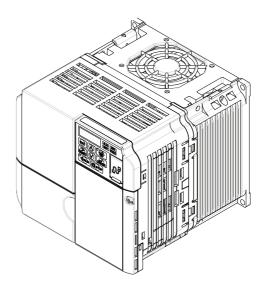


YASKAWA AC Drive L1000V Lift Inverter Series

Quick Start Guide

Type: CIMR-LC V Models: 200 V Class, Three-Phase Input: 4.0 to 15 kW 400 V Class, Three-Phase Input: 4.0 to 15 kW

To properly use the product, read this manual thoroughly and retain for easy reference, inspection, and maintenance. Ensure the end user receives this manual.



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L1000V Quick Start Guide

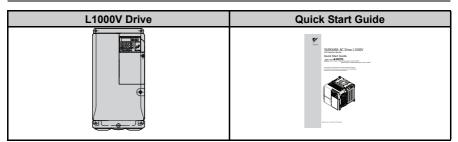
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1 Safety Instructions and General Warnings

YASKAWA supplies component parts for use in a wide variety of industrial applications. The selection and application of YASKAWA products remain the responsibility of the equipment designer or end user. YASKAWA accepts no responsibility for the way its products are incorporated into the final system design. Under no circumstances should any YASKAWA product be incorporated into any product or design as the exclusive or sole safety control. Without exception, all controls should be designed to detect faults dynamically and fail safely under all circumstances. All products designed to incorporate a component part manufactured by YASKAWA must be supplied to the end user with appropriate warnings and instructions as to the safe use and operation of that part. Any warnings provided by YASKAWA must be promptly provided to the end user. YASKAWA offers an express warranty only as to the quality of its products in conforming to standards and specifications published in the manual. NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS OFFERED. YASKAWA assumes no liability for any personal injury, property damage, losses, or claims arising from misapplication of its products.

Scope of Delivery



Applicable Documentation

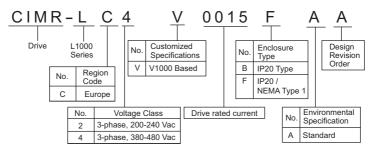
L1000V Series AC Drive Quick Start Guide (this book)	This guide is packaged together with the product. It contains basic information required to install and wire the drive, in addition to an overview of fault diagnostics, maintenance, and parameter settings. Use the information in this book to prepare the drive for a trial run with the application and for basic operation.
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Receiving

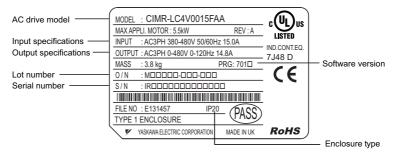
Please perform the following tasks after receiving the drive:

- Inspect the drive for damage. If the drive appears damaged upon receipt, contact your supplier.
- Verify receipt of all components.
- Verify receipt of the correct model by checking the information on the nameplate. If you have received the wrong model contact your supplier.

Drive Model Identification



Nameplate



1 Safety Instructions and General Warnings

General Warnings

WARNING

- Read and understand this manual before installing, operating or servicing this drive.
- All warnings, cautions, and instructions must be followed.
- All work must be performed by qualified personnel.
- The drive must be installed according to this manual and local codes.
- · Heed the safety messages in this manual.

The operating company is responsible for any injuries or equipment damage resulting from failure to heed the warnings in this manual.

The following conventions are used to indicate safety messages in this manual:

Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a property damage message.

Safety Warnings

Electrical Shock Hazard

• Do not attempt to modify or alter the drive in any way not explained in this manual.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

YASKAWA is not responsible for any modification of the product made by the user. This product must not be modified.

• Do not touch any terminals before the capacitors have fully discharged.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Before wiring terminals, disconnect all power to the equipment. The internal capacitor remains charged even after the power supply is turned off. The charge indicator LED will extinguish when the DC bus voltage is below 50 Vdc. To prevent electric shock, wait at least five minutes after all indicators are off and measure the DC bus voltage level to confirm safe level.

· Do not allow ungualified personnel to use equipment. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury. Maintenance, inspection, and replacement of parts must be performed only by authorized personnel familiar with installation, adjustment, and maintenance of AC drives. · Do not remove covers or touch circuit boards while the power is on. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury. · Always ground the motor-side grounding terminal. Improper equipment grounding could result in death or serious injury by contacting the motor case. Do not perform work on the drive while wearing loose clothing, jewelry or without eye protection. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury. Remove all metal objects such as watches and rings, secure loose clothing, and wear eve protection before beginning work on the drive. Never short the output circuits of the drive. Do not short the output circuits of the drive. Failure to comply could result in death or serious iniurv. Make sure the protective earthing conductor complies with technical standards and local safety regulations. When an EMC filter is installed, leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA. Therefore according to IEC 61800-5-1 automatic power supply interruption in case of discontinuity of the protective earthing conductor must be provided or a protective earthing conductor with a cross section of at least 10mm² (Cu) or 16mm² (Al) must be used. Use appropriate equipment for residual current monitoring / detection (RCM / RCD). The drive can cause a residual current with a DC component in the protective earthing conductor. Where a residual current operated protective or monitoring device is used for protection in case of direct or indirect contact, always use an RCM or RCD of type B according to IEC 60755. Sudden Movement Hazard Stay clear of the motor during rotational Auto-Tuning. The motor may start operating suddenly. During automatic starting of equipment, the machine may start moving suddenly, which could result in death or serious injury. System may start unexpectedly upon application of power, resulting in death or serious injury. Clear all personnel from the drive, motor, and machine area before applying power. Secure covers, couplings, shaft keys, and machine loads before applying power to the drive.

Fire Hazard

• Do not use an improper voltage source.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury by fire. Verify that the rated voltage of the drive matches the voltage of the incoming power supply before applying power.

• Do not use improper combustible materials.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury by fire. Attach the drive to metal or other noncombustible material.

- Do not connect AC line power to output terminals U, V, and W.
- Make sure that the power supply lines are connected to main circuit input terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3.
 Do not connect the AC power line to the output motor terminals of the drive. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury by fire as a result of drive damage from line voltage application to output terminals.
- Tighten all terminal screws to the specified tightening torque.

Loose electrical connections could result in death or serious injury by fire due to overheating of electrical connections.

Crush Hazard

• Do not carry the drive by the front cover. Failure to comply may result in minor or moderate injury from the main body of the drive falling.

Burn Hazard

• Do not touch the heatsink or braking resistor hardware until a powered-down cooling period has elapsed.

NOTICE

Equipment Hazard

- Observe proper electrostatic discharge procedures (ESD) when handling the drive and circuit boards. Failure to comply may result in ESD damage to the drive circuitry.
- Never connect or disconnect the motor from the drive while the drive is outputting voltage. Improper equipment sequencing could result in damage to the drive.

NOTICE

 Do not perform a withstand voltage test on any part of the drive. Failure to comply could result in damage to the sensitive devices within the drive. Do not operate damaged equipment. Failure to comply could result in further damage to the equipment. Do not connect or operate any equipment with visible damage or missing parts. Install adequate branch circuit short circuit protection per applicable codes. Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive. The drive is suitable for circuits capable of delivering not more than 30,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 240 Vac maximum (200 V Class) and 480 Vac maximum (400 V Class). · Do not use unshielded cable for control wiring. Failure to comply may cause electrical interference resulting in poor system performance. Use shielded twisted-pair wires and ground the shield to the ground terminal of the drive. · Do not allow ungualified personnel to use the product. Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive or braking circuit. Carefully review the braking option instruction manual when connecting a braking option to the drive. Do not modify the drive circuitry. Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive and will void warranty. YASKAWA is not responsible for modification of the product made by the user. This product must not be modified. ٠ Check all the wiring to ensure that all connections are correct after installing the drive and connecting other devices. Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive. Do not connect unapproved LC or RC interference suppression filters, capacitors, or overvoltage protection devices to the output of the drive. Using unapproved filters could result in damage to the drive or motor equipment. Check the motor rotation and elevator movement direction prior to starting up the drive. The drive puts out voltage in phase sequence U-V-W with an Up command. Make sure the elevator moves up if the motor is supplied with this phase sequence. Always remove the ropes when performing Rotational Auto-Tuning. During Rotational Auto-Tuning the drive turns the motor for a certain time. Not removing the ropes might result in damage to the equipment.

• Precautions for CE Low Voltage Directive Compliance

This drive has been tested according to European standard EN61800-5-1, and it fully complies with the Low Voltage Directive. The following conditions must be met to maintain compliance when combining this drive with other devices:

Do not use drives in areas with pollution higher than severity 2 and overvoltage category 3 in accordance with IEC664.

Ground the neutral point of the main power supply for 400 V Class drives.

• Precautions for UL/cUL Standards Compliance

This drive is tested in accordance with UL standard UL508C and complies with UL requirements. The following conditions must be met to maintain compliance when using this drive in combination with other equipment:

Do not install the drive to an area greater than pollution severity 2 (UL standard).

Use UL-listed copper wires (rated at 75° C) and closed-loop connectors or CSA-certified ring connectors.

Wire low voltage wires with NEC Class 1 circuit conductors. Refer to national state or local codes for wiring. Use a class 2 (UL regulations) power supply for the control circuit terminal.

This drive has undergone the UL short-circuit test, which certifies that during a short circuit in the power supply the current flow will not rise above 30,000 amps maximum at 240 V for 200 V class drives and 480 V for 400 V class drives.

The drive internal motor overload protection is UL listed and in accordance with the NEC and CEC. The setup can be done using the parameters L1-01/02.

2 Mechanical Installation

Upon Receipt

Perform the following tasks after receiving the drive:

- Inspect the drive for damage. If the drive appears damaged upon receipt, contact your supplier.
- Verify receipt of the correct model by checking the information on the nameplate. If you have received the wrong model, contact your supplier.

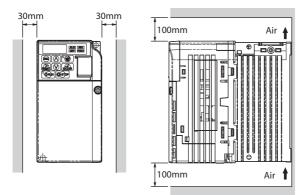
Installation Environment

For optimum performance life of the drive, install the drive in an environment that meets the conditions listed below.

Environment	Conditions
Installation Area	Indoors
Ambient Temperature	-10°C to +40°C (NEMA Type 1) -10°C to +50°C (Open-Chassis Type) When using an enclosure panel, install a cooling fan or air conditioner in the area to ensure that the air temperature inside the enclosure does not exceed the specified levels. Do not allow ice to develop on the drive.
Humidity	95% RH or less and free of condensation
Storage Temperature	-20°C to +60°C
Surrounding Area	Install the drive in an area free from: • oil mist and dust • metal shavings, oil, water or other foreign materials • radioactive materials • combustible materials (e.g., wood) • harmful gases and liquids • excessive vibration • chlorides • direct sunlight
Altitude	1000 m or lower, up to 3000 m with derating
Vibration	10 - 20 Hz at 9.8 m/s ² , 20 - 55 Hz at 5.9 m/s ²
Orientation	Install the drive vertically to maintain maximum cooling effects.

Installation Orientation and Spacing

Always install the drive in an upright position. Leave space around the unit for proper cooling as shown in the figure below.

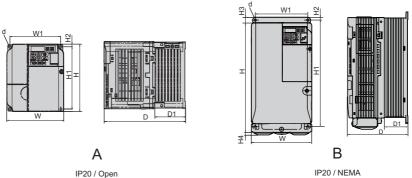


Degree of Protection

L1000V drive models 2V0018B and 4V0009B are open chassis with a protection degree of IP20. Models 2V0025F and 4V0015F onward are equipped with a top protective cover and therefore have a protection degree of IP20 / NEMA Type 1. Install the drive in a cabinet if a higher degree of protection is required.

Type 1

Dimensions



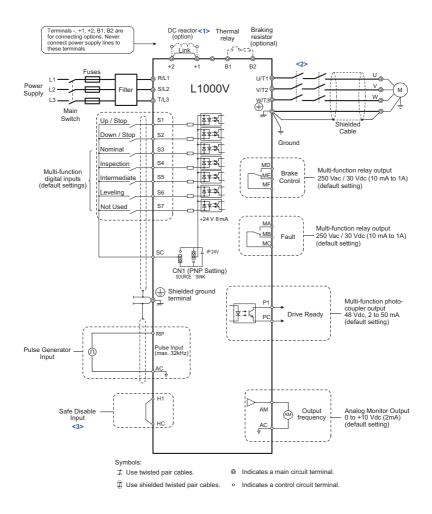
IP20 / Open Chassis

Model		Dimensions (mm)								Weight		
CIMR-LC□	Fig.	w	Н	D	W1	H1	H2	H3	H4	D1	d	(kğ)
2V0018B	Α	140	128	143	128	118	5	-	-	65	M4	2.6
2V0025F		140	254	140	122	248	6	13	6.2	55	M5	3.8
2V0033F	в	140	254	140	122	248	6	13	6.2	55	M5	3.8
2V0047F	Б	180	290	163	160	284	8	15	6.2	75	M5	5.5
2V0060F		220	350	187	192	336	7	15	7.2	78	M6	9.2

Model		Dimensions (mm)								Weight		
CIMR-LC	Fig.	w	Н	D	W1	H1	H2	H3	H4	D1	d	(kg)
4V0009B	А	140	128	143	128	118	5	-	-	65	M4	2.6
4V0015F		140	254	140	122	248	6	13	6	55	M5	3.8
4V0018F	в	140	254	140	122	248	6	13	6.2	55	M5	3.8
4V0024	Б	180	290	143	160	284	8	15	6	55	M5	5.2
4V0031F		180	290	163	160	284	8	15	6	75	M5	5.5

3 Electrical Installation

The figure below shows the main and control circuit wiring.



<1> Remove the jumper when installing a DC reactor. These terminals are shorted at shipment.

<2> The drive provides a stop function in compliance with Stop Category 0 (EN60204-1) and "Safe Torque Off" (IEC61800-5-2). It has been designed to meet the requirements of the EN954-1/ ISO13849-1, Category 3 and IEC61508, SIL2. Using this function the number of motor contactors can be reduced to one. Refer to Safe Disable Input Function on page 50 for details.

<3> Disconnect the wire jumper between H1 - HC when using Safe Disable inputs.

- Note: 1. The drive should be integrated into the lift system in such a way as to ensure that a drive fault causes the safety chain to trip. Always use output relay terminals MA-MB-MC for this purpose.
 - 2. There are some conditions under which the drive cannot start even though there is no fault currently present, for example when the drive is in Programming Mode. To interlock controller-drive operation the "Drive Ready" output (terminals P1-PC by default) can be used.

• Wiring Specification

Main Circuit

Use the fuses and line filters listed up in the table below when wiring the main circuit. Make sure not to exceed the given tightening torque values.

	AC		eactor	Main	Recom.	Main Circuit T	erminal \$	Sizes
Model CIMR-LC⊡	EMC Filter	IP00	IP20	Fuse [Ferraz]	Motor cable (mm²)	R/L1,S/L2,T/L3, U/T1,V/T2,W/T3, - , +1, +2	B1, B2	Ð
2V0018B	FS23637-24- 07	LR3 40-4/ 20		TRS60R	6	M4	M4	M4
2V0025F	FS23637-52-	LR3 40-4/	Same part	A6T70	10	M4	M4	M5
2V0033F	07	45	# as IP00, specify IP20 with order.	A6T100	16	M4	M4	M5
2V0047F	FS23637-68- 07	LR3 40-4/		A6T150	25	M6	M5	M6
2V0060F	FS23637-80- 07	70		A6T200	35	M8	M5	M6
4V0009B	FS23639-15- 07	B 0903084	B 0903088	TRS30R	2.5	M4	M4	M4
4V0015F	FS23639-30-	B 0903085	B 0903089	A6T50	6	M4	M4	M5
4V0018F	07	Б 0903083	Б 0903089	A6T60	10	M4	M4	M5
4V0024F	FS23639-50-	B 0903086	B 0903090	A6T70	10	M5	M5	M5
4V0031F	07	B 0903087	B 0903091	A6T80	16	M5	M5	M6

Tightening Torque Values

Tighten the main circuit terminals using the torque values provided by the table below.

Terminal Size	M4	M5	M6
Tightening Torque (N·m)	1.2 to 1.5	2.0 to 2.5	4.0 to 5.0

Control Circuit

The control terminal board is equipped with screwless terminals. Always use wires within the specification listed below. For safe wiring it is recommended to use solid wires or flexible wires with ferrules. The stripping length respectively ferrule length should be 8 mm.

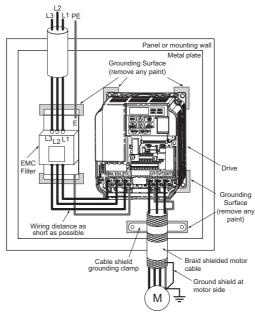
Wire Type	Wire size (mm ²)
Solid	0.2 to 1.5
Flexible	0.2 to 1.0
Flexible with ferrule	0.25 to 0.5



EMC Filter Installation

This drive has been tested in accordance with European standards EN61800-3. Install the drive and wire the main circuit as described below.

- 1. Install an appropriate EMC noise filter to the input side. See the table in Main Circuit on page 15.
- 2. Place the drive and EMC noise filter in the same enclosure.
- 3. Use braided shield cable for motor and control circuit wiring.
- 4. Remove any paint or dirt from ground connections for minimal ground impedance.
- 5. Make sure the ground conductor complies with technical standards and local safety rules. When an EMC filter is installed, the leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA. Therefore according to IEC61800-5-1, at least one of the conditions below must be satisfied:
 - The cross section of the protective earthing conductor must be at least 10mm² (Cu) or 16mm² (Al).
 - The power supply must be disconnected automatically in case of discontinuity of the protective earthing conductor
- 6. Install an AC or DC reactor for EN12015 compliance. See the table in Main Circuit on page 15 or contact your supplier for details.





Wiring the Main Circuit Input

Note the following precautions when wiring the main circuit input.

- Use only fuses recommended in Main Circuit on page 15.
- When using residual current monitoring or detection devices (RCM / RCD), make sure the devices are designed for use with AC drives (e.g. type B according to IEC60755).
- If using an input switch, make sure that the switch does not operate more frequently than once every 30 minutes.
- Use a DC reactor or AC reactor on the input side of the drive:
 - To suppress harmonic current.
 - To improve the power factor on the power supply side.
 - When using an advancing capacitor switch.
 - With a large capacity power supply transformer (over 600 kVA).

3 Electrical Installation

Wiring the Main Circuit Output

Note the following precautions for the output circuit wiring:

- Do not connect any load other than a three-phase motor to the output side of the drive.
- Never connect a power source to the drive output.
- Never short or ground the output terminals.
- Do not use phase correction capacitors.
- Check the control sequence to make sure that the motor contactor is not turned ON or OFF during drive operation. Turning on the motor contactor while voltage is output causes an inrush current that is likely to trigger the drive's overcurrent protection.
- **Note:** The drive provides a Safe Disable function that can be used to reduce the number of motor contactors to one. *Refer to Safe Disable Input Function on page 50* for details.

Ground Connection

Take the following precautions when grounding the drive:

- Make sure the ground conductor complies with general technical standards and local regulations.
- · Keep ground wires as short as possible.
- Always make sure the ground impedance is conform to the requirements of local safety and installation regulations.
- Never share the ground wire with other devices such as welding machines, etc.
- Do not loop the ground wire when using more than one drive.

Control Circuit Wiring Precautions

Note the following precautions for wiring the control circuits:

- Separate control circuit wiring from main circuit wiring and other high-power lines.
- Separate wiring for control circuit terminals MA, MB, MC, and MD, ME, MF (contact output) from wiring to other control circuit terminals.
- Use twisted-pair or shielded twisted-pair cables for control circuits to prevent operating faults.
- Ground the cable shields with the maximum contact area of the shield and ground.
- Cable shields should be grounded on both cable ends.
- Note that flexible wires with ferrules may fit tightly into the terminals. To disconnect them, grasp the wire end with a pair of pliers, release the terminal using a straight-edge screwdriver, turn the wire for about 45°, and pull it gently out of the terminal. Use this procedure for removing the wire link between HC and H1 when the Safe Disable function is utilized.

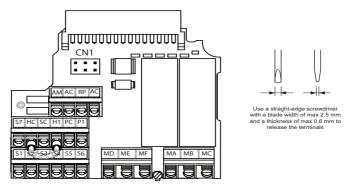
Main Circuit Terminals

Terminal	Туре	Function
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	Main circuit power supply input	Connects line power to the drive. Drives with single-phase 200 V input power have no T/L3 terminal.
U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	Drive output	Connects to the motor.

Terminal	Туре	Function
B1, B2	Braking resistor	For connecting a braking resistor or the braking resistor unit option.
+1, +2	DC reactor connection	Linked at shipment. Remove the link to install a DC choke.
+1, -	DC power supply input	For connecting a DC power supply.
(2 terminals)	Ground Terminal	-

Control Circuit Terminals

The figure below shows the control circuit terminal arrangement. The drive is equipped with screwless terminals.



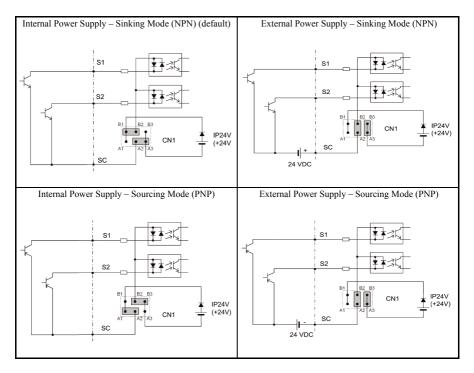
Jumper CN1 is located on the terminal board. Set as described below.

	fe Disable Input/ S1 to S7 urce/External Supply Selection	B1 B2 B3	B1 B2 B3 A1 A2 A3 Source	B1 B2 B3 A1 A2 A3 External 24 Vdc Power Supply
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3 Electrical Installation

Sinking/Sourcing Mode (NPN/PNP Selection)

The input terminal logic can be switched between sinking mode (0-V common, NPN) and sourcing mode (+24V common, PNP) for digital inputs S1 to S7 by setting jumper CN1. An external power supply is also supported in both sinking and sourcing modes, providing more freedom in signal input methods.



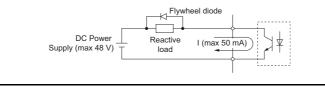
Туре	No.	Terminal Name (Function)	Function (Signal Level) Default Setting		
	S 1	Up Command (Closed: Up, Open: Stop)			
	S2	Down Command (Closed: Down, Open: Stop)			
	S3	Multi-function input 3 (Nominal Speed)	Photocoupler +24 Vdc, 8 mA		
Digital	S4	Multi-function input 4 (Inspection Operation)	Use jumper CN1 (see page 16 and 17) to select		
Inputs	S5	Multi-function input 5 (Intermediate Speed 1)	sinking or sourcing, and to select the power sup- ply.		
	S6	Multi-function input 6 (Leveling Speed)	P-7-		
	S7	Multi-function input 7 (Not used)			
	SC	Multi-function input common	Sequence common		
Safe Disable Input	H1	Safe Disable Input	+24 Vdc, 10 mA max If H1 is open: Drive output disabled (time from input open to drive output switch off is less than 1 ms) If H1 closed : Normal operation		
	HC	Safe Disable input common	Safe Disable common		
Multi-Func-	MA	N.O. output (Fault)	20.3/1 10 4/14 250.3/ 10 1/11		
tion Relay	MB	N.C. output (Fault)	30 Vdc, 10 mA to 1 A; 250 Vac, 10 mA to 1 A Minimum load: 5 Vdc, 10 mA		
Output	MC	Fault output common			
Multi-Func-	MD	N.O. output (Brake Control)	30 Vdc, 10 mA to 1 A; 250 Vac, 10 mA to 1 A		
tion Relay	ME	N.C. output (Brake Control)	Minimum load: 5 Vdc, 10 mA		
Output	MF	Digital output common			
Multi-Func- tion PHC	P1	Photocoupler output (Drive Ready)	Digital photocoupler output		
Output	PC	Photocoupler output common	48 Vdc, 2 to 50 mA		
Monitor Output	AM	Analog monitor output	0 to 10 Vdc (2 mA or less), Resolution: 1/1000 (10 bit)		
Output	AC	Monitor common	0 V		
Analog/ Pulse Inputs	RP	Pulse train input	Response frequency: 0.5 to 32 kHz, Duty: 30 to 70%, High: 3.5 to 24 V, Low: 0.0 to 0.8 V, input impedance: $3 k\Omega$)		
	AC	Pulse Train input common	0 V		

Control Circuit Terminal Functions

3 Electrical Installation

NOTICE

- Terminals H1 and HC are used for the Safe Disable function, which can be used to enable/ disable the drive. *Refer to Safe Disable Input Function on page 50* for details. Always remove the wire link between H1 and HC when using Safe Disable.
- The wiring length to terminals H1 and HC should not exceed 30 meters.
- When connecting a reactive load such as a relay coil to a photocoupler output, attach a flywheel diode to the load (relay coil) like shown below. Be sure that the diode voltage rating is higher than the circuit voltage.



4 Keypad Operation

LED Operator and Keys

The LED operator is used to program the drive, to start/ stop it, and to display fault information. The LEDs indicate the drive status.

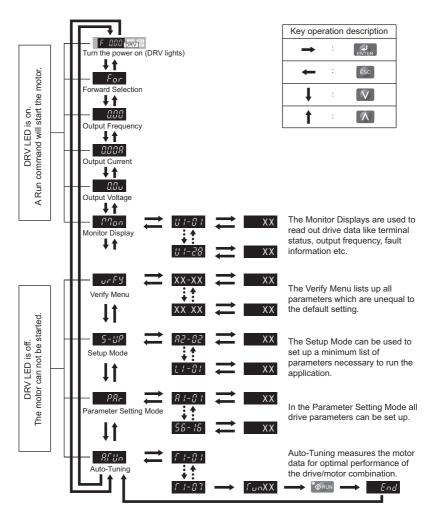


Display	Name	Function
F50.00	Data Display Area	Displays the frequency reference, parameter number, etc.
ESC	ESC Key	Returns to the previous menu.
RESET	RESET Key	Moves the cursor to the right. Resets a fault.
RUN	RUN Key	The Run LED is on, when the drive is operating the motor. Flashes when decelerating to stop or when the frequency reference is 0. Flashes quickly when the drive is disabled by a DI, the drive was stopped using a fast stop DI, or a run command was active during power up.
\land	Up Arrow Key	Scrolls up to display the next item, selects parameter numbers and increments setting values.
V	Down Arrow Key	Scrolls down to display the previous item, selects parameter numbers and decreases setting values.
STOP	STOP Key	Stops the drive.
ENTER	ENTER Key	Selects modes, parameters and is used to store settings.
ALM	ALM LED Light	Flashing: The drive is in an alarm state. On: The drive is in a fault state and the output is stopped.
REV	REV LED Light	On: The motor rotation direction is reverse. Off: The motor rotation direction is forward.
DRV	DRV LED Light	On: The drive is ready to operate the motor. Off: The drive is in the Verify, Setup, Parameter Setting or Auto tuning mode.
FOUT	FOUT LED Light	On: The output frequency is displayed on the data screen. Off: Something other than the output frequency is displayed on the data screen.

Keys and Functions

Menu Structure and Modes

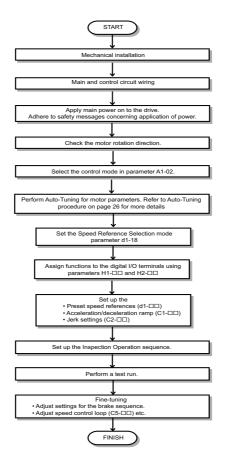
The following illustration explains the operator keypad menu structure.



5 Start Up

Drive Setup Procedure

The illustration below shows the basic setup procedure. The steps from switching on power are explained in more detail on the following pages.



Power On

Before turning on the power supply,

- Make sure all wires are connected properly.
- Make sure no screws, loose wire ends or tools are left in the drive.
- After turning the power on, the drive mode display should appear and no fault or alarm should be displayed. In case of any error *Refer to Troubleshooting on page 44*

Control Mode Selection (A1-02)

There are two control modes available, each with open loop and single channel feedback possibilities. Select the control mode that best suits the application the drive will control.

Machine Type	Control Mode	A1-02 setting	H6-01 setting		
	V/f Control	0	F		
Induction motor	V/f Control with PG	0	3		
	Open Loop Vector Control	2	F		
	Open Loop Vector with PG	2	3		

Motor Rotation Direction Setup

Depending on the elevator configuration it might be necessary to change the motor direction in order for the lift to travel up when the Up command is given to the drive. Do the following to check the motor rotation direction.

- The drive outputs voltage in U-V-W phase sequence by default when an Up command is received. Check the motor rotation with this phase sequence (for most motors clockwise seen from the shaft side).
- If the motor drives the elevator in the up direction with a U-V-W sequence, make sure parameter b1-14 is set to 0 (default).
- If the motor drives the elevator in down direction with a U-V-W sequence, set parameter b1-14 to 1.

Motor Data

Auto-Tuning Types

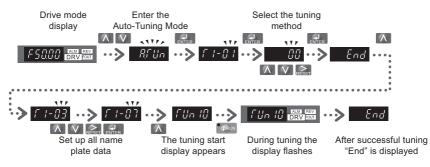
Auto-Tuning automatically programs the drive's motor and motor control related parameters. Select between Auto-Tuning methods listed below.

Туре	Setting	Requirements and Benefits	Control Mode (A1-02)	
	-		V/f (0)	OLV (2)
Rotational Auto-Tuning	T1-01 = 0	• Rotational Auto-Tuning gives the most accurate results, and is therefore highly recommended if possible.	No	Yes
Stationary Auto-Tuning T1-01 = 1		 Automatically calculates motor parameters needed for vector control. Use if ropes can not be removed. Note that the accuracy is less then with Rotational Auto-tuning. 	No	Yes
Stationary Auto-Tuning for Line-to-Line Resis- tance	T1-01 = 2	• Used for V/f control, or in Open Loop Vector control mode when the drive was previously properly set up and the motor cable is changed.		Yes

Never touch the motor until the Auto-Tuning is finished. Even thought the motor may not be rotating when Auto-Tuning, voltage is still applied to the motor during the tuning process.

Tuning Mode Selection and Data Input

For Auto-Tuning enter the Auto-Tuning menu and perform the steps shown in the figure below. The amount of name plate data to be entered depends on the selected type of Auto-Tuning. This example shows Rotational Auto-Tuning.

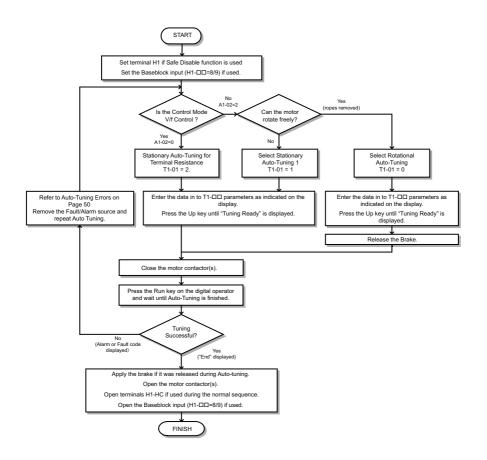


If Auto-Tuning cannot be performed for some reason (no-load operation impossible, etc.), then set the maximum frequency and voltage in the E1- $\Box\Box$ parameters and enter the motor data manually into the E2- $\Box\Box$.

Precautions

- Always try to perform Rotational Auto-Tuning as it gives more accurate results than Non-Rotating Auto-Tuning. Perform Non-Rotating Auto-Tuning if the load can not be disconnected (e.g. ropes can not be removed).
- Make sure that the mechanical brake is closed for all Auto-Tuning methods except for Rotational Auto-Tuning.
- Motor contactors must be closed during the Auto-Tuning process.
- H1 and HC signals must be ON when performing Auto-Tuning.
- Confirm that the motor is mechanically fixed.
- Do not touch the motor until the Auto-Tuning process is complete. Voltage is applied to the motor during the tuning process, even though the motor may not be rotating.
- To cancel Auto-Tuning, press the STOP key on the digital operator.
- During Auto-Tuning the motor is started and stopped repeatedly and may also rotate. When the tuning is finished, "END" will appear on the operator panel. Do not touch the motor until this display is shown and the motor has completely stopped.

Auto-Tuning Procedure



• Up and Down Commands and Speed Reference Selection

Speed Reference Selection

The speed reference selection is fixed to speed parameters d1- $\Box\Box$ and digital inputs are used to switch between different reference values.

Up / Down Command Source Selection

The input for the Up and Down signal can be selected with parameter b1-02.

b1-02	Up/Down source	Run command input			
0	Operator keypad RUN and STOP keys on the operator				
1 (default)	Digital inputs	Terminal S1: Run in Up direction Terminal S2: Run in Down direction			

Travel Start and Stop

Travel Start

To start the elevator in up or down direction, the following conditions must be fulfilled:

- A speed reference greater than zero must be selected.
- The Safe Disable signals at terminal H1 must be closed.
- An Up or Down Signal must be set at the source specified in b1-02.

Travel Stop

The drive stops under the following conditions:

- The Up or Down command is cleared.
- d1-18 is set to 1 or 2 and the Up/Down or Leveling Speed signal (H1- $\Box \Box = 53$) is cleared.
- A fault occurs. The stopping method depends on the fault and certain parameter settings.
- The Safe Disable input is opened or a Base Block signal is input. In this case the brake is closed immediately and the drive output shuts off.

Speed Selection Using Digital Inputs (b1-01 = 0)

Use parameter d1-18 to determine how different travel speeds are selected by digital inputs.

d1-18	Speed Selection
0	Multi-speed inputs 1, Speed references are set in d1-01 to d1-08
1 (default)	Separate speed inputs, Speed references are set in d1-19 to d1-24 and d1-26, Higher speed has priority
2	Separate speed inputs, Speed references are set in d1-19 to d1-24 and d1-26, Leveling speed has priority

Multi-Speed Inputs 1, 2 (d1-18 = 0)

Speed Selection

When d1-18 = 0 multi-function digital inputs are preset as shown below.

Terminal	Parameter Number	Set Value	Details			
S4	S4 H1-03		Multi-Speed Reference 1			
S5 H1-04		4	Multi-Speed Reference 2			
S6	H1-05	5	Multi-Speed Reference 3			

Different speed reference settings can be selected by combining the three digital inputs as shown in the table below.

	Selected Speed		
Multi-Speed Reference 1	Multi-Speed Reference 2	Multi-Speed Reference 3	d1-18 = 0
0	0	0	Speed reference 1 d1-01
1	0	0	Speed reference 2 d1-02
0	1	0	Speed reference 3 d1-03
1	1	0	Speed reference 4 d1-04
0	0	1	Speed reference 5 d1-05
1	0	1	Speed reference 6 d1-06
0	1	1	Speed reference 7 d1-07
1	1	1	Speed reference 8 d1-08

0 = Off, 1 = On

Eight separate speed settings (defined in parameters d1-01 to d1-08) can be selected by three digital input signals.

Separate Speed Inputs (d1-18 = 1 or 2)

With this setting, six different speeds (defined in the parameters d1-19 to d1-24 and d1-26) can be set and selected using four digital inputs.

Speed Selection

When d1-18 = 1 or 2, Multi-function digital inputs are preset as shown below.

Terminal	Parameter Number	Set Value	Details					
S3	H1-03	50	Nominal speed (d1-19)					
S4	H1-04	51	Intermediate speed 1 (d1-20)					
85	H1-05	52	Releveling speed (d1-23)					
S6	H1-06	53	Leveling speed (d1-26)					

Depending on the speed selection functions assigned to the digital inputs (H1- $\Box\Box$ settings), the different speed levels can be selected as shown in the table below.

Selected Speed	Leveling and Nominal Speed assigned (H1-□□=50 and H1-□□=53)			Leveling speed not assigned (H1-□□ ≠ 53)			Nominal Speed not assigned (H1-□□ ≠ 50)			
	50	51	52	53	50	51	52	51	52	53
Nominal Speed (d1-19)	1	0	0	А	1	0	0	0	0	0
Intermediate Speed 1 (d1-20)	0	1	0	А	0	1	0	1	0	0
Intermediate Speed 2 (d1-21)	1	1	1	А	1	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Intermediate Speed 3 (d1-22)	0	1	1	А	0	1	1	1	1	0
Revelling Speed (d1-23)	0	0	1	А	0	0	1	0	1	0
Leveling Speed (d1-26)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	Х	Х	1
Zero Speed	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

0 = Off, 1 = On

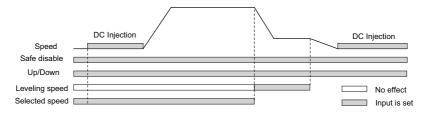
A: No influence when d1-18=1, 0 when d1-18=2

B: No influence

N/A = Not available

Higher Speed has Priority and the Leveling Speed Input is Assigned (d1-18 = 1 and H1- $\Box\Box$ = 53) (Default)

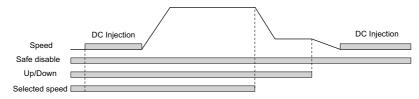
The higher speed has priority over the leveling speed, meaning the leveling signal is disregarded as long as any other speed selection input is active. The drive decelerates to the leveling speed (d1-26) when the selected speed reference signal is removed.



Higher Speed Priority is Selected and the Leveling Speed Input is Not Assigned (d1-18 = 1 and H1- $\Box\Box \neq$ 53)

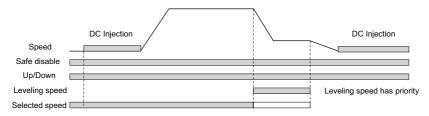
The drive decelerates to the leveling speed (d1-26) when the selected speed reference signal is removed.

If no speed reference is selected at start the drive will trigger a "FrL" fault. To disable Speed Reference Missing (FrL) detection, set parameter S6-15 to "0". With this setting the drive starts using leveling speed if no other speed reference is selected.



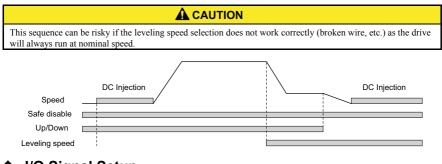
Leveling Speed has Priority and the Leveling Speed Input is Assigned (d1-18 = 2, H1- $\Box\Box$ = 53)

The leveling signal has priority over other speed references. The drive decelerates to the leveling speed (d1-26) when the leveling speed selection input is activated.



Leveling Speed has Priority and the Nominal Speed Input is Not Assigned (d1-18 = 2, H1- $\Box\Box \neq$ 50)

The drive runs at nominal speed (d1-19) when no speed selection input is set. When the leveling speed signal is set, the drive decelerates to the leveling speed. The leveling speed signal has priority over all other speed signals.



I/O Signal Setup

Note: The default setting functions can be seen in Electrical Installation on page 14.

Multi-Function Digital Inputs

Assign functions to each digital input terminal using the H1-DD parameters.

Multi-Function Digital Outputs

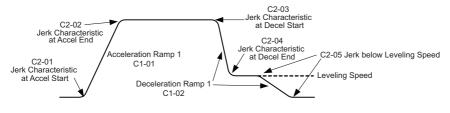
Determine the function for each digital output terminal with the H2- $\Box\Box$ parameters. The setting value of these parameters consists of three digits, where the middle and right digit determines the function, and the left digit sets the output characteristics. The output characteristics can be either "Output as selected" (0) or "Inverse output" (1).

Multi-Function Analog Outputs

Use the H4-DD parameters to set up the output value of the analog monitor output.

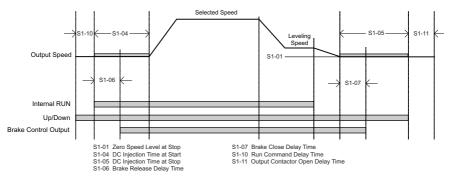
Acceleration Ramp, Deceleration Ramp, and Jerk Settings

The acceleration and deceleration ramps are set in the parameters C1-01 and C1-02, while the jerk settings are set in the C2- $\Box\Box$ parameters as shown in the figure below.





The figure below shows the brake sequence and parameters that can be used for adjustment.



Inspection Operation

Start in Inspection Mode

Inspection operation is performed when an Up or Down signal is input while one of the conditions below is true.

- Parameter d1-18 is set to 0 and the chosen speed is higher than d1-28 but lower than d1-29
- Parameter d1-18 is set to 1 or 2 and a digital input programmed for Inspection Operation Speed (H1- $\Box\Box$ = 54) is enabled.

The start is performed using the same acceleration characteristics, brake sequence and contactor sequence as in normal operation. The carrier frequency is set to 2 kHz during Inspection Operation.

Stop in Inspection Mode

To stop the drive in Inspection Mode either remove the Up or Down signal or deselect the Inspection Operation Speed Reference.

The stop can be performed using a deceleration ramp, depending on the setting of parameter C1-15 (Inspection Operation Deceleration Ramp).

- If C1-15 = 0, the drive immediately closes the brake, shuts off drive output and opens the motor contactor (if controlled by the drive).
- If C1-15 > 0, the drive decelerates to stop with the selected ramp, closes the brake, shuts the output off and opens the motor contactor (if controlled by the drive).

Fine Adjustments 6

This section provides tips for improving ride quality after basic setup is completed and lists solutions to potential problems.



Potential Problems and Solutions

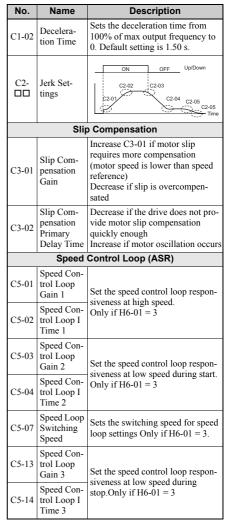
Problem	Contr	ol Mode and Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Rollback at start	All	Not enough torque when the brake is released	 Increase the DC Injection Braking current at start using parameter S1-02. Set the time for DC Injection Braking at start (S1-04) to as short a value as possible, but make sure that brake releases completely before the motor starts to turn. Increase the minimum (E1-10) and medium (E1-08) V/f pattern voltages. Make sure, that the starting and leveling current does not rise too high.
		Motor torque is not fully established when the brake is released	Lengthen the brake release delay time (S1-06) and the time for DC Injection Braking / Position Lock at start (S1-04).
		Motor contactors close too late	Make sure, that the contactors are closed before the Up/Down command is set.
	All	Motor starts turning when the brake is not completely released or runs against the brake	Increase the DC Injection Braking time at start using parameter S1-04.
Shock at start		Acceleration rate is changing too quickly	Smoothen the Jerk at start by increasing C2-01
		Rollback occurs during brake opening.	See above under "Rollback at start".
Motor or machine	OLV	Torque compensation is responding too quickly	Increase the torque compensation delay time (C4-02).
vibrates in the low or medium	OLV	The value for the motor slip is set incorrectly	Check the motor slip value in parameter E2-02. Increase or decrease it in steps of 0.2 Hz.
speed range	All	Output voltage is too high	Reduce the V/f pattern settings (E1-08, E1-10).
Motor or machine vibrates at high speed or top speed	OLV	Torque compensation is responding too quickly	Increase the torque compensation delay time (C4-02).
Car jerks sud- denly due to over- shoot as the motor reaches top speed	OLV	Torque compensation or slip compen- sation reacts too fast	Increase the torque compensation delay time (C4-02). Increase the slip compensation delay time (C3-02).
	All	The acceleration rate changes too quickly	Smoothen the Jerk at the end of acceleration by increasing C2-02

Problem	Contr	ol Mode and Possible Cause	Corrective Action
	OLV	Motor data incorrect	Adjust the motor data (E2- $\Box\Box$),
Motor stops short		Too much slip compensation	especially the motor slip (E2-02) and no-load current values (E2-03), or perform Auto-Tuning.
(undershoot) when the leveling speed is reached	All	Not enough torque at low speed	Increase the minimum and mid voltage levels for the V/f pattern (E1-10 and E1-08 respectively). Make sure that the current at start and during leveling does not rise too high.
		Deceleration rate changes too quickly.	Smoothen the Jerk at the end of deceleration by increasing C2-04.
Shock at stop	All	Brake is applied too early, causing the motor to run against the brake	Increase the Brake Close Delay Time (S1-07). If necessary, also increase the DC Injection Braking time at stop (S1-05).
		Motor contactor is released though the brake has not yet fully closed	Check the motor contactor sequence.
High frequency motor noise	All	The carrier frequency is too low	Increase the carrier frequency in parameter C6-03. If the carrier frequency is set higher than the default setting (8kHz), current derating must be considered for the drive.
Vibrations which		Mechanical problems	Check bearings and gearbox.
increase with the speed	All	Rotational parts (motor armature, handwheel, brake disk/drum) are not properly balanced	Balance the rotating parts.

7 Parameter Table

This table below lists the most important parameters with default settings appearing in bold type.

No.	Name	Description				
	Initialization Parameters					
A1-00	Language Selection	0: English 1: Japanese 2: German 3: French 4: Italian 5: Spanish 6: Portuguese 7: Chinese				
A1-01	Access Level Selection	0: View and set parameters A1-01 and A1-04 (U□-□□ parameters can also be viewed) 1: User Parameters (access to a set of parameters selected by the user, A2-01 to A2-32) 2: Advanced Access (access to view and set all parameters)				
A1-02	Control Method Selection	0: V/f Control 2: Open Loop Vector Control				
A1-03	Initialize Parameters	0: No initialization 1110: User Initialize (parameter values must be stored using param- eter o2-03) 2220: 2-wire initialization 5550: oPE04 error reset				
	Operat	ion Mode Selection				
b1-02	Run Com- mand Selection1	0: Digital operator 1: Digital input terminals				
b1-14	Output Phase Order Selection	Output phase order with an Up command. 0: U-V-W 1: U-W-V				
	Acceleratio	n/ Deceleration Settings				
C1-01	Accelera- tion Time	Sets the acceleration time from 0 to 100% of max output frequency. Default setting is 1.50 s.				



No.	Name	Name Description			
Carrier Frequency					
C6-02	Carrier Fre- quency	Sets the carrier frequency. Settings above the default requires output current derating.			
	Sp	beed Reference			
d1-01 to d1- 08	Speed Ref- erence 1 to 8	Speed reference values for multi- speed inputs.			
d1-18	Speed Ref- erence Selection	0: Multi-speed references 1 to 8 1: Higher speed reference has priority 2: Leveling speed reference has priority			
d1-19	Nominal Speed				
d1-20	Intermedi- ate Speed 1				
d1-21	Intermedi- ate Speed 2				
d1-22	Intermedi- ate Speed 3	Speed reference values for separate speed selection inputs.			
d1-23	Relevel. Speed				
d1-24	Inspection Operation Speed				
d1-26	Leveling Speed				
d1-28	Leveling Speed Detection Level	Used when $d1-18 = 0$. If the speed reference selected is lower than $d1-28$, then the drive uses the leveling speed as the speed reference.			
d1-29	Inspection Speed Detection Level	Used when $d1-18 = 0$. If the speed reference selected is between $d1-28$ and $d1-29$, then the speed refer- ence is regarded as the Inspection Speed, and the inspection opera- tion sequence is activated.			

No.	Name	Description					
	V/f Pattern for Motor 1						
E1-01	Input Volt- age Setting	This parameter must be set to the power supply voltage. WARNING! Drive input voltage (not motor voltage) must be set in E1-01 for the protective features of the drive to function properly.					
E1-04	Maximum Output Fre- quency	V/f pattern settings					
E1-05	Maximum Voltage	Output Voltage (V)					
E1-06	Base Fre- quency	E1-05 E1-13					
E1-07	Mid Output Frequency	E1-08					
E1-08	Mid Output Frequency Voltage	E1-10 E1-09 E1-07 E1-06 E1-04 Frequency (Hz)					
E1-09	Minimum Output Fre- quency	For linear V/f characteristics, set the same values to E1-07 and E1-					
E1-10	Minimum Output Fre- quency Voltage	09. With these settings, the drive will disregard the value set to E1- 08. Parameters must be set so that: E1-09 \leq E1-07 \leq E1-06 \leq E1-04					
E1-13	Base Volt- age						
	Inductio	on Motor Parameters					
E2-01	Rated Cur- rent						
E2-02	Rated Slip						
E2-03	No-Load Current	Motor data for Induction Motors.					
E2-04	Number of Motor Poles	Enter manually if Auto-Tuning cannot be performed.					
E2-05	Line-to-Lin e Resistance						
E2-06	Leakage Inductance						

No.	Name	Description			
F1-50	Encoder Selection	Selects the Encoder if a PG-F3 Option card is installed. 0: EnDat 2.1/2.2, Serial + Sin/Cos 2: Hiperface			
M	lulti-Functio	on Digital Inputs / Outputs			
H1-03	Digital Input S3 Function	Selects the function of terminal S3. Default setting is Nominal Speed (50).			
H1-04	Digital Input S4 Function	Selects the function of terminal S4. Default setting is Inspection Speed (54).			
H1-05	Digital Input S5 Function	Selects the function of terminal S5. Default setting is Intermediate Speed (51).			
H1-06	Digital Input S6 Function	Selects the function of terminal S6. Default setting is Leveling Speed (53).			
H1-07	Digital Input S7 Function	Selects the function of terminal S7. Default setting is Not Used (F).			
H2-01	Digital Out- put MA- MB-MC Function	Sets the function for the relay out- puts MA-MB-MC. Default setting is Drive Fault (E).			
H2-02	Digital Out- put P1-C1, Function	Sets the function for the photocou- pler output P1-C1. Default setting is Drive Ready (6).			
H2-03	Digital Out- put MD- ME-MF Function	Sets the function for the relay out- puts MD-ME-MF. Default setting is Brake Control (50).			
Major functions are listed at the end of the table.					
		r Feedback Settings			
H6-01	PG Feed- back	PG feedback function selection			
H6-09	Encoder Resolution	Sets the encoder pulse number.			

No.	Name	Description				
	Motor Protection					
L1-01	Motor Overload Protection Selection	0: Disabled 1: General purpose motor (self- cooled) 2: Drive dedicated motor with a speed range of 1:10 3: Vector motor with a speed range of 1:100				
	Bi	rake Sequence				
S1-01	Zero Speed Level	Sets the speed to close the brake at stop.				
S1-02	DC Injec- tion Cur- rent at Start	Adjusts the torque to hold the motor at zero speed during start				
S1-03	DC Injec- tion Cur- rent at Stop	and stop. Increase if roll-back occurs.				
S1-04	DC Inj./ Zero Speed Time at Start	Sets the time between the Up/ Down command and acceleration start.				
S1-05	DC Inj./ Zero Speed Time at Stop	Sets the time between reaching the Zero Speed Level and when the drive output shuts off.				
S1-06	Brake Release Delay Time	Sets the delay time between the Up/Down command and the brake release command.				
S1-07	Brake Close Delay Time	Sets the delay time between reach- ing Zero Speed and the brake close command.				
S1-10	Run Com- mand Delay Time	Sets the delay time between an Up/ Down command and the drive internal run command.				
S1-11	Output Contactor Open Delay Time	Sets the delay time between drive output shut off and the Output Contactor Open signal.				
	Slip Compensation					

7 Parameter Table

No.	Name	Description	Monitor	Description	
S2-02/ S2-03	Slip Com- pensation Gain Motoring / Regen. Mode	Set the slip compensation gain for motoring operation (S2-02) and during regenerative operation (S2- 03).	U1-10	Displays the input terminal status. U1-10 = 00000000 U1-10 gipti input 1 (terminal S1 enabled) 1 Digiti input 2 (terminal S1 enabled) 1 Digiti input 2 (terminal s1 enabled) 1 Digiti input 2 (terminal s1 enabled)	
	Inductio	on Motor Auto-Tuning	01-10	(terminal S3 enabled) 1 Digital input 4	
T1-01	Auto-Tun- ing Mode Selection	0: Rotational Auto-Tuning 1: Stationary Auto-Tuning 2: Stationary Auto-Tuning for Line-to-Line Resistance		(terminal S4 enabled)	
T1-02	Motor Rated Power	Sets the motor rated power as spec- ified on the motor nameplate.		Displays the output terminal status. U1-11 = 00000000	
T1-03	Motor Rated Volt- age	specified on the motor nameplate		L1 Multi-Function Digital Output (terminal MA-MB-MC)	
T1-04	Motor Rated Cur- rent	Sets the motor rated current as specified on the motor nameplate.	U1-11	Digital Output (terminal MD-ME-MF) Digital Output Utulis-Function Digital Output (terminal P1-MC) Not Used	
T1-05	Motor Base Frequency	Sets the rated frequency of the motor as specified on the motor nameplate.		Not Used	
T1-06	Number of Motor Poles	Sets the number of motor poles as specified on the motor nameplate.		Not Used	
T1-07	Motor Base Speed	Sets the rated speed of the motor as specified on the motor nameplate.		Verifies the drive operation status. U1-12 = 00000000	
Monit	tor	Description		1 During run	
U1-01	Speed F	Reference (%)	U1-12	1 During zero-speed	
U1-02	Output	Speed (%)		1 Fault reset signal input	
U1-03	Output	Current (A)		1 During speed agree 1 Drive ready	
U1-05	Motor S	Motor Speed (%)		1 During alarm detection	
U1-06	Output	Output Voltage Reference (Vac)		1 During fault detection	
U1-07	DC Bus	DC Bus Voltage (Vdc)		Output Speed after Soft Starter	
U1-08	Output	Output Power (kW)		oPE Fault Parameter	
U1-09	Torque	Torque Reference (% of motor rated torque)		Fault Trace	
			U2-01	Current Fault	
			U2-02	Previous Fault	
			U2-03	Speed Reference at Previous Fault	

Output Speed at Previous Fault

U2-04

Monitor	Description	
U2-05	Output Current at Previous Fault	
U2-06	Motor Speed at Previous Fault	
U2-07	Output Voltage at Previous Fault	
U2-08	DC Bus Voltage at Previous Fault	
U2-09	Output Power at Previous Fault	
U2-10	Torque Reference at Previous Fault	
U2-11	Input Terminal Status at Previous Fault	
U2-12	Output Terminal Status at Previous Fault	
U2-13	Drive Operation Status at Previous Fault	
U2-14	Cumulative Operation Time at Previous Fault	
U2-15	Soft Starter Output at Previous Fault	
U2-16	Motor q-Axis Current at Previous Fault	
U2-17	Motor d-Axis Current at Previous Fault	
	Fault History	
U3-01 to U3-04	First to 4th Most Recent Fault	
U3-05 to U3-10	5th to 10th Most Recent Fault	
U3-11 to U3-14	Cumulative Operation Time at 1st to 4th Most Recent Fault	
U3-15 to U3-20	Cumulative Operation Time at 5th to 10th Most Recent Fault	
	wing faults are not recorded in the error log: 11, 02, 03, Uv1, and Uv2.	
	Maintenance Monitors	
U4-01	Cumulative Operation time	
U4-02	Total number of Run commands	
U4-03	Cooling Fan Operation Time	
U4-04	Cooling Fan wear as a percentage of expected lifetime.	
U4-05	Capacitor wear as a percentage of expected lifetime	
U4-06	Soft Start relay wear as a percentage of expected lifetime.	
U4-07	IGBT wear as a percentage of expected life- time.	
U4-08	Heatsink temperature in °C.	
U4-09	LED Check.	

Monitor	Description
U4-10	kWH, lower 4 digits.
U4-11	kWH, upper 4 digits.
U4-13	Peak hold current.
DI/DO Se	Description
Digital	Input Function Selections (H1-DD)
3	Multi-Step Speed Reference 1
4	Multi-Step Speed Reference 2
5	Multi-Step Speed Reference 3
F	Through Mode (Not Used)
14	Fault Reset
20 to 2F	External Fault Settings (NO/NC, Detec- tion Always/During Run)
50	Nominal Speed
51	Intermediate Speed
52	Releveling Speed
53	Leveling Speed
54	Inspection Speed
55	Rescue Operation
56	Motor Contactor Feedback
79	Brake Feedback
Digital (Output Function Selections (H2-□□)
0	During RUN
6	Drive Ready
Е	Fault
F	Not Used
50	Brake Control
51	Output Contactor Control
58	Safe Disable Status
100	Inverse logic for any of the digital output functions.

8 Troubleshooting

General Fault and Alarms

Faults and alarms indicate problems in the drive or in the machine.

The drive indicates that an alarm has occurred with a code on the data display screen and a flashing ALM LED. The drive output may be shut off depending on the alarm.

The drive indicates that a fault has occurred with a code on the data display screen and a lit ALM LED. The drive output is always switched off immediately and the motor coasts to stop.

To remove an alarm or reset a fault, first figure out what cause the problem, take corrective action, and finally reset the drive by pushing the RESET key on the operator or by cycling the power supply.

LED Display	AL	FLT	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Baseblock bb	0		The software baseblock function is assigned to one of the digital inputs and the output is off. The drive does not accept Up/Down commands during this time.	Check the functions assigned to the digital input terminals.Check the upper controller sequence.
Control Fault CF		0	The torque limit was reached during deceler- ation for longer than 3 s and one of the fol- lowing was true: • the load inertia is too big. • the torque limit is too low. • the motor parameters are set incorrectly.	 Check the load. Set the torque limit to the most appropriate setting (L7-01 through L7-04). Check the motor parameters settings.
Control Circuit Fault CPF02 to CPF24		0	There is a problem in the drive's control cir- cuit.	Cycle the drive power supply.Initialize the drive.Replace the drive if the fault occurs again.
Cannot Reset CrST	0		Fault reset was input when the Up or Down command was active.	Turn off the Up and Down command and reset the drive.Wait until the fault restart time has expired
Speed		0	F1-04 is set to 0, 1, or 2 and a speed devia- tion higher than the value in F1-10 occurred longer than the time set in F1-11.	 Reduce the load Decrease the acceleration and deceleration rate.
Deviation dEv	0		F1-04 is set to 3 and a speed deviation higher than the value in F1-10 occurred longer than the time set in F1-11.	 Check the mechanical system (lubrication, etc.) Check the setting of F1-10 and F1-11 Check the brake sequence to make sure the brake is fully open when acceleration starts.

The table below lists the most important alarms and faults.

LED Display	AL	FLT	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Up/Down Command Error EF	0		The Up and Down command were input simultaneously for longer than 500 ms.	Check the sequence and make sure that the Up and Down command are not enabled at the same time.
External Faults EF03 to EF07	0	0	 An external fault was triggered by an external device via one of the digital inputs (S3 to S7). The digital inputs are set incorrectly. 	 Find out why the device tripped the EF. Remove the cause and reset the fault. Check the functions assigned to the digital inputs.
Speed Reference Missing FrL		0	Parameter d1-18 is set to 3, leveling speed detection is not assigned to a digital input (H1- $\Box\Box \neq 53$) and no speed was selected while an Up or Down command was entered.	 Check the speed selection inputs. Check the sequence. Make sure the speed is selected before the Up or Down com- mand is input.
Ground Fault GF		0	 Ground leakage current has exceeded 50% of the drives rated output current. Cable or motor insulation is broken. Excessive stray capacitance at drive output. 	 Check the output wiring and the motor for short circuits or broken insulation. Replace any broken parts. Reduce the carrier frequency.
Safe Disable Hbb	0		The Safe Disable input is open. The drive output is safely disabled and the motor can not be started.	 Check why the upper controller's safety device disabled the drive. Remove the cause and restart. Check the wiring.Terminals HC, H1 must be linked if the Safe Disable function is not utilized.
Output Phase Loss LF		0	 Output cable is disconnected or the motor winding is damaged. Drive output wires are loose. Motor is too small (less than 5% of drive current). 	 Check the power supply. Make sure that all cables are properly connected to the correct terminals.
Overcurrent oC		•	 Short-circuit or ground fault on the drive output side. The load is too heavy. The acceleration or deceleration ramps are too short. Incorrect motor data or V/f pattern settings. The motor contactor was switched while the drive was running. 	 Check the output wiring and the motor for short circuits or broken insulation. Replace the broken parts. Check the machine for damages (gears, etc.) and repair any broken parts. Make sure the brake fully opens. Check accel/decel settings in C1-□□ and C2-□□. Check V/f pattern settings in E1-□□. Check the output contactor sequence.
Heatsink Overheat oH or oH1	0	0	 Surrounding temperature is too high. The cooling fan has stopped. The heatsink is dirty. The airflow to the heatsink is restricted. 	 Check the surrounding temperature and install cooling devices if necessary. Check the drive cooling fan. Clean the heatsink. Check the airflow around the heatsink.

8 Troubleshooting

LED Display	AL	FLT	Possible Cause	Corrective Action	
Motor Overload oL1		0	 The motor load is too heavy. Acceleration and deceleration cycle times are too short. Value set for the motor rated current is incorrect. 	 Check the elevator mechanics. Check the sequence. Check the rated current setting. 	
Drive Overload oL2		о	 The load is too heavy. The drive is too small. Too much torque at low speed. 	 Check the load. Make sure that the drive is big enough to handle the load. The overload capability is reduced at low speeds. Reduce the load or increase the drive size. 	
DC Overvoltage OV	0	0	 DC bus voltage rose too high. Braking transistor is too small Braking chopper or resistor is broken. Unstable motor control in OLV. Input voltage is too high. 	 Make sure the braking resistor and braking chopper are working correctly. Check motor parameter settings and adjust torque and slip compensation as needed. Make sure that the power supply voltage meets the drives specifications. 	
Over Speed		0	• F1-03 is set to 0, 1, or 2 and the motor speed exceeded the value of F1-08 for lon- ger than the time set in F1-09)	 Check and adjust the speed control loop settings (C5-□□) If an external speed reference signal (analog, etc.) is used make sure the signal is ok. Check the settings of F1-08 and F1-09. 	
oS	0		• F1-03 is set to 3 and the motor speed exceeded the value of F1-08 for longer than the time set in F1-09)		
Input Phase Loss PF		0	Input voltage drop or phase imbalance.One of the input phases is lost.Drive input wire are loose.	 Check the motor wiring. Make sure all terminal screws in the drive and motor are properly tightened. Check the motor and drive capacity. 	
Encoder Disconnected	Encoder O receive		• F1-02 is set to 0, 1, or 2 and no signal is received from the encoder for longer than the time set in F1-14.	Check the encoder wiring and fix it if needed.Check the encoder power supply.	
PGo	0		• F1-02 is set to 3 and no signal is received from the encoder for longer than the time set in F1-14.	• Check the command sequence. Check if the brake fully opens before acceleration starts.	
Braking Transistor Fault rr	• The internal braking transistor is broken or		 The internal braking transistor is broken or the braking resistor is connected wrong. 	 Make sure the braking resistor is connected correctly. Cycle the power supply. Replace the drive if the fault reoccurs. 	
Motor Contactor Response Error SE1	ntactor sponse Error • The motor contactor response was not input within the time set in S1-10.			 Make sure the motor contactor really closes. Check the setting of S1-10. Check the motor contactor feedback wiring. 	

LED Display	AL	FLT	Possible Cause	Corrective Action	
Starting Current Error SE2		0	• The output current was lower than 25% of the motor no-load current at start.	 Check the motor wiring. Check the motor contactor and the contactor sequence. Make sure it closes properly during start. 	
Output Current Error SE3		0	• The output current was lower than 25% of the motor no-load current during operation.	 Check the motor wiring. Check the motor contactor and the contactor sequence. Make sure does not open during operation. 	
Brake Response Error SE4		0	The brake close command was set but he sta- tus of the brake feedback signal did not change.	Make sure the brake works properly.Check the brake feedback input.	
DC Undervoltage Uv1 (Uv)	0	0	 The voltage in the DC bus fell below the undervoltage detection level (L2-05). The power supply failed or one input phase has been lost. The power supply is too weak. 	 Check the power supply. Make sure that the power supply can provide enough voltage. 	
Controller Undervoltage Uv2	tage O The control power supply does not have			 Cycle power to the drive. Check if the fault reoccurs. Replace the drive if the fault continues to occur. 	
DC Charge Circuit Fault Uv3	cuit Fault O The charge circuit for the DC bus is broken.		The charge circuit for the DC bus is broken.	Cycle power to the drive and see if the fault reoccurs.Replace the drive if the fault reoccurs.	

Operator Programming Errors

An Operator Programming Error (oPE) occurs when an inapplicable parameter is set or an individual parameter setting is inappropriate. When an oPE error is displayed, press the ENTER button to display U1-18. Monitor U1-18 will display the parameter that is causing the oPE error.

Digital Operator	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
oPE01	maten.	Set to o2-04 to the correct value.
oPE02	Parameters were set outside the allowable setting range.	Set parameters to the proper values.

8 Troubleshooting

Digital Operator	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
oPE03	 A contradictory setting is assigned to multi-function contact inputs H1-03 through to H1-08. The same function is assigned to two inputs (this excludes "External fault" and "Not used"). An input function that must be set in combination with another function was set alone. Input functions that are not allowed to be used simultaneously have been set. 	Fix any incorrect settings.
oPE08	A function has been set that cannot be used in the control mode selected (this error often appears after the control mode has been changed).	Fix any incorrect setting.
oPE10	The V/f pattern setting is incorrect.	Check the V/f pattern settings.

♦ Auto-Tuning Errors

Digital Operator	Cause	Corrective Action	
Er-01	Motor data fault The input motor data are not valid. (e.g. the base frequency and base speed do not fit).	Re-enter the data and repeat Auto-Tuning.	
Er-02	Minor FaultThe wiring is faulty.Drive was in baseblock condition or the Safe Disable Input were open during Auto-Tuning.	Check the wiring.	
Er-03	The STOP key was pressed and Auto-Tuning was canceled.	Repeat the Auto-Tuning.	
Er-04	Resistance faultWrong input data.Auto tuning exceeded the given time frame.Calculated values out of range.		
Er-05	No-Load Current Error • Wrong input data. • Auto tuning exceeded the given time frame. • Calculated values out of range.	Check the input data.Check the wiring.Re-enter the data and repeat the Auto-Tuning.	
Er-08	Rated Slip ErrorWrong input data.Auto tuning exceeded the given time frame.Calculated values out of range.		
Er-09	Acceleration Error The motor did not accelerate following the spec- ified acceleration ramp.	 Lengthen the acceleration ramp. Increase C1-01 if set in s. Check the torque limits L7-01 and L7-02. 	

Digital Operator	Cause	Corrective Action	
Er-11	Motor speed fault. The torque reference was too high.	 Lengthen the acceleration ramp. Increase C1-01 if set in s. If possible, disconnect the load. 	
Er-12	Current detection error • One or all output phases are lost. • Current is either too low or exceeds the drives rating. • The current sensors are faulty.	 Check the wiring. Make sure the motor contactor is closed during tuning. Make sure, that the drive rating fits to the motor. Check the load. (Auto-Tuning should have been performed without the load connected or with very low load.) Replace the drive. 	
End1	Rated current alarm • The torque reference exceeded 20% during Auto-Tuning. • The calculated no-load current is above 80% of the motor rated current.	 Check the V/f pattern setting. Perform Auto-Tuning without the load connected. Check the input data and repeat Auto-Tuning. 	
End2	Motor iron-core saturation coefficient • Calculated core saturation values out of range. • Incorrect data was entered.	 Check the input data. Check the motor wiring. Perform Auto-Tuning without load connected. 	
End3	Rated current setting alarm	Check the input data and repeat tuning.	
End4	Adjusted Slip Calculation Error The slip that was calculated is outside the allow- able range.	 Make sure the data entered for Auto-Tuning is correct. Execute Rotational Auto-Tuning instead. If not possible, try Stationary Auto-Tuning 2. 	
End5	Resistance Tuning Error The resistance value that was calculated is out- side the allowable range.	 Double check the data that was entered for the Auto-Tuning process. Check the motor and motor cable connection for faults. 	
End6	Leakage Inductance Alarm The leakage inductance value that was calculated is outside the allowable range.	Double check the data that was entered for the Auto-Tuning process.	
End7	 No-Load Current Alarm The entered no-load current value was outside the allowable range. Auto-Tuning results were less than 5% of the motor rated current. 	 Check and correct faulty motor wiring. Double check the data that was entered for the Auto-Tuning process. 	

9 Safe Disable Input Function

This section briefly explains the Safe Disable function and how to use it in an elevator installation. Contact YASKAWA for more detailed information.

Specifications

The Safe Disable circuit consists of one independent hardware input channel that can block the output transistors. It provides a stop function in compliance with Stop Category 0 as defined in the EN60204-1 (uncontrolled stop by power removal), and "Safe Torque Off" as defined in the IEC61800-5-2. Safe Disable inputs have been designed to meet the requirements of the EN954-1/ISO13849-1, Category 3 and IEC61508, SIL2.

Inputs / Outputs		One Safe Disable input according to EN61800-5-1, EN954-1/ ISO13849 Cat. 3, IEC/EN61508 SIL2, Insulation coordination: class 1.
Operation Time		Time from input open to drive output stop is less than 1 ms.
Failure	Demand Rate Low	$PFD = 6.0E^{-6}$
Probability	Demand Rate High or Continuous	PFH = 3.4E-10
Performance Level		The Safe Disable feature satisfies all requirements of performance level d (PLd) as defined by ISO13849-1.

Precautions

DANGER! Improper use of the Safe Disable function can result in serious injury or even death. Make sure the whole system or machinery that the Safe Disable function is used in complies with safety requirements.

DANGER! The Safe Disable function can switch off the drive output, but does not cut the drive power supply and cannot electrically isolate the drive output from the input. Always shut off the drive power supply when performing maintenance or installations on the drive input side as well as the drive output side.

DANGER! When using the Safe Disable inputs, make sure to remove the wire link between terminals H1 and HC that was installed prior to shipment. Failing to do so will keep the Safe Disable circuit from operating properly and can cause injury or even death.

DANGER! All safety features (including Safe Disable) should be inspected periodically. If the system is not operating normally, there is a risk of serious personal injury.

DANGER! Only a qualified technician with a thorough understanding of the drive, the instruction manual, and safety standards should be permitted to wire, inspect, and maintain the Safe Disable input.

NOTICE! From the moment terminal input H1 is opened, it takes up to 1 ms for drive output to shut off completely. The sequence set up to trigger terminal H1 should make sure that both terminals remain open for at least 1 ms in order to properly interrupt drive output.

NOTICE! When utilizing the Safe Disable function, use only the EMC filters recommended in EMC Filter Installation on page 16.

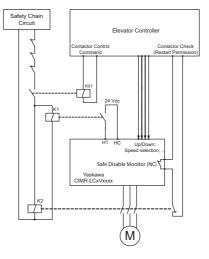
10 EN81-1 Conform Circuit with one Motor Contactor

Installation

The safe disable circuit can be used to install the drive in an elevator system using only one motor contactor instead of two. In such a system the following guidelines have to be followed for compliance to EN81-1:1998:

- The circuit must be designed so that the input H1 is opened and the drive output shuts off when the safety chain is interrupted.
- A drive digital output must be programmed as Safe Disable Status (H2-□=58). This feedback signal must be implemented in the contactor supervision circuit of the controller that prevents a restart in case of a fault in the Safe Disable circuit or the motor contactor. This digital output function is available on drives with software version 7011 and later.
- All contactors and wiring must be selected and installed in compliance with EN81-1:1998

The figure below shows a wiring example.



- **Note:** 1. The drive output will shut off immediately when input H1 is opened. In order to prevent uncontrolled movement of the elevator, the circuit should be designed so that the brake applies instantly when terminal H1 is opened.
 - 2. The drive output can only be activated when neither an Up nor a Down command is active, i.e. terminal H1 must be closed prior to setting the Up/Down command.

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Safe Disable Monitor Output Function and Digital Operator Display

The table below explains the drive output and Safe Disable monitor state depending on the Safe Disable inputs. Internally, the L1000V drive has two Safe Disable input channels which are bridged and connected to the H1 terminal.

Safe Disable	Input Status	Safe Disable Status		Digital Operator
СН1, Н1-НС	CH2, H1-HC	Monitor (H2-□□ = 58)	Drive Output Status	Display
Off	Off	On	Safely disabled, "Safe Torque Off"	Hbb (flashes)
On	Off	On	Safely disabled, "Safe Torque Off"	HbbF (flashes)
Off	On	On	Safely disabled, "Safe Torque Off"	HbbF (flashes)
On	On	Off	Baseblock, ready for operation	Normal display

Revision History

The revision dates and numbers of the revised manuals are given on the bottom of the back cover.

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