items shown in bold lines in the table.

Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions	
	The control power supply is not ON.	Check voltage between control power terminals.	Correct the wiring.	
	The main circuit power supply is not ON.	Check the voltage between main circuit power terminals.	Correct the wiring.	
	Wiring of I/O signal connector CN1 is faulty or disconnected.	Check if the connector CN1 is prop- erly inserted and connected.	Correct the connector CN1 connection.	
	Wiring for servomotor main circuit cable or encoder cable is disconnected.	Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.	
	Overloaded	Run under no load and check the load status.	Reduce load or replace with larger capacity servomotor.	
	Encoder type differs from parameter setting (Pn002.2).	Check the settings for parameter Pn002.2.	Set parameter Pn002.2 to the encoder type being used.	
Servomotor Does Not Start	Settings for the input signal selec- tions (Pn50A, Pn50B and Pn511) is incorrect.	Check the settings for parameters Pn50A, Pn50B and Pn511.	Correct the settings for parameter Pn50A, Pn50B and Pn511.	
	SV_ON command is not sent.	Check the command sent from the host controller.	Send the SV_ON command.	
	SENS_ON command is not sent.	Check the command sent from the host controller.	Send the command in the correct SERVOPACK sequence.	
	The forward run prohibited (P-OT) and reverse run prohibited (N-OT) input signals are turned OFF.	Check P-OT or N-OT input signal.	Turn P-OT or N-OT input signal ON.	
	The safety input signal (/HWBB1 or /HWBB2) remains OFF.	Check the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signal.	Set the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signal to ON. When not using the safety function, mount the safety function jumper connector (provided as an acces- sory) on the CN8.	
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK.	
Servomotor	Servomotor wiring is incorrect.	Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.	
Moves Instantaneously, and then Stops	Encoder wiring is incorrect.	Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.	
Servomotor Speed Unstable	Wiring connection to servomotor is defective.	Check connections of power line (phases U, V, and W) and encoder connectors.	Tighten any loose terminals or con- nectors and correct the wiring.	
Servomotor Rotates Without Reference Input	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK.	
	Improper Pn001.0 setting	Check the setting for parameter Pn001.0.	Correct the setting for parameter Pn001.0.	
Dynamic Brake Does Not Operate	DB resistor disconnected	Check if excessive moment of iner- tia, motor overspeed, or DB fre- quently activated occurred.	Replace the SERVOPACK, and reduce the load.	
	DB drive circuit fault	-	There is a defective component in the DB circuit. Replace the SER- VOPACK.	

Flocker         Flocker         Control for the monotor largely vibrated during execution of luming-less         Check the motor speed waveform.         Culture Reducts           Mounting is not secured.         Check if there are any loose mount ing serves.         Fighten the mounting serves.         Fighten the mounting serves.           Bearings are defective.         Check if there are unbalanced couplings.         Replace the servomotor.           Vibration source at the driven machine.         Check for noise and vibration are or of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> Contact the machine manufacture.           Noise interference due to incorrect i/O signal cable specifications.         Check the length of the 1/O signal cable length must be inmed rade corper shidled twisted-pair or screened unshieled twisted-pair or screened unsh	Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	(cont'd) Corrective Actions	
Abnormal Noise from Servomotor         The servomotor largely vibrated during execution of tuning-less function.         Check the motor speed waveform.         of inertia ratio becomes within the allowable value, or increase the load level or lower the tuning level for the tuning-less levels setting (h2200).           Mounting is not secured.         Eheck if there are any loose mount ing screws.         Tighten the mounting screws.           Bearings are defective.         Check for noise and vibration revis movable parts.         Align the couplings.           Vibration source at the driven machine.         Check for noise and vibration revis movable parts.         Replace the servomotor.           Noise interference due to incorrect from Servomotor         The I/O signal cable runs be tinned min.         Contact the machine manufacturer. ery's movable parts.         The I/O signal cable length must be tinned min.           Noise interference due to incorrect from Servomotor         Noise interference due to incorrect cable.         The encoder cable must be tinned min.         The I/O signal cable length must be inno more than 3 m.           Noise interference due to incorrect cable.         The encoder cable must be tinned min.         The encoder cable must be tinned min.         The encoder cable must be tinned min.           Noise interference due to incorrect cable.         The encoder cable must be tinned min.         The encoder cable must be indicated twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened	FIODIeIII	Flobable Cause			
Abnormal Noise       Image: Absolute the second of the secon		during execution of tuning-less	Check the motor speed waveform.	of inertia ratio becomes within the allowable value, or increase the load level or lower the tuning level for the tuning-less levels setting	
Augh me couplings.         Augh me couplings.           Check if there are unbalanced couplings.         Balance the couplings.           Bearings are defective.         Check for noise and vibration around the bearings.         Replace the servomotor.           Wibration source at the driven machine.         Check for noise and vibration around the bearings.         Contact the machine manufacturer.           Noise interference due to incorrect V/O signal cable specifications.         Check to any foreign matter, damates of the V/O signal cable specifications.         Contact the machine manufacturer.           Noise interference due to length of the V/O signal cable specifications of encoder cable unshielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair or scree				Tighten the mounting screws.	
Abnormal Noise         Interference due to incorrect roble.         The I/O signal cable must be tinned annoe du be acide with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> min.         The I/O signal cable must be tinned annoe du be acide with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> min.         The I/O signal cable must be tinned anneeled copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> The I/O signal cable must be tinned annoer the 1/O signal cable length must be no more than 3 m.           Abnormal Noise         Noise interference due to length of L/O signal cable.         Check the length of the 1/O signal cable.         The I/O signal cable length must be no more than 3 m.           Noise interference due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable.         The encoder cable must be tinned anneeled copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable.         The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m.           Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.         Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged.         The encoder cable and cor- rect the cable layout so that no surge is applied.           The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the ser- vomotor side, such as the welder.         Check if the encoder cable is bun- dided with a high-current line.         Correct		Mounting is not secured.		Align the couplings.	
Abnormal Noise from Servomotor         Noise interference due to incorrect cable.         Check for any foreign matter, dam- age, or deformations on the machine ery's movable parts.         Contact the machine manufacturer.           Abnormal Noise from Servomotor         Noise interference due to incorrect L/O signal cable specifications.         The L/O signal cable must be timed annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> The L/O signal cable length must be no more than 3 m.           Noise interference due to length of t/O signal cable.         Check the length of the L/O signal cable.         The L/O signal cable length must be no more than 3 m.         Use the specified encoder cable.           Noise interference due to incorrect cable.         The encoder cable must be timed- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> The encoder cable must be timed- no more than 3 m.           Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.         Check the length of the encoder cable.         The encoder cable must be to more than 50 m.           Noise interference due to damaged encoder cable.         Check if the encoder cable is bent an the sheath is damaged.         Replace the encoder cable and cor- rect the cable layout.           Excessive noise to the encoder cable.         Check if the machines are correctly grounded.         Properly ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG.           SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interference         Chec				Balance the couplings.	
Notation source at the driven machine.age, or deformations on the machin- ery's movable parts.Contact the machine manufacturer. ery's movable parts.Abnormal Noise from ServomotorThe I/O signal cable must be timed anealed copper shielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm² min.Use the specified I/O signal cable. Use the specified I/O signal cable length must be ino more than 3 m.Abnormal Noise from ServomotorNoise interference due to length of I/O signal cable.Check the length of the I/O signal cable must be timed annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair on screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- table.Use the specified I/O signal cable ender cable.Noise interfe		Bearings are defective.		Replace the servomotor.	
Abnormal Noise from ServomotorNoise interference due to incorrect I/O signal cable specifications.annealed copper shielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm2Use the specified I/O signal cable.Abnormal Noise from ServomotorNoise interference due to length of L/O signal cable.Check the length of the I/O signal cable.The I/O signal cable length must be no more than 3 m.Noise interference due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable.The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm2Use the specified encoder cable.Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.Check the length of the encoder cable.The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m.Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.Check if the encoder cable is bent an the sheath is damaged.Replace the encoder cable and cor- rect the cable layout.Excessive noise to the encoder cable.Check if the encoder cable is bun- al high-current line.Correct the cable layout so that no surge is applied.The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the set- vomotor side, such as the welder.Check if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder.Properly ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG.SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interferenceCheck if vibration from the machine encoder or servomotor installation secured or servomotor installation secured or servomotor installation secured or servomotor installation secured or servomotor installationReduce vibration from the machine, 			age, or deformations on the machin-	Contact the machine manufacturer.	
Abnormal Noise from ServomotorI/O signal cable.cable.no more than 3 m.Noise interference due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable.The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted- pair oscreened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm2Use the specified encoder cable.Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.Check the length of the encoder cable.The encoder cable is bent rect the cable layout.The encoder cable is bundled wisted- pair cable.Use the specified encoder cable and cor- rect the cable layout.Noise interference due to damaged encoder cable.Check if the encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high-current line.Correct the cable layout so that no surge is applied.The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the ser- vomotor side, such as the welder.Check if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder.Take measures against noise in the encoder.SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interference the encoder.Check if vibration from the machine ocurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accur racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).Reduce vibration from the machine or secure the servomotor installa- tion.			annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup>	Use the specified I/O signal cable.	
Noise interference due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable.annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm²Use the specified encoder cable.Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.Check the length of the encoder 	Abnormal Noise				
Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.Check the length of the encoder cable.than 50 m.Noise interference due to damaged encoder cable.Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged.Replace the encoder cable and cor- rect the cable layout.Excessive noise to the encoder cable.Check if the encoder cable is bun- dled with a high-current line or near a high-current line.Correct the cable layout so that no surge is applied.The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the ser- vomotor side, such as the welder.Check if the machines are correctly grounded.Properly ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG.SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interference the encoder.Check if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accur racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).Reduce vibration from the machine, or secure the servomotor installa- tion.	from Servomotor	cable specifications of encoder	annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup>	Use the specified encoder cable.	
encoder cable.and the sheath is damaged.rect the cable layout.Excessive noise to the encoder cable.Check if the encoder cable is bun- dled with a high-current line or near a high-current line.Correct the cable layout so that no surge is applied.The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the ser- vomotor side, such as the welder.Check if the machines are correctly 					
Excessive holse to the encoder cable.dled with a high-current line or near a high-current line.Correct the cable layout so that ho surge is applied.The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the ser- vomotor side, such as the welder.Check if the machines are correctly grounded.Properly ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG.SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interferenceCheck if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder.Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring.Excessive vibration and shock to the encoderCheck if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accu- racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).Reduce vibration from the machine, or secure the servomotor installa- tion.					
influence from machines on the ser- vomotor side, such as the welder.Check if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder.Property ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG.SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interferenceCheck if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder.Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring.Excessive vibration and shock to the encoderCheck if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accu- racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).Reduce vibration from the machine or secure the servomotor installa- tion.			dled with a high-current line or near		
SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interferenceon the I/O signal line from the encoder.Take measures against hoise in the encoder wiring.Excessive vibration and shock to the encoderCheck if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accu- racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).Reduce vibration from the machine, or secure the servomotor installa- tion.		influence from machines on the ser-			
Excessive vibration and shock to the encoder occurred or servomotor installation racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).			on the I/O signal line from the		
An encoder fault occurred. – Replace the servomotor.		the encoder	occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accu-	or secure the servomotor installa-	
		An encoder fault occurred.	-	Replace the servomotor.	

Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	Unbalanced servo gains	Check to see if the servo gains have been correctly adjusted.	Execute the advanced autotuning.
Servomotor Vibrates at Frequency of Approx. 200 to 400 Hz.	Speed loop gain value (Pn100) too high.	Check the speed loop gain (Pn100). Factory setting: Kv = 40.0 Hz	Reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100).
	Position loop gain value (Pn102) too high.	Check the position loop gain (Pn102). Factory setting: Kp = 40.0/s	Reduce the position loop gain (Pn102).
	Incorrect speed loop integral time constant (Pn101)	Check the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101). Factory setting: Ti = 20.0 ms	Correct the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101).
	Incorrect moment of inertia ratio (Pn103)	Check the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).	Correct the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).
	Unbalanced servo gains	Check to see if the servo gains have been correctly adjusted.	Execute the advanced autotuning.
	Speed loop gain value (Pn100) too high	Check the speed loop gain (Pn100). Factory setting: Kv = 40.0 Hz	Reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100).
High Motor Speed Overshoot on Starting and	Position loop gain value (Pn102) too high	Check the position loop gain (Pn102). Factory setting: Kp = 40.0/s	Reduce the position loop gain (Pn102).
Stopping	Incorrect speed loop integral time constant (Pn101)	Check the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101). Factory setting: Ti = 20.0 ms	Correct the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101).
	Incorrect moment of inertia ratio data (Pn103)	Check the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).	Correct the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).
	Noise interference due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable.	The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> min.	Use the specified encoder cable.
	Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.	Check the length of the encoder cable.	The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m.
	Noise interference due to damaged encoder cable.	Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged.	Replace the encoder cable and correct the cable layout.
Absolute Encoder Position	Excessive noise to the encoder cable.	Check if the encoder cable is bun- dled with a high-current line or near a high-current line.	Correct the cable layout so that no surge is applied.
Difference Error (The position saved in the host	FG potential varies because of influence of machines such as welders at the servomotor.	Check if the machines are correctly grounded.	Ground machines correctly, and prevent diversion to the FG on the encoder side.
controller when the power was turned OFF is different from the	SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interference	Check if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder.	Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring.
position when the power was next turned ON.)	Excessive vibration and shock to the encoder	Check if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accu- racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).	Reduce vibration from the machine, or secure the servomotor installa- tion.
	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Replace the servomotor.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred. (The pulse count does not change.)	_	Replace the SERVOPACK.
		Check the error detection section of the host controller.	Correct the error detection section of the host controller.
	Host controller multiturn data read- ing error	Check if the host controller is exe- cuting data parity checks.	Execute a multiturn data parity check.
	~ 	Check noise in the cable between the SERVOPACK and the host con- troller.	Take measures against noise, and again execute a multiturn data par- ity check.

Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
		Check the external power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signal.	Correct the external power supply (+24 V) voltage.
	Forward or reverse run prohibited	Check if the overtravel limit switch operates properly.	Correct the overtravel limit switch.
	signal is input.	Check if the overtravel limit switch is wired correctly.	Correct the overtravel limit switch wiring.
		Check the settings for parameters Pn50A and Pn50B.	Correct the settings for parameters Pn50A and Pn50B.
		Check the fluctuation of the exter- nal power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signal.	Stabilize the external power supply (+24 V) voltage.
Overtravel (OT)	Forward or reverse run prohibited signal malfunctioning.		
		Check if the overtravel limit switch wiring is correct. (check for dam- aged cables or loose screws.)	
	Incorrect forward or reverse run prohibited signal (P-OT/N-OT)	Check if the P-OT signal is allo- cated in Pn50A.3.	If another signal is allocated in Pn50A.3, allocate P-OT.
	allocation (parameters Pn50A.3, Pn50B.0)	Check if the N-OT signal is allo- cated in Pn50B.0.	If another signal is allocated in Pn50B.0, allocate N-OT.
	Incorrect servomotor stop method	Check the settings for parameters Pn001.0 and Pn001.1 when the ser- vomotor power is OFF.	Select a servomotor stop method other than "coast to stop."
	selection	Check the settings for parameters Pn001.0 and Pn001.1 when in torque control.	Select a servomotor stop method other than "coast to stop."
Improper Stop Position by	Improper limit switch position and dog length	-	Install the limit switch at the appropriate position.
Overtravel (OT) Signal	The overtravel limit switch position is too short for the coasting distance.	-	Install the overtravel limit switch at the appropriate position.

Duald	Drohoh! O		(cont'd)		
Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions		
	Noise interference due to incorrect encoder cable specifications	The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of $0.12 \text{ mm}^2$ min.	Use the specified encoder cable.		
	Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.	Check the length of the encoder cable.	The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m.		
	Noise influence due to damaged encoder cable.	Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged.	Replace the encoder cable and mod- ify the cable layout.		
	Excessive noise to encoder cable.	Check if the encoder cable is bun- dled with a high-current line or near a high-current line.	Change the cable layout so that no surge is applied.		
	The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side such as the welder.	Check if the machines are correctly grounded.	Properly ground the machines encoder FG.		
Position Error (Without Alarm)	SERVOPACK pulse count error due to noise	Check if the I/O signal line from the encoder is influenced by noise.	Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring.		
	Excessive vibration and shock to the encoder	Check if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accu- racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).	Reduce the machine vibration or mount the servomotor securely.		
	Unsecured coupling between machine and servomotor	Check if a position error occurs at the coupling between machine and servomotor.	Secure the coupling between the machine and servomotor.		
	Noise interference due to improper I/O signal cable specifications	The I/O signal cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> min.	Use input signal cable with the specified specifications.		
	Noise interference due to length of I/O signal cable	Check the I/O signal cable length.	The I/O signal cable length must be no more than 3 m.		
	An encoder fault occurred. (The pulse count does not change.)	-	Replace the servomotor.		
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK.		
	Ambient operating temperature too high	Measure the servomotor ambient operating temperature.	Reduce the ambient operating tem- perature to 40°C or less.		
Servomotor	Servomotor surface dirty	Visually check the surface.	Clean dust and oil from the surface.		
Overheated	Servomotor overloaded	Check the load status with monitor.	If overloaded, reduce load or replace with larger capacity SER- VOPACK and servomotor.		

# 10

## Appendix

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## **10.1** List of Parameters

#### 10.1.1 Utility Functions

The following list shows the available utility functions.

Parameter No.	Function	Reference Section
Fn000	Alarm history display	6.2
Fn002	JOG operation	6.3
Fn003	Origin search	6.4
Fn004	Program JOG operation	6.5
Fn005	Initializing parameter settings	6.6
Fn006	Clearing alarm history	6.7
Fn008	Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset	4.7.4
Fn00C	Offset adjustment of analog monitor output	6.8
Fn00D	Gain adjustment of analog monitor output	6.9
Fn00E	Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	6.10
Fn00F	Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	6.11
Fn010	Write prohibited setting	6.12
Fn011	Servomotor model display	6.13
Fn012	Software version display	6.14
Fn013	Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm occurs	4.7.7
Fn014	Resetting configuration error in option modules	6.15
Fn01B	Vibration detection level initialization	6.16
Fn01E	Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID	6.17
Fn01F	Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module	6.18
Fn020	Origin setting	6.19
Fn030	Software reset	6.20
Fn200	Tuning-less levels setting	5.2.2
Fn201	Advanced autotuning	5.3.2
Fn202	Advanced autotuning by reference	5.4.2
Fn203	One-parameter tuning	5.5.2
Fn204	Anti-resonance control adjustment function	5.6.2
Fn205	Vibration suppression function	5.7.2
Fn206	EasyFFT	6.21
Fn207	Online vibration monitor	6.22

Note: Execute the utility function with either a digital operator or SigmaWin+. If they are used together, "no\_oP" or "NO-OP" will be displayed when the utility function is executed.

#### 10.1.2 Parameters

Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Basic Function Select Switch 0	0000 to 00B3	_	0000	After restart	Setup	_	-
Pn000	r	0 1 2 to 3 Reserved	on Selection Sets CCW as for Sets CW as forw Reserved (Do not ved (Do not cha ved (Do not cha	vard direction. ot change.) nge.) nge.)		ation Mode)			Reference Section 4.3.1
	2 r	Application Function Select Switch 1  4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit  Servor 0 1 2	0000 to 1122 notor power OF Stops the servon Stops the servon Makes the servon	notor by apply notor by apply	ing DB (dyna ing DB and tl	mic brake).	Setup	_	Reference Section 4.3.5
			avel (OT) Stop I						Reference Section
Pn001		0 1 2	Sets the torque of and then sets it t	of Pn406 to the o servolock sta of Pn406 to the	e maximum va ate. e maximum va	y applying DB or by alue, decelerates the alue, decelerates the	servomotor	17	4.3.2
		AC/DC	Power Input S	election					Reference Section
		0	terminals.	C power input:	Input DC pov	wer supply through			3.1.4
		Reser	ved (Do not cha	nge.)				ł	

#### 10 Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

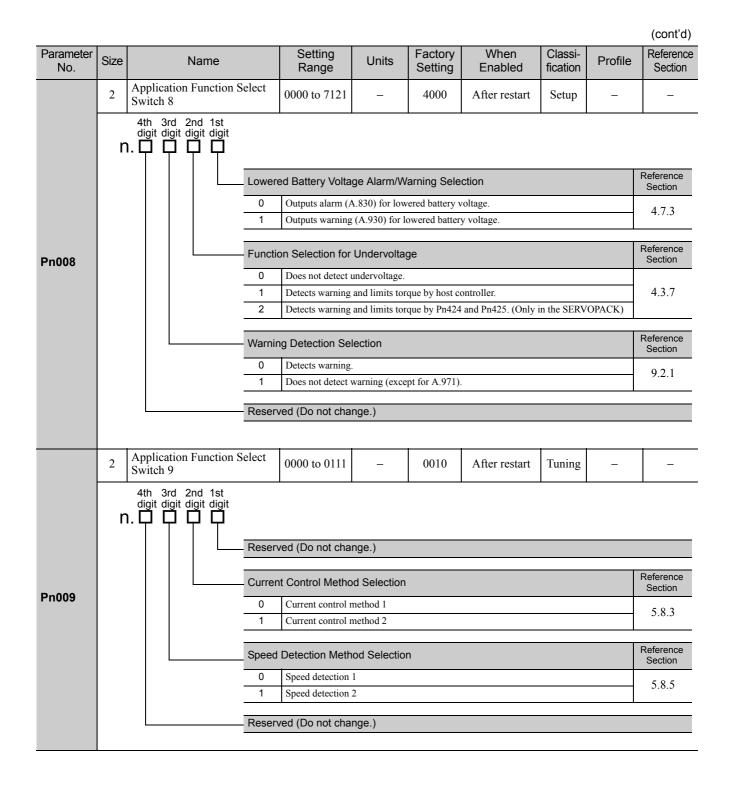
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Application Function Switch 2	Select	0000 to 4113	_	0011	After restart	Setup	_	-
Pn002	n	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit	0 1 2 3	ATROLINK Cor Reserved (Do no TLIM operates a Reserved (Do no Reserved (Do no control Option Reserved (Do no	ot set.) s the torque li ot set.) ot set.)		eed Control Opti	on		Reference Section Reference Section
			1 - Absolu	V_LIM operates		imit value.				Reference Section
			0	Uses absolute en	coder as an al	solute encode	er			Section
			0     Uses absolute encoder as an absolute encoder.       1     Uses absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.						4.7	
			Extern	al Encoder Usa	ge					Reference Section
			0	Does not use ext	ernal encoder.					
			1	Uses in forward	rotation with f	orward refere	ence.			
			2	Reserved (Do no	0 /					8.3.1
			<b>3</b> Uses in reversed rotation with forward reference.							
			4	Reserved (Do no	t change.)					

											(cont'd)		
Parameter No.	Size		Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section		
	2	Application Switch 6	on Function Se	elect	0000 to 005F	-	0002	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.3		
	r		2nd 1st t digit digit										
				Analog	Monitor 1 Signa	al Selectior	I						
			-	00	Motor rotating speed (1 V / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> )								
			-	01	01 Speed reference $(1 \text{ V} / 1000 \text{ min}^{-1})$								
			-	02	Torque reference (1 V/100%)								
			_	03	Position error (0								
			-	04	Position amplifi	er error (after	electronic gea	ars) (0.05 V/ 1 enco	der pulse un	uit)			
Pn006			_	05	Position reference	¥ ;	/ 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> )	1					
1 11000			-	06	Reserved (Do no								
			-	07	Motor-load position error (0.01 V/1 reference unit)								
			-	08 09	Positioning completion (positioning completed: 5 V, positioning not completed: 0 V) Speed feedforward (1 V / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> )								
				03 0A	Speed feedforwa		,						
			-	0A 0B	Active gain (1st	·		e)					
			-	0C	- ·	•	•	ed: 5 V, not complet	ed: 0 V)				
			-	0D	External encode			r i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					
			-		External encode	spece (1 v )	) (000						
				Reserv	ed (Do not char	nge.)							
			-	<b>D</b>	ad (Damataka)								
				Reserv	ed (Do not char	ige.)							
	2	Application Switch 7	on Function Se	elect	0000 to 005F	-	0000	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.3		
	r		2nd 1st t digit digit		•		·		••		•		
				Analog	Monitor 2 Signa	al Selection	l						
			_	00	Motor rotating sp	eed (1 V / 10	00 min <sup>-1</sup> )						
			_	01	Speed reference (1 V / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> )								
			-	02 Torque reference (1 V/100%)									
				02	Torque reference		,						
			-	03	Position error (0.	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere	nce unit)						
			-	03 04	Position error (0. Position amplifie	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after	nce unit) electronic gea	rs) (0.05 V/ 1 encod	ler pulse uni	it)			
Pp007			- - -	03 04 05	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V	nce unit) electronic gea	rs) (0.05 V/ 1 encod	ler pulse uni	it)			
Pn007			- - -	03 04 05 06	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc Reserved (Do no	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.)	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> )		der pulse uni	it)			
Pn007			- - - -	03 04 05 06 07	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc Reserved (Do no Motor-load positi	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.) ion error (0.0	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 V/1 reference	ee unit)					
Pn007			- - - - -	03 04 05 06 07 08	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc Reserved (Do no Motor-load positi Positioning comp	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.) fon error (0.0 eletion (positi	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 V/1 reference oning comple						
Pn007			-	03 04 05 06 07 08 09	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc Reserved (Do no Motor-load positi Positioning comp Speed feedforwar	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.) ion error (0.0 letion (positi rd (1 V / 100	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 V/1 reference oning comple 0 min <sup>-1</sup> )	ee unit) ted: 5 V, positioning					
Pn007				03 04 05 06 07 08	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc Reserved (Do no Motor-load positi Positioning comp Speed feedforwar Torque feedforwar	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.) on error (0.0 eletion (positi rd (1 V / 1000 ard (1 V/1009	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 V/1 reference oning comple 0 min <sup>-1</sup> ) % rated torque	ee unit) ted: 5 V, positioning					
Pn007			-	03 04 05 06 07 08 09 09 0A	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc Reserved (Do no Motor-load positi Positioning comp Speed feedforwa Torque feedforwa Active gain (1st g	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.) fon error (0.0 eletion (positi rd (1 V/1000 gain: 1 V, 2nc	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 V/1 reference oning comple 0 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 6 rated torque gain: 2 V)	ee unit) ted: 5 V, positioning	g not comple				
Pn007			-	03 04 05 06 07 08 09 09 0A 0B	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc Reserved (Do no Motor-load positi Positioning comp Speed feedforwa Torque feedforwa Active gain (1st g	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.) ion error (0.0 bletion (positi rd (1 V / 1000 ard (1 V/100° gain: 1 V, 2nc sistion refere	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 V/1 reference oning comple 0 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 6 rated torque gain: 2 V) nce (completee	ee unit) ted: 5 V, positioning	g not comple				
Pn007			-	03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0A 0B 0C 0D	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc Reserved (Do no Motor-load positi Positioning comp Speed feedforwa Torque feedforwa Active gain (1st g Completion of po	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.) ion error (0.0 bletion (positi rd (1 V/1000 ard (1 V/1000 gain: 1 V, 2nc osition referent speed (1 V/	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 V/1 reference oning comple 0 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 6 rated torque gain: 2 V) nce (completee	ee unit) ted: 5 V, positioning	g not comple				
Pn007			-	03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 09 0A 0B 0C 0D	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position referenc Reserved (Do no Motor-load positi Positioning comp Speed feedforwat Torque feedforwat Active gain (1st g Completion of po External encoder ed (Do not char	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.) on error (0.0 oletion (positi rd (1 V/1009 gain: 1 V, 2nc ostition referent speed (1 V/ nge.)	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 V/1 reference oning comple 0 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 6 rated torque gain: 2 V) nce (completee	ee unit) ted: 5 V, positioning	g not comple				
Pn007			-	03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 09 0A 0B 0C 0D	Position error (0. Position amplifie Position reference Reserved (Do no Motor-load positi Positioning comp Speed feedforwar Torque feedforwar Active gain (1st s Completion of por External encoder	(1 V/100%) 05 V/1 refere r error (after e speed (1 V t change.) on error (0.0 oletion (positi rd (1 V/1009 gain: 1 V, 2nc ostition referent speed (1 V/ nge.)	nce unit) electronic gea / 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 1 V/1 reference oning comple 0 min <sup>-1</sup> ) 6 rated torque gain: 2 V) nce (completee	ee unit) ted: 5 V, positioning	g not comple				

Appendix

#### 10 Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters



									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Application Function Select Switch B	0000 to 1111	_	0000	After restart	Setup	_	-
Pn00B	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit digit digit digit digit digit <b>n. Parameter Display Selection</b> 0       Setup parameters         1       All parameters         Alarm Gr.2 Stop Method Selection         0       Stops the motor by setting the speed reference to "0".         1       Same setting as Pn001.0 (Stops the motor by applying DB or by coasting).         Power Supply Method for Three-phase SERVOPACK         0       Three-phase power supply         1       Single-phase power supply         1       Single-phase power supply         1       Single-phase power supply								Reference Section2.4.1Reference Section4.3.5Reference Section3.1.3
Pn00C	2 r	0 1 Encod 0 1 Encod 0 1	0000 to 0111 ion of Test witho Disables test with Enables test with er Resolution fo 13 bits 20 bits er Type for Test Incremental encod Absolute encode	hout a motor. nout a motor. or Test witho without a Moder or		After restart	Setup		4.5.3

10.1.2 Parameters

Parameter	Size	Name	Setting	Units	Factory		nen	Classi-	Profile	(cont'd)
No.	0.20		Range		Setting	Ena	bled	fication	1 101110	Section
	2	Application Function Select Switch D	0000 to 1001	_	0000	Imme	diately	Setup	-	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1.								
		Rese	erved (Do not cha	nge.)						
Pn00D		Rese	erved (Do not cha	nge.)						
		Rese	erved (Do not cha	nge.)						
		Over	travel Warning D	etection Sel	ection					Reference Section
		0	Does not detect		ning.					4.3.2
		1	Detects overtrav	el warning.						
Pn100	2	Speed Loop Gain	10 to 20000	0.1 Hz	400	Imme	diately	Tuning	-	
Pn101	2	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	15 to 51200	0.01 ms	2000	Imme	diately	Tuning	-	
Pn102	2	Position Loop Gain	10 to 20000	0.1/s	400	Imme	diately	Tuning	-	
Pn103	2	Moment of Inertia Ratio	0 to 20000	1%	100	Imme	diately	Tuning	-	5.8.1
Pn104	2	2nd Speed Loop Gain	10 to 20000	0.1 Hz	400	Imme	diately	Tuning	-	
Pn105	2	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	15 to 51200	0.01 ms	2000	Imme	diately	Tuning	-	
Pn106	2	2nd Position Loop Gain	10 to 20000	0.1/s	400	Imme	diately	Tuning	-	
Pn109	2	Feedforward Gain	0 to 100	1%	0	Imme	diately	Tuning	-	
Pn10A	2	Feedforward Filter Time Constant	0 to 6400	0.01 ms	0	Imme	diately	Tuning	-	5.9.1
	2	Application Function for Gain Select Switch	0000 to 5334	_	0000		_	_	-	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1.								-
		Mod	e Switch Selectio	n			Wher Enable	Cla	ssification	Reference Section
		0	Uses internal to (Level setting:		e as the condi	ition				
		1	Uses speed ref setting: Pn10D		ondition (Lev	vel				
Pn10B		2	Uses accelerati Pn10E).	on as the cond	lition (Level s	setting:	Immedia	itely	Setup	5.9.2
Philos		3	Uses position e Pn10F).	error as the cor	dition (Level	setting:				
		4	No mode swite	ch function ava	ulable.					
			ed Loop Control N	lethod			Wher Enable	C la	ssification	Reference Section
		0	PI control							
		1	I-P control	at above . )			After re	start	Setup	-
		2 to								
		Rese	erved (Do not cha	nge.)						
	1		erved (Do not cha							

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									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
Pn10C	2	Mode Switch (torque reference)	0 to 800	1%	200	Immediately	Tuning	_	
Pn10D	2	Mode Switch (speed reference)	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	500
Pn10E	2	Mode Switch (acceleration)	0 to 30000	1 min <sup>-1</sup> / s	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.9.2
Pn10F	2	Mode Switch (position error)	0 to 10000	1 reference unit	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	
Pn11F	2	Position Integral Time Constant	0 to 50000	0.1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.9.4
Pn121	2	Friction Compensation Gain	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	-	
Pn122	2	2nd Gain for Friction Compensation	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	-	
Pn123	2	Friction Compensation Coefficient	0 to 100	1%	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.2
Pn124	2	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	-10000 to 10000	0.1 Hz	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	
Pn125	2	Friction Compensation Gain Correction	1 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	_	
Pn131	2	Gain Switching Time 1	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	
Pn132	2	Gain Switching Time 2	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	
Pn135	2	Gain Switching Waiting Time 1	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.1
Pn136	2	Gain Switching Waiting Time 2	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	
	2	Automatic Gain Changeover Related Switch 1	0000 to 0052	_	0000	Immediately	Tuning	_	
Pn139	r	0 1 2 Gain S 0 1 2 3 4 5	Reserved (Do no Automatic gain Changes automa Changes automa witching Condit Positioning con Positioning ne Positioning ne	tiching anually using ( ot change.) switching path tically 1st gain tically 2nd gain tically 2nd gain tion A mpletion signa ar signal (/NE/ ar signal (/NE/ nce filter outpunce input ON	ern 1 n to 2nd gain in to 1st gain l (/COIN) OP l (/COIN) OF AR) OFF		condition A condition A	is satisfied.	
		Reser	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
Pn13D	2	Current Gain Level	100 to 2000	1%	2000	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.4
		1	1	1	l	, ,			L

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10.1.2 Parameters

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Model Following Control Related Switch	0000 to 1121	-	0100	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn140	r	0 1 Vibratio 0 1 2 Vibratio 0 1	Does not adjust Adjusts vibration on of Speed Fe Does not use mo	del following wing control. Selection n vibration sup on suppression Adjustment vibration supp n suppression edforward ( del following	control. ppression. n over the spee n over two different is Selection ression auton automatically VFF) / Torque control and s	cified frequency. fferent kinds of freq natically using utilit using utility function ue Feedforward of peed/torque feedfor que feedforward to	y function. on. (TFF) ward togethe	5. 5.	Reference           Section           3.1, 5.4.1,           5.1, 5.7.1           Reference           Section           3.1, 5.4.1
Pn141	2	Model Following Control	10 to 20000	0.1/s	500	Immediately	Tuning		
Pn142	2	Gain Model Following Control Gain Compensation	500 to 2000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	_	
Pn143	2	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	0 to 10000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn144	2	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	0 to 10000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn145	2	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	10 to 2500	0.1 Hz	500	Immediately	Tuning	_	-
Pn146	2	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	10 to 2500	0.1 Hz	700	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn147	2	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	0 to 10000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn148	2	2nd Model Following Control Gain	10 to 20000	0.1/s	500	Immediately	Tuning	-	_
Pn149	2	2nd Model Following Control Gain Compensation	500 to 2000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn14A	2	Vibration Suppression 2 Frequency	10 to 2000	0.1 Hz	800	Immediately	Tuning	-	_
Pn14B	2	Vibration Suppression 2 Compensation	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	_	_

										(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Control Related Switch	I	0000 to 0011	_	0011	After restart	Tuning	-	_
		4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 다 다 다 다 다		I				1		1
			Mode	el Following Cor	trol Type Se	election				Reference Section
			0	Model Following	Control 1					5.3.1,
Pn14F			1	Model Following	Control 2					5.4.1, 5.5.1
			Tunin	ig-less Type Se	lection					Reference Section
			0	Tuning-less type						5.2.2
			1	Tuning-less type	2					,
			Rese	rved (Do not ch	ange.)					
			Rese	rved (Do not ch	ange.)					
	2	Anti-Resonance Contro Related Switch	ol	0000 to 0011	_	0010	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.3.1, 5.4.1, 5.5.1, 5.7.1
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1.								
			Anti-R	esonance Contr	ol Selection					
Pn160				Does not use anti-r		rol.				
111100			1 1	Uses anti-resonanc	e control.					<u> </u>
			Anti-R	esonance Contr	ol Adjustme	nt Selectior	ı			
			0	-			natically using utili	-		
			1	Adjusts anti-reso	nance control	automatically	using utility functi	on.		
			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
Pn161	2	Anti-Resonance Freque	ency	10 to 20000	0.1 Hz	1000	Immediately	Tuning	_	-
Pn162	2	Anti-Resonance Gain Compensation		1 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning		-
Pn163	2	Anti-Resonance Dampi Gain	ing	0 to 300	1%	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	-
Pn164	2	Anti-Resonance Filter T Constant 1 Compensation		-1000 to 1000	0.01 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	l	_
Pn165	2	Anti-Resonance Filter T Constant 2 Compensation		-1000 to 1000	0.01 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	-

Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

											(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting		'hen abled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Tuning-less Function F Switch	Related	0000 to 2411	_	1401		_	_	Ι	_
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1.									
			Tuning	-less Function §	Selection			When Enabled	Class	sification	Reference Section
			0	Disables tuning-l Enables tuning-le				After rest	art S	Setup	5.2
Pn170			- Contro	I Method during	Speed Con	trol		When Enabled	Class	sification	Reference Section
			1 U	Uses as speed contr Uses as speed contr osition control.		e host control	ller for	After rest	art S	Setup	5.2
			Tuning	-less Tuning Le	vel			When Enabled	Class	sification	Reference Section
			0 to 4	Sets tuning-less	tuning level.			Immediate	ly S	Setup	5.2
				-less Load Leve				When Enable		sification	Reference Section
		Γ	0 to 2	Sets tuning-less				Immediat		Setup	5.2
Pn205	2	Multiturn Limit Setting	·	0 to 65535	1 rev	65535	After	restart	Setup	-	4.7.6
	2	Position Control Funct Switch	ion	0000 to 2210	_	0010	After	restart	Setup	_	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit 1.	- Reserv	/ed (Do not cha	nge.)						
			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)						
Pn207				ved (Do not cha ved (Do not cha	5,						
Pn207			- Reserv	,	5,						Reference Section
Pn207			- Reserv - /COIN 0	ved (Do not cha Output Timing Outputs when th positioning com	nge.) ne position err pleted width (	Pn522).					
Pn207			- Reserv - /COIN	Ved (Do not chan Output Timing Outputs when the positioning com Outputs when the positioning com filtering is 0.	nge.) ne position err pleted width ( ne position err pleted width (	Pn522). or absolute va Pn522), and t	alue is th the refere	e same or le ence after p	ess than the osition refe	rence	
Pn207			- Reserv - /COIN 0	ved (Do not cha Output Timing Outputs when th positioning com Outputs when th positioning com	nge.) ne position err pleted width ( ne position err pleted width ( ne position err	Pn522). or absolute va Pn522), and t or absolute va	alue is th the reference	e same or lo ence after p e same or lo	ess than the osition refe ess than the	rence	Section
Pn207 Pn20A	4	Number of External Sc Pitch	- Reserv - /COIN 0 1 2	Ved (Do not chan Output Timing Outputs when the positioning com Outputs when the positioning com filtering is 0.	nge.) ne position err pleted width ( ne position err pleted width ( ne position err	Pn522). or absolute va Pn522), and t or absolute va	alue is th the refere alue is th the posit	e same or lo ence after p e same or lo	ess than the osition refe ess than the	rence	Section
	4		- Reserv - /COIN 0 1 2	ved (Do not cha Output Timing Outputs when th positioning com filtering is 0. Outputs when th positioning com	nge.) ne position err pleted width ( ne position err pleted width ( ne position err pleted width ( 1	Pn522). or absolute va Pn522), and t or absolute va Pn522), and t	alue is th the reference alue is th the posit	e same or lo ence after p e same or lo ion referenc	ess than the osition refe ess than the e input is 0	rence	Section           4.8.6           8.3
Pn20A		Pitch Electronic Gear Ratio	- Reserv - /COIN 0 1 2	<ul> <li>ved (Do not cha</li> <li>Output Timing</li> <li>Outputs when th positioning com</li> <li>Outputs when th positioning com</li> <li>filtering is 0.</li> <li>Outputs when th positioning com</li> <li>4 to 1048576</li> <li>1 to</li> </ul>	nge.) ne position err pleted width ( ne position err pleted width ( ne position err pleted width ( 1 pitch/rev	Pn522). or absolute ve Pn522), and t or absolute ve Pn522), and t 32768	alue is th the reference alue is th the posit After After	e same or lo ence after p e same or lo ion referenc r restart	ess than the osition references than the e input is 0 Setup	rence	Section 4.8.6

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Fully-closed Control Selection Switch	0000 to 1003	_	0000	After restart	Setup	_	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1.	ved (Do not cha	200 )					
			red (Do not cha	nge.)					
Pn22A		Reser	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
		Reser	/ed (Do not cha	nge.)					
		Speed	Feedback Sele	ction at Full	y-closed Co	ontrol			Reference Section
		0	Uses motor enco	der speed.					
		1	Uses external en	coder speed.					8.3.8
				1 adaa/	[				1
Pn281	2	Encoder Output Resolution	1 to 4096	1 edge/ pitch	20	After restart	Setup	_	8.3.3
Pn304	2	JOG Speed	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	500	Immediately	Setup	—	6.3
Pn305	2	Soft Start Acceleration Time	0 to 10000	1 ms	0	Immediately	Setup	_	_
Pn306	2	Soft Start Deceleration Time	0 to 10000	1 ms	0	Immediately	Setup	_	
	2	Vibration Detection Switch	0000 to 0002	-	0000	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn310		0 1 2 Resen	On Detection Second Does not detect Outputs warnin Outputs alarm ( ved (Do not cha	vibration. g (A.911) whe A.520) when nge.)					Reference Section 6.16
Pn311	2	Vibration Detection	50 to 500	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning		
Pn312	2	Sensibility Vibration Detection Level	0 to 5000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	50	Immediately	Tuning	_	6.16
Pn324	2	Moment of Inertia	0 to 20000	1 min 1%	300	Immediately	Setup		5.3.2
Pn401	2	Calculating Start Level Torque Reference Filter Time	0 to 65535	0.01 ms	100	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.9.3
Pn402	2	Constant Forward Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn403	2	Reverse Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup	_	4.6.1
Pn403	2	Forward External Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	100	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn405	2	Reverse External Torque	0 to 800	1%	100	Immediately	Setup	_	4.6.2
Pn406	2	Emergency Stop Torque	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup	_	4.3.2
Pn407	2	Speed Limit during Torque	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immediately	Setup	_	4.8.8
						-	_		

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Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd) Parameter Factory When Classi-Reference Setting Size Units Profile Name No Range Setting Enabled fication Section Torque Related Function 2 0000 to 1111 0000 \_ \_ \_ \_ Switch 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 🗖 When Reference 1st Step Notch Filter Selection Classification Enabled Section 0 N/A Immediately 5.9.3 Setup 1 Uses 1st step notch filter for torque reference. When Reference Speed Limit Selection Classification Enabled Section 0 Uses the smaller of the maximum motor speed and Pn408 the value of Pn407 as the speed limit value. After restart 4.8.8 Setup 1 Uses the smaller of the overspeed detection speed and the value of Pn407 as the speed limit value. When Reference 2nd Step Notch Filter Selection Classification Enabled Section 0 N/A Immediately 5.9.3 Setup 1 Uses 2nd step notch filter for torque reference. When Reference Friction Compensation Function Selection Classification Enabled Section 0 Disables friction compensation function. Immediately 5.8.2 Setup 1 Enables friction compensation function. Pn409 2 1st Notch Filter Frequency 50 to 5000 1 Hz 5000 Immediately Tuning Pn40A 2 1st Notch Filter Q Value 50 to 1000 0.01 70 Immediately Tuning \_ Pn40B 2 1st Notch Filter Depth 0 to 1000 0.001 0 Immediately Tuning \_ Pn40C 2 2nd Notch Filter Frequency 50 to 5000 1 Hz 5000 Immediately Tuning \_ Pn40D 2 2nd Notch Filter Q Value 50 to 1000 0.01 70 Immediately Tuning \_ 5.9.3 Pn40E 2 2nd Notch Filter Depth 0 to 1000 0.001 0 Immediately Tuning \_ 2nd Step 2nd Torque Pn40F 2 100 to 5000 5000 1 Hz Immediately Tuning \_ Reference Filter Frequency 2nd Step 2nd Torque Pn410 2 50 to 100 0.01 50 Immediately Tuning \_ Reference Filter Q Value 1st Step 2nd Torque Pn412 2 Reference Filter Time 0 to 65535 0.01 ms 100 5.8.1 Immediately Tuning \_ Constant Torque Limit at Main Circuit Pn424 2 0 to 100 1% 50 Immediately Setup \_ Voltage Drop 4.3.7 Release Time for Torque Pn425 2 Limit at Main Circuit Voltage 0 to 1000 100 1 msImmediately Setup \_ Drop Sweep Torque Reference Pn456 2 1 to 800 1% 15 Immediately Tuning 6.21 \_ Amplitude

									(cont d)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Notch Filter Adjustment Switch	0000 to 0101	_	0101	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.2.1 5.3.1 5.5.1
Pn460	r	0 1 Reserv Notch 0 1	Adjust 1st step ved (Do not cha Filter Adjustmen Does not adjust 2	1st step notch notch filter au nge.) nt Selection 2nd step notch notch filter au	filter automa tomatically us 2 filter automa	tically using utility sing utility function. tically using utility sing utility function.	function.		
Pn501	2	Zero Clamp Level	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn502	2	Rotation Detection Level	1 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	20	Immediately	Setup	-	4.8.3
Pn503	2	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width	0 to 100	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10	Immediately	Setup	_	4.8.5
Pn506	2	Brake Reference - Servo OFF Delay Time	0 to 50	10 ms	0	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn507	2	Brake Reference Output Speed Level	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	100	Immediately	Setup	_	4.3.4
Pn508	2	Waiting Time for Brake Signal When Motor Running	10 to 100	10 ms	50	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn509	2	Instantaneous Power Cut Hold time	20 to 1000	1 ms	20	Immediately	Setup	_	4.3.6

10.1.2 Parameters

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Input Signal Selection 1	0000 to FFF1	_	1881	After restart	Setup	-	-
Pn50A	r	Reser	Forward run all         Forward run all	Inge.) (Forward ru owed when C owed when C	N1-13 input s N1-7 input sig N1-8 input sig N1-9 input sig N1-10 input s N1-11 input s N1-12 input s N1-13 input sig N1-7 input sig N1-9 input sig N1-9 input sig N1-10 input s	d when OFF (H-le ignal is ON (L-level) gnal is ON (L-level) gnal is ON (L-level) gnal is ON (L-level) ignal is ON (L-level) ignal is ON (L-leve ignal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve ignal is OFF (H-leve)	I).         b.         b.         b.         l).         I).         l).         l).         l).         l).         l).         l).         el).         l).         el).         el).		Reference Section 4.3.2

Parameter No.	Size		Nam	ne	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Input S	ignal Sel	ection 2	0000 to FFFF	-	8882	After restart	Setup	-	-
	n		Brd 2nd ligit digit	digit	Reverse run al         Reverse run al         Reverse run al         Reverse run al	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl lowed when Cl lowed when Cl lowed when Cl	N1-13 input si N1-7 input sig N1-8 input sig N1-9 input sig N1-10 input si	when OFF (H-lo gnal is ON (L-level) nal is ON (L-level) nal is ON (L-level) nal is ON (L-level) gnal is ON (L-level) gnal is ON (L-level)	I). I).		Reference Section
				5 6				gnal is ON (L-level			
				7	Reverse run pr			8			42.2
				8	Reverse run al	lowed.					4.3.2
				9				gnal is OFF (H-lev			
				A				nal is OFF (H-level			
				B				nal is OFF (H-level			
				С	Reverse run al	lowed when C		nal is OFF (H-level			
					Deverse run al	lowed when C	N1 10 input ci				
				D			_				
				D E F	Reverse run al	lowed when C	N1-11 input si	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve	el).		
Pn50B				E F Res	Reverse run al	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.)	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si	gnal is OFF (H-levo	el).		Reference
Pn50B				E F Res	Reverse run al Reverse run al erved (Do not cha	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level))	el).		Reference Section
Pn50B				E F Res	Reverse run al Reverse run al erved (Do not cha	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signa	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-le	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level))	el).		
Pn50B				E F Res /P-C	Reverse run al Reverse run al erved (Do not cha L Signal Mapping ON when CN1 ON when CN1	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signa -7 input signal	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-let i so ON (L-let)	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) vel)	el).		
Pn50B				E F 	Reverse run al Reverse run al Reverse run al Erved (Do not cha L Signal Mapping ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -9 input signal	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-leve is ON (L-leve is ON (L-leve	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (el) (el) (el)	el).		
Pn50B				E F Res /P-C 0 1 2 3 3 4	Reverse run al Reverse run al Reverse run al erved (Do not cha L Signal Mapping ON when CN1 ON when CN1 ON when CN1 ON when CN1 ON when CN1	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -9 input signal -10 input signal	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev	(L-level)) (L-level)) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (	el).		
Pn50B				E F Res /P-C 0 1 2 3 4 5	Reverse run al Reverse run al Reverse run al Erved (Do not cha SL Signal Mapping ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -8 input signal -9 input signal -10 input signal -11 input signa	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (rel) (rel)	el).		
Pn50B				E F Res /P-C 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	Reverse run al Reverse run al Reverse run al Erved (Do not cha SL Signal Mapping ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -8 input signal -9 input signal -10 input signa -11 input signa -12 input signa	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (rel) (rel)	el).		Section
Pn50B				E F Res /P-C 0 1 2 3 4 5	Reverse run al Reverse run al Reverse run al Erved (Do not cha SL Signal Mapping ON when CN1 ON when CN1 Sets signal ON	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -8 input signal -9 input signal -10 input signa -11 input signa -12 input signa	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (rel) (rel)	el).		
Pn50B				E F Res /P-C 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Reverse run al Reverse run al Reverse run al Erved (Do not cha Served (Do not cha Con when CN1 ON when CN1 Sets signal ON Sets signal OF	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -8 input signal -9 input signal -10 input signal -11 input signa -12 input signa I. F.	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev l is ON (L-lev l is ON (L-leva al is ON (L-leva al is ON (L-leva al is ON (L-leva al is ON (L-leva	(L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el)	el).		Section
Pn50B				E F Res /P-C 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Reverse run al Reverse run Reverse r	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -8 input signal -9 input signal -10 input signa -11 input signa -12 input signa F. I-13 input sign	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev al is ON (L-lev	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (rel) (rel) (rel) (rel) (rel) (rel) (rel)	el).		Section
Pn50B				E F Res /P-C 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9	Reverse run al Reverse run Reverse r	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -9 input signal -10 input signal -10 input signal -11 input signal -12 input signal I. F. 1-13 input signal 1-7 input signal	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev l is ON (L-lev l is ON (L-lev al is OFF (H-lat)	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el)	el).		Section
Pn50B				E F Res //P-C 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 A 8 9 9 A B C	Reverse run al Reverse run al Reverse run al Erved (Do not cha Served (Do not cha ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI ON when CNI Sets signal ON Sets signal OF OFF when CN OFF when CN	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -8 input signal -10 input signal -10 input signal -12 input signal I. F. 1-13 input signal 1-8 input signal 1-8 input signal	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev l is ON (L-lev l is ON (L-lev al is OF (H-le al is OFF (H-le al is OFF (H-le al is OFF (H-le	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el)	el).		Section
Pn50B				E F Res //P-C 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 A 8 9 0 0 7 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 0	Reverse run al Reverse run al Revers	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lin -13 input signal -7 input signal -9 input signal -10 input signal -11 input signa -12 input signa -12 input signa 1-7 input signa 1-8 input signa 1-9 input signa 1-9 input signa	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev al is OF (H-lev al is OFF (H-lev)	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (e)) (e)) (e)) (e)) (e)) (e)) (e))	el).		Section
Pn50B				E F Res //P-C 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 A 8 9 9 A B C D E	Reverse run al Reverse run al Revers	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -8 input signal -10 input signal -10 input signal -12 input signal -12 input signal -13 input signal 1-8 input signal 1-9 input signal 1-9 input signal -10 input signal	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev al is OF (H-lev al is OFF (H-lev))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el)	el).		Section
Pn50B				E F Res //P-C 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 A 8 9 0 0 7 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 0	Reverse run al Reverse run al Revers	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -8 input signal -10 input signal -10 input signal -12 input signal -12 input signal -13 input signal 1-8 input signal 1-9 input signal 1-9 input signal -10 input signal	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev al is OF (H-lev al is OFF (H-lev))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el)	el).		Section
Pn50B				E F Res //P-C 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 A B C C D E F	Reverse run al Reverse run al Revers	lowed when Cl lowed when Cl ange.) g (Torque Lir -13 input signal -7 input signal -8 input signal -9 input signal -10 input signa -12 input signa -12 input signa 1-7 input signa 1-8 input signa 1-9 input signa 1-9 input signa 1-9 input signa	N1-11 input si N1-12 input si nit when ON al is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev is ON (L-lev al is OFF (H-le al is OFF (H-le) al is OFF (H-le)	gnal is OFF (H-leve gnal is OFF (H-leve (L-level)) (L-level)) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el) (el)	el).		Section

Appendix

10

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10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd)

Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Output Signal Selection 1	0000 to 3333	-	0000	After restart	Setup	_	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit I.	·						
		Pos	itioning Completio	n Signal Ma	pping (/COI	N)			erence ection
		0		ç					
		$\frac{1}{2}$	1 8		-			4	.8.6
		3	1 0		_				
Pn50E			Outputs the sign		20, 20 output	terminur.			
THOOL		Spe	ed Coincidence D	etection Sig	nal Mapping	) (/V-CMP)			erence ction
		0 to	Same as /COII	N Signal Map	ping.			4	.8.5
		Ser	vomotor Rotation [	Detection Si	gnal Mappir	ng (/TGON)			erence ction
		0 te	Same as /COII	N Signal Map	ping.				.8.3
		Ser	vo Ready Signal M	lapping (/S-	RDY)				erence
		0 te	Same as /COI	N Signal Map	ping.			4	.8.4
	2	Output Signal Selection 2	0000 to 3333	_	0100	After restart	Setup	_	Γ
	2		0000 10 5555		0100	Alter Testart	Setup		
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit I.							
		Torc	ue Limit Detectior	i Signal Maj	oping (/CLT)	1			ference ection
			Disabled (the a	above signal i	s not used.)				
			1.1.1		-				4.6.3
			1						
Pn50F			B Outputs the sig	gnai from CN	1-25, 26 outpu	it terminal.			
FIIJOI		Spe	ed Limit Detection	Signal Map	ping (/VLT)				ference ection
		0 to	3 Same as /CLT S	ignal Mappin	g.			4	4.8.8
		Bra	ke Signal Mapping	(/BK)					ference ection
		0 tc	3 Same as /CLT S	ignal Mappin	g.			4	4.3.4
								Re	erence
		War	ning Signal Mappi	ng (/WARN	)				ection

Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Output Signal Selection 3	0000 to 0333	1	0000	After restart	Setup	1	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit I.  I. I	Signal Mapping (	(/NEAR)			_		erence
		0	Disabled (the ab Outputs the sign						4.8.7
Pn510		2	Outputs the sign Outputs the sign		,				
		Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
		Reserv	/ed (Do not cha	nge.)					
		Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					

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10.1.2 Parameters

										(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Input Signal Selection	n 5	0000 to FFFF	_	6543	After restart	Setup	_	-
Pn511	2 n.	Input Signal Selection	- Homing 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A 8 9 A B C C D E F		rom CN1-13 ii rom CN1-7 im rom CN1-8 in rom CN1-9 in rom CN1-10 ii rom CN1-10 i rom CN1-11 ii rom CN1-12 ii signal from C signal from C signal from C signal from C signal from C signal from C signal from C	apping (/DE nput terminal. put terminal. put terminal. nput terminal. nput terminal. nput terminal. nput terminal. CN1-13 input terminal. CN1-7 input terminal. CN1-8 input terminal. CN1-9 input terminal. CN1-10 input terminal.	C) C) c) comparison of the second sec	Setup		
			5	Inputs the signal f						
			6 7	Inputs the signal fi Sets signal ON.	rom CN1-12 i	nput terminal.				
			8	Sets signal OFF.						
			D	Inputs the reversal	signal from C	CN1-10 input	terminal.			
			Е	Inputs the reversal	signal from C	CN1-11 input	erminal.			
			F	Inputs the reversal	signal from C	CN1-12 input	terminal.			
			0 to 3 9 to F	Sets signal OFF.						
			-							
				I Latch 2 Signal M						
			0 to F	Same as /EXT1 si	gnai mapping	·				
			Externa	ll Latch 3 Signal M	lapping (/EX	Т3)				
			0 to F	Same as /EXT1 sig	gnal mapping.					
	1									

(cont'd)

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Output Signal Inverse Setting	0000 to 0111	-	0000	After restart	Setup	-	3.3.2
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1.							1
		Output	Signal Inversion	on for CN1-1	or -2 Termi	nal			
		0	Does not inverse	e outputs.					
		1	Inverses outputs						
Pn512		Output	Signal Inversio	on for CN1-2	3 or -24 Ter	minal			
		0	Does not inverse	e outputs.					
		1	Inverses outputs						
		Output	Signal Inversio		5 or -26 Ter	minal			
		0	Does not inverse						
		1	Inverses outputs						
		Reser	/ed (Do not cha	nae)					
		10001							
Pn517	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	-	-	0000	—	-	-	-
Pn51B	4	Excessive Error Level between Servomotor and Load Positions	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1000	Immediately	Setup	_	8.3.6
Pn51E	2	Excessive Position Error Warning Level	10 to 100	1%	100	Immediately	Setup	_	9.2.1
Pn520	4	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level	1 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	5242880	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.4 9.1.1
Pn522	4	Positioning Completed Width	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	7	Immediately	Setup	_	4.8.6
Pn524	4	NEAR Signal Width	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1073741824	Immediately	Setup	_	4.8.7
Pn526	4	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON	1 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	5242880	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn528	2	Excessive Position Error Warning Level at Servo ON	10 to 100	1%	100	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.4
Pn529	2	Speed Limit Level at Servo ON	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn52A	2	Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation	0 to 100	1%	20	Immediately	Tuning	-	8.3.6
Pn52B	2	Overload Warning Level	1 to 100	1%	20	Immediately	Setup	-	
Pn52C	2	Derating of Base Current at Detecting Overload of Motor	10 to 100	1%	100	After restart	Setup	_	4.3.8
Pn52F	2	Monitor Display at Power ON	0000 to 0FFF	_	0FFF	Immediately	Setup	_	_

Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Program JOG Operation Related Switch	0000 to 0005	-	0000	Immediately	Setup	_	6.5
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1.							
		Progra	m JOG Operati	on Switch					
		0	(Waiting time Pr	$n535 \rightarrow Forward$	rd movement	t Pn531) $ imes$ Numbe	r of moveme	ents Pn536	
		1	(Waiting time Pr	$n535 \rightarrow \text{Rever}$	se movement	Pn531) $\times$ Number	of moveme	ents Pn536	
		2	, U			t Pn531) $\times$ Number Pn531) $\times$ Number			
Pn530		3	· •			Pn531) $\times$ Number t Pn531) $\times$ Number			
		4	ι υ			t Pn531 $\rightarrow$ Waiting novements Pn536	time Pn535	$\rightarrow$	
		5				$Pn531 \rightarrow Waiting$ novements Pn536	time Pn535	$\rightarrow$	
		Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
		Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
		Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
Pn531	4	Program JOG Movement Distance	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	32768	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn533	2	Program JOG Movement Speed	1 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	500	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn534	2	Program JOG Acceleration/ Deceleration Time	2 to 10000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup	_	- 6.5
Pn535	2	Program JOG Waiting Time	0 to 10000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn536	2	Number of Times of Program JOG Movement	0 to 1000	1 time	1	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn550	2	Analog Monitor 1 Offset Voltage	-10000 to 10000	0.1 V	0	Immediately	Setup	_	
Pn551	2	Analog Monitor 2 Offset Voltage	-10000 to 10000	0.1 V	0	Immediately	Setup	_	<b>1</b> 5 1 2
Pn552	2	Analog Monitor Magnification (×1)	-10000 to 10000	×0.01	100	Immediately	Setup	_	- 5.1.3
Pn553	2	Analog Monitor Magnification (×2)	-10000 to 10000	×0.01	100	Immediately	Setup	_	1
Pn560	2	Remained Vibration Detection Width	1 to 3000	0.1%	400	Immediately	Setup	_	5.7.1
Pn561	2	Overshoot Detection Level	0 to 100	1%	100	Immediately	Setup	_	5.3.1 5.4.1
Pn600	2	Regenerative Resistor Capacity <sup>*1</sup>	Depends on SERVO- PACK Capacity *2	10 W	0	Immediately	Setup	_	3.7.2
Pn601	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	-	-	0	-	-	-	-

(cont'd)

\*1. Normally set to "0." When using an external regenerative resistor, set the capacity (W) of the regenerative resistor.
\*2. The upper limit is the maximum output capacity (W) of the SERVOPACK.

No.       Size       Name       Range       Units       Setting       Enabled       fication       Profile       Section         2       Communications Control       -       -       1040       Immediately       Setup       -       -         4th       3rd       2nd       1st       digit digit digit       - <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>(conťd)</th></t<>											(conťd)			
Ath, 3rd, 2nd, 1st, digit,	Parameter No.	Size	Na	me	-	Units		-		Profile	Reference Section			
Pr800		2	Communicatio	ns Control	-	-	1040	Immediately	Setup	-	-			
Pn800 <ul> <li>Ignores MECHATROLINK communications error (A.E60).</li> <li>Ignores both MECHATROLINK communications error (A.E60) and WDT error (A.E50).</li> </ul> Warning Check Mask <ul> <li>No mask</li> <li>Ignores both MECHATROLINK communications error (A.E60) and WDT error (A.E50).</li> </ul> Warning Check Mask <ul> <li>No mask</li> <li>Ignores command warning (A.94D).</li> <li>Ignores both data setting warning (A.94D) and communications warning (A.95D).</li> <li>Ignores both data setting warning (A.94D) and communications warning (A.96D).</li> </ul> <li>Ignores both command warning (A.94D) and communications warning (A.96D).</li> <ul> <li>Ignores both command warning (A.94D), command warning (A.96D).</li> <li>Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning (A.94D) and communications warning (A.96D).</li> <li>Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning (A.95D), and data clamp (A.97B).</li> <li>Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).</li> <li>Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).</li> <li>Ignores commandications warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).</li> <li>Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).</li> <li>Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).</li> <li>Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).</li> <li>Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).</li></ul>		r	digit digit digi			Communicat	ions Check	Mask (for debug	)					
2       Ignores WDT error (A.E50).         3       Ignores both MECHATROLINK communications error (A.E60) and WDT error (A.E50).         Warning Check Mask       0         0       No mask         1       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D).         2       Ignores outmand warning (A.94D).         2       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94D) and command warning (A.95D).         3       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94D) and communications warning (A.96D).         5       Ignores both command warning (A.94D) and communications warning (A.96D).         6       Ignores both command warning (A.94D) and communications warning (A.96D).         6       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning (A.95D) and communications warning (A.96D).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command w														
Image: Second							ommunication	s error (A.E60).						
Warning Check Mask         0       No mask         1       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□).         2       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□).         3       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and command warning (A.95□).         4       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         5       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         6       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         7       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning (A.96□).         9       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning (A.97B).         9       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         8       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       Ignores command warning					č	. ,								
0       No mask         1       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□).         2       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and command warning (A.95□).         3       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         5       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         6       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         7       Ignores both command warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□) and communications warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         1       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         10       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communication				3	Ignores both MI	ECHATROLIN	VK communic	ations error (A.E60	) and WDT	error (A.E50)				
0       No mask         1       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□).         2       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and command warning (A.95□).         3       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         5       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         6       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         7       Ignores both command warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□) and communications warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         1       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         10       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communication				\M/arn	ing Check Mask									
Pn800       1       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□),         2       Ignores command warning (A.94□) and command warning (A.95□).         3       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         5       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         6       Ignores both command warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         7       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         8       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         1       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         1       Ignores data setting w														
2       Ignores command warning (A.95□).         3       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and command warning (A.95□).         4       Ignores communications warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         5       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         6       Ignores both command warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         7       Ignores both command warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□) and communications warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□) and communications warning (A.96□).         9       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         8       Ignores communications warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores communications warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       Ignores communications warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         0       No warning-Clear (for debug) <sup>*3</sup> 0       No warning-Clear (for debug)						ing warning (	A.94□).							
4       Ignores communications warning (A.96D).         5       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94D) and communications warning (A.96D).         6       Ignores both command warning (A.94D) and communications warning (A.96D).         7       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning (A.95D) and communications warning (A.96D).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         A       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         B       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         B       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         C       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores command warning (A.94D), communications warning (A.96D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores command warning (A.94D), communications warning (A.96D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A). </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>0</td> <td>5 5 (</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				2	0	5 5 (								
Pn800       5       Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         6       Ignores both command warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□).         7       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□) and communications warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         A       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         B       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         C       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         C       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data se				3	Ignores both dat	a setting warn	ing (A.94□) a	and command warn	ing (A.95	).				
6       Ignores both command warning (A.95□) and communications warning (A.96□).         7       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□) and communications warning (A.96□).         8       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         A       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         B       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         C       Ignores communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         C       Ignores communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B). <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td>Ignores commu</td> <td>nications warn</td> <td>ing (A.96□).</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				4	Ignores commu	nications warn	ing (A.96□).							
Pn800       7       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning (A.95D) and communications warning (A.96D).         8       Ignores command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         A       Ignores command warning (A.95D) and command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         B       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         B       Ignores communications warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         C       Ignores communications warning (A.96D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), communications warning (A.96D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores command warning (A.96D), communications warning (A.96D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores command warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94D), command warning (A.96D), communications warning (A.96D), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B). <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5</td><td>Ignores both dat</td><td>a setting warn</td><td>ing <math>(A.94\Box)</math> a</td><td>and communication</td><td>s warning (A</td><td>4.96□).</td><td></td></t<>				5	Ignores both dat	a setting warn	ing $(A.94\Box)$ a	and communication	s warning (A	4.96□).				
Image: Second				6	Ignores both con	nmand warnir	ng (A.95□) ar	d communications	warning (A.	.96□).				
9       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         A       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         B       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         C       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.96□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.97B).         Reserved (Do not change.)       Automatic warning-clear (for debug)*3         0       No warning-clear (for debug)	Pn800			7	U U									
A       Ignores command warning (A.95□) and command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         B       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         C       Ignores communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores command warning (A.94□), command warning (A.96□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         Reserved (Do not change.)				8	Ignores comman	nd warning 7 (	A.97A) and d	ata clamp (A.97B).						
B       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         C       Ignores communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores command warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.96□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         Reserved (Do not change.)       Automatic warning-clear (for debug)*3         0       No warning-clear (for debug)				9	Ignores data set	ting warning (.	A.94□), com	mand warning 7 (A.	.97A) and da	ata clamp (A.	97B).			
and data clamp (A.97B).       C       Ignores communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores command warning (A.95□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         Reserved (Do not change.)       Automatic warning-clear (for debug)*3         0       No warning-clear (for debug)				A	Ignores comman	nd warning (A	.95□) and cor	nmand warning 7 (	A.97A) and	data clamp (A	A.97B).			
D       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7         (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         E       Ignores command warning (A.95□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7         (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□), communications warning (A.96□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7         (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         F       Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□), communications warning (A.96□), command warning 7         (A.96□), command warning 7 (A.97A) and data clamp (A.97B).         Reserved (Do not change.)         Automatic warning-clear (for debug)*3         0       No warning-clear (for debug)				В	C		A.94□), com	nand warning (A.9	5□), comma	and warning 7	(A.97A)			
Image: Approximation of the second				С	Ignores commun	nications warn	ing (A.96□),	command warning	7 (A.97A) a	nd data clamp	o (A.97B).			
Image: Approximation of the second				D	U U	0 0 (		nunications warnin	g (A.96□),	command wa	rning 7			
Automatic warning-clear (for debug)*3       0				E	C	Ű,		unications warning	(A.96□), co	ommand warr	ing 7			
Automatic warning-clear (for debug)*3       0     No warning-clear (for debug)				F	-			÷ .		unications wa	rning			
0 No warning-clear (for debug)				Rese	rved (Do not cha	inge.)								
				Autor	matic warning-cle	ear (for debu	ıg) <sup>*3</sup>							
1         Automatic warning-clear (for MECHATROLINK-III specifications)				0	No warning-clear (for debug)									
				1	Automatic warning	-clear (for MI	ECHATROLI	NK-III specification	s)					

\*3. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile.

10.1.2 Parameters

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Application Function Select 6 (Software LS)	_	_	0003	Immediately	Setup	-	-
Pn801	n.	0 1 2 3 Reserve 0 1	e Limit Function Enables forward a Disables forward a Disables reverse s Disables software ed (Do not change Disables software Enables software Enables software	software limit. oftware limit. limit in both d e.) nce limit for refere	lirections.				
Pn803	2	Origin Range	0 to 250	1 reference unit	10	Immediately	Setup	_	_
Pn804	4	Forward Software Limit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	1073741823	Immediately	Setup		422
Pn806	4	Reverse Software Limit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	-1073741823	Immediately	Setup	_	4.3.3
Pn808	4	Absolute Encoder Origin Offset	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	0	Immediately <sup>*4</sup>	Setup	_	4.7.8
Pn80A	2	1st Linear Acceleration Constant	1 to 65535	10000 reference unit/s <sup>2</sup>	100	Immediately <sup>*5</sup>	Setup	_	_
Pn80B	2	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant	1 to 65535	10000 reference unit/s <sup>2</sup>	100	Immediately*5	Setup	_	_
Pn80C	2	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed	0 to 65535	100 reference unit/s	0	Immediately <sup>*5</sup>	Setup	_	_
Pn80D	2	1st Linear Deceleration Constant	1 to 65535	10000 reference unit/s <sup>2</sup>	100	Immediately <sup>*5</sup>	Setup	_	_
Pn80E	2	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant	1 to 65535	10000 reference unit/s <sup>2</sup>	100	Immediately <sup>*5</sup>	Setup	_	-
Pn80F	2	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed	0 to 65535	100 reference unit/s	0	Immediately <sup>*5</sup>	Setup	_	_

\*4. Available after the SENS\_ON command is input.
\*5. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
Pn810	2	Exponential Function Acceleration/Deceleration Bias	0 to 65535	100 reference unit/s	0	Immediately*6	Setup	-	-
Pn811	2	Exponential Function Acceleration/Deceleration Time Constant	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0	Immediately*6	Setup	_	-
Pn812	2	Movement Average Time	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0	Immediately*6	Setup	-	-
Pn814	4	Final Travel Distance for External Positioning	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	100	Immediately	Setup	_	_
	2	Homing Mode Setting	_	-	0000	Immediately	Setup	M2 <sup>*7</sup>	_
Pn816	n.	Reserved	Direction Forward Reverse (Do not change. (Do not change.	)					
Pn817	2	Homing Approach Speed (Homing Approach Speed 1)	0 to 65535	100 reference unit/s	50	Immediately*5	Setup	-	-
Pn818	2	Homing Creep Speed (Homing Approach Speed 2)	0 to 65535	100 reference unit/s	5	Immediately <sup>*5</sup>	Setup	_	_
Pn819	4	Final Travel Distance for Homing	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	100	Immediately	Setup	-	-

\*5. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during \*6. The settings are updated only if the sending of the reference has been stopped (DEN is set to 1).
\*7. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile.

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd) Parameter Setting Factory When Classi-Reference Size Units Profile Name No Setting Enabled fication Section Range Input Signal Monitor  $M2^{*7}$ 2 \_ 0000 Immediately Setup \_ \_ Selection 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit n. 🗆 🗆 🗆 🗆 IO12 Signal Mapping 0 No mapping 1 Monitors CN1-13 input terminal. 2 Monitors CN1-7 input terminal. 3 Monitors CN1-8 input terminal. 4 Monitors CN1-9 input terminal. Pn81E 5 Monitors CN1-10 input terminal. 6 Monitors CN1-11 input terminal. 7 Monitors CN1-12 input terminal. IO13 Signal Mapping 0 to 7 Same as IO2 signal mapping. IO14 Signal Mapping 0 to 7 Same as IO2 signal mapping. IO15 Signal Mapping 0 to 7 Same as IO2 signal mapping 2 Command Data Allocation 0010 M2<sup>\*7</sup> After restart Setup 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 🗆 🗆 🗆 🗆 **Option Field Allocation** 0 Disables OPTION bit allocation. 1 Enables OPTION bit allocation. Pn81F Position Control Command TFF/TLIM Function Allocation 0 Disables allocation. 1 Enables allocation. Reserved (Do not change.) Reserved (Do not change.) -2147483648 1 Forward Latching Allowable Pn820 4 0 Immediately Setup reference to Area 2147483647 unit -2147483648 1 Reverse Latching Allowable Pn822 4 0 Immediately to reference Setup \_ Area 2147483647 unit

\*7. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile.

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	(cont'd) Reference Section
		Option N	Ionitor 1 Selection	_	_	ootting	Lindbiod	noution		Coodon
		0000H	Motor rotating speed [1000000H/overspeed		sition]					
		0001H	Speed reference [1000000H/overspeed	ed detection pos	sition]					
		0002H	Torque [1000000H/r	nax. torque]						
		0003H	Position error (lower	32 bits) [refere	ence unit]					
		0004H	Position error (upper	32 bits) [refere	ence unit]					
		0005H	System reserved							
		0006H	System reserved							
		000AH	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
		000BH		, E	-					
		000CH	FPG count (lower 32	, E	-					
		000DH	FPG count (upper 32		-					
		0010H	Un000: Motor rotati		<sup>1</sup> ]					
		0011H	Un001: Speed refere							
		0012H	Un002: Torque refer							
		0013H	Un003: Rotational at from the phase-C ori	gin: decimal di	pulses splay)				_	
		0014H	Un004: Rotational an						_	
Pn824	2	0015H	Un005: Input signal			0000	Immediately	ely Setup		-
		0016H	Un006: Output signa	al monitor						
		0017H	Un007: Input positio	on reference spe	ed [min <sup>-1</sup> ]					
		0018H	Un008: Position erro	2						
		0019H	Un009: Accumulated							
		001AH	Un00A: Regenerativ	-	-					
		001BH	Un00B: DB resistant [%]	ce consumption	n power					
		001CH	Un00C: Input reference [reference unit]							
		001DH	Un00D: Feedback pt [encoder pulse]	ulse counter						
		001EH	Un00E: Fully-closed counter [external end							
		001FH	System reserved							
		0023H	Primary multi-turn d							
		0024H	Primary incremental							
		0080H	Previous value of lat (LPOS) [encoder put	ched feedback [se]	position					
		0081H	Previous value of lat (LPOS2) [encoder pr		position				M3 <sup>*3</sup>	
		0084H	Continuous latch sta	tus						
		Option N	Ionitor 2 Selection	_	—	0000	Immediately	Setup	—	-
Pn825	2	0000H to 0084H	Same as Option Mor	nitor 1 Selection	n.			-	_	_
	*3		arameter is enabled or	by for MECHA	TDOLDIV	III atau dana	1			<u> </u>

\*3. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile.

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Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

#### (cont'd) Parameter Setting Factory When Classi-Reference Size Units Profile Name Setting Enabled No. Range fication Section 10000 Linear Deceleration Constant reference Pn827 Immediately\*5 2 1 to 65535 100 Setup 1 for Stopping $unit/s^2$ SVOFF Waiting Time Pn829 2 0 Immediately\*5 (SVOFF at deceleration to 0 to 65535 10 ms Setup \_ stop) 0000 to $M2^{*7}$ 1813 2 Option Field Allocation 1 After restart \_ Setup \_ 1E1E 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 🗆 🗆 🗆 🗆 ACCFIL bit position 0 to E Pn82A 0 Disables ACCFIL bit allocation. 1 Enables ACCFIL bit allocation. 0 to E GSEL bit position 0 Disables GSEL bit allocation. Enables GSEL bit allocation. 1 0000 to M2<sup>\*7</sup> 1D1C 2 **Option Field Allocation 2** After restart Setup \_ \_ 1F1F 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 🗆 🗆 🗆 🗆 V\_PPI bit position 0 to F Pn82B 0 Disables V PPI bit allocation. 1 Enables V PPI bit allocation. 0 to F P PI CLR bit position 0 Disables P\_PI\_CLR bit allocation. 1 Enables P\_PI\_CLR bit allocation.

\*5. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

\*7. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile.

										(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Option Field Allocation	n 3	0000 to 1F1F	Ι	1F1E	After restart	Setup	M2 <sup>*7</sup>	-
Pn82C	n.		0	P_CL bit position Disables P_CL bit Enables P_CL bit						
		_								
				Disables N_CL bit						
		-	1	Enables N_CL bit	anocation.					
	2	Option Field Allocation	n 4	0000 to 1F1C	-	0000	After restart	Setup	M2 <sup>*7</sup>	-
	n.	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit								
			0 to C	BANK_SEL1 bit J	position					
Pn82D			0	Disables BANK_S	FI 1 bit alloc	ation				
				Enables BANK_S						
			0 to F	LT_DISABLE bit	position					
		_								
				Disables LT_DISA Enables LT_DISA						
						tion.				
	2	Option Field Allocation	n 5	0000 to 1D1F	_	0000	After restart	Setup	M2 <sup>*7</sup>	-
	n.	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit			<u> </u>					
Pn82E			Reserve	ed (Do not change	9.)					
THOLE			Reserve	ed (Do not change	9.)					
			0 to D	OUT_SIGNAL bit	t position					
			0	Disables OUT_SI	GNAL bit allo	cation.				
		_		Enables OUT_SIC						
			.1.1.1		TDOLINIZ	TT	1 (*1			

 $*7. \ \ \, \text{This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile.}$ 

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Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd) Parameter Setting Factory When Classi-Reference Size Units Profile Name No Range Setting Enabled fication Section 0000 to 0001 0000 Setup 2 Motion Setting After restart \_ \_ \_ 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 🗆 🖵 🖵 🖵 Linear Accel/Decel Constant Selection 0 Uses Pn80A to Pn80F and Pn827. (Setting of Pn834 to Pn840 disabled) Pn833 1 Uses Pn834 to Pn840. (Setting of Pn80A to Pn80F and Pn827 disabled) Reserved (Do not change.) Reserved (Do not change.) Reserved (Do not change.) 10000 1st Linear Acceleration 1 to Immediately Pn834 4 reference 100 Setup Constant 2 20971520 \*5 unit/s<sup>2</sup> 10000 2nd Linear Acceleration 1 to Immediately Pn836 4 reference 100 Setup \_ 20971520 Constant 2 \*5 unit/s 1 Acceleration Constant 0 toImmediately Pn838 4 0 reference Setup \_ Switching Speed 2 2097152000 \*5 unit/s 10000 1st Linear Deceleration 1 to Immediately Pn83A 4 reference 100 Setup Constant 2 20971520 \*5 unit/s<sup>2</sup> 10000 2nd Linear Deceleration 1 to Immediately Pn83C reference 4 100 Setup \_ 20971520 Constant 2 \*5 unit/s<sup>2</sup> 1 Deceleration Constant 0 to Immediately Pn83E reference 4 0 Setup \_ Switching Speed 2 2097152000 \*5 unit/s 10000 Linear Deceleration 1 to Immediately Pn840 4 reference 100 Setup \_ Constant 2 for Stopping 20971520 \*5 unit/s<sup>2</sup> Pn850 2 0 to 8 0 Latch Sequence Number Immediately \_ Setup \_ \_ Pn851 2 0 to 255 0 Continuous Latch Count Immediately Setup

\*5. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

										(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Latch Sequence Signs Setting	al 1 to 4	0000 to 3333	_	0000	Immediately	Setup	-	-
Pn852	4th. 3rd 2rd 1st digit digit digit digit digit digit digit digit digit         n.       Interview of the sequence 1 signal selection.         0       Phase C         1       EXT1 signal         2       EXT2 signal         3       EXT3 signal         Interview of the sequence 2 signal selection.         0       to a 3 same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.         0       to a 3 same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.         0       to a 3 same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.         0       to a 3 same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.         0       to a 3 same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.         0       to a 3 same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.         0       to a 3 same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.         0       to a 3 same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.									
	2	Latch Sequence Signs Setting	al 5 to 8	0000 to 3333	_	0000	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn853	n.	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit	0         I           1         I           2         I           3         I           - Latch sec         0 to 3           - Latch sec         0 to 3           - Latch sec         0 to 3           - Latch sec         0 to 3	quence 5 signal s Phase C EXT1 signal EXT2 signal EXT3 signal Quence 6 signal s Same as latch sequ Quence 7 signal s Same as latch sequ Quence 8 signal Same as latch sequ	selection. ence 5 signal selection. ence 5 signal selection.	selection.				

Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd) Parameter Setting Factory When Classi-Reference Size Units Profile Name No Range Setting Enabled fication Section SVCMD\_IO (input signal M3<sup>\*3</sup> 2 0000 to 1717 0000 \_ Immediately Setup \_ monitor) Allocation 1 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit n. 🗅 🗖 🗖 🗖 0 to 7 Bit position of CN1-13 input terminal monitor Pn860 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-13 input terminal monitor. 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-13 input terminal monitor. Bit position of CN1-7 input terminal monitor 0 to 7 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-7 input terminal monitor. 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-7 input terminal monitor. SVCMD IO (input signal  $M3^{*3}$ 2 0000 to 1717 0000 Immediately Setup monitor) Allocation 2 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. Č Č Č Č 0 to 7 Bit position of CN1-8 input terminal monitor Pn861 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-8 input terminal monitor. 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-8 input terminal monitor. 0 to 7 Bit position of CN1-9 input terminal monitor 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-9 input terminal monitor. 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-9 input terminal monitor. SVCMD IO (input signal 2 0000 to 1717  $M3^{*3}$ 0000 Immediately Setup monitor) Allocation 3 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 🗆 🗖 0 to 7 Bit position of CN1-10 input terminal monitor Pn862 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-10 input terminal monitor. Enables bit allocation for CN1-10 input terminal monitor. 1 0 to 7 Bit position of CN1-11 input terminal monitor 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-11 input terminal monitor. 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-11 input terminal monitor.

\*3. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile.

										(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	SVCMD_IO (input sig monitor) Allocation 4	nal	0000 to 1717	-	0000	Immediately	Setup	M3 <sup>*3</sup>	_
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit I.								
			0 to 7	Bit position of C	N1-12 input to	erminal monit	or			
Pn863			0	Disables bit allo	cation for CN1	-12 input terr	ninal monitor.			
			1	Enables bit alloc	ation for CN1	-12 input tern	ninal monitor.			
			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
	2	SVCMD_IO (input sig monitor) Allocation 5	nal	0000 to 1717	-	0000	Immediately	Setup	M3 <sup>*3</sup>	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit I.								
Pn864			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
			Reserv	/ed (Do not cha	nge.)					
			Reserv	/ed (Do not cha	nge)					
			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
	2	SVCMD_IO (input sig monitor) Allocation 6	nal	0000 to 1717	_	0000	Immediately	Setup	M3 <sup>*3</sup>	_
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit 1.								
Pn865			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
			Reserv	/ed (Do not cha	nge.)					
			Reserv	/ed (Do not cha	nge.)					
				ved (Do not cha						
		<u>L</u>	Reserv	red (Do not cha	nge.)					
	2	SVCMD_IO (input sig monitor) Allocation 7	nal	0000 to 1717	_	0000	Immediately	Setup	M3 <sup>*3</sup>	_
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit I. ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐								
Pn866			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
			Reserv	ved (Do not cha	nge.)					
Pn880	2	Station Address Monito (for maintenance, read		03 to EFH	-	0	Immediately	Setup	-	_

\*3. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile.

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									(cont u)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
Pn881	2	Setting Transmission Byte Monitor [byte] (for maintenance, read only)	17, 32, 48	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	_
Pn882	2	Transmission Cycle Setting Monitor [0.25 µs] (for maintenance, read only)	0 to FFFFH	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn883	2	Communications Cycle Set- ting Monitor [x transmission cycle] (for maintenance, read only)	0 to 32	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	_
Pn88A	2	MECHATROLINK Receive Error Counter Monitor (for maintenance, read only)	0 to 65535	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	_
Pn890 to Pn8A6	4	Command Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFH	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	_
Pn8A8 to Pn8BE	4	Response Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFH	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn900	2	Parameter Bank Number	0 to 16	-	0	After restart	Setup	-	-
Pn901	2	Parameter Bank Member Number	0 to 15	_	0	After restart	Setup	_	-
Pn902 to Pn910	2	Parameter Bank Member Definition	0000H to 08FFH	_	0	After restart	Setup	_	_
Pn920 to Pn95F	2	Parameter Bank Data (nonvolatile memory save disabled)	0000H to FFFFH	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	_

# 10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

The following list shows the common parameters used by all devices for MECHATROLINK-III. These common parameters are used to make settings from the host controller via MECHATROLINK communications. Do not change settings with the digital operator or any other device.

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
		Encoder	Type (read only)	0 to 1	_	_		
01 PnA02	4	0000H	Absolute encoder				-	
		0001H	Incremental encoder					
		Motor Ty	/pe (read only)	0 to 1	_	-		
02 PnA04	4	0000H	Rotational servomotor				-	
		0001H	Linear servomotor					
03	4	Semi-clos (read only	sed/Fully-closed Type y)	0 to 1	_	-		
PnA06	4	0000H	Semi-closed				_	
		0001H	Fully-closed					Device
04 PnA08	4	Rated Sp	eed (read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFH	min <sup>-1</sup>	_	-	Information Related
05 PnA0A	4	Maximur	n Output Speed (read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFH	min <sup>-1</sup>	-	-	Parameters
06 PnA0C	4	Speed M	ultiplier (read only)	_	_	_	-	
07 PnA0E	4	Rated To	rque (read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFH	N∙m	_	-	
08 PnA10	4	Maximur only)	n Output Torque (read	0 to FFFFFFFFH	N∙m	_	-	
09 PnA12	4	Torque M	fultiplier (read only)	-	_	_	-	
0A PnA14	4	Resolutio	on (read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFH	pulse/rev	_	-	
21 PnA42	4	Electroni	c Gear Ratio (Numerator)	1 to 1073741824	_	1	After restart	
22 PnA44	4	Electroni tor)	c Gear Ratio (Denomina-	1 to 1073741824	_	1	After restart	
23 PnA46	4	Absolute	Encoder Origin Offset	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*1</sup>	
24 PnA48	4	Multiturn	Limit Setting	0 to 65535	Rev	65535	After restart	
		Limit Set	ting	0 to 33H	0000H			Machine
		Bit 0	P-OT (0: Enabled, 1: Disab	oled)				Specification Related
		Bit 1	N-OT (0: Enabled, 1: Disat	oled)				Parameters
		Bit 2	Reserved					
25	4	Bit 3	Reserved			0000H	After	
PnA4A		Bit 4	P-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: Ena	abled)		000011	restart	
		Bit 5	N-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: En	abled)				
		Bit 6	Reserved					
		Bit 7 to 31	Reserved					

\*1. Available after the SENS\_ON command is input.

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
26 PnA4C	4	Forward	Software Limit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	1073741823	Immedi- ately	
27 PnA4E	4	Reserved	(Do not use.)	_	_	0	Immedi- ately	Machine Specification
28 PnA50	4	Reverse S	Software Limit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	-1073741823	Immedi- ately	Related Parameters
29 PnA52	4	Reserved	(Do not use.)	-	-	0	Immedi- ately	
		Speed Ur	nit <sup>*2</sup>	0 to 4	_			
		0000H	reference unit/sec					
41		0001H	reference unit/min				After	
PnA82	4	0002H	Percentage (%) of rated spe	eed <sup>*3</sup>		0	restart	
		0003H	min <sup>-1*3</sup>					
		0004H	Max. motor speed/4000000	00H <sup>*4</sup>				
42 PnA84	4	exponent	se Unit value of "n" used as the in 10 <sup>n</sup> when calculating d Unit (41).) <sup>*3*4</sup>	-3 to 3	_	0	After restart	
43	4	Position	Unit	0	_	0	After	
PnA86	4	0000H	reference unit			0	restart	
44 PnA88	4	(Set the vertice) (Set the vertice)	Base Unit ralue of "n" used as the in 10 <sup>n</sup> when calculating on Unit (43).)	0	_	0	After restart	Unit System Related
		Accelerat	tion Unit	_	_			Parameters
45 PnA8A	4	0000H	reference unit/sec <sup>2</sup>			0	After restart	
FILAUA		0001H	Not supported				Testart	
46 PnA8C	4	(Set the v exponent	tion Base Unit value of "n" used as the in 10 <sup>n</sup> when calculating leration Unit (45).)	4 to 6	_	4	After restart	
		Torque U	nit	1 to 2	_			
47		0000H	Not supported			1	After	
PnA8E	4	0001H	Percentage (%) of rated tor	que		1	restart	
		0002H	Max. torque/40000000H <sup>*5</sup>					
48 PnA90	4	(Set the v exponent the Torqu	ase Unit <sup>*5</sup> value of "n" used as the in 10 <sup>n</sup> when calculating the Unit (47).)	-5 to 0	_	0	After restart	

\*2. When using fully-closed loop control, set 0000H (Reference unit/sec).

\*3. When either 0002H or 0003H is selected for the Speed Unit (parameter 41), set the Speed Base Unit (parameter 42) to a number between -3 and 0.

\*4. When 0004H is selected for the Speed Unit (parameter 41), set the Speed Base Unit (parameter 42) to 0.

\*5. When 0002H is selected for the Torque Unit (parameter 47), set the Torque Base Unit (parameter 48) to 0.
 Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
		Complia	nce Unit System (read only)					
		Speed						
		Bit 0	reference unit/s (1: Enabled					
		Bit 1	reference unit/min (1: Enab	oled)				
		Bit 2	Percentage (%) of rated spe	eed (1: Enabled)				
		Bit 3	min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm) (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 4	Max. motor speed/4000000	H [HEX] (1: Enal	oled)			
		Bit 5 to 7	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Position						
		Bit 8	reference unit (1: Enabled)					
49 PnA92	4	Bit 9 to 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)		0601011FH	_	Unit System Related Parameters	
		Accelerat	tion					
		Bit 16	reference unit/s <sup>2</sup> (1: Enable					
		Bit 17	msec (Acceleration time tal (0: Disabled)	ken to reach the ra	ted speed)			
		Bit 18 to 23	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Torque						
		Bit 24	N·m (N) (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 25	Percentage (%) of rated tor	que (1: Enabled)				
		Bit 26	Max. torque/40000000 [HE	EX] (1: Enabled)				
		Bit 27 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
61 PnAC2	4	Speed Lo	oop Gain	1000 to 2000000	0.001 Hz [0.1 Hz]	40000	Immedi- ately	
62 PnAC4	4	Speed Lo	oop Integral Time Constant	150 to 512000	μs [0.01 ms]	20000	Immedi- ately	
63 PnAC6	4	Position	Loop Gain	1000 to 2000000	0.001/s [0.1/s]	40000	Immedi- ately	
64 PnAC8	4	Feedforw	vard Compensation	0 to 100	1%	0	Immedi- ately	Adjustment Related Parameters
65 PnACA	4	Position I stant	Loop Integral Time Con-	0 to 5000000	μs [0.1 ms]	0	Immedi- ately	
66 PnACC	4	Positioni	ng Completed Width	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	7	Immedi- ately	
67 PnACE	4	NEAR S	ignal Width	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1073741824	Immedi- ately	

10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion	
81 PnB02	4	Exponent Time Cor	tial Function Accel/Decel	0 to 510000	μs [0.1 ms]	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*6</sup>		
82 PnB04	4	Movemen	nt Average Time	0 to 510000	μs [0.1 ms]	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*6</sup>		
83 PnB06	4	Final Tra Positioni	vel Distance for External ng	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	100	Immedi- ately		
84 PnB08	4	Homing <i>J</i>	Approach Speed	0 to 3FFFFFFFH	10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	500 Value converted reference/s into 10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Immedi- ately		
85 PnB0A	4	Homing	Creep Speed	0 to 3FFFFFFFH	10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	500 Value converted reference/s into 10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Immedi- ately		
86 PnB0C	4	Final Tra	vel Distance for Homing	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	100	Immedi- ately		
87 PnB0E	4	0000H 0001H 0002H 0003H 0004H 0005H 0006H 0007H 0008H 0009H 0000H 0000H 000CH 000CH 000CH 000CH	Selection 1 APOS CPOS PERR LPOS1 LPOS2 FSPD CSPD TRQ ALARM MPOS Reserved (Undefined value Reserved (Undefined value CMN1 (Common monitor CMN2 (Common monitor OMN1 (Optional monitor OMN2 (Optional monitor Selection 2	e) 1) 2) 1) 2) -		0	Immedi- ately	Command Related Parameters	
88 PnB10	4	0000H to 000FH	Same as Monitor Selection	ı 1.		0	Immedi- ately		

\*6. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

Parameter No.	Size	Name			Setting Ra	ange	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion	
		Monitor (CMN1)	Selectio	n for SEL_N	ION1	0 to 6		_			
		0000H	TPOS	(Target posi	tion in th	ne reference	coordin	ates)			
		0001H	IPOS	(Reference p	osition i	n the referen	ce coor	dinates)			
		0002H	POS_0 (POS_		et value	set in the set	nates command				
		0003H	TSPD	TSPD (Target speed)							
		0004H	SPD_LIM (Speed limit value)								
		0005H		LIM (Torque	e limit va	alue)					
			Monita Byte 00H 01H 02H 03H Byte 00H 01H 02H Byte	SV_STAT Monitor Byte 1: Current communications phase 00H: Phase 0 01H: Phase 1 02H: Phase 2 03H: Phase 3 Byte 2: Current control mode 00H: Position control mode 01H: Speed control mode 02H: Torque control mode Byte 3: Reserved Byte 4: Expansion signal monitor							
			Bit	Name	Co	ontents	Value	Setting			
89 PnB12	4		Bit 0	LT_RDY1	Processing status for latch detection specified by SVCMD_CTRL, LT_REQ1	0	Latch detection not processed	0	Immedi- ately	Command Related	
		0006Н				D_CTRL,	1	During latch detection processing			Parameters
			Bit 1	LT_RDY1	Processing s for latch dete specified by SVCMD_CT LT_REQ2	h detection	0	Latch detection not processed			
						D_ČTRL,	1	During latch detection processing			
							0	Phase C			
			Bit 2,				1	External input signal 1			
			Bit 3	LT_SEL1R	Latch s	ignal	2	External input signal 2			
							3	External input signal 3			
							0	Phase C			
			Rit 4				1	External input signal 1			
			Bit 4, Bit 5	LT_SEL2R La	Latch s	ignal	2	External input signal 2			
							3	External input signal 3			
			Bit 6	Reserved (0	))						

10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
8A		(CMN2)	Selection for SEL_MON2	0 to 6	_		Immedi-	
PnB14	4	0000H to 0006H	Same as Monitor Selection	0	ately			
8B PnB16	4	Origin De	etection Range	0 to 250	1 reference unit	10	Immedi- ately	
8C PnB18	4	Forward	Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	100	Immedi- ately	
8D PnB1A	4	Reverse 7	Forque Limit	0 to 800	1%	100	Immedi- ately	
8E PnB1C	4	Zero Spe	ed Detection Range	1000 to 10000000	10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	20000	Immedi- ately	
8F PnB1E	4	Speed Co Width (re	bincidence Signal Output ead only)	0 to 100000	10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immedi- ately	
			rvo Command Control Field					
		Bit 0	CMD_PAUSE (1: Enabled)	)				
		Bit 1	CMD_CANCEL (1: Enable			Command		
		Bit 2, 3	STOP_MODE (1: Enabled)	)			Related Parameters	
		Bit 4, 5	ACCFIL (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 6, 7	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 8	LT_REQ1 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 9	LT_REQ2 (1: Enabled)					
90 PnB20	4	Bit 10, 11	LT_SEL1 (1: Enabled)			0FFF3F3FH	_	
11020		Bit 12, 13	LT_SEL2 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 14, 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 16 to 19	SEL_MON1 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 20 to 23	SEL_MON2 (1: Enabled)			-		
		Bit 24 to 27	SEL_MON3 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 28 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					

Parameter No.	Size	Name S		Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
			mmand Status Field Disabled (read only)	0				
		Bit 0	CMD_PAUSE_CMP (1: En	nabled)				
		Bit 1	CMD_CANCEL_CMP (1:	Enabled)				
		Bit 2, 3	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 4, 5	ACCFIL (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 6, 7	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 8	L_CMP1 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 9	L_CMP2 (1: Enabled)					
91		Bit 10	POS_RDY (1: Enabled)					
PnB22	4	Bit 11	PON (1: Enabled)			0FFF3F33H	_	
		Bit 12	M_RDY (1: Enabled)					Command Related Parameters
		Bit 13	SV_ON (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 14, 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 16 to 19	SEL_MON1 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 20 to 23	SEL_MON2 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 24 to 27	SEL_MON3 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 28 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		I/O Bit E (read only	nabled/Disabled (Output) y)	_	_			
		Bit 0 to 3	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 4	V_PPI (1: Enabled)			-		
		Bit 5	P_PPI (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 6	P_CL (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 7	N_CL (1: Enabled)					
92	4	Bit 8	G_SEL (1: Enabled)			0075015011		
PnB24	4	Bit 9 to 11	G_SEL (0: Disabled)			007F01F0H	_	
		Bit 12 to 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 16 to 19	BANK_SEL (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 20 to 22	SO1 to SO3 (1: Enabled)			1		
		Bit 23	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 24 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					

10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
		I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled (Input) (read only)		-	-			
		Bit 0	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 1	DEC (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 2	P-OT (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 3	N-OT (1: Enabled)					Command Related Parameters
		Bit 4	EXT1 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 5	EXT2 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 6	EXT3 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 7	ESTP (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 8	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
93		Bit 9	BRK_ON (1: Enabled)					
PnB26	4	4 Bit 10 Bit 11	P-SOT (1: Enabled)			FF0FFEFEH	_	
			N-SOT (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 12	DEN (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 13	NEAR (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 14	PSET (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 15	ZPOINT (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 16	T_LIM (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 17	V_LIM (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 18	V_CMP (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 19	ZSPD (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 20 to 23	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 24 to 31	I0_STS1 to 8 (1: Enabled)					

# **10.2** List of Monitor Displays

Parameter No.	Description	Unit
Un000	Motor rotating speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un001	Speed reference	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un002	Internal torque reference (in percentage to the rated torque)	%
Un003	Rotational angle 1 (encoder pulses from the phase-C origin: decimal display)	encoder pulse <sup>*3</sup>
Un004	Rotational angle 2 (from polarity origin (electric angle))	deg
Un005 <sup>*1</sup>	Input signal monitor	-
Un006 <sup>*2</sup>	Output signal monitor	-
Un007	Input reference pulse speed (valid only in position control)	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un008	Position error amount (valid only in position control)	reference unit
Un009	Accumulated load ratio (in percentage to the rated torque: effective torque in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00A	Regenerative load ratio (as a percentage of the processable regenerative power: regenerative power consumption in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00B	Power consumed by DB resistance (in percentage to the processable power at DB activation: dis- played in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00C	Input reference pulse counter	reference unit
Un00D	Feedback pulse counter	encoder pulse <sup>*3</sup>
Un00E	Fully-closed feedback pulse counter	external encoder resolution <sup>*4</sup>
Un012	Total operation time	100 ms
Un013	Feedback pulse counter	reference unit
Un014	Effective gain monitor (gain settings $1 = 1$ , gain settings $2 = 2$ )	-
Un015	Safety I/O signal monitor	-
Un020	Motor rated speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un021	Motor maximum speed	min <sup>-1</sup>

The following list shows the available monitor displays.

\*1. For details, refer to 7.3 Monitoring Input Signals.

\*2. For details, refer to 7.4 Monitoring Output Signals.

\*3. For details, refer to 4.4.3 Electronic Gear.

\*4. For details, refer to 8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO).

# **10.3** Parameter Recording Table

Use the following table for recording parameters.

Note: Pn10B, Pn170, and Pn408 have two kinds of digits: the digit which does not need the restart after changing the settings and the digit which needs the restart. The underlined digits of the factory setting in the following table show the digit which needs the restart.

Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	When Enabled
Pn000	0000	Basic Function Select Switch 0	After restart
Pn001	0000	Application Function Select Switch 1	After restart
Pn002	0011	Application Function Select Switch 2	After restart
Pn006	0002	Application Function Select Switch 6	Immediately
Pn007	0000	Application Function Select Switch 7	Immediately
Pn008	4000	Application Function Select Switch 8	After restart
Pn009	0010	Application Function Select Switch 9	After restart
Pn00B	0000	Application Function Select Switch B	After restart
Pn00C	0000	Application Function Select Switch C	After restart
Pn00D	0000	Application Function Select Switch D	After restart
Pn100	400	Speed Loop Gain	Immediately
Pn101	2000	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Immediately
Pn102	400	Position Loop Gain	Immediately
Pn103	100	Moment of Inertia Ratio	Immediately
Pn104	400	2nd Speed Loop Gain	Immediately
Pn105	2000	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Con- stant	Immediately
Pn106	400	2nd Position Loop Gain	Immediately
Pn109	0	Feedforward Gain	Immediately
Pn10A	0	Feedforward Filter Time Constant	Immediately
Pn10B	<u>000</u> 0	Application Function for Gain Select Switch	-
Pn10C	200	Mode Switch (torque reference)	Immediately
Pn10D	0	Mode Switch (speed reference)	Immediately
Pn10E	0	Mode Switch (acceleration)	Immediately
Pn10F	0	Mode Switch (position error)	Immediately
Pn11F	0	Position Integral Time Constant	Immediately
Pn121	100	Friction Compensation Gain	Immediately
Pn122	100	2nd Gain for Friction Compensation	Immediately
Pn123	0	Friction Compensation Coefficient	Immediately
Pn124	0	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	Immediately
Pn125	100	Friction Compensation Gain Correc- tion	Immediately
Pn131	0	Gain Switching Time 1	Immediately
Pn132	0	Gain Switching Time 2	Immediately
Pn135	0	Gain Switching Waiting Time 1	Immediately
Pn136	0	Gain Switching Waiting Time 2	Immediately
Pn139	0000	Automatic Gain Changeover Related Switch 1	Immediately
Pn13D	2000	Current Gain Level	Immediately

(conťd)

			(cont d)
Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	When Enabled
Pn140	0100	Model Following Control Related Switch	Immediately
Pn141	500	Model Following Control Gain	Immediately
Pn142	1000	Model Following Control Gain Com- pensation	Immediately
Pn143	1000	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	Immediately
Pn144	1000	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	Immediately
Pn145	500	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	Immediately
Pn146	700	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	Immediately
Pn147	1000	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	Immediately
Pn148	500	2nd Model Following Control Gain	Immediately
Pn149	1000	2nd Model Following Control Gain Compensation	Immediately
Pn14A	800	Vibration Suppression 2 Frequency	Immediately
Pn14B	100	Vibration Suppression 2 Compensa- tion	Immediately
Pn14F	0011	Control Related Switch	After restart
Pn160	0010	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Immediately
Pn161	1000	Anti-Resonance Frequency	Immediately
Pn162	100	Anti-Resonance Gain Compensation	Immediately
Pn163	0	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	Immediately
Pn164	0	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Con- stant 1 Compensation	Immediately
Pn165	0	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Con- stant 2 Compensation	Immediately
Pn170	14 <u>01</u>	Tuning-less Function Related Switch	-
Pn205	65535	Multiturn Limit Setting	After restart
Pn207	0010	Position Control Function Switch	After restart
Pn20A	32768	Number of External Scale Pitch	After restart
Pn20E	1	Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)	After restart
Pn210	1	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	After restart
Pn212	2048	Encoder Output Pulses	After restart
Pn22A	0000	Fully-closed Control Selection Switch	After restart
Pn281	20	Encoder Output Resolution	After restart
Pn304	500	JOG Speed	Immediately
Pn305	0	Soft Start Acceleration Time	Immediately
Pn306	0	Soft Start Deceleration Time	Immediately
Pn310	0000	Vibration Detection Switch	Immediately
Pn311	100	Vibration Detection Sensibility	Immediately
Pn312	50	Vibration Detection Level	Immediately
Pn324	300	Moment of Inertia Calculating Start Level	Immediately
Pn401	100	Torque Reference Filter Time Con- stant	Immediately

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Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	(cont'd) When Enabled
Pn402	800	Forward Torque Limit	Immediately
Pn403	800	Reverse Torque Limit	Immediately
Pn404	100	Forward External Torque Limit	Immediately
Pn405	100	Reverse External Torque Limit	Immediately
Pn406	800	Emergency Stop Torque	Immediately
Pn407	10000	Speed Limit during Torque Control	Immediately
Pn408	00 <u>0</u> 0	Torque Related Function Switch	_
Pn409	5000	1st Notch Filter Frequency	Immediately
Pn40A	70	1st Notch Filter Q Value	Immediately
Pn40B	0	1st Notch Filter Depth	Immediately
Pn40C	5000	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	Immediately
Pn40D	70	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	Immediately
Pn40E	0	2nd Notch Filter Depth	Immediately
Pn40F	5000	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Frequency	Immediately
Pn410	50	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Q Value	Immediately
Pn412	100	1st Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	Immediately
Pn424	50	Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop	Immediately
Pn425	100	Release Time for Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop	Immediately
Pn456	15	Sweep Torque Reference Amplitude	Immediately
Pn460	0101	Notch Filter Adjustment Switch	Immediately
Pn501	10	Zero Clamp Level	Immediately
Pn502	20	Rotation Detection Level	Immediately
Pn503	10	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width	Immediately
Pn506	0	Brake Reference - Servo OFF Delay Time	Immediately
Pn507	100	Brake Reference Output Speed Level	Immediately
Pn508	50	Waiting Time for Brake Signal When Motor Running	Immediately
Pn509	20	Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time	Immediately
Pn50A	1881	Input Signal Selection 1	After restart
Pn50B	8882	Input Signal Selection 2	After restart
Pn50E	0000	Output Signal Selection 1	After restart
Pn50F	0100	Output Signal Selection 2	After restart
Pn510	0000	Output Signal Selection 3	After restart
Pn511	6543	Input Signal Selection 5	After restart
Pn512	0000	Output Signal Inverse Setting	After restart
Pn517	0000	Reserved	_
Pn51B	1000	Excessive Error Level Between Ser- vomotor and Load Positions	Immediately
Pn51E	100	Excessive Position Error Warning Level	Immediately

			(cont d)
Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	When Enabled
Pn520	5242880	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level	Immediately
Pn522	7	Positioning Completed Width	Immediately
Pn524	1073741824	NEAR Signal Width	Immediately
Pn526	5242880	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON	Immediately
Pn528	100	Excessive Position Error Warning Level at Servo ON	Immediately
Pn529	10000	Speed Limit Level at Servo ON	Immediately
Pn52A	20	Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation	Immediately
Pn52B	20	Overload Warning Level	Immediately
Pn52C	100	Derating of Base Current at Detection Overload of Motor	ng After restart
Pn52F	OFFF	Monitor Display at Power ON	Immediately
Pn530	0000	Program JOG Operation Related Switch	Immediately
Pn531	32768	Program JOG Movement Distance	Immediately
Pn533	500	Program JOG Movement Speed	Immediately
Pn534	100	Program JOG Acceleration/Deceleration Time	Immediately
Pn535	100	Program JOG Waiting Time	Immediately
Pn536	1	Number of Times of Program JOG           Movement	Immediately
Pn550	0	Analog Monitor 1 Offset Voltage	Immediately
Pn551	0	Analog Monitor 2 Offset Voltage	Immediately
Pn552	100	Analog Monitor Magnification (×	) Immediately
Pn553	100	Analog Monitor Magnification (×2	2) Immediately
Pn560	400	Remained Vibration Detection Wi	dth Immediately
Pn561	100	Overshoot Detection Level	Immediately
Pn600	0	Regenerative Resistor Capacity	Immediately
Pn601	0	Reserved	_
Pn800	1040	Communications Control	Immediately
Pn801	0003	Application Function Select 6 (Software LS)	Immediately
Pn803	10	Origin Range	Immediately
Pn804	1073741823	Forward Software Limit	Immediately
Pn806	-1073741823	Reverse Software Limit	Immediately
Pn808	0	Absolute Encoder Origin Offset	Immediately *1
Pn80A	100	1st Linear Acceleration Constant	Immediately *2
Pn80B	100	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant	Immediately *2
Pn80C	0	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed	Immediately *2

\*1. Enabled after the SENS\_ON is entered.
\*2. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

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Parameter         Factory         When Babled           Pn80D         100         Ist Linear Deceleration Constant         Immediately *2           Pn80F         0         Deceleration Constant Switching Speed         Immediately *2           Pn80F         0         Deceleration Constant Switching Speed         Immediately *2           Pn810         0         Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Bias         Immediately *2           Pn811         0         Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Immediately *2         Immediately *2           Pn812         0         Movement Average Time *2         Immediately *2           Pn814         100         Final Travel Distance for External *2         Immediately *2           Pn816         0000         Homing Approach Speed 1         Immediately *2           Pn817         50         Homing Creep Speed         Immediately *2           Pn818         5         Homing Creep Speed 1         Immediately *2           Pn819         100         Englemediately *2         Immediately *2           Pn819         000         Input Signal Monitor Selection Immediately *2         Immediately *2           Pn820         0         Englemediately *2         Immediately *2           Pn821         0000         En				(cont d)
PR80L         100         181 Linear Deceleration Constant         a2           PR80E         100         2nd Linear Deceleration Constant         Immediately a2           PR80F         0         Deceleration Constant Switching         Immediately a2           PR80F         0         Deceleration Rise         Immediately a2           PR810         0         Exponential Function Acceleration Rise         Immediately a2           PR811         0         Deceleration Rise         Immediately a2           PR812         0         Movement Average Time         Immediately a2           PR814         100         Final Tavel Distance for External         Immediately a2           PR816         0000         Homing Approach Speed 1         Immediately a2           PR817         50         Homing Approach Speed 2         Immediately a2           PR818         5         Immediately a2         Immediately a2           PR819         100         Final Tavel Distance for Homing         Immediately a2           PR819         00         Immediately a2         Immediately a2           PR820         0         Forward Latching Allowable Area         Immediately a2           PR821         0000         Forward Latching Allowable Area         Immediately a2 <th>Parameter</th> <th></th> <th>Name</th> <th></th>	Parameter		Name	
PR80F         100         20         20000         2000         2000	Pn80D	100	1st Linear Deceleration (	
PR810       0       Speed       *2         Pn810       0       Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Bins       Immediately *2         Pn811       0       Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Time Constant       Immediately *2         Pn812       0       Movement Average Time       Immediately *2         Pn812       0       Movement Average Time       Immediately *2         Pn814       100       Homing Mode Setting       Immediately *2         Pn816       0000       Homing Approach Speed 1       Immediately *2         Pn817       50       Homing Creep Speed (Homing Approach Speed 1)       Immediately *2         Pn818       5       Immediately *2       *2         Pn819       100       Final Travel Distance for Homing *2       Immediately *2         Pn819       000       Immediately *2       *2         Pn819       000       Immediately *2       *2         Pn819       000       Immediately *2       *2         Pn819       000       Immediately *2       *2         Pn820       0       Final Travel Distance for Homing *2       Immediately *2         Pn821       0000       Option Monitor 1 Selection       Immediately *2         Pn822 <th>Pn80E</th> <th>100</th> <th>2nd Linear Deceleration</th> <th></th>	Pn80E	100	2nd Linear Deceleration	
Print         0         Deceleration Bias         ***           Pn811         0         Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Time Constant         Immediately ***           Pn812         0         Movement Average Time         Immediately ***           Pn814         100         Final Travel Distance for External Positioning         Immediately ***           Pn816         0000         Homing Approach Speed (Homing Approach Speed 1)         ***           Pn817         50         Homing Approach Speed 1)         ***           Pn818         5         Immediately ***         ***           Pn818         5         Immediately ***         ***           Pn818         5         Immediately ***         ***           Pn818         5         Immediately ***         ***           Pn819         100         Final Travel Distance for Homing ***         ****           Pn819         000         Immediately ****         *****           Pn819         000         Immediately *****         ************************************	Pn80F	0		
Pri811         0         Deceleration Time Constant         =2           Pn812         0         Movement Average Time         Immediately *2           Pn814         100         Final Travel Distance for External Positioning         Immediately *2           Pn816         0000         Homing Approach Speed (Homing Approach Speed 1)         Immediately *2           Pn817         50         Homing Approach Speed (Homing Approach Speed 2)         Immediately *2           Pn818         5         Immediately (Homing Approach Speed 2)         Immediately *2           Pn818         5         Immediately (Homing Approach Speed 2)         Immediately *2           Pn819         100         Final Travel Distance for Homing *2         Immediately *2           Pn818         0000         Immediately *2         Immediately *2           Pn819         0010         Final Travel Distance for Homing *2         Immediately *2           Pn816         0000         Final Travel Distance for Homing *2         Immediately *2           Pn820         0         Reverse Latching Allowable Area Immediately Pn824         Immediately *2           Pn825         0000         Option Monitor 1 Selection Immediately *2         Immediately *2           Pn828         1D1C         Option Field Allocation 1         After restart	Pn810	0		
Pri812       0       Novement Average Fine       *2         Pn814       100       Final Travel Distance for External Positioning       *2         Pn816       0000       Homing Mode Setting       Immediately *2         Pn816       0000       Homing Approach Speed (Homing Approach Speed 1)       Immediately *2         Pn817       50       Homing Creep Speed (Homing Approach Speed 2)       Immediately *2         Pn818       5       Homing Creep Speed (Homing Approach Speed 2)       Immediately *2         Pn817       50       Immediately *2       *2         Pn818       5       Homing Creep Speed (Homing Approach Speed 2)       Immediately *2         Pn817       000       Immediately *2       *2         Pn818       0       Immediately *2       *2         Pn817       0010       Immediately fragation of the creation the creation of the creation of the creation of the cr	Pn811	0		
Pr011       100       Positioning       *2         Pn016       0000       Homing Mode Setting       Immediately         *2       Pn017       50       Immediately         Pn018       5       Homing Approach Speed 1       Immediately         *2       Pn018       5       Homing Approach Speed 1       *2         Pn018       5       Homing Approach Speed 2       Immediately         *2       Pn019       100       Final Travel Distance for Homing       *2         Pn019       000       Input Signal Monitor Selection       Immediately       *2         Pn010       Command Data Allocation       After restart       Pn020       0       Forward Latching Allowable Area       Immediately         Pn020       0       Reverse Latching Allowable Area       Immediately         Pn022       0       Option Monitor 2 Selection       Immediately         Pn024       0000       Option Monitor 1 Selection       Immediately         Pn025       0000       SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)       Immediately         Pn029       0       SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)       Immediately         Pn020       0       SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)       Pn	Pn812	0	Movement Average Time	
Pn817       50       Pn817       50       Immediately (Homing Approach Speed 1)       *2         Pn818       5       Immediately (Homing Approach Speed 1)       *2         Pn818       5       Immediately (Homing Approach Speed 2)       *2         Pn819       100       Final Travel Distance for Homing *2       Immediately *2         Pn819       000       Input Signal Monitor Selection Immediately *2       Immediately *2         Pn816       0000       Input Signal Monitor Selection Immediately *2       Immediately *2         Pn817       0010       Command Data Allocation After restart       After restart         Pn820       0       Forward Latching Allowable Area Immediately       Immediately         Pn821       0       Reverse Latching Allowable Area Immediately       Immediately         Pn822       0       Option Monitor 1 Selection Immediately       Immediately         Pn824       0000       Option Monitor 2 Selection Immediately       *2         Pn825       0000       SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)       Immediately         Pn829       0       SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)       Immediately         Pn820       0000       Option Field Allocation 1       After restart         Pn821 <t< th=""><th>Pn814</th><th>100</th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Pn814	100		
PIB17       30       (Homing Approach Speed 1)       *2         Pn818       5       Homing Creep Speed (Homing Approach Speed 2)       Immediately *2         Pn819       100       Final Travel Distance for Homing       Immediately *2         Pn816       0000       Input Signal Monitor Selection       Immediately *2         Pn817       0010       Command Data Allocation       After restart         Pn820       0       Forward Latching Allowable Area       Immediately         Pn822       0       Reverse Latching Allowable Area       Immediately         Pn824       0000       Option Monitor 1 Selection       Immediately         Pn825       0000       Option Monitor 1 Selection       Immediately         Pn827       100       SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at decleration to stop)       *2         Pn828       1D1C       Option Field Allocation 1       After restart         Pn82B       1D1C       Option Field Allocation 3       After restart         Pn82B       0000       Option Field Allocation 4       After restart         Pn82B       1D1C       Option Field Allocation 5       After restart         Pn82B       0000       Option Field Allocation 5       After restart         Pn833       0000       <	Pn816	0000	Homing Mode Setting	
Prilo3(Homing Approach Speed 2)*2Pn819100Final Travel Distance for HomingImmediately *2Pn81E0000Input Signal Monitor SelectionImmediately *2Pn81F0010Command Data AllocationAfter restartPn8200Forward Latching Allowable AreaImmediately mediatelyPn8220Reverse Latching Allowable AreaImmediatelyPn8240000Option Monitor 1 SelectionImmediatelyPn8250000Option Monitor 2 SelectionImmediately *2Pn8260000SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)Immediately *2Pn8290SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)Immediately *2Pn8281D1COption Field Allocation 1After restart After restartPn8280000Option Field Allocation 3After restart After restartPn834100Immediately *2Motion SettingAfter restart *2Pn834100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn834100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn834100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn835100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn836100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn836100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn836100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn836100Immediately *2	Pn817	50		
Pn81E       0000       Input Signal Monitor Selection       Immediately         Pn81F       0010       Command Data Allocation       After restart         Pn820       0       Forward Latching Allowable Area       Immediately         Pn822       0       Reverse Latching Allowable Area       Immediately         Pn822       0       Reverse Latching Allowable Area       Immediately         Pn824       0000       Option Monitor 1 Selection       Immediately         Pn825       0000       Option Monitor 2 Selection       Immediately         Pn827       100       Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for       Immediately         Pn828       100       SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)       Immediately         Pn828       1D1C       Option Field Allocation 1       After restart         Pn828       1D1C       Option Field Allocation 3       After restart         Pn828       0000       Option Field Allocation 5       After restart         Pn828       100       Option Field Allocation 5       After restart         Pn828       100       Option Field Allocation 5       After restart         Pn833       0000       Option Field Allocation 5       After restart         Pn836       100       <	Pn818	5		
Pn81F0010Command Data AllocationAfter restartPn8200Forward Latching Allowable AreaImmediatelyPn8220Reverse Latching Allowable AreaImmediatelyPn8240000Option Monitor 1 SelectionImmediatelyPn8250000Option Monitor 2 SelectionImmediatelyPn827100Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for StoppingImmediately *2Pn8290SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)Immediately *2Pn8281D1COption Field Allocation 1After restartPn8200000Option Field Allocation 2After restartPn8281D1COption Field Allocation 3After restartPn8290000Option Field Allocation 3After restartPn8281D1COption Field Allocation 5After restartPn8290000Option Field Allocation 4After restartPn8281D1COption Field Allocation 5After restartPn8290000Option Field Allocation 4After restartPn8200000Option Field Allocation 5After restartPn8330000Ist Linear Acceleration Constant 2Immediately *2Pn8360Ist Linear Deceleration Constant 2Immediately *2Pn836100Ist Linear Deceleration Constant 2Immediately *2Pn836100Ist Linear Deceleration Constant 2Immediately *2Pn836100Ist Linear Deceleration Constant 2Immediately <th>Pn819</th> <th>100</th> <th>Final Travel Distance for</th> <th></th>	Pn819	100	Final Travel Distance for	
Pn8200Forward Latching Allowable AreaImmediatelyPn8220Reverse Latching Allowable AreaImmediatelyPn8240000Option Monitor 1 SelectionImmediatelyPn8250000Option Monitor 2 SelectionImmediatelyPn827100Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for StoppingImmediately *2Pn8290SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)Immediately *2Pn8281D1COption Field Allocation 1After restartPn82B1D1COption Field Allocation 2After restartPn82D0000Option Field Allocation 3After restartPn82B1D1COption Field Allocation 4After restartPn82B1D1COption Field Allocation 5After restartPn82B100ImmediatelyPn82BImmediatelyPn8330000After restartImmediately *2Pn834100Ist Linear Acceleration Constant 2Immediately *2Pn835100Ist Linear Deceleration Constant 2Immediately *2Pn834100Ist Linear Deceleration Constant 2Immediately *2Pn835100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn836100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn836100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn836100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn836100Immediately *2Immediately *2Pn836100I	Pn81E	0000	Input Signal Monitor Sel	ection Immediately
Pn8220Reverse Latching Allowable AreaImmediatelyPn8240000Option Monitor 1 SelectionImmediatelyPn8250000Option Monitor 2 SelectionImmediatelyPn827100Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for StoppingImmediately *2Pn8290SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)Immediately *2Pn8281B13Option Field Allocation 1After restartPn8281D1COption Field Allocation 2After restartPn8200000Option Field Allocation 3After restartPn8210000Option Field Allocation 4After restartPn8220000Option Field Allocation 5After restartPn8250000Option Field Allocation 4After restartPn826100Option SettingAfter restartPn834100Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2Pn8350Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2Pn834100Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2Pn8350Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2Pn836100Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2Pn836100Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2Pn836100Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2Pn836100Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2Pn836100Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2Pn836100Reverse Constant 2Immediately *2	Pn81F	0010	Command Data Allocation	on After restart
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	Pn83A	100	1st Linear Deceleration (	
	Pn83C	100	2nd Linear Deceleration	

\*2. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	When Enabled
Pn83E	0	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	Immediately *2
Pn840	100	Linear Deceleration Constant 2 for Stopping	Immediately *2
Pn850	0	Latch Sequence Number	Immediately
Pn851	0	Continuous Latch Count	Immediately
Pn852	0000	Latch Sequence Signal 1 to 4 Setting	Immediately
Pn853	0000	Latch Sequence Signal 5 to 8 Setting	Immediately
Pn860	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 1	Immediately
Pn861	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 2	Immediately
Pn862	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 3	Immediately
Pn863	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 4	Immediately
Pn864	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 5	Immediately
Pn865	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 6	Immediately
Pn866	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 7	Immediately
Pn880	0	Station Address Monitor (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn881	0	Setting Transmission Byte Monitor [byte] (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn882	0	Transmission Cycle Setting Monitor [0.25 μs] (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn883	0	Communications Cycle Setting Mon- itor [x transmission cycle] (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn88A	0	MECHATROLINK Receive Error Counter Monitor (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn890 to Pn8A6	0	Command Data Monitor at Alarm/ Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn8A8 to Pn8BE	0	Response Data Monitor at Alarm/ Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn900	0	Parameter Bank Number	After restart
Pn901	0	Parameter Bank Member Number	After restart
Pn902 to Pn910	0	Parameter Bank Member Definition	After restart
Pn920 to Pn95F	0	Parameter Bank Data (nonvolatile memory save disabled)	Immediately
01 PnA02	-	Encoder Type (read only)	-
02 PnA04	_	Motor Type (read only)	-

\*2. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

				(cont'd)
Parameter	Factory Setting		Name	When Enabled
03 PnA06	-		Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type (read only	_
04 PnA08	-		Rated Speed (read only)	_
05 PnA0A	_		Maximum Output Speed (read only)	_
06 PnA0C	_		Speed Multiplier (read only)	_
07 PnA0E	-		Rated Torque (read only)	_
08 PnA10	-		Maximum Output Torque (read only)	_
09 PnA12	_		Torque Multiplier (read only)	_
0A PnA14	-		Resolution (read only)	_
21 PnA42	1		Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)	After restart
22 PnA44	1		Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	After restart
23 PnA46	0		Absolute Encoder Origin Offset	Immediately*1
24 PnA48	65535		Multiturn Limit Setting	After restart
25 PnA4A	0000H		Limit Setting	After restart
26 PnA4C	1073741823		Forward Software Limit	Immediately
27 PnA4E	0		Reserved (Do not use.)	Immediately
28 PnA50	- 1073741823		Reverse Software Limit	Immediately
29 PnA52	0		Reserved (Do not use.)	Immediately
41 PnA82	0		Speed Unit	After restart
42 PnA84	0		Speed Base Unit	After restart
43 PnA86	0		Position Unit	After restart
44 PnA88	0		Position Base Unit	After restart
45 PnA8A	0		Acceleration Unit	After restart
46 PnA8C	4		Acceleration Base Unit	After restart
47 PnA8E	1		Torque Unit	After restart

\*1. Available after the SENS\_ON command is input.
 Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

					(cont'd)
Parameter	Factory Setting			Name	When Enabled
48 PnA90	0			Torque Base Unit	After restart
49 PnA92	0601011FH			Compliance Unit System (read only)	_
61 PnAC2	40000			Speed Loop Gain	Immediately
62 PnAC4	20000			Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Immediately
63 PnAC6	40000			Position Loop Gain	Immediately
64 PnAC8	0			Feedforward Compensation	Immediately
65 PnACA	0			Position Loop Integral Time Constant	Immediately
66 PnACC	7			Positioning Completed Width	Immediately
67 PnACE	1073741824			NEAR Signal Width	Immediately
81 PnB02	0			Exponential Function Accel/Decel Time Constant	Immediately*2
82 PnB04	0			Movement Average Time	Immediately*2
83 PnB06	100			Final Travel Distance for External Positioning	Immediately
84 PnB08	5000 Value con- verted refer- ence/s into 10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>			Homing Approach Speed	Immediately
85 PnB0A	500 Value con- verted refer- ence/s into 10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>			Homing Creep Speed	Immediately
86 PnB0C	100			Final Travel Distance for Homing	Immediately
87 PnB0E	1			Monitor Selection 1	Immediately
88 PnB10	0			Monitor Selection 2	Immediately
89 PnB12	0			Monitor Selection for SEL_MON1 (CMN1)	Immediately
8A PnB14	0			Monitor Selection for SEL_MON2 (CMN2)	Immediately
8B PnB16	10			Origin Detection Range	Immediately
8C PnB18	100			Forward Torque Limit	Immediately

\*2. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

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					(cont d)
Parameter	Factory Setting			Name	When Enabled
8D PnB1A	100			Reverse Torque Limit	Immediately
8E PnB1C	20000			Zero Speed Detection Range	Immediately
8F PnB1E	10000			Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width (read only)	Immediately
90 PnB20	0FFF3F3FH			Servo Command Control Field Enabled/Disabled (read only)	-
91 PnB22	0FFF3F33H			Servo Command Status Field Enabled/Disabled (read only)	-
92 PnB24	007F01F0H			I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled (Output) (read only)	-
93 PnB26	FF0FFEFEH			I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled (Input) (read only)	-

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1.3.1, 1.4.3, 1.5.2, 1.6, 3.1.1, 3.1.6, 3.7.1 (3), 4.3.5       Addition: Single-phase 200 V, SGDV-120/ 3.7.1 (3), 4.3.5         3.4.1 (2), 3.4.2 (3), 4.8.1, 4.8.1 (6), 4.8.2 (1), 4.8.3 (1)       Revision: Connection example         4.3.2       Revision: Precautions on the installation of	$\langle \hat{1} \rangle$	0	Front cover	Revision: Format
	~			Addition: Precautions on the use of the holding brake signal
			1.6, 3.1.1, 3.1.6,	Addition: Single-phase 200 V, SGDV-120A21A008000 SERVOPACK
			4.8.1. 4.8.1 (6).	Revision: Connection example
	4.3.2 Revision: Precautions on the installation of limit	Revision: Precautions on the installation of limit switches		
			4.3.1, 10.1.2	Revision: Description of the first digit (Direction Selection) of Pn000
		4.3.4	4.3.4	Revision: Timing chart of holding brakes
			4.4.3 (1)	Revision: Factory setting of Pn20E
		Revision: Key of step 3		
		Revision: Setting unit of Pn281		
			Back cover	Revision: Address, format
April 2010	$\langle \hat{0} \rangle$	2	3.5	Revision: Diagram
			4.7.5 (2)	Revision: Description of the initial incremental pulses
			5.3.2, 5.4.2, 5.5.2, 5.7.1	Addition: Description of CAUTION
			5.8.1 (4), (5)	Revision: Applicable control method
	6.15 (1)Revision: Operating Procedure8.2.1Addition: Description of Note	Revision: Operating Procedure		
		8.2.1 Addition: Description of Note	Addition: Description of Note	
			9.1.1, 9.1.2	Addition: A.E72
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**IRUMA BUSINESS CENTER (SOLUTION CENTER)** 

480, Kamifujisawa, Iruma, Saitama 358-8555, Japan Phone 81-4-2962-5151 Fax 81-4-2962-6138

YASKAWA AMERICA, INC. 2121 Norman Drive South, Waukegan, IL 60085, U.S.A. Phone (800) YASKAWA (800-927-5292) or 1-847-887-7000 Fax 1-847-887-7310

YASKAWA ELÉTRICO DO BRASIL LTDA. Avenida Fagundes Filho, 620 São Paulo-SP CEP 04304-000, Brazil Phone 55-11-3585-1100 Fax 55-11-5581-8795

YASKAWA EUROPE GmbH Hauptstraβe 185, Eschborn 65760, Germany Phone 49-6196-569-300 Fax 49-6196-569-398

YASKAWA ELECTRIC UK LTD. 1 Hunt Hill Orchardton Woods Cumbernauld, G68 9LF. United Kingdom Phone 44-1236-735000 Fax 44-1236-458182

YASKAWA ELECTRIC KOREA CORPORATION 7F, Doore Bldg. 24, Yeoido-dong, Yeoungdungpo-gu, Seoul 150-877, Korea Phone 82-2-784-7844 Fax 82-2-784-8495

YASKAWA ELECTRIC (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD. 151 Lorong Chuan, #04-01, New Tech Park 556741, Singapore Phone 65-6282-3003 Fax 65-6289-3003

YASKAWA ELECTRIC (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD. No.18 Xizang Zhong Road. 17F, Harbour Ring Plaza Shanghai 200001, China Phone 86-21-5385-2200 Fax 86-21-5385-3299

YASKAWA ELECTRIC (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD. BEIJING OFFICE Room 1011, Tower W3 Oriental Plaza, No.1 East Chang An Ave., Dong Cheng District, Beijing 100738, China Phone 86-10-8518-4086 Fax 86-10-8518-4082

YASKAWA ELECTRIC TAIWAN CORPORATION 9F, 16, Nanking E. Rd., Sec. 3, Taipei 104, Taiwan Phone 886-2-2502-5003 Fax 886-2-2505-1280

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