

# Ascon Tecnologic S.r.l.

via Indipendenza 56, 27029 - Vigevano (PV) Tel.: +39 0381 69871. Fax: +39 0381 698730

www.ascontecnologic.com



21.06 - Code: ISTR\_I\_eP4\_E\_01\_--

# Installation **Manual**

# **Contents**

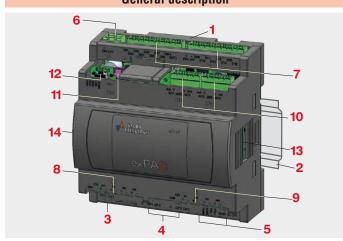
- General description
- Accessories
- Installation
- Electrical connections
- Electric safety

# I/O expansion module with 3 connection options



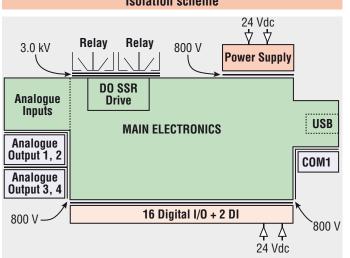


# **General description**



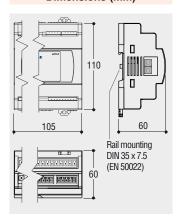
- 1 Model identification label (on the back side of the module);
- DIN RAIL 35 x 7.5 (EN50022);
- 24 Vdc Power Supply plug;
- OP1... OP2 Digital Output SPST relay or 24 Vdc SSR drive; X2
  - OP3... OP4 Digital Output SPST relay or 24 Vdc SSR drive; **X3**
- COM1 RS485 serial port and SW1 switches for line settings: 5 **X**4
- 24 Vdc input for DØ1... DØ8 when configured as Digital Output; **X5**
- DØ1... DØ8 configurable DI/DO + 2 DI pulse counters (CNT1, CNT2); **X6**
- 24 Vdc input + DØ9... D16 configurable DI/DO; **X7**
- **X8** Al1... Al4 universal analogue input and 12 Vdc Al Power;
- Al5... Al8 universal analogue input and 12 Vdc Al Power; X9
- X11 AØ1... AØ2 mA or V analogue outputs;
  - X12 AØ3... AØ4 mA or V analogue outputs;
- X10 USB micro C type port;
- Status/diagnostic LEDs (PWR, RUN, MSG, USB, COMS) + System Push Button (the LED statuses are described in the eP4 User Manual);
- Local Connection Port;
- Local Connection Port or Remote Connection Address Rotary Selection Switches (Modbus).

# **Isolation scheme**



# Installation

# Dimensions (mm)



# **Operating conditions**

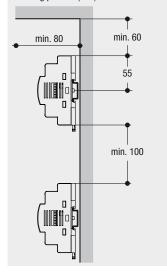
Environmental condition  Suggestion			
Operating	<b>‡</b> °c	Temperature -20+50°C	
conditions	%Rh	Rh: 5 95% non condensing	
Chasial	<b>‡</b> °c	Temperature > 50°C	Use forced ventilation
Special conditions	%Rh	> 95% RH	Warm up
Conditions		Conducting atmosphere	Use filter
Forbidden	W.	Corrosive atmosphere	
conditions	<b>W</b>	Explosive atmosphere	

For indoor use only, max. usage altitude: 2000 m on the sea level.

# **Mounting position**

- Mount the module vertically;
- In order to help the air ventilation flow, respect the distances between modules and walls or other modules.

# Mounting position (mm)



# Disposal

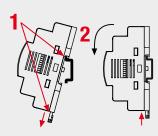


The appliance (or the product) must be disposed of separately in compliance with the local standards in force on waste disposal.

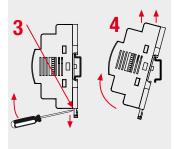
# Mounting/removing the modules on/from the DIN rail

- 1 Open the 2 spring slides on the lower part of the box, clip the upper part of the module to the rail;
- 2 Rotate the module downwards, then
- close the 2 spring slides;3 Switch OFF the Power Supply. Lower the spring slide by inserting a flat-blade screwdriver as indicated;
- 4 Turn and lift the module upwards to remove the eP4 from the DIN rail.





# Removing the module



# **Electrical connections**

# Terminals connections and plugs

Conn.

X5

Х6

Χ7

Х9

Label

+ (24 V)

- (0 V)

+ (24 V)

12V

GND

AI5... AI8

12V

GND



Conn.	Label	Signals		
X1	Supply	0 V Power Supply		
	24 Vdc	+24 V Power Supply		
	С	OP1, OP2 common		
X2	0P1	SPST NO pole/SSR drive		
	OP2	SPST NO pole/SSR drive		
	С	OP3, OP4 common		
Х3	0P3	SPST NO pole/SSR drive		
	OP4	SPST NO pole/SSR drive		
	GND			
X4	D-	COM1- RS485		
	D+	1		

Signals

For DØ1... DØ8 digital I/O

For DØ1... DØ8 when DO

For DØ9... D16 when D0

For DØ9... D16 when D0

12 V power for sensor

Universal analog input

12 V power for sensor

Ground reference

Ground reference

DØ1... DØ8 Configurable Digital I/O

DØ9... D16 Configurable Digital I/O

Al1... Al4 Universal analog input

channels

excitation

channels

excitation

CNT1... 2 Digital pulse count

Conn.	Label	Signals
X10 USB		C type MicroUSB port
	mA	AO1 Current output
	V	AO1 Voltage output
X11	GND	AO1, AO2 ground
	V	AO2 Voltage output
	mA	AO2 Current output
	mA	AO3 Current output
	V	AO3 Voltage output
X12	GND	AO3, AO4 ground
	V	AO4 Voltage output
	mA	AO4 Current output

Description		Plugs of all terminals			
Flexible cable section:		Pitch 5 mm: Pitch 3.5 mm:	0.2 2.5 mm² (AWG24 AWG12) 0.14 1.5 mm² (AWG28 AWG16)		
Stripped wire		Screw: 7mm			
Flat blade screwdriver		Pitch 5 mm: 0.6 x 3.5 mm Pitch 3.5 mm: 0.4 x 2.5 mm			
Tightening Pitch 5 mm: 0.5 0.6 Nm Pitch 3.5 mm: 0.22 0.25 Nm					

### Technical data:

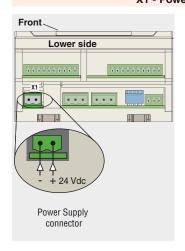
- The green terminals are male connectors (pitch 3.5 or 5 mm), the correspondent female connectors have screw or spring terminals for connecting the wires;
- Made with self extinguishing material as required by UL94 V0 standard;
- Overvoltage cathegory/pollution degree II/2;
- Max. load current/section 8A/2.5mm<sup>2</sup> at 65°C;
- Test pulse voltage: 4 kVp.

⚠ M

Make sure that the overall current absorption (modules and field devices) matches the power supply;

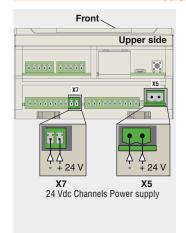
In order to avoid excessive voltage drops, install the most power consuming modules closer to the power supply.

# X1 - Power supply



Connector **X1**: 24 VDC (-10... +15%), 15 W max..

# X5/X7 - Power supply for Digital Channels

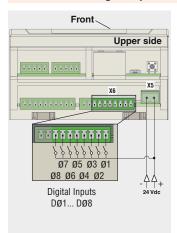


- X5 and X7 connectors ( + and terminals): 24 Vdc Digital Channels Power Supply;
- These 2 power supply terminals are internally connected.



The amount of current that must be supplied to this connectors depends by the number of channels configured as outputs (DØ1... D16).

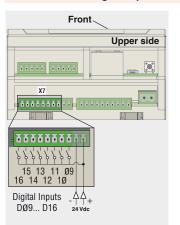
# X6 - Digital Inputs DØ1... DØ8 Connections



- Example of connection when DØ1... DØ8 are configured as Digital Inputs;
- Isolation: 800V between the Digital Inputs and the Main Electronics;

# For proper electrical connection, refer to X5/X7 - Power supply for Digital Channels.

# X7 - Digital Inputs DØ9... D16 Connections



- Example of connection when DØ9... D16 are configured as Digital Inputs;
- Isolation: 800V between the Digital Inputs and Main electronics;



# X8, X9 - Al1... Al8 Analogue Input connection

# Front Lower side х9 Al1 Al2 Al3 Al4 12V \*\*\*\* 8

0/4... 20 mA, 2 wires passive Transmitter

Al1 Al2 Al3 Al4

4... 20 mA Active Transmitter

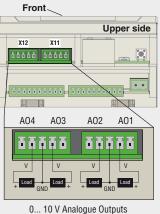
Al1 Al2 Al3 Al4

- The connections of connector X9 terminals are the same, but the cannels are AI5, AI6, AI7 and AI8;
- For the analogue input, respect the polarity shown;
- Pay attention to connect the power source to each external sensor;
- Types: 0/4... 20 mA, 0/1... 5 V, 0/2... 10 V, T/c (J, K, L, N, R, S, T) PT100 (2 wires), PT1000, NTC, Potentiometer;
- Resolution: 16 bit;
- Accuracy: 0.1% of span (linear inputs), 0.2% (temperature);
- Input impedance: 120 k $\Omega$  (V),  $<200 \Omega$  (mA).

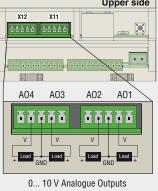
Al1 Al2 Al3 Al4

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

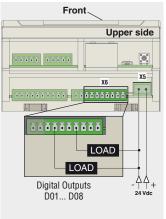
# X11, X12 - AO1... AO4 Voltage Analogue Output Connections



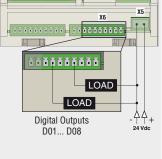
- Respect the polarity shown;
- Type: 0/1... 5 V. 0/2... 10 V:
- Load: > 1 k $\Omega$ ;
- Resolution: 12 bit;
- Accuracy: 0.1%;
- Isolation: 800V between the Analogue Ouputs and the Main Electronics.



# X6 - D01... D08 Digital Outputs Connections



- The Digital Outputs number of the terminals are: D01... D08
- The 8 output loads should not exceed 0.7 A each;
- In the drowing are connected only 2 loads as an example;
- Isolation: 800V between the Digital Outputs and the Main Electronics.



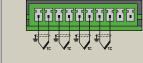
For proper electrical connection, refer to X5/X7 - Power supply for Digital Channels.

# 

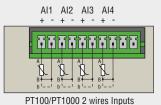
0/1/2... 5/10 V Active Transmitter



# Al1 Al2 Al3 Al4



TC Inputs

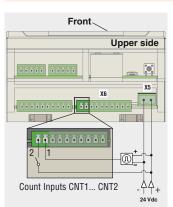




NTC Inputs

When Al1... Al8 are configured as: TC, NTC, Pt100 or Pt1000, it is MANDATORY to short-circuit the terminals (+, -) of the unused channels.

# X6 - CNT1... CNT2 Pulse Count Inputs Connections

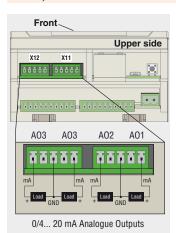


- Both channels can manage signals up to 5 kHz;
- Isolation: 800V between the Count Input channels and Main Electronics.



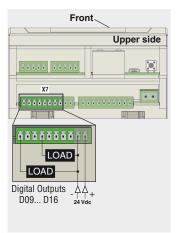
For proper electrical connection, refer to X5/X7 - Power supply for Digital Channels.

# X11, X12 - AO1... AO4 Current Analogue Output Connections



- Respect the polarity shown;
- Type: 0/4... 20 mA;
- Load:  $< 500 \Omega$ ;
- Resolution: 12 bit;
- Accuracy: 0.1%;
- Isolation: 800V between the Analogue Ouputs and the Main Electronics.

# X7 - 09... 16 Digital Outputs Connections



- The Digital Outputs number of the terminals are: D09... D16;
- The 8 output loads should not exceed 0.7 A each;
- In the drowing are connected only 2 loads as an example;
- Isolation: 800V between the Digital Ouputs and the Main Electronics.



For proper electrical connection, refer to X5/X7 - Power supply for Digital Channels.

# X2, X3 - Digital outputs OP1... OP4: SPST Relays/SSR drive

# Lower side C NO NO OP1... OP4 SPST relays connection OP1... OP4 SSR drives connection COAD COAD

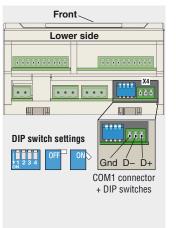
### Relays

- Rate: 2 A (for resistive loads);
- Isolation: 3 kV rms beween each channel and Power Supply and between each channel and Main electronics.

# SSR drives:

- Voltage output 0/12 Vdc;
- Respect the polarity shown;
- Output not isolated.

# X4 - COM1 RS485 Serial Communication Port



- RS485 port to connect a fieldbus network using the Modbus protocol (slave);
- Isolation from Main electronics: always 800 V.
- RS485 (COM1) line settings can be configured using the specific DIP switches:

SW	Description	Default		
1	110 $\Omega$ line termination	OFF		
2	Not used			
3	3 Line polarization Pull-Down			
4	4 Line polarization Pull-Up			

# Local side connection



The Expansion modules must be connected beside the last module mounted. It is possible to use up to **2 expansion modules**.

Prior to plug/unplug an expansion unit, remove the power from the system.

The connection between the modules is performed by the specific **16 pins** dual in line connector.

Please mechanically secure the modules by using the specific **plastic clips**.

# **Rotary Switches**



Baud Rate and Node ID configuration

Baud rate		Node ID			
	Lo SW	Baud rate	Lo SW	Hi SW	Node ID
	0	2400	0	0	0x00
	1	4800	0	1	0x01 (addr. 1)
	2	9600	0	2	0x02 (addr. 2)
	3	19200			
	4	38400	$\Psi$	$\Psi$	↓
	5	57600			
	6	115200	F	7	0xF7 (addr. 247)

# Modbus setup procedure

The HI and LO hexadecimal rotary swithches set the module Baud Rate and Modbus Node Address (Node ID). To configure them the procedure is:

- 1. Power OFF the unit;
- 2. Set both the rotary switches to "F";
- Power ON the unit and wait until the PWR and RUN leds become steady ON;
- Use the Lo switch to set the desired baud rate speed (see the Baud Rate table values beside);
- To confirm the set made, turn the Hi switch to "E" and wait until the RUN, USB and COMS leds start blinking;
- 6. Power OFF the unit;

- Set the desired Node ID by using both the Hi and Lo switches;
- 8. Power ON the unit.

Alternatively, at step 7 set value 00h, at next Power ON, the last valid stored value will be resumed as Node ID.

Default values are:

Baud Rate = 38400, Node ID = 201.

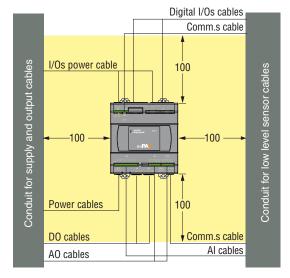


Pay attention to the **rotary** switches codification which is exhadecimal



The **Node ID** of each module **must be unique**, on the same network cannot coexist 2 units with the same Node ID.

# Suggested wires routing





Despite the fact that the instrument has been designed to work in an harsh and noisy environment, it is strongly recommended to follow the following suggestions.

All the wiring must comply with the local regulations.

The supply wiring should be routed away from the power cables. Avoid to use electromagnetic contactors, power relays and high power motors nearby.

Avoid power units nearby, especially if controlled in phase angle. Keep the low level sensor input wires away from the power lines and the output cables.

Power lines and output cables must also be at **100 mm** (min.) away from the CPU. If this is not achievable, use shielded cables on the sensor inputs, with the shield connected to earth at one side only.



# Warning!

Whenever a failure or a malfunction of the device may cause dangerous situations for persons, things or animals, please remember that the plant must be equipped with additional devices which will guarantee safety.

# How to order

